# **Budget Estimates**

# 2009-10



# **New South Wales**

Budget Paper No. 3

Volume 1

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Budget Paper No. 3 *Budget Estimates* provides information on the financial and service delivery performance of general government agencies. It is presented in a results and services format.

An overview at the start of each Minister's portfolio sets out the total expenses and capital expenditure for agencies within the portfolio.

Details of agency performance and its 2009-10 Budget are outlined in the individual agency commentary and financial statements. In addition, result indicators and service group statements are provided for those agencies that receive an appropriation direct from the Consolidated Fund.

# **IMPROVEMENTS TO BUDGET ESTIMATES REPORTING**

The 2009-10 *Budget Estimates* reflect the Government's continuing improvements to performance management and budgeting practices in the NSW Public Sector.

The 2009-10 *Budget Estimates* build on a major reform achieved in the 2008-09 Budget when agency Budget Estimates where presented on a results and services basis for the first time. The results and services presentation completes the alignment of Budget Estimates reporting with the Results and Services Plan planning approach and provides a common set of disclosures that helps to structure agency reporting of planned and achieved performance.

The 2009-10 *Budget Estimates* build on the reforms of the previous year and include the following key improvements:

- NSW State Plan targets are now reported by the relevant State Plan lead agency in the result indicators section for that agency. Each State Plan target is accompanied by an explanatory note setting out the relationship between the target and the corresponding State Plan priority. This initiative strengthens the alignment between Government priorities and the services provided by individual agencies as reflected in their *Budget Estimates*.
- Revised estimates for result indicators are now provided for 2008-09 to allow comparison with the estimated level of performance set out in last year's *Budget Estimates*. This initiative provides enhanced information on each agency's service delivery performance.

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#### COMMENTARY

The commentary section includes an overview of the agency's results and services, recent achievements, strategic directions and 2009-10 budget initiatives.

The *Results and Services* section provides a summary of the results, or community outcomes, that the agency is working towards and the key services the agency delivers to contribute to those results.

The *Recent Achievements* section provides information on how the agency has used its funding to deliver services, and how these are making an effective contribution to achieving the Government priorities.

The *Strategic Directions* section explains the high level strategies the agency is pursuing over the medium to long term and how these strategies ensure that services provided are achieving results.

The 2009-10 Budget Initiatives section summarises the agency's expenses and capital expenditure for the Budget year. This section provides information on important areas of expenditure or major initiatives that will support the agency in its delivery of services as well as the expected contribution these services will make to results for the community.

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

A *result* is a description of the desirable impact of services on the community, the environment or the economy. It is consistent with Government priorities.

*Result indicators* provide information on the extent to which improvements in outcomes and progress towards an agency's results are being achieved. Indicators may not be exact measures of the agency's performance but provide evidence the agency is changing or improving the services it delivers.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

Where agencies receive direct Budget support their activities are grouped into service groups. The underlying structure for these agencies is:

Minister:	highest level at which funds are appropriated (e.g. the Minister for Police).
Agency:	department or authority (e.g. the NSW Police Force).
Service Group:	grouping of services on a consistent basis, for example the results they contribute to, the client group they serve, common cost drivers or other common elements (e.g. Community Support).

*Service Group Statements* – Each service group statement includes narrative material – service description and linkage to results – as well as service measures, expense, net cost of service and capital expenditure information. Agencies also show employee numbers and matters of public interest, where appropriate.

The *service group title* conveys sufficient information to enable an interested reader to understand in general terms what government functions or responsibilities are included.

The *service description* describes and explains the services and activities that are linked together under the service group.

The *linkage to results* section describes a range of agency intermediate results that contribute to the high level results targeted by agencies in the longer term. The high level results are those shown in the Results and Services section of the commentary.

*Service Measures* are indicators of how efficiently the agency delivers its services, as well as the quality, access and timeliness of the service delivery. Agencies which provide personnel services to other agencies will show full-time equivalent (FTE) employee information in this section.

From this point service groups vary, depending upon whether information on Employees and Matters of Public Interest are being shown.

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*Employees* is the number of staff engaged on services provided by the service group. These staff figures represent an estimate of annual average staffing, including temporary and short term "casual staffing", expressed on an FTE basis. They are a guide to the average number of staff who might be employed during the year on a particular service group based on the funds intended to be spent on the service group. The figures include staff charged both to recurrent services and to capital works and services. Where service group costs consist of contributions to other bodies (e.g. transport authorities), staff figures for these bodies are not included.

*Total Expenses Excluding Losses* is the expenses incurred in providing the services in the group. It includes employee, operating, maintenance, grant payment and financing costs.

Some service group statements show additional detail below Total Expenses excluding Losses. This detail is collectively known as *Matters of Public Interest*. It will vary from service group to service group and from agency to agency as it covers those matters that are of specific interest to members of Parliament, interest groups or the community more generally.

*Net Cost of Services* measures the cost of providing the services in the group after deducting operating revenues.

Also shown is the *capital expenditure* for each service group, which details the total level of purchases of property, plant and equipment being planned by the agency.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial statements are presented for each agency on an accrual basis. These include an operating statement, balance sheet and cash flow statement. Budget dependent general government agencies also present a Recurrent Funding Statement and a Capital Expenditure Statement shown immediately after the Operating Statement.

The *Operating Statement* details the major categories of expenses and revenues of agencies. A key aggregate is the Net Cost of Services, which is the difference between expenses, retained revenue and gains/losses arising from revaluations or disposal of assets.

For those agencies which receive a direct appropriation from Parliament, the Net Cost of Services is funded by State revenues which comprise mainly taxes and grants received from the Commonwealth.

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For those agencies which do not receive direct appropriations, the difference between revenues and expenses is the surplus (deficit) available to further the objectives of the agency or be distributed to the Consolidated Fund to support core government services to the community. A deficit would need to be funded from the agency's cash holdings or through borrowings.

The Government incurs expenditure as a result of providing services to the community. Under accrual accounting, the operating statement of an agency records expenses when they occur. This varies from cash accounting which records expenditure when the payment is made.

The major categories of expenses shown on this statement include employee related costs, operating costs, depreciation and amortisation of assets, grants and subsidies provided to other entities, and other expenses.

Similarly, revenues are shown when the agency is entitled to receive the funds although the cash may be received in a different period. Revenues are dissected into: sales of goods and services; investment income; retained taxes, fees and fines; grants and contributions; and other revenue.

The *Recurrent Funding Statement* illustrates the government funding support, as shown in the Appropriation Bill, towards meeting the Net Cost of Services.

The *Capital Expenditure Statement* illustrates the government funding support, as shown in the Appropriation Bill, towards capital expenditure.

The *Balance Sheet* details the assets and liabilities of the agency with the difference being the net investment by the community in the form of equity in that agency. Assets and liabilities are dissected into current (convertible into cash or paid/received within the next 12 months), or non current (paid/received after 12 months).

The *Cash Flow Statement* details the cash impacts of agency activities including the cash appropriations sourced from taxation. The movement in cash disclosed in the statement equates to the difference between the opening and closing cash amounts in the Balance Sheet. In addition, the net cash flow from operating activities shown on the cash flow statement is reconciled to the Net Cost of Services (or surplus/deficit) in the operating statement.

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# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
The Legislature Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	122.3 6.4	123.5 3.8	1.0 -40.3

# THE LEGISLATURE

The Parliament of New South Wales, under the *Constitution Act 1902*, has a number of roles to play in providing a system of representative and responsible government for the people of New South Wales. The Parliament fulfils its representative and legislative role by:

- making laws for the peace, welfare and good government of New South Wales, with the consent of the Governor
- providing a forum for supervision and scrutiny of the Executive Government and accountability to the people of New South Wales and
- providing a forum for debate, discussion and review of issues of public policy and issues of concern to the people of New South Wales.

The support services for the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly provide procedural and administrative assistance to Members in the performance of their Parliamentary and constituency duties. In the case of the Legislative Assembly, this assistance includes support to Members in their electorate offices.

The department of Parliamentary Services provides support and ancillary services to Members in the use of their entitlements and for the operation of the two Houses and the Parliament House building. These services are finance and payroll, archives, catering, education, Hansard, information technology, library and research, security, printing and building maintenance.

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#### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

Under the doctrine of the separation of powers, the Parliament of New South Wales, as the Legislature, is a sovereign body that is necessarily distinct from the Executive Government.

The Parliament fulfils its role as a representative and legislative body by working towards the following results:

- Two Houses of Parliament and their committee systems operate effectively to debate and pass legislation and complete committee inquiries with recommendations to Government.
- There is increased awareness of the role and functions of the Parliament and community access to Members and Parliament House.

The key services provided by the Legislature to contribute to these results are:

- Chamber and committee support services such as procedural advice, research, public consultation and Parliamentary reporting services
- Members' support services such as organisational development, salary and entitlement administration, facilities management and information services and
- community access programs such as school visits, tours, exhibitions and displays, public events and functions, web streaming and Members' newsletters.

The key services provided by the Legislature and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Results			
Service Groups		Chambers and committees operate effectively	Community awareness and access		
Chamber and Committee Support	15.9	✓	✓		
Members' Support	100.9	$\checkmark$	✓		
Community Access	6.6		$\checkmark$		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	123.5				

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In the last year, the Legislature has undergone considerable structural change, following the creation of the department of Parliamentary Services and the appointment of an Executive Manager to manage the Parliament's joint services operations.

This structural change has allowed each House department to focus on the procedural and committee support services to ensure that both Chambers and their committees are able to function efficiently. Both House departments are responsible for ensuring that Members receive expert procedural advice in relation to the proceedings in the Houses and in committees. These proceedings are recorded and transcribed by the Parliamentary Reporting Service.

In addition, community access programs are well supported with tours, school visits, teacher training and a curriculum support service. Members are involved in many of these activities. Outreach programs include web streaming of proceedings of the Houses and Members' newsletters to the community.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

Priorities include implementing a risk based approach to the management of Members' entitlements, finalising the security upgrade, maintaining the Parliament House building and its heritage features together with enabling information and communication technologies to be utilised by Members in engaging with constituents.

#### Members' entitlements

The Internal Audit Bureau undertook a review of the management of Members' entitlements in 2008-09. Recommendations made in the report have been approved for adoption by the Presiding Officers with effect from 1 July 2009. To assist Members and their staff with these administrative and management changes an enhanced education and training program is to be provided.

#### **Increased security**

In the face of a heightened security environment, the Parliament's security infrastructure is being strengthened to support the continuity of services to both Members and the community. The Government has provided additional funding for a targeted capital program and increased security personnel, which is scheduled for completion by June 2010.

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# Building maintenance and meeting heritage and disability access requirements

The Parliament proposes to continue to make a significant investment in building maintenance, heritage and disability access projects. Funding for these purposes was transferred to the Parliament from the Department of Commerce in 2008-09 and is now the Parliament's ongoing responsibility.

#### Utilisation information and communication technologies

Members and the public alike expect to be able to benefit from the most up to date information and communication technologies available. The State's democratic credentials are improved through better interaction between Members and constituents and enhanced public participation in Parliamentary proceedings.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$123.5 million, an increase of 1 per cent over budgeted 2008-09 expenses. This increase reflects:

- provision for staff salary increases is in line with Government wages policy and
- a reduction in expenditure of \$600,000 to offset a corresponding reduction in catering revenue due to prevailing economic conditions.

### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$3.8 million. This funding will be used for:

- fit out of Legislative Assembly Members' electorate offices and other minor works (\$1.1 million)
- complete upgrade of security infrastructure within Parliament House (\$1.4 million)
- capital component of Parliament House building maintenance (\$661,000) and
- the upgrade of Parliament's information technology systems (\$658,000).

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Chambers and committees operate effectively

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Bills passed by both Houses and received assent <sup>(a)</sup> Sitting hours per year <sup>(b)</sup> Committee reports Committee meetings <sup>(c)</sup> Cost of support service/total	no. no. no. no.	71 540 80 180	115 887 75 320	119 858 80 280	120 909 70 280	125 950 75 290
expenditure <sup>(d)</sup>	%	32.0	32.7	31.4	32.9	32.1

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the Parliament to consider Government Bills.

(b) This indicator is a proxy for the availability of the Parliament to consider legislation.

(c) This indicator is a proxy for the committee inquiry process.

(d) This indicator is a benchmark for cost effectiveness of support services provided to Members of Parliament.

#### **Community awareness and access**

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators:						
Participants in education						
programs	no.	7,540	7,600	9,702	9,300	9,000
Committee inquiry participants (a)	no.	1,058	1,907	1,700	2,055	1,900

(a) This is a measure of the effectiveness of the community access and participation in the Parliamentary process.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **1.1 Chamber and Committee Support**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers procedural support (specialist advice, information and research services to Members); chamber support (operational support for the chambers to carry out their business); committee support (the provision of a secretariat for each committee, the provision of advice and information on its operation and on its enquiry and the provision of mechanisms to allow for public consultation) and Parliamentary reporting (Hansard services to the Houses and to committees).
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the Parliament of New South Wales fulfilling its role as a representative and legislative body by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the effective functioning of the Parliament and its committees.

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	120	118	121	112	96
			Budg \$00	5	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Loss	es		16,3	56 1	6,653	15,930
Total expenses include the f Legislative Council Legislative Council and C Legislative Assembly Legislative Assembly and Hansard	ommittees	nittees	4,0	68 58	558 3,910 1,199 4,296 2,239	570 3,493 1,142 3,750 2,150
NET COST OF SERVICES			15,5	30 1	5,864	15,300
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			9	52	726	392

#### 1.2 Members' Support

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers Members' services (the provision of human resources services to Members and the administration of Members' entitlements); facilities management (maintenance of Members' offices, the Parliament House building and associated services such as security, catering, building services) financial services and information services. With regard to the Legislative Assembly Members, it includes management of electorate offices lease, fitout and maintenance of equipment and amenities.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the Parliament of New South Wales fulfilling its role as a representative and legislative body by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the effective functioning of the Parliament and its committees.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
FTE Members' staff supported	no.	261	276	280	286	286
IT helpdesk calls from Members and staff	no.	7,535	7,263	9,000	7,989	9,586
Employees:	FTE	409	415	411	403	396

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
	<b>4000</b>	<b>ФООО</b>	<b>\$000</b>	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	99,502	98,999	100,939	
Total expenses include the following:				
Legislative Council	19,189	17,936	20,360	
Legislative Assembly	60,044	60,031	60,341	
Building and support services	20,269	21,032	20,238	
NET COST OF SERVICES	94,473	94,319	96,941	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,314	4,996	2,881	

# **1.3 Community Access**

Service Description:	This service group covers community education services such as school tours, visitor tours and open days and education in service sessions for teachers; exhibition services (historical displays, art exhibitions, expositions); public events and functions, particularly utilising the building's function rooms; webstreaming of the proceedings in both Houses and Members' newsletters to constituents.
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to the Parliament of New South Wales fulfilling its role as a representative and legislative body by working towards the intermediate result of Community access and awareness of the role and functions of the Parliament.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 2 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 orecast
Education programs conducted	no.	98	128	108	120	100
Employees:	FTE	31	32	32	32	32

<u> </u>			
	200	8-09	2009-10
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	6,420	6,603	6,623
Total expenses include the following: Legislative Assembly Members electorate mail-out	5,600	5,765	5,936
NET COST OF SERVICES	6,090	6,290	6,361
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,156	700	563

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	60,729	60,638	60,850	
Other operating expenses	25,441	24,874	25,200	
Depreciation and amortisation	4,009	5,161	4,541	
Grants and subsidies		171		
Other expenses	32,099	31,411	32,901	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	122,278	122,255	123,492	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	4,855	4,354	4,515	
Investment income	115	235	120	
Grants and contributions Other revenue	865 350	865 328	255	
Other revenue	000	020	200	
Total Retained Revenue	6,185	5,782	4,890	
NET COST OF SERVICES	116,093	116,473	118,602	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	116,093	116,473	118,602	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	102,443	102,398	104,322	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Conital Fun anditum	6.400	0.400	0.000	
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	6,422 5,557	6,422 5,557	3,836 3,836	

#### **1 LEGISLATURE**

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	0.007	o 404	
Cash assets	3,667	3,484	4,222
Receivables Inventories	1,831 152	1,828 199	1,652 199
inventories	152	199	133
Total Current Assets	5,650	5,511	6,073
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	132,905	140,031	139,202
Plant and equipment	50,528	52,842	53,028
Intangibles	78	85	23
Total Non Current Assets	183,511	192,958	192,253
Total Assets	189,161	198,469	198,326
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	3,859	4,139	4,239
Provisions	5,350	4,730	4,950
Total Current Liabilities	9,209	8,869	9,189
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	37	35	35
Total Non Current Liabilities	37	35	35
Total Liabilities	9,246	8,904	9,224
NET ASSETS	179,915	189,565	189,102
EQUITY			
Reserves	32,294	41,826	41,826
Accumulated funds	147,621	147,739	147,276
TOTAL EQUITY	179,915	189,565	189,102

#### **1 LEGISLATURE**

	2008-09			
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related	50,003	50,840	50,549	
Grants and subsidies Other		171		
Other	60,140	59,631	60,607	
Total Payments	110,143	110,642	111,156	
Receipts				
Sale of goods and services	4,855	4,614	4,797	
Interest	115	235	120	
Other	3,615	3,593	2,655	
Total Receipts	8,585	8,442	7,572	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(101,558)	(102,200)	(103,584)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,422)	(6,197)	(3,836)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(6,422)	(6,197)	(3,836)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	102,443	102,398	104,322	
Capital appropriation	5,557	5,557	3,836	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	108,000	107,955	108,158	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	20	(442)	738	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,647	3,926	3,484	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,667	3,484	4,222	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Net cost of services	(116,093)	(116,473)	(118,602)	
Non cash items added back	14,515	15,291	14,522	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	20	(1,018)	496	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(101,558)	(102,200)	(103,584)	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# PREMIER, AND MINISTER FOR THE ARTS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Premier and Cabinet			
Total Expenses	226.0	286.7	26.9
Capital Expenditure	2.3	3.6	53.2
Independent Commission Against Corruption			
Total Expenses	18.4	18.8	1.7
Capital Expenditure	1.3	0.3	-78.4
Ombudsman's Office			
Total Expenses	21.9	21.7	-0.9
Capital Expenditure	0.6	0.8	40.4
New South Wales Electoral Commission			
Total Expenses	36.7	21.1	-42.6
Capital Expenditure	1.8	6.0	231.9
Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal			
Total Expenses	18.1	18.2	0.8
Capital Expenditure	0.2	0.2	
Natural Resources Commission			
Total Expenses	4.8	4.7	-2.7
Capital Expenditure		0.3	n.a.
Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation			
Total Expenses	611.7	634.3	3.7
Capital Expenditure	25.3	17.3	-31.8
Audit Office of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	33.8	34.0	0.6
Capital Expenditure	1.1	1.1	
Events New South Wales Pty Limited			
Total Expenses	29.8	37.1	24.7
Capital Expenditure	1.2	0.2	-83.8
State Library of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	81.9	82.0	0.1
Capital Expenditure	10.4	16.4	57.4
Australian Museum			
Total Expenses	36.3	37.0	1.8
Capital Expenditure	7.0	4.0	-42.0

Budget Estimates 2009-10

Agency	Budget 2008-09 \$m	Budget 2009-10 \$m	Variation %
Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences			
Total Expenses	44.2	43.9	-0.7
Capital Expenditure	2.9	4.1	40.4
Historic Houses Trust of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	28.1	27.5	-1.9
Capital Expenditure	3.6	2.3	-37.1
Art Gallery of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	39.6	37.4	-5.6
Capital Expenditure	18.4	22.8	24.4
New South Wales Film and Television Office			
Total Expenses	10.2	15.3	50.1
Capital Expenditure			
Total, Premier, and Minister for the Arts			
Total Expenses	1,241.5	1,319.7	6.3
Capital Expenditure	76.1	79.4	4.3

### PREMIER, AND MINISTER FOR THE ARTS

# DEPARTMENT OF PREMIER AND CABINET

The Department of Premier and Cabinet supports the Premier and the Cabinet with the development, coordination and implementation of Government policy and by coordinating intergovernmental relations.

The Department also includes the Parliamentary Counsel's Office, which provides comprehensive legislative drafting and publishing services for the Government and Members of Parliament.

The Department supports the Premier, the Minister for Finance (Section 11), the Minister for Women (Section 8), the Minister for Volunteering (Section 15), the Minister for Regulatory Reform (Section 11), the Minister for Public Sector Reform (Section 7), the Minister Assisting the Premier on Veterans' Affairs (Section 15) and four regional Ministers, the Minister for the Central Coast (Section 13), the Minister for the Illawarra (Section 21), the Minister for Western Sydney (Section 14) and the Minister for the Hunter, with strategic advice; project and issues management; a whole-of-government approach to policy development; and service provision within the public sector, especially in regional and rural areas.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department of Premier and Cabinet provides leadership, coordination and oversight of the State Plan. The Department has lead agency responsibility for the following State Plan priorities:

- R4: Increased participation and integration in community activities.
- F4: Embedding prevention and early intervention into Government services.
- P3: Cutting red tape.
- S8: Increased customer satisfaction with Government services.

The Department of Premier and Cabinet contributes to the implementation of major Government policy by working towards the following results:

• There is effective sector-wide implementation and coordination of major Government initiatives and policies.

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- Economic and regional issues, including resolution of complex business, community, transport and infrastructure issues across New South Wales are soundly managed.
- Service delivery by the public sector is improved.
- Government decision-making through policy advice and support to the Premier, Cabinet and its Committees is effective.

Key services provided by the Department of Premier and Cabinet to contribute to these results are:

- providing support and coordination for the delivery of Government priorities identified in the State Plan
- coordinating implementation of significant infrastructure and investment projects, including facilitating the interface with the private sector, and rural, regional and metropolitan initiatives
- reviewing and improving public sector operations and services, including improving public sector employment, workforce strategy and policy, workforce capability, equity and diversity
- developing, advising and implementing policy (including cross-portfolio issues, Commonwealth/State relations and the Office for Women); providing support to the Premier and the Cabinet through the Cabinet process; and drafting Bills, statutory instruments and environmental planning instruments and providing legislative information
- providing the Governor, Premier and Ministers with protocol, ministerial and parliamentary support services and
- planning, coordinating and delivering whole-of-government services in support of special events.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10						
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Effective sector-wide implementation of the State Plan	Sound management of economic and regional issues	Improved government services	Effective government decision making processes		
State Plan Leadership			100000		proceeded		
and Support	6.0	✓		✓			
Economic and Regional Coordination	80.0		$\checkmark$				
Services and Capabilities Improvement	34.7			~			
Policy Support	49.7				~		
Administrative Support for Government	114.3				~		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	284.7						

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements of the Department include:

- developed the NSW Government response to Justice Wood's Inquiry into Child Protection Services in New South Wales, *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*
- established the NSW Nation Building and Jobs Plan Taskforce in response to the Australian Government Infrastructure and Stimulus Package designed to support employment and growth
- introduced a new employment program committed to providing 6,000 new government apprenticeships and cadetships over the next four years
- managed the NSW Government Jobs Summit where community and Government exchanged ideas to establish a blueprint for action by the Government over the next 12-18 months to tackle the economic downturn
- established Go To one of the initiatives from the Jobs Summit. A single point of contact for each industry sector has been appointed to help business and industry navigate the necessary approval and procurement procedures

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- led New South Wales' participation in Council of Australian Governments working groups to develop National Partnership agreements in the areas of health care, schools and education, housing and homelessness, and closing the gap in Indigenous disadvantage
- supported the negotiation of the new Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Arrangements with the Australian Government including the negotiation of new Special Purpose Payment arrangements in relation to health care, schools, skills and workforce development, disability services and affordable housing
- established the Community Cabinet forums which provide an opportunity, at the time of regional Cabinet visits, for members of local communities to discuss local issues with the Premier, Ministers and senior public servants. Commitments given at these meetings are tracked to ensure follow up action is taken and completed
- established the Sydney Metro Authority to deliver Australia's first metro rail system
- ongoing reimbursement of monies owed to Aboriginal people through the Aboriginal Trust Fund Repayment Scheme
- managed the sale of Cumberland College Campus to the University of Sydney. Part of the sale price will be allocated to the Westmead Research Hub and
- continued to provide grants to local community war memorials.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Department of Premier and Cabinet's strategic framework is a Statement of Strategic Intent. This is used to inform business planning across the Department. The Statement of Strategic Intent focuses on a number of strategic imperatives which drive the business of the Department. These include infrastructure, transport, prevention and early intervention, customer service, service delivery improvement, resource reallocation, workforce and core business delivery.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Department of Premier and Cabinet has estimated total expenses of \$284.7 million, which include:

- \$5.8 million for e-recruitment
- \$2.9 million for domestic violence funding
- \$2.4 million for resourcing of the National Reform Agenda
- \$2.1 million for the Better Regulation Office
- \$1.6 million to support regional managers of key agencies to implement *Keep Them Safe* (the Homelessness Action Plan) and other joint programs and
- the Community Building Partnership, which will deliver local infrastructure projects to enhance community pride and amenity and support job opportunities for local tradespeople.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10, the Department's capital program is \$3.6 million.

The capital program is necessary for:

- regular staged upgrades to that portion of the Department's computer, telecommunications and office equipment requiring replacement or reaching obsolescence during the financial year
- emerging office accommodation requirements and
- adopting the use of the Government Broadband System and updating infrastructure.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Effective sector-wide implementation of the State Plan

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Lead and partner agencies that have linked State Plan actions into their Results and Services Plan and Corporate Plan (State Plan chapter 7) <sup>(a)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	80	100	100
Lead and partner agencies with performance targets for embedding prevention and early intervention <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	100	100
Leadership activities that promote community awareness and/or support participation in volunteering activities <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	n.a.	5	5	15	25

(a) This indicator shows agency alignment of planning and resources towards achievement of their State Plan priorities. Data relates to Results and Services Plans only. Housing NSW (a partner agency) is excluded as it does not prepare a Results and Services Plan.

- (b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority F4. A first stage of targets have been deployed for all human services and justice agencies and a second stage of targets is currently under development.
- (c) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority R4.

#### Sound management of economic and regional issues

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>	
State significant infrastructure projects completed consistent with project milestones Satisfaction of stakeholders with regional and rural	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	100 <b>100</b>	
coordination of local multi-agency issues	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	93 <b>100</b>	

#### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### **Improved Government services**

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Agencies compliant with Government wages policy <sup>(a)</sup> Lead CEO performance	%	n.a.	100	100	100	100
agreements reviewed to align with State Plan priorities Implementation of recommendations of	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	100	100
sector-wide reviews and reforms <sup>(b</sup>	) %	n.a.	90	95	90	90

(a) This indicator addresses workforce issues by showing agency efficiency of aligning resources towards the achievement of their State Plan priorities.

(b) This indicator shows service delivery improvement as a result of adopting the recommendations of sector-wide reviews and reforms.

#### Effective Government decision making processes

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Community satisfaction with State-managed significant public events <sup>(a)</sup> Government legislation program delivered	%	90 100	90 100	90 100	90 100	90 100

(a) Results are from a sample survey by the Community Engagement and Events division of the Department of Premier and Cabinet.

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#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 2.1 State Plan Leadership and Support

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of leadership and support in implementing the State Plan. Services include working with government agencies to support the development of agency action plans and assisting in the development of performance measurement systems to deliver results against targets.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to sector-wide coordination of State Plan implementation, the reallocation of resources to State Plan priority areas as well as the achievement of specific State Plan objectives for which the agency has a lead role. The service group has a State Plan lead agency role in: measuring customer satisfaction with government services; embedding the principle of prevention and early intervention with government service delivery; cutting red tape for business; and increasing participation in community activities.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
State Plan priorities on track to meet targets <sup>(a)</sup> Agencies using prevention and	%	n.a.	n.a.	70	70	n.a.
early intervention assessment tools <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	n.a.	n.a.	3	3	3
Customer satisfaction surveys conducted <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	n.a.	2	1	1	1

(a) The State Plan, including State Plan priorities, will be updated in 2009.

- (b) This service measure contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority F4. Assessment of prevention and early intervention strategies has been embedded into the budget process for all agencies. Many agencies have ongoing early intervention and prevention programs.
- (c) This service measure contributes to the measurement of State Plan target S8. The target is to measure, report and improve customer satisfaction with government services.

Employees:	FTE	n.a.	14	14	13	13
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FTE data is shown for the Department of Premier and Cabinet created in April 2007.

# 2.1 State Plan Leadership and Support (cont)

-	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5,655	5,639	6,028
Total expenses include the following: Better Regulation Office	2,121	2,105	2,164
NET COST OF SERVICES	5,655	5,639	6,028

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#### 2.2 Economic and Regional Coordination

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the support of major government and non-government initiatives that aid major investment and infrastructure development in New South Wales. This service group seeks to expedite the delivery of key government infrastructure projects; and the strategic management of projects and issues, often involving multiple stakeholders, across regional and metropolitan New South Wales.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to addressing economic and regional issues through better infrastructure coordination, transport coordination and regional issue management.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Coordination of State significant economic projects and initiatives completed consistent with government policies and plans	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	100	100
Targeted coordination of major planning initiatives consistent with government planning policy	%	n.a.	n.a.	100	100	100
Claims registered for the Aboriginal Trust Fund Repayment Scheme <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	1,551	1,706	853	1,525	0

(a) Claims to the Aboriginal Trust Fund Repayment Scheme closed on 31 May 2009.

Employees:	FTE	n.a.	80	80	81	82

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	36,982	40,255	79,999
Total expenses include the following: Aboriginal Trust Fund Repayment Scheme	9,037	9,037	6,799
NET COST OF SERVICES	36,982	40,255	79,999

#### 2.3 Services and Capabilities Improvement

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the enhancement of service delivery performance of the public sector through undertaking agency, program, functional and major structural reviews involving multiple agencies; developing sector-wide management improvement strategies; providing strategic advice on employee relations issues and public sector management; and assisting agencies in resolving complex industrial relations and employee matters, workforce planning, capability development, recruitment, redeployment and occupational health and safety.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to achieving improvements in government service delivery by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - public sector services and capabilities improved and
  - workforce issues addressed and service delivery improved.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Public sector agencies with Workforce Plans Performance projects and	%	n.a.	n.a.	40	40	55
reviews	no.	10	10	10	12	10
Best practice guidelines produced	no.	4	2	2	4	0
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	105	105	101	102

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	32,538	32,324	34,684
Total expenses include the following: E-recruitment reform project	4,025	3,811	5,810
NET COST OF SERVICES	31,492	31,278	33,618
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,120	1,120	

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# 2.4 Policy Support

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of integrated, sector-wide policy advice, counsel and legislative support services; and policy advice to the Premier in coordinating the Government's response to the threat of terrorism and recovery from major disasters.							
Linkage to Results:							hrough the ed support	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Executive Council meet supported Items of legislation draf Legislative website visit	ted	no. no. thous	56 1,163 1,644	60 1,205 1,700	52 n.a. 1,800	56 n.a. 3,200	52 n.a. 4,300	
Employees:		FTE	n.a.	174	174	171	172	
				Bud \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			46,4	408 4	17,920	49,709	
Violence against women unit 512						2,900 512 1,550		
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			46,2	240 4	17,752	49,561	
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			1	45	145	65	

#### 2.5 Administrative Support for Government

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers a range of administrative and coordination functions to support the Governor, Premier, Executive Government; Cabinet and Remuneration Tribunals; managing State protocol; coordinating special events; providing logistic and information services; supporting special inquiries; and delivering corporate governance and support services.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group supports government decision making through the provision of professional, accountable and customer focused support services.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Protocol and official hospitality events organised Ministers' offices supported Appointments to Government	no. no.	150 22	150 21	150 21	150 23	150 23
Boards and Committees	no.	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550	1,550
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	434	434	436	435
			Bude \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5		104,4	14 11	15,282	114,322
Total expenses include the foll Grants to Events NSW	owing:		30,0	00 3	30,000	36,500

100,958

1,053

110,549

1,168

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NET COST OF SERVICES

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

2 - 15

110,773

3,487

#### **2 DEPARTMENT OF PREMIER AND CABINET**

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses - Employee related	111,837	100 552	118,567
Other operating expenses	64,367	109,552 76,162	76,071
Depreciation and amortisation	3,798	4,132	4,736
Grants and subsidies	43,026	48,605	82,333
Other expenses	2,969	2,969	3,035
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	225,997	241,420	284,742
Less:			
Retained Revenue	4.044	4 000	4 005
Sales of goods and services Investment income	1,211 565	1,300 1,000	1,225 578
Grants and contributions	2,071	2,790	2,118
Other revenue	823	857	842
Total Retained Revenue	4,670	5,947	4,763
NET COST OF SERVICES	221,327	235,473	279,979
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	221,327	235,473	279,979
Recurrent Services Appropriation	209,368	223,362	267,439
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	2,318	2,433	3,552
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	2,318	2,433	3,552

#### **2 DEPARTMENT OF PREMIER AND CABINET**

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	0.054	00.470	40 744
Cash assets	9,954	20,170	18,741
Receivables	4,500	5,260	5,260
Total Current Assets	14,454	25,430	24,001
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment	11,700	10,362	9,525
Intangibles	1,087	2,778	2,431
Total Non Current Assets	12,787	13,140	11,956
Total Assets	27,241	38,570	35,957
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	7,200	9,392	9,392
Provisions	11,592	11,001	11,001
Other	396		
Total Current Liabilities	19,188	20,393	20,393
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	83	103	103
Total Non Current Liabilities	83	103	103
Total Liabilities	19,271	20,496	20,496
NET ASSETS	7,970	18,074	15,461
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	7,970	18,074	15,461
TOTAL EQUITY	7,970	18,074	15,461

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#### 2 DEPARTMENT OF PREMIER AND CABINET

	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	105,485	103,294	112,192
Grants and subsidies Other	43,026	48,605	82,333
Other	70,155	89,903	88,417
Total Payments	218,666	241,802	282,942
Receipts Sale of goods and services	1,211	1,300	1,225
Interest	565	1,300	578
Other	5,713	13,692	12,271
Total Receipts	7,489	16,212	14,074
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(211,177)	(225,590)	(268,868)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(2,118)	(2,232)	(3,352)
Other	(200)	6,603	(200)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,318)	4,371	(3,552)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	209,368	223,362	267,439
Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund*	2,318	2,433 (10,313)	3,552
		(10,313)	•••
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	211,686	215,482	270,991
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,809)	(5,737)	(1,429)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,763	25,907	20,170
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,954	20,170	18,741
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(221,327)	(235,473)	(279,979)
Non cash items added back	10,150	10,348	11,111
Change in operating assets and liabilities		(465)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(211,177)	(225,590)	(268,868)

\* Includes \$6.1 million of surplus cash transferred in from the World Youth Day Coordination Authority when it ceased operations on 31 December 2008.

The Independent Commission Against Corruption is responsible for promoting and enhancing integrity in public administration throughout New South Wales by investigating, exposing and minimising corruption through the application of its special powers. The Commission's governing legislation is the *Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988*.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission contributes to an improved culture of honesty, integrity and ethical behaviour within the NSW public sector by working towards the following results:

- Potential offenders are deterred from committing corrupt conduct through the exposure of corruption activities and corruption risks.
- The community and public sector employees have confidence that corruption matters reported are being properly investigated.
- The community and public sector employees have an increased awareness and understanding of corrupt conduct and corruption risks across the public sector.
- A comprehensive range of corruption prevention strategies operates across the public sector.

Key services provided by the Commission that contribute to these results include:

- the assessment and investigation of corruption complaints. In addition, the Commission conducts compulsory examinations (private hearings) and public inquiries, reports on corruption investigations and recommends corruption prevention improvements and
- the provision of corruption prevention training programs, education material and corruption prevention resources to promote corruption awareness across public sector agencies.

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The services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Re	sults	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Deterrence of corrupt conduct	Confidence that reported corruption matters are investigated	Increased awareness of corrupt conduct and corruption risks	Corruption prevention strategies across the public sector
Corruption Investigation	14.8	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Corruption Prevention, Research and Education	3.9			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	18.8				

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09, the Commission further progressed the implementation of its Management of Complaints and Case Management software project (MOCCA). This system, which is scheduled to go live in June 2009, will provide more comprehensive and reliable data for the purposes of reporting, dissemination and analysis, as well as delivering productivity gains through automated and better integrated workflow processes.

### STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The Commission will maintain its focus on enhancing its capacity to identify systemic and individual corruption risks, the effective management of corruption complaints and the continued improvement and development of its investigative capacity. The Commission will also review its shared corporate services arrangements to better utilise existing corporate resources.

Final implementation of MOCCA will enhance the management and performance tracking of cases, providing improved analysis of complaint data and profiling of corruption risks. The Commission will also continue its strategic research and develop education and corruption prevention initiatives targeted at key sectors, including local government, government agencies in regional areas and the general public sector.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Commission's total expenses are estimated at \$18.8 million in 2009-10, an increase of 1.7 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Commission's capital allocation of \$290,000 for 2009-10 provides for the completion of MOCCA, the update of intelligence-based data analysis and technical equipment, and the replacement of its building security system.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### **Deterrence of corrupt conduct**

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Compulsory examinations and public inquiries <sup>(a)</sup> Prosecutions/disciplinary actions commenced arising	no.	53	81	30	40	40
from investigations	no.	10	8	10	20	50
Investigation reports published <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	6	7	5	14	6

(a) This indicator shows the level of public exposure of corrupt conduct and corruption activities. Examinations include all persons called to appear for interviews to present information, give statements on the matters and generate further leads. This may lead to public enquiries which are major investigations and include multiple examinations.

#### Confidence that reported corruption matters are investigated

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Corruption matters that are received by ICAC from the general public, through protected disclosures and from principal officers <sup>(a)</sup> Corruption matters received that are referred for further ICAC inquiry, action or investigation <sup>(b)</sup>	no. %	1,396 26	1,807 22	1,450 25	1,776	1,800 23

(a) This indicator is a proxy for the level of confidence the community has in reporting matters that may involve corrupt conduct.

(b) This indicator shows the level of serious matters being referred to ICAC requiring further action. This may include legal advice, requests for agency responses, investigation by examination or advice given on corruption prevention.

<sup>(</sup>b) This indicator shows the level of exposure of corrupt conduct and systemic corruption issues. Investigation reports are produced following public inquiries.

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Increased awareness of corrupt conduct and corruption risks

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Respondents to community survey who knew about ICAC and believed it was successful in exposing corruption (3 year community survey) <sup>(a)</sup>	%	72	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	75
Website visitors	no.	97,430	135,449	98,000	120,000	140,000

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of ICAC's communication projects to raise awareness of the role of ICAC and community understanding of corrupt conduct and corruption risks.

#### Corruption prevention strategies across the public sector

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-</b> Revised <b>Foreca</b>	
Corruption prevention recommendations arising from investigation reports Reform recommendations arising	no.	113	57	40	84	40
from investigation reports that are implemented <sup>(a)</sup>	%	91	76	90	90	90

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of ICAC in identifying corruption prevention strategies to improve public sector integrity.

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### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **3.1 Corruption Investigation**

Service Description:	This service group covers the processing, assessment and investigation of all corruption complaints. It also covers reporting on the resulting corruption investigations and recommending corruption prevention improvements.							
Linkage to Results:	bui bei res	This service group contributes to deterring corrupt conduct and building community confidence that reported corruption matters are being properly investigated by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:						
	•	complaints ar	e responde	ed to in an	appropriate	and timel	y manner	
	•	• increased community confidence that all corruption matters will be rigorously investigated and						
	•	<ul> <li>public officials and other potential offenders are deterred from committing corrupt conduct through the exposure of corruption.</li> </ul>						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Average days to deal w complaints Investigations complete	no.	97	87	60	78	75		
within 12 months <sup>(a)</sup>		%	92	90	85	46	40	

(a) The revised 2008-09 measure for investigations completed within 12 months is lower than budget due to the increased complexity of investigations. This is supported by a significant increase in prosecutions and disciplinary actions commenced.

Employees:	FTE	81	87	87	85 <b>85</b>
			200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			14,008	14,559	14,729
NET COST OF SERVICES			13,593	14,096	14,297
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			1,019	1,362	232

#### **3.2 Corruption Prevention, Research and Education**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers research and the development of corruption training and prevention advice for public sector agencies through educational materials.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to an increased awareness of corrupt conduct and corruption risks, as well as developing and recommending corruption prevention strategies across the public sector by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - raising community and public sector awareness of corrupt conduct and its risks across the public sector
  - developing a comprehensive range of corruption prevention strategies across the public sector
  - providing corruption prevention advice which seeks to promote better corruption risk management in public sector agencies and
  - educating people about the detrimental effects of corruption and promoting the development of corruption detection and minimisation strategies.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Training and ICAC presentations delivered Corruption publications and	no.	70	58	70	85	80
guidelines released Responses to requests from Government agencies for corruption prevention advice	no.	7	6	6	3	4
	no.	325	280	335	310	320
Employees:	FTE	30	29	30	27	27

	2008-09 Budget Revised		2009-10 Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,436	3,923	4,022
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,305	3,783	3,814
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	321	310	58

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	40 540	40 500	40 700
Employee related Other operating expenses	13,549 4,248	13,539 4,313	13,726 4,332
Depreciation and amortisation	4,248	4,313	4,332 693
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	18,444	18,482	18,751
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	440	439	541
Investment income	75	82	69
Other revenue	30	70	30
Total Retained Revenue	545	591	640
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	1	12	
NET COST OF SERVICES	17,898	17,879	18,111
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	17,898	17,879	18,111
Recurrent Services Appropriation	16,591	16,593	16,800
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	1,340	1,672	290
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,340	1,290	290

	200	2008-09				
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000			
BALANCE SHEET						
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash assets	1,161	647	824			
Receivables	673	693	593			
Total Current Assets	1,834	1,340	1,417			
Non Current Assets						
Property, plant and equipment -						
Land and building	99	465	385			
Plant and equipment	1,243	985	647			
Intangibles	916	1,040	1,055			
Total Non Current Assets	2,258	2,490	2,087			
Total Assets	4,092	3,830	3,504			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Payables	233	313	413			
Provisions	878	914	960			
Total Current Liabilities	1,111	1,227	1,373			
Non Current Liabilities						
Provisions	97	80	80			
Total Non Current Liabilities	97	80	80			
Total Liabilities	1,208	1,307	1,453			
NET ASSETS	2,884	2,523	2,051			
EQUITY						
Reserves	428	428	428			
Accumulated funds	2,456	2,095	1,623			
TOTAL EQUITY	2 894	2,523	2 051			
	2,884	2,523	2,051			

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	12,900 4,664	13,193 4,893	13,131 4,682
Total Payments	17,564	18,086	17,813
Receipts Sale of goods and services	440	439	541
Interest	75	26	69
Other	480	674	580
Total Receipts	995	1,139	1,190
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(16,569)	(16,947)	(16,623)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	1	12	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	1 (960)	(1,031)	 (120)
Other	(380)	(641)	(170)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,339)	(1,660)	(290)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation	16 501	16 502	16 900
Capital appropriation	16,591 1,340	16,593 1,290	16,800 290
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	17,931	17,883	17,090
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	23	(724)	177
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,138	1,371	647
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,161	647	824
	(47.000)	(47.070)	(40.444)
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(17,898) 1,225	(17,879) 1,166	(18,111) 1,242
Change in operating assets and liabilities	104	(234)	246
Net cash flow from operating activities	(16,569)	(16,947)	(16,623)

### **OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE**

The Ombudsman's Office is an independent and impartial review body. Its objective is to ensure that the public and private sector bodies within its jurisdiction fulfil their functions properly. The Office works with organisations and individuals to ensure they are aware of their responsibilities to the public to act reasonably and to comply with the law and best practice in administration.

The Ombudsman is independent of the government of the day and accountable to the public through the NSW Parliament.

The Ombudsman's work is governed by a range of legislation, including the Ombudsman Act 1974, the Community Services (Complaints, Reviews and Monitoring) Act 1993, the Police Act 1990 and the Freedom of Information Act 1989.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Office works with public and private sector agencies to achieve the following results for the community:

- Administrative practice and decision making in agencies are fair, reasonable and transparent in the interest of the NSW community.
- Public and private sector agencies and employees fulfill their functions properly.
- Public administration, provision of community services and protection of children are improved.
- Agencies establish and implement effective complaint handling systems.
- Customers are satisfied with the provision of public and community services.

Key services provided by the Office to contribute to these results are:

- complaint advice, referral, resolution or investigation
- oversight of agency investigation of complaints
- scrutiny of complaint handling and other systems and
- review of implementation of legislation.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the Office, and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Fair, accountable and responsive administrative practice and service delivery
Complaint Advice, Referral, Resolution or Investigation	10.2	✓
Oversight of Agency Investigation of Complaints	4.5	✓
Scrutiny of Complaint Handling and Other Systems	6.9	✓
Review of implementation of Legislation	0.1	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	21.7	

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Additional funding of \$320,000 was provided in 2008-09 to assist the Ombudsman to deal with the increased number of child deaths subject to his review. The focus of the Ombudsman's review of child deaths is to identify shortcomings in agencies' policies, systems and practices and to make recommendations to prevent and reduce the risk of deaths in the future.

The Ombudsman's child protection related work was considered during the Wood Special Commission of Inquiry into Child Protection in New South Wales. The Ombudsman made a number of detailed submissions and provided evidence.

The Ombudsman has continued his review of the implementation of a range of legislation providing additional powers to the NSW Police Force. The Ombudsman reports to the Minister on his findings and makes recommendations to improve the legislation or police practices and to ensure that the powers are exercised fairly.

The Ombudsman submitted final reports for his review of certain functions conferred on police under the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities)* Act 2002 and his review of Part 3 of the *Criminal Procedure Act 1986* during 2008-09.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

A comprehensive review of the NSW *Freedom of Information Act 1989* was also completed during 2008-09. The review involved investigating the FOI processes of 18 agencies, speaking with FOI staff, issuing a public discussion paper and looking at national and international approaches.

The Ombudsman made 88 recommendations to Government to improve access to information in New South Wales.

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

During 2008-09, the Ombudsman commenced a significant review of his strategic planning program, internal structure, work processes and future direction. To meet the challenges ahead, the Ombudsman has identified the following areas that will be his focus in the short term:

- improving relationships with stakeholders including identifying opportunities for partnerships
- realigning the work of the Office, focusing on being more proactive and strategic
- improving internal integration of systems and processes to better support the work of the Office and
- building a stronger leadership group ensuring effective governance and accountability processes.

There were a number of developments in 2008-09 that are expected to result in new roles and increased future workloads for the Ombudsman, including convening and supporting the work of the Child Death Review Team and auditing the implementation of the interagency plan to tackle child sexual assault in Aboriginal communities – both recommended by the Wood Special Commission of Inquiry.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are estimated at \$21.7 million in 2009-10. This includes the costs of Official Community Visitors who travel throughout New South Wales visiting residential services for children and young people and in care and accommodation services for people with a disability.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Office's capital allocation of \$785,000 for 2009-10 provides for the replacement of desktop computers and other IT equipment, and the purchase of other minor items.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Fair, accountable and responsive administrative practice and service delivery

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Recommendations made in general jurisdiction that have been implemented by agency <sup>(a)</sup>	%	89	80	90	80	80
Recommendations made in police jurisdiction that have been implemented by agency <sup>(b)</sup>	%	89	91	80	49	80
Recommendations made in child protection jurisdiction that have been implemented by agency <sup>(c)</sup>	%	80	97	80	95	80
Reports to Parliament on public interest issues <sup>(d)</sup> Agencies subject to Mystery	no.	2	1	4	5	4
Shopper audit <sup>(e)</sup>	no.	1	30	1	1	1

(a) This indicator shows the percentage of recommendations made by the Office in general jurisdiction that are adopted by agencies.

- (b) This indicator shows the percentage of recommendations made by the Office in police jurisdiction that are adopted by the NSW Police Force.
- (c) This indicator shows the percentage of recommendations made by the Office in child protection jurisdiction that are adopted by agencies.
- (d) This indicator shows the number of special reports that the Office makes to Parliament each year. These reports usually follow a formal investigation by the Office but can also be prepared to highlight deficiencies or public interest issues.
- (e) The Office conducts audits of the customer service practices and policies of agencies. These audits, known as Mystery Shopper audits, are undertaken without the knowledge of the agency. The Office provides a comprehensive report to the relevant Department Head at the conclusion of the audit. The 2007-08 audit involved 30 local councils.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 4.1 Complaint Advice, Referral, Resolution or Investigation

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers providing independent complaint advice and referral, handling complaints and dealing with protected disclosures. It also includes hearing witness protection appeals and conducting information and education programs for agencies and the community.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to community confidence that their complaints are being handled fairly, efficiently and effectively and in accordance with law or policy.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Written complaints and notifications about public sector and certain non	20	9,692	9,320	11 000	9,000	10.000
government agencies Telephone complaints/inquiries	no.	9,092	9,320	11,000	9,000	10,000
received	no.	22,689	24,701	23,000	25,000	25,000
Complaints in the general jurisdiction resolved through provision of advice or constructive action by agencies	%	68	70	65	70	65
Direct investigation or reports in police	70	00	70	60	70	60
jurisdiction completed Time taken to determine general jurisdiction	no.	12	11	25	9	20
complaints Inquiries, monitoring, review and direct investigation of	weeks	7	5	5	7	7
community services matters Public sector training	no.	22	9	20	12	12
sessions conducted	no.	138	80	100	100	100
Consumer education programs	no.	26	24	50	30	30
Employees:	FTE	81	82	84	81	79

### 4.1 Complaint Advice, Referral, Resolution or Investigation (cont)

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	9,624	10,225	10,160
NET COST OF SERVICES	9,496	10,133	10,098
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	227	265	370

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 4.2 Oversight of Agency Investigation of Complaints

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers oversight of the NSW Police Force's handling of complaints about police and oversight of agency handling of allegations of child abuse.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to independent oversight of complaints and ensures that complaint matters are being dealt with fairly, efficiently and effectively by agencies and in accordance with law or policy.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Police investigations directly monitored Time taken to assess child	no.	34	18	20	12	20
protection notifications Time taken to assess final child protection	days	8	6	5	4	5
investigation report	days	41	44	30	41	40
Employees:	FTE	35	36	37	36	35

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,288	4,552	4,526
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,262	4,513	4,499
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	73	116	164

#### 4.3 Scrutiny of Complaint Handling and Other Systems

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers scrutiny of systems to prevent child abuse, dealing with police complaints and certain systems in the community services sector. It also includes review of the situation of vulnerable people, review of compliance with certain legislation and coordination of the official community visitor program.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to independent scrutiny of systems and ensures that services are being provided fairly, efficiently and effectively complying with best practice and in accordance with law or policy.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Records audited in police jurisdiction	no.	5,322	8,800	6,000	10,400	6,000
Audits conducted in the child protection jurisdiction Time spent on visiting	no.	20	16	20	21	15
services Individual section 13 reviews	hours	9,507	9,193	14,616	9,330	9,000
of people in care Review of community services	no.	45	35	40	65	40
complaints handling system Death in care reviewable	no.	20	25	20	20	20
(calendar year) Child death reviewable (calendar year) <sup>(a)</sup>	no. no.	98 123	98 162	65 120	87 145	80 n.a.

(a) There are anticipated legislative amendments that will significantly reduce the number of child deaths reviewed by the Ombudsman. Until the proposed legislative provisions are known the Ombudsman is not in a position to provide a forecast.

Employees:	FTE	53	55	55	59	55
		-	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			7,689	6,918		6,875
NET COST OF SERVICES			7,652	6,858		6,833
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			215	178		251

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### 4.4 Review of Implementation of Legislation

Service Description:	This service group reviews implementation of legislation that expands the powers of NSW Police Force.							
Linkage to Results:	,	The community has confidence that law enforcement agencies are using new powers in accordance with the law and in the public interest.						
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
Reports on review including finding prepa within time frame	ared %	100	100	100	100	100		
Employees:	FTE	8	8	2	2	1		

Reduction in 2008-09 reflects the completion of a number of reviews of new legislation early in the financial year.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	273	275	120	
NET COST OF SERVICES	273	275	120	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	44			

#### -2008-09-2009-10 Revised Budget Budget \$000 \$000 \$000 **OPERATING STATEMENT Expenses Excluding Losses** Operating expenses -Employee related 17,529 17,551 17,661 Other operating expenses 3,807 3,838 3,656 Depreciation and amortisation 538 537 364 Grants and subsidies 44 ... ... 21,874 21,970 **Total Expenses Excluding Losses** 21,681 Less: **Retained Revenue** Sales of goods and services 72 72 82 Investment income 50 50 9 Grants and contributions 54 54 - - -40 Other revenue 15 15 **Total Retained Revenue** 191 191 131 NET COST OF SERVICES 21,683 21,779 21,550 **RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT** Net Cost of Services 21,683 21,550 21,779 **Recurrent Services Appropriation** 19,986 19,969 19,827 **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT Capital Expenditure** 559 559 785 Capital Works and Services Appropriation 785 559 559

#### **4 OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE**

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **4 OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE**

		2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash assets	380	443	434	
Receivables	505	607	413	
Total Current Assets	885	1,050	847	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Plant and equipment	985	951	1,416	
Intangibles	239	262	218	
Total Non Current Assets	1,224	1,213	1,634	
Total Assets	2,109	2,263	2,481	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	350	609	868	
Provisions	1,688	1,520	1,581	
Other	69	55	28	
Total Current Liabilities	2,107	2,184	2,477	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	15	13	13	
Other			3	
Total Non Current Liabilities	15	13	16	
Total Liabilities	2,122	2,197	2,493	
NET ASSETS	(13)	66	(12)	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	(13)	66	(12)	
TOTAL EQUITY	(13)	66	(12)	
	· - /			

#### 2009-10 -2008-09-Budget Budget Revised \$000 \$000 \$000 **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES **Payments** Employee related 16,566 16,465 16,635 Grants and subsidies 44 4,419 3,396 Other 3,895 **Total Payments** 20,404 20,031 20,985 Receipts Sale of goods and services 72 82 72 Interest 50 69 18 Other 615 32 95 **Total Receipts** 737 173 195 NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (20,248) (20, 231)(19,836) **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Purchases of property, plant and equipment (735) (459)(460) Other (100)(99) (50) NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (559) (559) (785) CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation 19,986 19,969 19,827 Capital appropriation 559 785 559 Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund (2) ... ... **NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT** 20,545 20,526 20,612 **NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH** (262) (264) (9) **Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents** 642 707 443 **CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 380 443 434 **CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION** (21,779) Net cost of services (21, 683)(21, 550)Non cash items added back 1,452 1,489 1,224 490 Change in operating assets and liabilities (17) 59 Net cash flow from operating activities (20,248) (19,836) (20, 231)

#### **4 OMBUDSMAN'S OFFICE**

The NSW Electoral Commission is responsible for the:

- management and administration of parliamentary elections, by-elections and referendums
- provision of administrative support to the Election Funding Authority, which is responsible for the public funding of election campaigns and the management and administration of the Political Education Fund and
- conduct of elections for local government, trade unions, statutory boards, registered clubs and ballots for enterprise agreements on a full cost recovery basis and in accordance with appropriate legislation.

The Commission's activities are governed by the *Parliamentary Electorates* and *Elections Act 1912* and the *Election Funding and Disclosures Act 1981*.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission aims to achieve the following results for the community:

- Elections will be conducted impartially and in accordance with the law.
- Voter participation will be maximised and informal votes minimised.
- Public funding will be unbiased and campaign donations will be disclosed.

Key services provided by the NSW Electoral Commission that contribute to these results include:

- conduct of elections and electoral roll management
- providing reports to the NSW Parliament and the public on the conduct of elections, by-elections, political donations and electoral expenditure and
- providing information on rights and responsibilities under the NSW electoral system to those enrolled, eligible to enrol, candidates, groups and registered political parties.

Services provided by the NSW Electoral Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget		Results	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Impartial elections	Maximise voter participation	Election funding and disclosure
Conduct and Management of Elections	21.1	~	~	~
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	21.1			

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During the past year the NSW Electoral Commission:

- organised and conducted the 2008 Local Government elections
- set up the Election Funding Branch to implement legislative amendments passed by State Government to improve election funding disclosure
- conducted benchmark surveys to assess the satisfaction of stakeholders with its provision of electoral services and
- continued to improve its management and monitoring systems for a range of programs, including electoral roll management.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Investment in state election event infrastructure is programmed over the period 2009 to 2011. This will position the Commission for the conduct of the next state government election in 2011.

Workflow processes will continue to be reviewed with a view to minimising risk. Delivering services in the areas of electoral education and election funding will also continue in future years.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

• The NSW Electoral Commission has estimated total expenses of \$21.1 million in 2009-10.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

• The NSW Electoral Commission has an estimated capital allocation of \$6 million for 2009-10

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# To ensure that elections are impartial and delivered in accordance with the law

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2 Revised Fo	
Successful court challenges <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	0	0	0	0	0
Recounts required	no.	2	0	0	2	n.a

(a) The nil result shown indicates a high quality service.

#### To maximise voter participation

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Population enrolled Minimisation of informal votes	%	92.7	92.9	95.0	92.0	92.0
Legislative Assembly	%	2.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Legislative Council	%	6.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Reduction in non-voters	% of rol	I 3.4	n.a.	< 5	8.8	n.a.

These indicators are measures of the contribution the NSW Electoral Commission makes to maximise voter participation through such activities as electoral roll management and elector information campaigns.

#### To deliver unbiased public funding and open disclosure of campaign donations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Prosecutions for failure to lodge or making false or misleading declarations Declarations lodged on time	no. %	4 89	0 58	0 n.a.	0 80	0 85

These indicators are a measure of the contribution made by the Electoral Funding Authority to the understanding by candidates, groups, parties and donors of their obligations. Decrease in declarations lodged on time in 2007-08 is due to changes in lodgement date.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **5.1 Conduct and Management of Elections**

Service Descriptio	<u>n</u> :	This servi	group	covers	the	delivery	of	elections	and	related	

Linkage to Results: The result of the services is to deliver impartial electoral results which:

- withstand public scrutiny
- are based on the maximisation of voter participation and minimisation of informal votes and
- communicate electoral results in an accurate and timely way.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Parliamentary general and by-elections conducted Local Government ordinary election and by-elections	no.	1	n.a.	n.a.	4	n.a.
conducted	no.	14	n.a.	1	9	n.a.
Registered club elections conducted Statutory board and industrial	no.	22	19	19	14	14
ballots conducted	no.	36	38	38	33	33
Employees:	FTE	42	42	43	46	45

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	36,680	40,928	21,070	
NET COST OF SERVICES	13,381	17,627	19,776	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,800	4,100	5,974	

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related	5,816	6,492	6,365
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses	2,223 1,327 27,314	4,444 1,914 28,078	3,033 2,318 9,354
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	36,680	40,928	21,070
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue	3,149 150 20,000	2,839 460 20,002	1,141 153 
Total Retained Revenue	23,299	23,301	1,294
NET COST OF SERVICES	13,381	17,627	19,776
<b>RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT</b>			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	13,381 31,444	17,627 35,509	19,776 15,137
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,800 1,800	4,100 4,100	5,974 5,974

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets	4 000	0.000	4 000
Cash assets Receivables Other	1,308 12,057 	2,002 5,541 79	1,963 541 79
Total Current Assets	13,365	7,622	2,583
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment Intangibles	1,384 5,866	1,661 7,317	1,059 11,575
Total Non Current Assets	7,250	8,978	12,634
Total Assets	20,615	16,600	15,217
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	1,402 738	2,049 689	2,049 689
Other	24		
Total Current Liabilities	2,164	2,738	2,738
Non Current Liabilities		0	
Provisions Other	232	6 197	6 185
Total Non Current Liabilities	232	203	191
Total Liabilities	2,396	2,941	2,929
NET ASSETS	18,219	13,659	12,288
EQUITY Accumulated funds	18,219	13,659	12,288
TOTAL EQUITY	18,219	13,659	12,288

CASH FLOW STATEMENT CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	200 Budget \$000 5,509 33,164	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
		5 000	
Payments		=	
Employee related Other		5,932 37,473	5,971 14,729
Total Payments	38,673	43,405	20,700
Receipts	0.4.40	5 7 40	
Sale of goods and services	3,149	5,740	1,141
Interest Other	150 20,366	568 20,611	153 7,330
Total Receipts	23,665	26,919	8,624
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (1	15,008)	(16,486)	(12,076)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(100) (1,700)	(250) (3,850)	(100) (5,874)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,800)	(4,100)	(5,974)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
	31,444	35,509	15,137
Capital appropriation	1,800	4,100	5,974
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund (*	16,900)	(23,088)	(3,100)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	16,344	16,521	18,011
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(464)	(4,065)	(39)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,772	6,067	2,002
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,308	2,002	1,963
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
	13,381)	(17,627)	(19,776)
Non cash items added back	1,634	2,298	2,712
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(3,261)	(1,157)	4,988
Net cash flow from operating activities (1	15,008)	(16,486)	(12,076)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## INDEPENDENT PRICING AND REGULATORY TRIBUNAL

The Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) provides advice, recommendations and determinations on prices for monopoly services provided by major NSW Government utilities.

Its objectives are aligned with the overall Government priority of encouraging utilities and regulated industries to provide efficient, quality services, while protecting consumers' interests and encouraging commercially and environmentally sustainable outcomes. The organisation works very closely with its stakeholders to demonstrate a fair and open process, and to achieve a balanced outcome for the industry sector as well as the consumer.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

IPART contributes to a competitive business environment and delivery of better services by working towards the following results:

- IPART decisions prevent abuse of monopoly power and promote efficiency, sustainability and community welfare.
- Healthy and sustainable energy and water supplies are promoted.

It provides the following services to support these results:

- monitoring of water and energy licences, making recommendations on pricing of water, transport and energy services, undertaking reviews of issues referred to it for consideration and
- administration, monitoring and enforcement of the Greenhouse Gas Abatement Scheme.

The key services provided by the Tribunal and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Results	
		IPART decisions promote efficiency, sustainability and community welfare	Promote healthy and sustainable energy and water supplies
Energy/Transport/Water Pricing and Analysis and Policy Work	13.4	~	
Licensing and Greenhouse Gas Reduction Scheme Administration	4.8		✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	18.2		

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

IPART's work in recent years has expanded beyond setting maximum prices for government utilities and transport services. Additional activities now undertaken include advice on competitive neutrality, setting gas tariffs, regulating gas networks and conducting arbitration proceedings between market participants.

IPART assumed the role of Administrator for the Greenhouse Gas Abatement Scheme, one of the world's first carbon dioxide-denominated emissions trading schemes, from 1 January 2003. This Scheme involves the creation of abatement certificates through accredited abatement projects and the purchase and surrender of certificates by energy companies to meet their greenhouse gas emissions targets.

In 2008 IPART accredited an additional 29 abatement projects. As at 31 December 2008 there were 221 projects accredited with the Scheme. Over 18.6 million additional abatement certificates were created in the 2008 calendar year, bringing the total certificates created between Scheme commencement and the end of 2008 to 88.2 million – equivalent to the abatement of an equal number of tonnes of carbon dioxide. Total certificates surrendered by energy companies for the 2007 calendar year was equivalent to 22.4 million tonnes of carbon dioxide abated.

A further new licensing regime was introduced by the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*, which commenced in 2008-09. This legislation provides for third party access to water supply, the creation of a licensing regime for service providers and the extension of IPART's pricing powers to the private sector, in cases where the private sector provides a monopoly water supply to small retail customers.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

IPART administers third party access, audits licences, makes pricing orders for licenses, arbitrates disputes and monitors licence compliance. The volume of licence applications is expected increase greatly in 2009-10 when the exemption granted to existing projects expires in August 2009.

The approach to price regulation is constantly evolving and the Tribunal maintains an interest in overseas developments as well as continuing membership of the Australian Utilities Regulators' Forum.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

IPART will continue to:

- encourage government businesses to make efficiency gains and reduce their overall cost to the community
- promote continuity of supply, in particular through ensuring that incentives are adequate to stimulate ongoing investment in infrastructure to meet growth and replace ageing assets
- ensure businesses have the resources to meet increasingly higher community expectations of service levels and environmental performance and
- ensure that regulatory outcomes support the ongoing availability of low cost private capital necessary to fund new infrastructure.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

IPART will commence administering the Energy Savings Scheme, which sets energy savings targets for electricity retailers and will help NSW families and businesses save money on their power bills by helping to cut their electricity usage.

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$18.2 million.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The capital allocation of \$180,000 for 2009-10 provides for the replacement and upgrading of minor equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Pricing decisions prevent abuse of monopoly power, promote efficiency, sustainability and community welfare

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Index of household charges (nominal, including GST): <sup>(a)</sup>						
Change since 1992-93	%	48	57	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Annual change	%	5.0	6.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Index of non-residential water prices (nominal): <sup>(b)</sup>						
Change since 1992-93	%	-27	-23	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Annual change	%	7.2	4.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Index of regulated electricity prices for a small business customer (nominal, excluding GST): <sup>(c)</sup>						
Change since 1996-97	%	21	36	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Annual change	%	13	12	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

(a) This indicator shows the impact of IPART's decisions on composite household charges comprising residential electricity and gas prices, residential water charges and public transport prices. The change in the CPI since 1992-93 was 44 per cent in 2006-07 and 49 per cent in 2007-08.

(b) Index of real revenue per kilolitre of water used, including water, wastewater and trade waste charges. Average of Sydney Water and Hunter Water prices, weighted by volume of sales to non-residential customers. The change in the CPI since 1992-93 was 44 per cent in 2006-07 and 49 per cent in 2007-08.

(c) Calculated for a business customer of EnergyAustralia on a general supply tariff using 30 MWh of electricity per year. Reference period is 1996-97 because comparable prices for 1993 are not available. Prices exclude GST because GST is a pass-through cost for businesses. The change in the CPI since 1996-97 was 26 per cent in 2006-07 and 30 per cent in 2007-08.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Promoting healthy and sustainable energy and water supplies

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Net tonnes per capita CO <sub>2</sub> emiss from electricity usage (allowing for offset credits) <sup>(a)</sup> Annual reduction in electricity retailers sales	sions in Ne tonnes	w South W 7	ales 7	7	7	7
under the Energy Savings Scheme <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.4

(a) This measure is based on the targets set under the Kyoto protocol.

(b) The scheme is based on a calendar year and commences 1 July 2009, so the target is for six months ending December 2009.

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 6.1 Energy/Transport/Water Pricing and Analysis and Policy Work

Service Description:	This service group covers the setting of prices for energy, water and public transport and carrying out other specific reviews of government services referred at the request of the responsible Ministers.						
Linkage to Results:		of n	nonopoly	power is	•	ed, and	esults: efficiency,
	•				the Gove e, policy a		issues of ance
							ervices are legislation
					ciency, en les are bala		al impact,
	U	nits	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:							
Perceived quality of consultation processe	s <sup>(a)</sup>	%	91	94	n.a.	n.a.	94
Perceived professionali	sm of staff <sup>(a)</sup>	%	95	99	n.a.	n.a.	99
Perceived clarity of reports <sup>(a)</sup> % 90 93 n.a. n.a. <b>93</b> Perceived quality of leadership - practical							93
outcomes and indepen	outcomes and independence <sup>(a)</sup> % 86 95 n.a. n.a. <b>95</b> Reports and recommendations						
Ministers		no.	5	8	6	5	5
(a) The stakeholder su	urvey is carried	out e	every two y	ears.			

(a) The stakeholder survey is carried out every two years.

Employees:	FTE	46	57	45	60	61

Increased staff numbers in the revised 2008-09 is in response to additional referrals under Section 9 of the IPART Act.

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	11,748	14,802	13,421
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,938	12,970	12,587
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	117	234	131

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 6.2 Licensing and Greenhouse Reduction Scheme Administration

Service Description:	This service group consists of water licensing, energy compliance and
	the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Scheme administration.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the following results:

- suppliers of energy and water meet their licence obligations
- CO<sub>2</sub> reduction targets are enforced and
- sustainable environmental outcomes are promoted.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Acceptance by Minister of annual water audit reports Acceptance by Minister of annual energy compliance	no.	3	3	3	3	3
reports	no.	2	2	2	2	2
Accredited abatement projects	no.	70	53	70	20	10
Abatement certificates registered GGAS revenue/scheme	mill	14.5	25.6	24.2	24.0	23.5
administration costs	%	161	195	160	178	170
Energy Savings certificates registered <sup>(a)</sup>	mill	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.70

(a) This is a new scheme that sets energy savings targets for electricity retailers. Retailers will be required to obtain and surrender certificates equivalent to the amount of energy savings calculated.

Employees:	FTE	25	24.4	27	22.2 <b>24.4</b>
			200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revise \$000	d 2009-10 d Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			6,303	5,523	<b>4,775</b>
NET COST OF SERVICES			5,869	4,839	9 4,481
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			63	146	6 <b>49</b>

#### 6 INDEPENDENT PRICING AND REGULATORY TRIBUNAL

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	9,872 7,629 550	11,225 8,536 562 2	10,210 7,405 581	
			49.400	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	18,051	20,325	18,196	
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue	1,025 219 	2,153 350 10	709 224 195	
Total Retained Revenue	1,244	2,513	1,128	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		3		
NET COST OF SERVICES	16,807	17,809	17,068	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	16,807 16,151	17,809 17,143	17,068 16,322	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	180 180	380 180	180 180	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **6 INDEPENDENT PRICING AND REGULATORY TRIBUNAL**

	200	2009-10	
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	2 4 4 2	4 000	4 474
Cash assets Receivables	3,113 1,046	4,332 1,145	4,471 1,138
Receivables	1,040	1,145	1,150
Total Current Assets	4,159	5,477	5,609
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -		0 500	
Plant and equipment	2,442 21	2,530 52	2,137 44
Intangibles	21	52	44
Total Non Current Assets	2,463	2,582	2,181
Total Assets	6,622	8,059	7,790
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	499	1,425	1,329
Provisions	1,031	949	949
Total Current Liabilities	1,530	2,374	2,278
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	7	8	8
Other		266	266
Total Non Current Liabilities	7	274	274
Total Liabilities	1,537	2,648	2,552
NET ASSETS	5,085	5,411	5,238
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	5,085	5,411	5,238
TOTAL EQUITY	5,085	5,411	5,238

#### 6 INDEPENDENT PRICING AND REGULATORY TRIBUNAL

		2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related Grants and subsidies	9,543	10,744	9,819	
Other	7,629	2 9,754	 8,713	
Total Payments	17,172	20,500	18,532	
Receipts	1 025	2,215	647	
Sale of goods and services	1,025 219	2,215	647 224	
Other		1,169	1,478	
Total Receipts	1,244	3,734	2,349	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(15,928)	(16,766)	(16,183)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	 (180)	6 (380)	 (180)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(180)	(374)	(180)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	16,151	17,143	16,322	
Capital appropriation	180	180	180	
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(211)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	16,331	17,112	16,502	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	223	(28)	139	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,890	4,360	4,332	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,113	4,332	4,471	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Net cost of services	(16,807)	(17,809)	(17,068)	
Non cash items added back	879	1,003	974	
Change in operating assets and liabilities		40	(89)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(15,928)	(16,766)	(16,183)	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Natural Resources Commission (NRC) was established under the *Natural Resources Commission Act 2003*. The NRC provides independent advice to the Government on managing the State's natural resources in an integrated manner to maintain landscapes that are resilient, function effectively and support environmental, economic, social and cultural values.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Government has created a regional model for natural resource management (NRM) to help ensure healthy rivers, productive soils, diverse native species and thriving communities throughout our State. Implementation of this model requires integrated action by all communities, industry and governments.

The Government has adopted the NRC's recommended Standard for Quality Natural Resource Management (the Standard) and State-wide targets (Targets) for NRM in New South Wales and incorporated these into the State Plan.

Together, the Standard, Targets and the NRC's Audit Framework support flexible and innovative regional decision-making and build consistency, rigour and accountability for NRM.

The NRC works towards the following results:

- Government has credible evidence on whether the Targets are being met.
- Government has credible evidence on whether Catchment Management Authorities (CMAs) and NRM programs are contributing effectively to the Targets and whether there is better adaptive management by CMAs and NRM programs in progressing towards the Targets.
- NRM policy settings are based on sound science and improving the condition of natural resources.
- A NRM framework for quality management is in place which ensures a sound scientific basis for properly informed management of natural resources, achievement of the Government's priorities and integrated triple bottom line outcomes.
- Government decisions on complex and controversial NRM issues are demonstrably informed by independent advice, sound science and best practice management.

Key services provided by the NRC to contribute to these results include:

- reviewing the implementation of the Standard, Targets, the CMAs' Catchment Action Plans (CAPs) and the Government's regional NRM model and advising the Government on improvements
- investigating and reporting on issues affecting the integrated management of natural resources and assisting with developing solutions
- revising, and promoting the use of, the Standard by all natural resource managers
- leading and facilitating the review of CAPs and conducting audits of CAP implementation and
- providing scientifically sound independent advice as requested by the Government on strategic or technical NRM issues.

As a small agency, the NRC has only one Service Group. The key services provided by the NRC and the way in which they are expected to contribute to the NRC's results are set out in the following table:

	2000 40			Results		
Service Group	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Credible evidence of progress to State-wide targets	Credible evidence on whether CMAs are contributing to state targets	Objective advice on technical natural resource management policy settings	Continuous improvement of NRM framework for quality management	complex natural resource
Natural Resources Commission	4.7	$\checkmark$	~	~	$\checkmark$	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4.7					

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In the five years since the formation of the NRC it has developed competencies in:

- recommending best practice approaches to NRM and providing strategic policy advice to the Government
- reviewing strategic plans and policies and auditing the effectiveness of their implementation and
- detailed scientific review of NRM issues.



The NRC's recent achievements include:

- securing Government approval of 12 CAPs in line with the NRC's recommendations. The CAPs set region-specific catchment targets to implement the State Plan's Priority E4 targets in each region, and should become the primary vehicle for public and private investment in NRM
- auditing implementation of CAPs against the Standard and Targets for seven CMAs to assess whether the CAPs are achieving on-ground improvements in the condition of natural resources
- providing the Government with a progress report on effective implementation of CAPs. The report synthesised the key strategic issues from the CAP Audits and other work that dealt with the functioning of the regional NRM model
- recommending to the Government a robust means to allocate funding amongst CMAs transparently as well as reviewing CMAs' investment programs
- investigating the economic impacts of purchasing water to increase river flows and improve river health and reporting to the Government on the key issues which should be addressed in future Government purchasing programs
- reviewing and surveying CMA governance including research on NRM models in other jurisdictions and
- conducting a Technical Review of the Environmental Trust project "Better Knowledge Better Bush".

## STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

With growing pressures on landscapes from climate change, population growth and drought, it is vital that improvements are made to the integrated management of all natural resources so we can adapt to and mitigate the effects of those pressures.

Water scarcity is emerging as one of the most pressing implications of climate change in New South Wales. Adaptive policy responses are required if our economy, society and natural environment are to be sustained and supported. The NRC will build on its past work to focus on better integrating water management within the regional NRM model to achieve resilient landscapes.

Through this work the NRC will provide the Government with independent advice on what is working in NRM and elements needing re-evaluation, and measure the performance of NRM programs against stated policies and targets. This advice enhances the Government's ability to make informed decisions to improve NRM policies, plans and performance.

The year 2010 marks five years of implementation of the Standard and Targets. During 2009-10, much of the NRC's work will contribute to the mid-term review of the implementation of the Standard and Targets, CAPs and the regional model. Priority work will include completion of CAP audits, reporting on progress of CAP implementation and undertaking any referrals from the Government.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the NRC in 2009-10 are projected to be \$4.7 million.

In 2009-10 major expenses will be:

- auditing six CAPs a continuation of the audit program that has seen seven CAPs already audited and
- planning, conducting and delivering the mid-term review of the Standard, Targets, CAPs and the NRM regional model.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

\$309,000 in capital funding has been allocated for IT and office equipment replacement and maintenance.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Credible evidence is provided on whether State-wide targets are being met

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators:						
Reports to the Government on progress towards achieving						
the State-wide targets	no.	1	2	2	2	2

The NRC is responsible for providing independent reports evidencing whether the State-wide targets are being achieved. It is not responsible for the actual achievement of the State-wide targets. Hence the result indicator is the report, not the data sets measuring progress within the report.

# Credible evidence is provided on whether CMAs are contributing effectively to State targets

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
NRC public reports on CMAs' compliance with the Standard and contribution to the State-wide targets	no.	6	4	2	76

The NRC is responsible for auditing whether CMAs are effectively implementing their CAPs and the effectiveness of CAP implementation in contributing to the State-wide targets. It is not responsible for CMAs' performance.

#### Objective advice is provided on technical natural resource management policy settings

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 20 Revised For	
Formal reviews completed	no.	69	14	19	8	10

The formal reviews include reviews of the Snowy Mountains Cloud Seeding Trial, Environmental Outcomes Assessment Methodology, State Environmental Planning Policy (SEPP) 71 requests and other technical scientific reviews. In collaboration with the Department of Planning, the NRC has streamlined its advice on SEPP 71 matters. The reduction in number of formal reviews from above 60 in 2006-07 is a positive indictor of efficiency.

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# The natural resource management framework for quality management is improved continuously

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Reports to Government recommending/revising the Standard and Targets, facilitating their adoption and recommending wider adoption	NO.	2	1	1	1	2

The NRC is responsible for reviewing and promoting the Standard, and supporting CMAs and other agencies in adopting it.

# Sound, independent advice is provided on complex natural resource management issues

		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast
Result Indicators:						
Independent reports to Government on requested NRM policy reviews	no.	4	3	3	2	3

This result indicator is a measure of the number of referrals on complex issues which the NRC receives from the Premier.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 7.1 Natural Resources Commission

Service Description:	resource be base ensures o	Provision of independent advice to the NSW Government on natural resource management (NRM) issues which enables NRM decisions to be based on sound science and best practice management and ensures decisions are made in the environmental, social and economic interests of the State.						
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	biodivers range of ♦ Gove	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to better outcomes for native vegetation, biodiversity, land, rivers and coastal waterways by working towards a ange of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>Government has credible evidence on whether the targets for NRM are being met.</li> </ul>						
	Man conti adap	<ul> <li>Government has credible evidence on whether Catchment Management Authorities (CMAs) and other NRM programs are contributing effectively to the targets and whether there is better adaptive management by CMAs and NRM programs in progressing towards the targets.</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>NRM policy settings are based on sound science and improving the condition of natural resources.</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>A NRM framework is in place which ensures a sound scientific basis for properly informed management of natural resources, achievement of government priorities and integrated triple bottom line outcomes.</li> </ul>							
	are o	<ul> <li>Government decisions on complex and controversial NRM issuare demonstrably informed by independent advice, sound scient and best practice management.</li> </ul>						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast	
Reviews and audits of the Catchment Action Plans and CMAs n Reviews of the Standard and		no.	14	5	6	7	6	
recommendations to facilitate wider adoptic	n	no.	4	1	4	1	2	
Employees:		FTE	24	24	23	23	23	

# 7.1 Natural Resources Commission (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,797	4,795	4,667	
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,775	4,773	4,644	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			309	

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	2000 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	2,588 1,930 279	2,556 1,960 279	2,707 1,862 98
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,797	4,795	4,667
Less: Retained Revenue Investment income	22	22	23
Total Retained Revenue	22	22	23
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,775	4,773	4,644
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	4,775 4,499	4,773 4,497	4,644 4,548
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation			309 309

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		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	206 91	196 119	253 119
Total Current Assets	297	315	372
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	101	75	286
Total Non Current Assets	101	75	286
Total Assets	398	390	658
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	81	142	142
Provisions	256	235	235
Other	14		
Total Current Liabilities	351	377	377
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	16	16	16
Total Non Current Liabilities	16	16	16
Total Liabilities	367	393	393
NET ASSETS	31	(3)	265
EQUITY Accumulated funds	31	(3)	265
TOTAL EQUITY	31	(3)	265

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments Employee related	2,534	2,495	2,652
Other	1,931	1,947	1,862
Total Payments	4,465	4,442	4,514
Descinto			
Receipts Interest	22	22	23
Other		1	
Total Receipts	22	23	23
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,443)	(4,419)	(4,491)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment			(309)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(309)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	4,499	4,497	4,548
Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		 (5)	309 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	4,499	4,492	4,857
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	56	73	57
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	150	123	196
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	206	196	253
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(4,775)	(4,773)	(4,644)
Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	332	339 15	153
Change in operating assets and habilities		15	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(4,443)	(4,419)	(4,491)

The Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation (DASR) supports the Minister for the Arts, the Minister Assisting the Premier on the Arts (Section 10), and the Minister for Gaming and Racing, and the Minister for Sport and Recreation (Section 12).

DASR works to improve the wellbeing of both individuals and the community through fostering participation in the arts, sport and recreation and by ensuring the proper conduct and balanced development of the liquor, gaming, racing and charity industries.

DASR consists of four divisions, Arts New South Wales, Office of Liquor, Gaming and Racing, Sport and Recreation, and Corporate Services. The Department also has administrative relationships with Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust, the Parramatta Park Trust, the Hunter Region Sporting Venues Authority, Wollongong Sports Ground Trust, the Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust, and the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority as well as the State's cultural institutions, including the Art Gallery of New South Wales, Australian Museum, Historic Houses Trust of New South Wales, Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences, New South Wales Film and Television Office, State Library of New South Wales and Sydney Opera House.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for the following State Plan priority:

• E8: More people using parks, sporting and recreational facilities and participating in the arts and cultural activity.

The Department also contributes to other government priorities including volunteering, reducing levels of antisocial behaviour, improving access for people with disabilities, enhancing health through reduced obesity and contributing to the economy through the creative industries.

The Department contributes to harmonious and healthy communities and stronger economies by working towards the following results:

- Community cohesion and capacity is strengthened.
- Health and wellbeing is improved.
- Arts, hospitality, and sport and recreation industries are strong, sustainable and responsible.
- Arts and sport achievement and performance is at world-class standards.

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Key services provided by the Department to contribute to these results include:

- developing the arts industry, primarily through developing policy and providing grants to arts organisations and the State's cultural institutions
- developing arts accommodation, including maintenance of properties managed by the Arts New South Wales division
- implementing the regulatory framework for the liquor, gaming, racing and charity industries
- providing liquor, gaming, racing and charity funding and information services to support industry self-compliance, best practice and harm minimisation
- developing the sport and recreation sector through grants to peak sporting bodies, and delivering sport, recreation and education programs and
- developing sports facilities and venues through providing grants to assist in the development of community-based facilities.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2000 40	Results						
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Stronger community cohesion and capacity	Improved health and wellbeing	Strong, sustainable and responsible arts, hospitality, sport and recreation industries	World-class standards of achievement and performance in arts and sport			
Arts Industry Development	294.0	~	~	~	✓			
Arts Accommodation Development	4.6	~	~		~			
Regulatory Framework for the Liquor, Gaming, Racing and Charity Industries	22.5	~	~	~				
Liquor, Gaming and Racing Funding and Information Services	20.8		~	~				
Sport and Recreation Sector Development	64.9	~	~	~	~			
Sports Facility Development	48.5	✓	✓	~	✓			
Personnel Services	179.0							
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	634.3							

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#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements include:

- implemented key recommendations from the Cultural Grants review, including the introduction of a new Arts Funding Program and review of the Program's funding arrangements for 2010
- implemented the second stage of the Western Sydney Arts Strategy
- attracted a record 436,150 people to the 16<sup>th</sup> Biennale of Sydney (2008), a 38 per cent increase on 2006
- implemented reforms to gaming laws in New South Wales to reduce poker machine numbers and protect local communities from problem gambling
- led policy initiatives in relation to managing antisocial behaviour relating to licensed premises, including implementing amendments to the liquor laws to reduce alcohol-related violence and antisocial behaviour
- developed new legislation, the *Sporting Venues Authorities Act 2008*, to improve and streamline the administration of existing sporting sites, and the *Combat Sports Act 2008* for combat sports management
- awarded a gold and bronze medal in the 2008 NSW Premier's Public Sector Awards in two categories – the Aboriginal Birth Certificate Project (Gold Medal, Fairness and Opportunity); and the Coloured Vest Program (Bronze Medal, Rights, Respect and Responsibility)
- provided subsidised camps for young people through the Sport and Recreation Centres' Social Justice Program and
- invited applications from culturally and linguistically diverse counselling and support services for funding from the Responsible Gambling Fund. This builds on a number of other projects, activities and services relating to problem gambling throughout New South Wales.

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#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The focus of the Department over the next four years will be:

- developing an Indigenous Arts Strategy, enhancing the role of cultural, sporting and recreation programs in rural and regional areas, and collaborating with stakeholders to increase participation in sporting, recreational and cultural activities
- implementing the reforms to the *Liquor Act 2007* and leading Government initiatives to decrease the risk of alcohol-related violence and reduce antisocial behaviour in licensed premises
- implementing the recommendations of the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal review of the clubs industry sustainability, and expanding online services for licensing to improve regulatory functions
- implementing the *Combat Sports Act 2008* in order to promote a high standard of professionalism in the combat sports industry and
- developing a Creative Industries Strategy, streamlining funding processes and developing initiatives to increase volunteering in the arts and sport and recreation industries to support the creative industries and the sport and recreation sectors.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$634.3 million. This includes:

- grants totalling \$244.1 million to assist in the operation of the State's cultural institutions
- \$77.9 million for sport and recreation programs coordinated by the Department's regional offices and provided at its centres and academies
- \$41.1 million for the Arts Funding Program, including \$2.1 million for regional conservatoriums
- \$15.9 million in payments from the Sport and Recreation Fund for the operation of sporting associations, sports development grants and sporting facility capital grants

- grants totalling \$19.6 million to assist in the operation of the NSW Institute of Sport, Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust, Sydney 2009 World Masters Games Organising Committee and the Parramatta Park Trust and
- \$1.3 million for provision of a central monitoring fee assistance package for small clubs.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's 2009-10 capital program is \$17.3 million. The major components of the program are:

- \$3.7 million to upgrade infrastructure at the Sydney Academy of Sport and the Broken Bay and Milson Island Sport and Recreation Centres
- \$5.3 million for information technology projects, including a new regulatory information system and an electronic document and records management system
- \$5 million for the upgrading of Sport and Recreation Centres and
- \$1.9 million for Wharf 4/5 substructure and other works at Walsh Bay.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Stronger community cohesion and capacity

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 20 Revised For	09-10 ecast
Rate of volunteering in arts and coaching, officiating and committee membership in	0(	05.0	05.4	05.7	05.7	05.0
sports <sup>(a)</sup> Reduction of alcohol-related	%	25.2	25.4	25.7	25.7	25.9
crime in hotspot locations <sup>(b)</sup>	%	7.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of education, training and other strategies to attract and retain volunteers (arts represents 2.7 per cent of the total number).

#### Improved health and wellbeing

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Adults participating in cultural activities <sup>(a)</sup> Adults attending cultural venues <sup>(b)</sup> Adults 15 years and over participating in sport and active recreation three or	no. mill	776,360 4.4	800,000 4.5	824,000 4.5	800,000 4.5	800,000 4.5
more times a week (c)	%	41.4	41.8	42.2	42.2	42.6
Women participating in organised sport <sup>(d)</sup>	%	35.0	35.4	35.8	35.8	36.2

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E8. The target is to increase the visitation and participation rates by 10 per cent by 2016. Numbers are sourced from the ABS survey, Work in Selected Culture and Leisure Activities 2006-07, held every four years. Intermediate values are estimates.

- (b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E8. The target is to increase the visitation and participation rates by 10 per cent by 2016. Numbers are sourced from the ABS survey, Attendance at Selected Cultural Venues and Events 2005-06, held every four years. Intermediate values are estimates.
- (c) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E8. The target is to increase the number of people participating in sporting activities and physical exercise by 10 per cent by 2016. Numbers are sourced from the Australian Sports Commission Survey of Exercise, Recreation and Sport.
- (d) This indicator is influenced by population trends and environmental factors such as disposable income and demographics.

<sup>(</sup>b) This indicator is a proxy for improved industry and consumer responsibility in the consumption of alcohol (result is impacted by the number of hotspot areas targeted).

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Strong, sustainable and responsible arts, hospitality, sports and recreation industries

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Sport Rage prevention kits distributed <sup>(a)</sup> Reduction in assaults on	no.	149,000	202,400	282,700	282,700	260,000
licensed premises in hotspot areas <sup>(b)</sup>	%	3.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

(a) This indicator reflects the promotion of reduced antisocial behaviour in sport and recreation. The initiative will be completed during 2009-10.

(b) This indicator reflects responsible management of alcohol consumption on licensed premises (result is impacted by the number of hotspot areas targeted).

# World-class standards of achievement and performance in arts and sport

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 2 Revised F	2009-10 orecast
Ratio of talented athletes at sporting academies achieving representative status: <sup>(a)</sup> Regional level State level National level	% %	80 15 3	80 15 3	80 15 3	80 15 3	80 15 3

(a) This indicator shows the continuing high level of success of NSW trained elite athletes.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 8.1 Arts Industry Development

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers development of the arts industry, primarily through providing grants to cultural organisations.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to a sustainable arts industry, world class standards of performance in the arts, stronger community cohesion and improved health and wellbeing by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- increased participation and opportunities in the arts
- creative and diverse arts practice and facilities to support the development of artists
- appropriate and equitably distributed arts facilities and venues and
- an effective and well managed arts industry.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Arts organisations supported in partnership with federal and local governments Grants for Indigenous arts Grants for Western Sydney Grants for children and youth	no. % %	120 3 9 5	152 2 6 3	120 3 9 5	144 3 8 5	144 3 8 5
Employees:	FTE	44	44	45	41	41
				-2008-09		2009-10
			Bude \$00	get R	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:				get R	evised	Budget
<u>Financial Indicators</u> : Total Expenses Excluding Losses				get R 00	evised	Budget
			\$00 	get R 10 182 28	evised \$000	Budget \$000

#### 8.2 Arts Accommodation Development

Service Description: This service group covers providing arts accommodation, primarily through DASR managed properties.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to world class standards of performance in the arts, stronger community cohesion and improved health and wellbeing by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- appropriate and equitably distributed arts facilities and venues
- creative and diverse arts facilities to support the development of artists and
- increased participation and opportunities in the arts.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cost per m <sup>2</sup> of maintaining arts accommodation Occupancy rate by arts tenants	\$ %	26.16 90	22.00 78	30.00 95	23.00 78	23.00 78
Employees:	FTE	2	2	2	2	2
				-2008-09		2009-10
			Budg \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			4,5	81	4,626	4,636

lotal Expenses Excluding Losses	4,581	4,626	4,636
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,845	2,762	2,739
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,933	2,859	2,396

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#### 8.3 Regulatory Framework for the Liquor, Gaming, Racing and Charity Industries

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers implementation of the regulatory framework for the liquor, gaming, racing and charity industries. Services include harm reduction programs to assist people with alcohol and gambling abuse problems, and partnerships between government and stakeholders to enhance services.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to sustainable recreation and hospitality industries, improved health and wellbeing and stronger community cohesion by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - ethically and responsibly conducted recreation and hospitality industries and
  - effective and well managed recreation and hospitality industries.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Licensed venues audited or reviewed <sup>(a)</sup> Online licence applications Workshops conducted in Liquor Accord areas <sup>(b)</sup>	% % no.	75 75 n.a.	75 75 n.a.	75 75 45	67 80 36	67 85 36
Compliance interventions in licensed venues audited or reviewed	no.	10,410	7,192	4,000	4,036	4,000

(a) Reflects increased targeting of highest risk venues.

(b) Number of workshops is demand driven.

<b>–</b> .		4.0.0	400	475	475	470
Employees:	FIE	168	162	175	175	179

	200	2008-09			
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	23,840	22,213	22,498		
NET COST OF SERVICES	18,671	16,734	17,098		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	708	1,960	4,907		

#### 8.4 Liquor, Gaming and Racing Funding and Information Services

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers providing information and education services to support industry self-compliance, promoting best practice and an informed and engaged customer base, and funding industry to promote its sustainability and support harm minimisation services.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to sustainable recreation and hospitality industries and improved health and wellbeing by working towards ethically and responsibly conducted recreation and hospitality industries.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Individuals reporting a decrease in gambling problems up to six months after accessing responsible gambling fund treatment services	%	85.7	84.0	> 80.0	> 80.0	> 80.0
Employees:	FTE	53	51	55	55	56
			Bud \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			26,2	256 2	20,702	20,809
NET COST OF SERVICES			23,3	376 1	8,972	19,105
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			4,7	'06	563	393

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 8.5 Sport and Recreation Sector Development

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the delivery of sport and recreation programs, including implementing policy and regulatory frameworks, conducting compliance and education programs, and providing grants to peak sporting bodies in New South Wales.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to a sustainable sport and recreation industry, world class standards of performance in sports, stronger community cohesion and improved health and wellbeing by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - increased participation and opportunities in sport and recreation
  - effective and well managed sport and recreation industry
  - responsibly conducted sport and recreation industry and
  - appropriate facilities available to support the development of athletes.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Participants in industry education and training workshops and conferences Grants to industry	no.	8,300	8,400	8,500	8,500	8,500
organisations Participants in NSW Sport and	\$m	4.7	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Recreation Centre programs	no.	183,160	184,000	185,000	186,000	187,000
Employees:	FTE	310	312	308	327	325

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	64,638	64,326	64,927
NET COST OF SERVICES	36,149	34,626	37,495
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	16,064	15,907	9,103

# 8.6 Sports Facility Development

Service Description:	This service group covers the administration of grants programs to assist in the development of community sporting and recreational venues and facilities, and managing government-owned or -controlled sporting and recreation facilities.					
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to world class standards of performance in sports, stronger community cohesion, improved health and wellbeing and sustainable sport and recreation industry by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>appropriate and equitably distributed sport and recreation facilities and venues</li> <li>effective and well managed sport and recreation industry and</li> <li>increased participation and opportunities in sport and recreation.</li> </ul>					
Sanvias Massuras:	Un	2006-07 hits Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures: Community sports and recreation facilities completed with grants assistance: Number Total value	-	no. 569 \$m 24.9		400 18.0	400 18.0	400 18.0
Employees:		TE 46	47	46	49	48
			Bud \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses		45,5	507 5	54,488	48,519
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES		41,2	250 5	50,051	44,421
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	RE		7	25	566	409

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#### **8.7 Personnel Services**

Service Description: This service group covers providing personnel services to selected agencies as part of the State WorkChoices insulation legislation. Personnel services are provided to the Art Gallery of New South Wales, State Library of New South Wales, Sydney Opera House Trust, Australian Museum, New South Wales, Film and Television Office, Historic Houses Trust of New South Wales, Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences, Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust, Parramatta Park Trust and Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority.

Employees:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Personnel Services						
Art Gallery of New South Wales State Library of New South	FTE	213	220	211	234	218
Wales	FTE	379	354	369	369	374
Sydney Opera House Trust Australian Museum	FTE FTE	437 235	444 234	437 236	444 236	444 236
New South Wales Film and Television Office Historic Houses Trust of New	FTE	20	20	21	21	21
South Wales	FTE	198	200	202	202	203
Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences	FTE	358	332	318	311	315
Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust	FTE	67	66	66	65	65
Parramatta Park Trust Casino, Liquor and Gaming	FTE	9	9	13	12	13
Control Authority	FTE	n.a.	n.a.	46	36	44

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	172,642	174,073	178,954
NET COST OF SERVICES	8,704	7,918	8,022

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	007 505		
Employee related	237,505	236,358	243,210
Other operating expenses	45,900	41,718	40,849
Depreciation and amortisation	12,349	13,730	15,698
Grants and subsidies Other expenses	302,310 13,682	329,423	334,569
Other expenses	13,002		•••
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	611,746	621,229	634,326
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	201,729	204,632	207,320
Investment income	3,334	2,590	2,544
Grants and contributions	996	1,923	1,723
Other revenue	2,352	2,697	2,021
Total Retained Revenue	208,411	211,842	213,608
Other gains/(losses)	(1)	(1)	(1)
NET COST OF SERVICES	403,336	409,388	420,719
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Not Oracle & Oraciana	400.000	100.000	400 740
Net Cost of Services	403,336 374,438	409,388 384,546	420,719 393,705
Recurrent Services Appropriation	574,430	304,340	393,705
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Conital Evenenditure	05 000	04 074	47.004
Capital Expenditure	25,329	21,974	17,281
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	25,329	21,974	17,281

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	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	42,597	23,941	23,196
Receivables	27,559	27,437	28,097
Other financial assets	481	385	385
Other	1,521	1,948	1,948
Total Current Assets	72,158	53,711	53,626
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	1,243	1,615	1,615
Other financial assets	2,283	2,485	2,485
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	460,063	453,440	448,771
Plant and equipment	19,795	13,935	15,372
Intangibles	7,724	7,320	12,135
Total Non Current Assets	491,108	478,795	480,378
Total Assets	563,266	532,506	534,004
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	10,795	10,066	10,066
Provisions	25,767	27,165	27,165
Other	6,448	5,369	5,369
Total Current Liabilities	43,010	42,600	42,600
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	788	880	880
Total Non Current Liabilities	788	880	880
Total Liabilities	43,798	43,480	43,480
NET ASSETS	519,468	489,026	490,524
EQUITY			
Deserves	59,441	59,441	59,441
Reserves			•
Reserves Accumulated funds	460,027	429,585	431,083

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	224,027	224,886	231,979
Grants and subsidies	302,310	329,423	334,569
Other	80,545	60,935	61,857
Total Payments	606,882	615,244	628,405
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	200,676	203,517	206,660
Interest	3,334	3,693	2,544
Other	23,878	25,360	24,751
Total Receipts	227,888	232,570	233,955
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(378,994)	(382,674)	(394,450)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(19,364)	(18,410)	(12,016)
Advances made		(297)	
Other	(5,965)	(29,751)	(5,265)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(25,329)	(48,458)	(17,281)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	374,438	384,546	393,705
Capital appropriation	25,329	21,974	17,281
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(451)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	399,767	406,069	410,986
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(4,556)	(25,063)	(745)
	(1,000)	(,)	()
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,153	49,004	23,941
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	42,597	23,941	23,196
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(403,336)	(409,388)	(420,719)
Non cash items added back	24,391	24,726	26,929
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(49)	1,988	(660)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(378,994)	(382,674)	(394,450)

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The Audit Office of New South Wales, on behalf of the New South Wales Auditor General, conducts audits of New South Wales Government activity and reporting. These audits are reported to Parliament and assist it to hold Government accountable for its use of community resources and legislative powers.

The Audit Office is a statutory authority established under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1983*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Audit Office contributes to improving the State's financial performance and accountability by reporting to the NSW Parliament on its audits of NSW Government agencies.

The results the Office is working towards are:

- NSW Government financial reporting is sound.
- Government activities are effective, efficient, economic, and comply with laws and government directions.
- Parliament and the public can rely on the accuracy of State Plan performance reporting.
- Parliament uses Audit Office reports to assist it in holding government accountable for its use of public resources.

The key services provided by the Office are:

- audits of NSW Government agencies' financial statements
- performance audits to determine whether agencies are effective, efficient and economic
- Auditor General's Reports to Parliament
- audits of State Plan performance indicators and
- investigations into allegations of serious and substantial waste of public money.

The key services provided by the Office and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table

		Results			
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	NSW Government financial reporting is sound	Government activities are more effective, efficient, economic and comply with laws and government directions	Parliament/ Public can rely on accuracy of State Plan performance reporting	Parliament uses Audit Office reports to assist it in holding government accountable for its use of public resources
Financial Audit Services	28.0	✓			
Performance Audit Services	4.3		~		
Auditor General's Reports to Parliament	1.5				~
State Plan Performance Indicator audits	0.2			~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	34.0				

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In 2007-08, the Audit Office completed 495 financial audits of NSW Government agencies. Of these, the Office only issued 15 qualified audit opinions, meaning that these agencies' financial reports did not fully comply with accounting standards or contained material errors.

Of the 779 recommendations the Office made to its top 50 financial audit clients, 97 per cent were accepted.

The Office completed 11 major reviews of government agencies' performance in 2007-08. Of the 109 recommendations made, 90 per cent were accepted by agencies.

The Office published six reports to Parliament on the outcomes of financial audits. Eleven reports were published on the outcomes of reviews of government agencies' performance.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Through its audits of NSW Government agencies, the Audit Office will continue to assist Parliament in improving government's accountability and performance.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Office is committed to performing high quality, independent audits of Government in New South Wales, by:

- Parliament and agencies regularly seeking the Office's advice and acting on its recommendations
- Audit Office staff being highly skilled and dedicated to improving the public sector and
- the Office acheiving professional recognition as a centre of excellence known for influencing auditing in Australia.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Revenue**

Revenue is forecast to decrease from \$34.5 million in 2008-09 to \$32.9 million in 2009-10. This is principally due to work not recurring in 2009-10, and a reduction in client fees made possible by productivity improvements.

#### **Total Expenses**

Expenses are estimated at \$34 million in 2009-10. This is a marginal increase on 2008-09 reflecting an increase in costs offset by an expected fall in audit demand, as with revenues, in 2009-10.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Capital expenditure is estimated at \$1.1 million in 2009-10. This will be spent on information technology and enhancements to Audit Office information systems.

	2005 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
<b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue	34,246 260 	34,834 580 37	32,427 360 67
Total Retained Revenue	34,506	35,451	32,854
Less: Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses	27,734 4,981	27,081 6,297	28,015 5,099
Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses	1,060 29	811 50	876 15
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	33,804	34,239	34,005
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	702	1,212	(1,151)

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	200	8-09	2009-10
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash assets	7,280	9,776	8,427
Receivables	5,473	4,777	4,777
Inventories		850	850
Other	5,730	5,554	5,554
Total Current Assets	18,483	20,957	19,608
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -	4 005	4 000	4 0 4 0
Land and building Plant and equipment	1,285 757	1,280 664	1,242 652
Intangibles	1,182	790	1,038
Other	3,937	3,676	3,676
Total Non Current Assets	7,161	6,410	6,608
Total Assets	25,644	27,367	26,216
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	4.044	4 4 9 4	4 4 9 4
Payables Provisions	1,341 8,026	1,184 7,873	1,184 7,873
Other	439	405	405
Total Current Liabilities	9,806	9,462	9,462
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	146	199	199
Other	300	300	300
Total Non Current Liabilities	446	499	499
Total Liabilities	10,252	9,961	9,961
NET ASSETS	15,392	17,406	16,255
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	15,392	17,406	16,255
TOTAL EQUITY	15,392	17,406	16,255

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest	34,246 260	34,833 580	32,427 360
Other	2,100	2,137	2,167
Total Receipts	36,606	37,550	34,954
Payments			
Employee related	27,734	27,081	28,015
Other	7,110	8,447	7,214
Total Payments	34,844	35,528	35,229
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,762	2,022	(275)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(562)	(620)	(524)
Other	(525)	(370)	(550)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,087)	(990)	(1,074)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	675	1,032	(1,349)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,605	8,744	9,776
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7,280	9,776	8,427
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	702	1,212	(1,151)
Non cash items added back	1,060	811	876
Change in operating assets and liabilities		(1)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,762	2,022	(275)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

Events New South Wales (Events NSW) is a wholly Government-owned company that identifies, attracts and nurtures events. The company was created in late 2007 following the Government's consideration of the *Review into a Possible Events Corporation for New South Wales* by Mr John O'Neill AO.

The establishment of Events NSW is a clear recognition by the Government that attracting events to the State has major economic and financial benefits. These include benefits derived through both direct and indirect economic activity, creation of jobs as well as contributing towards building up positive community spirit.

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Since its inception, Events NSW has been developing robust assessment tools to allow effective selection, development and leveraging of events that will deliver demonstrable direct economic, community and strategic/marketing outcomes closely matched to the State's priorities. Events NSW has also established relationships across state, local and federal governments and the private sector.

The company has created a first Master Events Calendar for the State which has become a platform for all stakeholders marketing Sydney and New South Wales. The new 2009 Master Events Calendar is built around five recurring anchor events held annually including three major new festival seasons.

*Vivacity Sydney* was successfully delivered in early 2009 and the first editions of the new *Crave Sydney* and *Vivid Sydney* festivals are being developed and presented. This will consolidate the Events Strategy and the Master Events Calendar.

Events NSW funds Business Events Sydney (formerly the Sydney Convention and Visitors Bureau). The value of business events to New South Wales is significant due to the size of the return compared to the investment by the Government.

### STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

Events New South Wales will focus on:

- event development including fostering business and regional events to continually improve the Master Calendar of Events for Sydney and New South Wales
- building strong partner and stakeholder relationships to identify, articulate and nurture relationships with Government and industry. This includes providing a platform and a rallying point for all stakeholders marketing Sydney and New South Wales, gaining a shared vision and united approach to marketing and exploiting various events
- employing robust finance and risk management practices to maintain shareholder and stakeholder confidence and support and
- supporting all other strategic priorities through branding, communications and event leveraging.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for Events NSW in 2009-10 are estimated at \$37.1 million.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure for Events NSW in 2009-10 is estimated at \$200,000.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Investment income Grants and contributions	 31,000	 31,427	400 36,500
Total Retained Revenue	31,000	31,427	36,900
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	3,869 25,506 390	3,827 33,135 407	4,600 32,100 430
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	29,765	37,369	37,130
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	1,235	(5,942)	(230)

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	390 	590 131	682 131
Total Current Assets	390	721	813
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -		500	
Land and building	444 68	520 327	366 214
Plant and equipment Intangibles	333	327	68
Total Non Current Assets	845	878	648
Total Assets	1,235	1,599	1,461
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables		313	408
Provisions		54	51
Other		63	63
Total Current Liabilities		430	522
Total Liabilities		430	522
NET ASSETS	1,235	1,169	939
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,235	1,169	939
TOTAL EQUITY	1,235	1,169	939

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	 31,000	 31,360	400 37,345
Total Receipts	31,000	31,360	37,745
Payments Employee related Other	3,869 25,506	3,804 34,792	4,603 32,850
Total Payments	29,375	38,596	37,453
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,625	(7,236)	292
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(735) (500)	(481) (26)	(20) (180)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,235)	(507)	(200)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	390	(7,743)	92
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents		8,333	590
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	390	590	682
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,235 390 	(5,942) 407 (1,701)	(230) 430 92
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,625	(7,236)	292

The State Library of New South Wales is the major public reference and research library and information service for the people of New South Wales. It comprises the heritage Mitchell and Dixson Libraries, the State Reference Library and web services.

The Library Council of New South Wales is the Library's governing body. The *Library Act 1939* and *Library Regulation 2005* define the Council's objects, powers and duties, and the Library's role and responsibilities. The Library's mission is to strengthen the community by being the trusted provider of quality information services.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Library is working towards the following results:

- A client focused library with services and programs tailored to client needs.
- An effective public library network through support and development.

Key services that contribute to these results include:

- Ibrary services to clients information services and programs, including online access, managing the collections, including the Mitchell and Dixson Libraries of historical and Australian resources, to ensure the building, preservation, digitisation and the security of the collections, managing the heritage building and technology to satisfy clients' expectations and
- services to develop public libraries providing professional advisory services for public libraries, access to specialist collections and expertise and managing NSW.net to enable affordable access to the internet for NSW councils, public libraries and communities.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the State Library of New South Wales and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Library services and programs tailored to client needs	An effective public library network through support and development
Library Services to Clients	50.3	$\checkmark$	
Services to Develop Public Libraries	31.7		✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	82.0		

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements include:

- Additional grant funding for country public libraries the Country Libraries Fund - was announced by the Government in late 2008. The Country Libraries Fund will provide \$9 million over five years, and will enable public libraries to improve library infrastructure and services to the community.
   \$1 million was allocated for 2008-09, then \$2 million per annum from 2009-10 for four years. These funds will be managed through the existing Library Development Grant process.
- In 2008-09, \$1.6 million in Library Development Grants was approved for 14 projects across New South Wales. These projects will improve library infrastructure and services for communities across metropolitan, regional and rural New South Wales.
- Funding of \$2.1 million was provided in 2008-09 for an expanded electronic catalogue, with an additional \$3.3 million in 2009-10. This represents phase one of the \$27.2 million seven-year project, for which the Government has provided \$10 million over three years. This project will provide expanded electronic catalogue records, online service delivery and access to online and digitised information content to enable greater participation and improved community access to State Library collections across New South Wales. The creation of electronic records is well underway and proceeding according to target.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

Funding of \$23.5 million per annum continues to be provided for public libraries for improving community access to library collections and services. Major strategies to achieve a client focused Library and an effective public library network are to:

- understand our client base to improve client satisfaction with services and programs
- increase awareness and use of the information services and programs
- maximise the value of current and future technologies and
- develop collaborative and cooperative relationships with stakeholders.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$82 million. This includes a continuing direct contribution of \$23.5 million for public library grants and subsidies.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$16.4 million comprising:

- \$1.1 million for major asset management and maintenance works
- \$6.7 million for collection acquisitions including books, journals, pictures, maps and manuscripts
- \$3.3 million for the creation of expanded electronic catalogue
- \$3.4 million for air-conditioning upgrade in the State Library
- \$1.5 million upgrade of information communication technology infrastructure and
- \$500,000 for minor works.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	1,991	1,791	1,873	
Investment income	1,470	1,570	1,600	
Grants and contributions	73,227	73,320	79,946	
Other revenue	10	50	10	
Total Retained Revenue	76,698	76,731	83,429	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Other operating expenses	42,035	42,034	42,163	
Depreciation and amortisation	16,313	16,313	16,300	
Grants and subsidies	23,528	23,562	23,528	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	81,876	81,909	81,991	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(5,178)	(5,178)	1,438	

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash assets	3,448	5,001	6,659
Receivables	3,440 1,727	5,001 1,546	0,059 1,590
Inventories	238	243	249
Total Current Assets	5,413	6,790	8,498
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	17,392	17,307	17,017
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	224,721	226,826	225,034
Plant and equipment	1,880,920	1,876,637	1,878,567
Total Non Current Assets	2,123,033	2,120,770	2,120,618
Total Assets	2,128,446	2,127,560	2,129,116
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	3,991	2,030	2,073
Provisions	3,001	2,917	2,992
Total Current Liabilities	6,992	4,947	5,065
Non Current Liabilities			
Other		32	32
Total Non Current Liabilities		32	32
Total Liabilities	6,992	4,979	5,097
NET ASSETS	2,121,454	2,122,581	2,124,019
EQUITY			
Reserves	518,927	518,927	518,927
Accumulated funds	1,602,527	1,603,654	1,605,092
TOTAL EQUITY	2,121,454	2,122,581	2,124,019

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts	1 095	1 725	1 967
Sale of goods and services Interest	1,985 1,469	1,735 1,569	1,867 1,599
Other	75,275	75,511	82,091
Total Receipts	78,729	78,815	85,557
Payments			
Grants and subsidies	23,528	23,562	23,528
Other	43,945	43,998	44,223
Total Payments	67,473	67,560	67,751
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11,256	11,255	17,806
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments	380	580	590
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of investments	(10,446) (200)	(10,445) (400)	(16,438) (300)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(10,266)	(10,265)	(16,148)
	(10,200)	(10,205)	(10,140)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	990	990	1,658
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,458	4,011	5,001
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,448	5,001	6,659
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	(5,178)	(5,178)	1,438
Non cash items added back	16,313	16,313	16,300
Change in operating assets and liabilities	121	120	68
Net cash flow from operating activities	11,256	11,255	17,806

The Australian Museum is Australia's leading natural and cultural history museum. Its mission is to inspire the exploration of nature and cultures. The Museum's activities take place at its main site at College Street, Sydney and throughout New South Wales through its regional museum partnerships, outreach and rural and regional support programs. Worldwide access has grown dramatically during recent years via the internet. The Museum's governing legislation is the *Australian Museum Trust Act 1975*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Museum will continue to work towards the following results:

- Scientific researchers, and the community more generally, have access to the Museum's natural history and cultural collections.
- The community has access to a wide range of information about natural history and cultures both in the Museum and online.
- Access to information increases awareness and influences policy and decision making.

Key services that contribute to these results include:

- managing the collection
- undertaking scientific research and
- delivering public programs.

The key services provided by the Australian Museum and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results				
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Stakeholders access collections, collection data and associated research knowledge	Real and virtual programs offered by the Museum accessed by the community	Access to information increases awareness and influences policy and decision making		
Collection Management	6.3	✓	~	$\checkmark$		
Scientific Research	11.5	✓		✓		
Public Programs	19.2		~	✓		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	37.0					

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Museum has completed a \$40.9 million renewal program funded by the Government. The program resulted in the major gallery refurbishment and accommodation improvements which have significantly improved public amenity of the facility, as well as addressing a range of health, safety and security issues.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Museum's focus in 2009-10 will continue to be on scientific research, exhibitions and education. It will also continue to actively develop research partnerships with scientific, government and commercial organisations. Reaching its audience through outreach, rural and regional programs, and the internet will remain a significant pursuit. The presentation of Pacific Rim cultures in innovative programs remains a commitment of the Museum.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the Museum are budgeted at \$37 million. The Museum will direct its resources to activities that include staging exhibitions, development of educational programs and conservation and recording work on its collections. Scientific research will continue to be focused in the areas of biological sciences, geosciences and anthropology.

#### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$4 million. The Museum will undertake various improvements to the College Street facility, including roof repairs and upgrades to hydraulic services.

	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	6,980	6,470	7,302
Investment income	450	550	300
Grants and contributions	30,262	30,946	28,354
Other revenue		2,820	
Total Retained Revenue	37,692	40,786	35,956
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -	32,975	33,778	32,983
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	32,975	4,746	32,983
Grants and subsidies	87	87	87
Orants and subsidies	07	07	07
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	36,333	38,611	36,991
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	1,359	2,175	(1,035)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	20	08-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash assets	9,084	12,023	11,349	
Receivables	1,702	2,082	2,082	
Other financial assets	221	_,	_,	
Inventories	228	231	231	
Fotal Current Assets	11,235	14,336	13,662	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	186,865	216,564	216,955	
Plant and equipment	552,706	805,914	805,638	
Infrastructure systems	2,593	4,105	4,105	
Total Non Current Assets	742,164	1,026,583	1,026,698	
Total Assets	753,399	1,040,919	1,040,360	
IABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	2,662	2,715	3,191	
Provisions	1,507	1,744	1,744	
Other	131	173	173	
Fotal Current Liabilities	4,300	4,632	5,108	
Non Current Liabilities				
Borrowings at amortised cost		324	324	
Other	18	19	19	
Total Non Current Liabilities	18	343	343	
Total Liabilities	4,318	4,975	5,451	
IET ASSETS	749,081	1,035,944	1,034,909	
QUITY				
Reserves	154,000	440,748	440,748	
Accumulated funds	595,081	595,196	594,161	

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Sale of goods and services	6,980	6,470	7,302	
Interest	450	548	300	
Other	29,090	32,654	27,152	
Total Receipts	36,520	39,672	34,754	
Payments				
Grants and subsidies	87	87	87	
Other	32,867	33,082	31,305	
Total Payments	32,954	33,169	31,392	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,566	6,503	3,362	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(6,957)	(8,785)	(4,036)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(6,957)	(8,785)	(4,036)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(3,391)	(2,282)	(674)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	12,475	14,305	12,023	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,084	12,023	11,349	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Surplus/(deficit) for year	1,359	2,175	(1,035)	
Non cash items added back	3,271	4,746	3,921	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(1,064)	(418)	476	
Net cash flow from operating activities	3,566	6,503	3,362	

The Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences consists of the Powerhouse Museum, the Powerhouse Discovery Centre at Castle Hill and the Sydney Observatory. The Museum's focus is on promoting an understanding of human ingenuity, and the way that has informed the development of technology. A complementary focus is on the people whose ideas have changed the way we live. The Museum is increasingly aligned, through partnerships and programs, to the creative industries. Public engagement is optimised through museum partnerships, outreach and regional support programs within New South Wales, and worldwide, by enabling digital access to the Museum's collection and scholarship. The Museum is established under the *Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences Act 1945*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Museum is working towards the following results:

- Community heritage is preserved and made accessible.
- The community is being inspired to learn about human creativity and innovation, both past and present.
- The Museum fosters creativity and innovation by engaging the community with innovative solutions and programs.

Key services provided by the Museum which contribute to these results include:

- providing public access to the collection, scholarship and cultural programs, principally through the presentation of exhibitions, public programs and online services
- managing cultural heritage collections and assets held in trust for the people of New South Wales and
- fostering partnership programs with industry, government, community and the education sector.

The key services provided by the Museum of Applied Arts and Sciences and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results			
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	The Community's heritage is preserved and made accessible	The Community is inspired to learn about human creativity and innovation, both past and present	Fostering creativity and innovation	
Museum Products and Programs	22.0		$\checkmark$		
Collection Management and Outreach	12.7	$\checkmark$			
Fostering Community and Industry Innovation	9.2			$\checkmark$	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	43.9				

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In 2008-09 the Museum attracted 630,000 visits across its three sites. A program of off-site exhibitions and programs reached another 200,000, with over 60 regional NSW organisations engaged. Visitors to our websites numbered over 12 million. The *Star Wars: Where Science Meets Imagination* exhibition exceeded its visitor target by over 25 per cent. The exhibition attracted significant industry and education partnership support. Access to our collection in storage and online continued to grow through increasing visits to the Powerhouse Discovery Centre monthly open days and our delivery of the collection through our website.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Museum's new strategic plan will refocus its programs to showcase human ingenuity, both past and present, and to create a greater awareness about the people who have shaped our world.

Education programs will give greater attention to science, including mathematics, physics, and engineering.

The Museum's outward focus will be reflected in stronger links with the creative industries, and the research and learning institutions which support them.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$43.9 million. The Museum's resources will be directed to running its program of exhibitions and public programs, featuring 1980's: The formation of Gen X and Sydney Design 09, in addition to attracting more visits to the Powerhouse Discovery Centre and continuing to support the state's regional areas.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$4.1 million. Major works for 2009-10 will be the commencement of stone replacement works on areas of the original powerhouse façade.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	6,186 467 34,598 78	6,950 368 36,055 213	4,601 60 36,964 280	
Total Retained Revenue	41,329	43,586	41,905	
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	38,037 6,140 	41,367 5,800 244	37,775 6,075 	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	44,177	47,411	43,850	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	208	208	208	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(2,640)	(3,617)	(1,737)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	1 404	2 5 4 2	2.062
Cash assets Receivables	1,401 895	2,512 795	2,063 795
Receivables	050	755	155
Total Current Assets	2,296	3,307	2,858
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	5,186	4,715	4,715
Property, plant and equipment -	440 745	444.007	
Land and building Plant and equipment	110,715 421,108	111,037 421,706	111,162 420,371
	421,100	421,700	420,371
Total Non Current Assets	537,009	537,458	536,248
Total Assets	539,305	540,765	539,106
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	2,733	2,655	2,733
Provisions	2,496	2,700	2,700
Total Current Liabilities	5,229	5,355	5,433
Non Current Liabilities			
Other	10	23	23
Total Non Current Liabilities	10	23	23
Total Liabilities	5,239	5,378	5,456
NET ASSETS	534,066	535,387	533,650
EQUITY			
Reserves	139,763	139,763	139,763
Accumulated funds	394,303	395,624	393,887
TOTAL EQUITY	534,066	535,387	533,650

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest Other	6,186 110 34,041	6,977 368 33,470	4,601 60 34,446
Total Receipts	40,337	40,815	39,107
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	  38,024	1,029 244 39,321	  35,699
Total Payments	38,024	40,594	35,699
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,313	221	3,408
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	268 (2,939)	268 (3,538)	268 (4,125)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,671)	(3,270)	(3,857)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(358)	(3,049)	(449)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,759	5,561	2,512
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,401	2,512	2,063
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(2,640) 5,083 (130)	(3,617) 5,000 (1,162)	(1,737) 5,275 (130)
Net cash flow from operating activities	2,313	221	3,408

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Historic Houses Trust of New South Wales is entrusted with the care of historically significant heritage properties in the State. The Trust provides the public with access to places of cultural significance and enables them to gain a greater awareness and interest in the State's cultural heritage. The Trust's governing legislation is set out in the *Historic Houses Act 1980*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Trust is assisting the public to be better custodians of the historic environment by becoming more aware, and to respect the history and cultural heritage of New South Wales by working towards the following results:

- Heritage properties in New South Wales, their parks and gardens and collections are conserved to international best practice, and can be accessed.
- The public is aware of, better informed on and therefore values its historic environment and cultural heritage.

Key services provided by the Trust to contribute to these results include:

- conserving historic properties and museums, their parks and gardens and collections
- public access to historic properties and museums, exhibitions, regional programs and a schools education program and
- research on and interpretation of historic properties.

The key services provided by the Historic Houses Trust and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Heritage properties are conserved and accessible	The public is aware, better informed and values its historic environment and cultural heritage
Conservation and Management	16.7	$\checkmark$	
Public Access	7.9	✓	✓
Research and Interpretation	2.9		✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	27.5		

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Trust's recent achievements include the consolidation of the land around Rouse Hill House and Farm, including finalising the exchange of surplus land between the Trust and the Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales, the purchase of a Nissen Hut in Belmont North as part of the Endangered Houses Fund program, the staging of *Sydney Open 08* and Hyde Park Barracks Museum being one of 11 convict sites nominated as a series for World Heritage listing.

The Trust has recently issued four new publications – *Lost Gardens of Sydney, Shooting Through Sydney by Tram, Femme Fatale* and *Mint Project.* Recent exhibitions have included Lost Gardens of Sydney, Tails of the City – Sydney's Passion for Pets, Shooting through Sydney by Tram, David Mist – Swinging Sydney, Danny Huynh – Rituals and Traditions of Sydney and Femme Fatale - The Female Criminal.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The key strategic direction of the Trust continues to be conservation, interpretation and management of places of cultural significance in the care of the Trust for present and future generations.

The Trust is continuing its work at Rouse Hill House and Farm, which is one of Australia's most culturally important historic places. The original Rouse Hill School has been acquired and conserved, and will be used as a new education centre to deliver programs to school children. Construction of purpose-built facilities for school groups will be completed by January 2010.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$27.5 million, including \$3.4 million for maintenance work to properties in accordance with the Government's policy on heritage asset management, and to continue a range of exhibitions and publications.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$2.3 million including:

- \$1.3 million for Rouse Hill House and Farm Education Facility
- \$500,000 for the replacement of the pavement at Government House and
- approximately \$390,000 for collections acquisition and replacement and upgrade of computers, plant and equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	5,882	5,818	5,840	
Investment income	655	530	533	
Grants and contributions	23,056	23,312	21,645	
Other revenue	70	430	72	
Total Retained Revenue	29,663	30,090	28,090	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	100			
Other operating expenses	26,551	24,627	26,110	
Depreciation and amortisation	1,401	1,391	1,415	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	28,052	26,018	27,525	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	4	(46)		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	1,615	4,026	565	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	7 007	40.050	40.007
Cash assets Receivables	7,287 788	10,358 620	10,087 620
Other financial assets	425	020	020
Inventories	614	688	688
Total Current Assets	9,114	11,666	11,395
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets		2,500	2,500
Property, plant and equipment -	005 007	005 077	205 000
Land and building Plant and equipment	205,367 35,605	205,277 36,086	205,889 36,310
Fiant and equipment	55,605	30,000	30,310
Total Non Current Assets	240,972	243,863	244,699
Total Assets	250,086	255,529	256,094
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	1,669	2,131	2,131
Provisions	1,364	2,393	2,393
Total Current Liabilities	3,033	4,524	4,524
Non Current Liabilities			
Other	11	17	17
Total Non Current Liabilities	11	17	17
Total Liabilities	3,044	4,541	4,541
NET ASSETS	247,042	250,988	251,553
EQUITY			
Reserves	103,484	104,822	104,822
Accumulated funds	143,558	146,166	146,731
TOTAL EQUITY	247,042	250,988	251,553

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	5,882	5,842	5,840
Interest	655	372	533
Other	26,104	26,717	24,880
Total Receipts	32,641	32,931	31,253
Payments			
Employee related	100		
Other	29,529	26,120	29,273
Total Payments	29,629	26,120	29,273
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,012	6,811	1,980
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4	40	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(3,580) 	(3,774) (88)	(2,191) (60)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,576)	(3,822)	(2,251)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(564)	2,989	(271)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,851	7,369	10,358
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7,287	10,358	10,087
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	1,615	4,026	565
Non cash items added back	1,401	1,395	1,415
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(4)	1,390	
Net cash flow from operating activities	3,012	6,811	1,980

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# ART GALLERY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The Art Gallery of New South Wales is one of Australia's leading cultural institutions that, on behalf of the NSW community, collects, conserves, interprets and displays works of art with a special emphasis on the artistic traditions of Australia and our neighbouring regions. Governing legislation is the *Art Gallery* of New South Wales Act 1980.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Art Gallery of New South Wales seeks to contribute to sustaining and enriching the cultural wellbeing of the NSW community by working towards the following results:

- The NSW community has daily access to both the art collections and heritage building (which meets international museum standards for display and storage of art works).
- People better understand and value their cultural heritage and wealth embodied in the Gallery's art collections and heritage building.
- Art collections are enhanced and conserved, keeping them vibrant and available for presentation now, and for future generations.

Key services provided by the Gallery that contribute to these results include:

- collecting the best works of art available to provide an enduring representation of the visual arts of our time
- initiating quality exhibitions and art publications
- engaging people in the life of the Gallery through inspiring education activities, enjoyable communal and family programs, and membership opportunities and
- encouraging private benefaction and corporate sector sponsorship to further support a prosperous cultural life for the people of New South Wales.

The key services provided by the Gallery and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results			
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	The NSW community has daily access to the collection and heritage building	People better understand and value their cultural heritage	The collection is enhanced and conserved	
Art Collection Maintenance and Presentation	23.8	$\checkmark$			
Art Exhibitions, Acquisition and Visitor Services Programs	13.6		$\checkmark$	~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	37.4				

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During the year the Gallery presented the major *Monet and the Impressionist* exhibition, which attracted over 225,000 visitors. Two exhibitions, *9 shades of Whiteley* and *Archibald Prize 08*, also toured to seven regional art museums across New South Wales.

In September 2008 it was announced that the first painting by Paul Cezanne, *Bords de la Marne c1888*, a pivotal painting in the history of art, entered the Gallery' collection. A fundraising campaign for its acquisition, successfully led by the Art Gallery of New South Wales Foundation, attracted many private citizens to contribute toward the \$16.2 million purchase price.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Gallery's continuing main strategic objective is to operate an energetic and accessible arts instutition that plays a vital part in Sydney's cultural life.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Operating expenses for the forthcoming year are budgeted at \$37.4 million. The Gallery's major exhibitions during 2009-10 include *Intensely Dutch* and *Rupert Bunny*. The popular *Archibald Prize* exhibition will again tour to five regional museums across New South Wales.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$22.8 million. This includes:

- \$16.9 million for the new fine arts collection storage facility, an upgraded loading dock and refurbishment of display space for contemporary and modern art. This is a four year building project with a total cost of \$27.6 million
- \$2.4 million for ongoing heritage building maintenance
- \$2 million from private funding for the ongoing acquisition of works of art and
- \$1.5 million for one-off building maintenance projects and minor works.

### ART GALLERY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	8,584	11,254	7,710
Investment income	1,658	1,426	328
Grants and contributions	33,554	48,201	42,891
Total Retained Revenue	43,796	60,881	50,929
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -			
Other operating expenses	37,348	36,328	35,078
Depreciation and amortisation	2,300	2,305	2,349
Grants and subsidies		80	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	39,648	38,713	37,427
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		567	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	4,148	22,735	13,502

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### ART GALLERY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	10 500	~~~~~	~ ~ ~ ~ ~
Cash assets Receivables	19,529 1,238	29,099 1,729	20,880 1,729
Inventories	1,230	1,243	1,243
Total Current Assets	22,259	32,071	23,852
Non Current Assets Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment -	9,959	8,860	8,088
Land and building	148,168	171,242	190,091
Plant and equipment	793,508	815,432	819,076
Total Non Current Assets	951,635	995,534	1,017,255
Total Assets	973,894	1,027,605	1,041,107
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	3,821	6,668	6,668
Total Current Liabilities	3,821	6,668	6,668
Non Current Liabilities Other	16	14	14
Total Non Current Liabilities	16	14	14
Total Liabilities	3,837	6,682	6,682
NET ASSETS	970,057	1,020,923	1,034,425
EQUITY			
Reserves	299,715	326,067	326,067
Accumulated funds	670,342	694,856	708,358
TOTAL EQUITY	970,057	1,020,923	1,034,425
Accumulated funds	670,342	694,856	708,

### ART GALLERY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest Other	8,732 1,441 31,564	11,062 2,400 46,842	7,710 1,322 41,244
Total Receipts	41,737	60,304	50,276
<b>Payments</b> Grants and subsidies Other	 37,358	80 36,039	 35,431
Total Payments	37,358	36,119	35,431
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	4,379	24,185	14,845
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of investments	 (18,360) 	1,023 (31,275) (217)	 (22,842) (222)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(18,360)	(30,469)	(23,064)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(13,981)	(6,284)	(8,219)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	33,510	35,383	29,099
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19,529	29,099	20,880
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	4,148 83 148	22,735 2,204 (754)	13,502 1,343 
Net cash flow from operating activities	4,379	24,185	14,845

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The New South Wales Film and Television Office fosters and facilitates creative and business opportunities in the screen industry. It promotes innovation in screen content and technology, and champions the contribution the New South Wales Screen Industry makes to the State's culture, economy and society. Governing legislation is the *Film and Television Office Act 1988*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Office is focused on achieving the following results:

- The screen industry achieves improved sustainability.
- New South Wales is maintained as the preferred choice for local and international filming.
- Public interest in film and television is increased as a medium of communication and as an art form, and an informed and critical screen audience is developed.

Key services provided by the Office that contribute to these results include:

- participation in projects that are likely to be commercially successful, contribute to the NSW economy and be culturally relevant
- provision of production attraction advisory services and the marketing of New South Wales as a filming destination
- development of filmmakers through workshops, script development grants, and traineeship schemes and
- provision of grants for industry and audience development.

The key services provided by the Office and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results				
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Industry achieves improved sustainability	More informed and critical audiences in metropolitan and regional areas	New South Wales becomes a preferred choice for local and international filming		
Development	5.0	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Finance and Investment	9.6	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
Production Attraction and Support	0.7	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	15.3					

### **RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

There continues to be strong demand for production investment funds for film and television programs in New South Wales. The Office has provided production investment funding of \$4 million in 2004-05, \$4.3 million in 2005-06, \$3.6 million in 2006-07, \$4.8 million in 2007-08 and a projected spend in 2008-09 of \$4.4 million.

The Office has worked closely with the Department of Premier and Cabinet to develop the Film Friendly package of legislation, which came into effect with the release of the Local Government Film Friendly Protocol in March 2009. This package is intended to reinvigorate and transform the NSW screen production industry by giving filmmakers access to prime locations. Councils and government agencies will now be required to adhere to a standard protocol and application process and keep fees in line with cost recovery. Training and upskilling of film contact officers in state and local authorities will be a priority in 2009-10.

### STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

In 2008 the Office released its Strategic Plan for 2008-13 following a period of review of the agency and its position within the NSW screen and creative industries. The ability to adapt and make compelling screen and digital content will require innovative ways of doing business in our sector, and the screen industry will need to constantly raise the bar to ensure that its creativity and innovation is truly world class in an international marketplace.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

Priorities for the year ahead include:

- supporting and encouraging talented people and quality projects in the screen industries
- assisting production companies to access loans to improve cashflows, by working in partnership with the private sector
- training and development of state and local authorities in the Film Friendly protocols
- aggressively marketing New South Wales as the state "in which to create" for international and local production and
- encouraging local producers to maximise opportunities for exploitation of content by considering market opportunities on new and emerging platforms.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the Office for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$15.3 million. Major activities funded from the budget include:

- \$8.6 million for production investment including an additional \$5 million to support the NSW production of Australian based screen projects as part of the Government's response to the Jobs Summit
- \$1.2 million for script and project development
- \$1.1 million for industry and skills development and
- \$300,000 for the Regional Filming Fund.

#### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$44,000 for minor works to improve and replace office equipment.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	300	400	300	
Grants and contributions	9,210	9,172	14,266	
Other revenue	700	923	700	
Total Retained Revenue	10,210	10,495	15,266	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses - Employee related	28			
Other operating expenses	4,476	3,742	3.967	
Depreciation and amortisation	39	148	153	
Grants and subsidies	5,625	6,877	11,146	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,168	10,767	15,266	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	42	(272)		

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash assets	4,179	5,558	5,767	
Receivables	894	998	898	
Other financial assets	1,963	899	899	
Total Current Assets	7,036	7,455	7,564	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	336	218	110	
Plant and equipment	49	106	105	
Total Non Current Assets	385	324	215	
Total Assets	7,421	7,779	7,779	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities Pavables	886	2,071	2,071	
Provisions	132	114	114	
Total Current Liabilities	1,018	2,185	2,185	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	6	3	3	
Other	413	375	375	
Total Non Current Liabilities	419	378	378	
Total Liabilities	1,437	2,563	2,563	
NET ASSETS	5,984	5,216	5,216	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	5,984	5,216	5,216	
TOTAL EQUITY	5,984	5,216	5,216	

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Sale of goods and services Interest	 335	(310) 191	 400	
Other	10,662	11,022	15,759	
Total Receipts	10,997	10,903	16,159	
Payments				
Employee related Grants and subsidies	134 5,625	6,877	 11,146	
Other	5,354	4,191	4,760	
Total Payments	11,113	11,068	15,906	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(116)	(165)	253	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		237		
Advance repayments received Purchases of property, plant and equipment	 (44)	(44)	 (44)	
Advances made	(663)			
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(707)	193	(44)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(823)	28	209	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,002	5,530	5,558	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,179	5,558	5,767	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Surplus/(deficit) for year	42	(272)		
Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	39 (197)	148 (41)	153 100	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(116)	(165)	253	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# DEPUTY PREMIER, MINISTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE AND THE ENVIRONMENT, AND MINISTER FOR COMMERCE

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Environment and Climate Change	000.0	4 070 7	0.4
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	986.0 202.2	1,078.7 68.8	9.4 -66.0
Environmental Trust Total Expenses	93.9	93.4	-0.6
Capital Expenditure			
Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust Total Expenses	34.3	39.2	14.5
Capital Expenditure	3.1	3.4	7.2
Department of Commerce Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	827.1 307.1	869.5 343.2	5.1 11.8
Border Rivers-Gwydir Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	13.0 	7.7	-40.5 
Central West Catchment Management Authority Total Expenses	35.4	10.2	-71.3
Capital Expenditure Hawkesbury-Nepean Catchment Management			
Authority Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	10.3	14.4	40.2
Hunter-Central Rivers Catchment Management			•••
Authority Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	20.9	14.2	-32.0
Lachlan Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	16.8	8.9	-46.7
Capital Expenditure			

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### DEPUTY PREMIER, MINISTER FOR CLIMATE CHANGE AND THE ENVIRONMENT, AND MINISTER FOR COMMERCE

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Lower Murray-Darling Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	10.5	6.7	-36.5
Capital Expenditure			
Murray Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	22.6	10.4	-54.2
Capital Expenditure			
Murrumbidgee Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	26.7	11.3	-57.6
Capital Expenditure			
Namoi Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	14.2	7.6	-46.5
Capital Expenditure			
Northern Rivers Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	14.9	10.1	-32.1
Capital Expenditure			
Southern Rivers Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	13.8	10.0	-28.1
Capital Expenditure			
Sydney Metropolitan Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	4.9	6.3	29.9
Capital Expenditure			
Western Catchment Management Authority			
Total Expenses	15.6	7.0	-55.4
Capital Expenditure			
NSW Businesslink Pty Limited	142.0	175.0	22.4
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	142.9 12.5	175.0 24.3	22.4 94.4
	12.0	24.0	54.4
State Records Authority Total Expenses	15.8	17.1	8.5
Capital Expenditure	0.3	0.3	0.0
Total, Deputy Premier, Minister for Climate Change and the Environment, and Minister for Commerce			
Total Expenses	2,319.6	2,397.7	3.4
Capital Expenditure	525.2	440.0	-16.2

The Department of Environment and Climate Change (DECC) develops and coordinates programs to address the impacts of climate change in New South Wales, protects and conserves the environment and Aboriginal heritage, manages national and marine parks and reserves and ensures sustainable management of natural resources, including coastal environments and floodplains. DECC manages more than 6.7 million hectares of parks and reserves, which is more than 8 per cent of all land in New South Wales.

DECC has responsibilities and powers under legislation covering natural resource management (including native vegetation and coastal management), environment protection, national and marine parks and protection of Aboriginal cultural heritage.

DECC also provides staff, services and other support to the Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust, the Environmental Trust, the Lord Howe Island Board and Catchment Management Authorities (CMAs).

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

DECC has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- E3: Cleaner air and progress on greenhouse gas emissions.
- E4: Better environmental outcomes for native vegetation, biodiversity, land, rivers and coastal waterways.

DECC's planned results are:

- Climate change and its impacts are minimised to protect the environment, the economy and community wellbeing.
- The environment is healthier and cleaner, protecting both ecological and human health.
- Integrated landscape management supports long-term ecological, social and economic sustainability.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

Key services provided by DECC, consistent with these results, include:

- leading the development of the State's climate change policy response, including NSW's energy efficiency strategy, a State Government carbon neutrality policy and the development of a NSW sea level rise policy
- delivering through the Climate Change Fund the State's major climate change programs, including:
  - \$314 million to deliver water and energy savings in homes, schools, businesses and public facilities and
  - \$137 million for the Energy Efficiency Strategy
- delivering regulation and enforcement to protect the environment, native vegetation, biodiversity and Aboriginal heritage, and responding to pollution and emergency incidents
- developing and implementing policies and programs for threatened species, native wildlife, native vegetation, biodiversity conservation, air, water recovery and environmental water management, noise, chemicals, waste management, coastal protection and cultural heritage and developing natural resource management protocols, policies and tools to support CMAs and agencies
- providing State-level leadership, in collaboration with CMAs, for investment in restoring the health of rural landscapes and ecosystems to achieve the 13 State-wide targets for natural resource management in New South Wales
- developing the policies and tools that underpin the implementation of the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* and the Biobanking Scheme
- establishing and managing a comprehensive, adequate and representative terrestrial and marine protected area system and partnering with private landholders to achieve conservation outcomes, and increasing opportunities for people to visit and enjoy national and marine parks
- working with Aboriginal communities, private and public landowners, local councils and CMAs to protect and conserve Aboriginal heritage and
- undertaking scientific analysis, research, investigation, monitoring, evaluation and reporting on a range of climate change, natural resource, environmental and cultural heritage areas.

DECC's key service groups and the way in which they contribute to results are set out in the following table:

		Results				
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Impacts of climate change are minimised to protect the environment, the economy and community wellbeing	The environment is healthier and cleaner	Integrated landscape management supports long-term economic, social and environmental sustainability		
Climate Change, Policy and Programs	465.1	✓	~	~		
Environment Protection and Regulation	106.7	✓	~	~		
Parks and Wildlife	373.8	✓	✓	✓		
Culture and Heritage	14.6	✓	~	✓		
Scientific Services	51.6	✓	~	✓		
Personnel Services	66.9					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,078.7					

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements in relation to DECC planned result - minimising climate change and its impacts - include:

- leading the State's negotiations with the Australian Government on major inter-jurisdictional issues such as the development and implementation of a national emissions trading scheme and national strategy for energy efficiency
- developing a Climate Change Action Plan for New South Wales (to replace the Greenhouse Plan) and a Sea Level Rise Policy Statement, and establishing the Climate Change Science Network
- developing the NSW Energy Savings Scheme and the NSW feed-in Tariff Scheme and establishing Renewable Energy Precincts
- developing the NSW Green Skills Strategy in partnership with the Department of Education and Training

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- promoting sustainability and resource recovery through improved waste management by providing \$21.2 million in waste and sustainability improvement payments to local councils
- expanding support to businesses, with \$20 million over 5 years for the Sustainability Advantage Program under the Energy Efficiency Strategy and
- supporting new energy efficiency programs for 220,000 low income households and 6,000 small businesses.

Recent achievements in relation to DECC planned result - achieving a cleaner and healthier environment - include:

- expanding vapour recovery technology at petrol stations in the greater metropolitan region, through the draft *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Amendment (Vapour Recovery) Regulation 2008* and associated guidelines
- coordinating delivery of the NSW Diffuse Source Water Pollution Strategy across Government, councils and CMAs
- initiating a new *Dangerous Goods (Roads and Rail Transport) Act 2008* that now brings New South Wales and Australia into line with international requirements for dangerous goods transport, replacing previously separate dangerous goods regulations for road and rail transport and providing uniformity for cross border transport of dangerous goods between states
- introducing substantial changes to the Protection of the Environment Operations Waste regulations to provide clearer responsibilities for people who wish to use wastes for land filling, alternative fuels or fertilisers and to streamline the approval process and
- providing new noise control regulations to improve management of neighbourhood noise, covering the use of power tools, air conditioners, alarms and motor vehicles.

Recent achievements in relation to DECC planned result - managing the New South Wales landscape for long-term sustainability - include:

 managing the expansion of national parks and reserves by some 600,000 hectares since 2005-06, with new parks and additions in 2008-09 totalling 31,305 hectares

- implementing the National Parks Establishment Plan, which defines priorities for the next decade for increasing the reserve system
- developing and upgrading visitor facilities and other important infrastructure across the reserve system and implementing new systems to help optimise management of all assets in parks and gardens
- working in partnership with CMAs and private landholders to improve native vegetation and increase conservation outcomes, resulting in:
  - almost 2 million hectares of private land managed under formal native vegetation conservation agreements and
  - more than 1,170 landholders adopting property vegetation plans, with over 800 of these involving payment of incentives to farmers to improve or protect native vegetation
- adopting 678 private native forestry property vegetation plans under the new Codes of Practice, representing an area of just under 200,000 hectares, with 73 sites being audited
- working with CMAs to implement Catchment Action NSW, the Government's regional natural resource management investment program starting in 2008-09
- progressing the Natural Resource Management Monitoring Evaluation and Reporting Strategy and building on this work to develop 13 regional State of the Catchment Reports
- releasing a discussion paper on a new *Biodiversity Strategy for New South Wales*
- implementing the City and Country Environmental Restoration Program to tackle the State's most significant environmental challenges, including restoring wetlands, protecting marine environments and securing high conservation value Crown lands for national parks and
- establishing new joint management arrangements with Aboriginal communities including the Saltwater Tribal Council for Saltwater National Park and part of Khappinghat Nature Reserve.

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### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

In keeping with the directions set by the State Plan and other Government initiatives, DECC will be focusing on working with key stakeholders and the community to:

- drive efficiencies in the use of energy, water and materials across the State to help create green jobs that deliver lasting benefits in reduced energy costs and greenhouse gas emissions
- ensure that the State is strategically positioned to play its part in reducing greenhouse gas emissions, adapt to those impacts of climate change which are unavoidable and take advantage of the opportunities that arise in the transition to a low-carbon economy
- identify coastal and flood hazards in local government areas and assist local councils to develop actions to adapt to rising sea levels
- progress the State's contribution to the Living Murray Program in order to recover 249 gigalitres of water for the environment
- reduce harmful emissions to air, land and water, and reduce the number of significantly contaminated sites
- reduce the exposure of the community and the environment to chemicals, radiation, dust, waste and odour
- reduce the exposure of the community to industrial, construction, road and rail noise and vibration, aiming for levels that are both sustainable and minimise impact
- put in place more streamlined environmental approval and regulatory processes which achieve environmental outcomes whilst reducing red tape for industry and business
- manage the health of wetlands, waterways and rivers, in part through the purchase of water for the environment; sustain healthy populations of native species of flora and fauna; and improve the extent and condition of native vegetation
- improve the management of marine parks including building improved scientific understanding of the marine environment

- provide a broad range of opportunities and experiences for visitors to enjoy national parks and reserves, marine parks and botanic gardens
- increase volunteer participation in and community support for the environment and conservation
- manage historic heritage in parks and gardens to conserve and display cultural values
- manage fire, animal pests and weeds to protect parks and neighbouring lands
- renew radio infrastructure vital for effective and safe management of the reserve system, including fire fighting and
- support Aboriginal people in the practice, promotion and renewal of their culture and increase Aboriginal community capacity.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$1.1 billion. Major expenditure areas include:

- \$208.2 million for a wide range of programs under the Climate Change Fund including:
  - \$50 million for programs under the Water and Energy Savings Funds to boost the existing efforts of industry, government and households to use water and energy more efficiently
  - \$97.3 million for climate change mitigation initiatives, including \$32.1 million for household rebates for rainwater tanks, climate-friendly hot water systems, water-efficient washing machines and removal and recycling of old second fridges, \$9 million for water and energy efficiency measures in schools and \$5.3 million for water and energy efficiency support for public housing tenants
  - \$36 million under the NSW Energy Efficiency Strategy, including \$15.3 million for the Low Income Household Refit program
  - \$25 million to the Department of Primary Industries for the Clean Coal Fund

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- \$71.8 million for environment protection, regulation and compliance activities
- \$58 million for managing fire, pest animals and weeds in parks
- \$34.3 million in payments to the Zoological Parks Board of New South Wales
- \$27.2 million for natural resource management investment funding under Catchment Action NSW, of which \$23.1 million is to be used by CMAs to invest in restoring landscape health
- ◆ \$25.5 million for the maintenance of essential infrastructure to facilitate management of, access to and enjoyment of the reserve system by the community
- \$19.8 million to local councils in the greater Sydney metropolitan area to help them improve the performance of waste and recycling services
- \$19.1 million to support local councils undertaking estuary, coastal and flood plain management activities, with a new focus on preparing for sea level rise
- \$15.3 million to provide home energy assessments in more than 50,000 low income households
- \$7.5 million for supporting seven large-scale renewable energy generation projects to be built by the private sector
- \$5.9 million to provide energy audits and retrofits support for up to 2,500 small businesses
- \$5.2 million to provide energy retrofits to forty schools
- \$3.6 million for Regional Flood Mitigation and an extra \$1.4 million to regional North Coast councils to help them provide better waste collection and recycling services and
- an extra \$1.2 million for Aboriginal co-management of protected areas.

### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$68.8 million. Allocated capital expenditure provided includes:

- \$13.7 million for the purchase of water entitlements
- \$8.4 million for land acquisitions for parks across New South Wales

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- \$8.1 million for the replacement of the Parks and Wildlife radio network to ensure effective and safe radio communication for park management and during bushfires, consistent with the Government's future directions on radio systems
- \$4.8 million for upgrade of essential public infrastructure in Kosciuszko National Park
- \$3.5 million for satellite imagery to improve environmental monitoring and compliance and
- \$3.4 million for improved fire management in national parks.

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### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Climate change and its impacts are minimised

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Annual NSW CO <sub>2</sub> emissions <sup>(a)</sup> Change in solid waste disposed to landfill in greater Sydney region compared to 2000 under the Waste Avoidance and Resource	Mt	161.3	161.1	n.a.	163.9	165.4
Recovery Strategy <sup>(b)</sup> Businesses participating with	%	n.a.	2.6	n.a.	-2.5	-2.5
the Department to improve resource recovery <sup>(c)</sup> Annual per capita kerbside dry recycling in Sydney	no.	155	217	250	310	460
Metropolitan area <sup>(d)</sup> Organic material recycled and	kg	108	107	108	108	108
re-used <sup>(d)</sup>	Mt	1,595	1,685	1,690	1,720	1,740

- (a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E3. The target is to achieve a 60 per cent cut in emissions by 2050. Data for annual  $CO_2$  emissions are currently compiled on a calendar year basis, where the figure listed under 2006-07, for example, is for the calendar year 2006. Emissions are expected to continue to rise until after the expected introduction of the Carbon Pollution Reduction Scheme in 2011.
- (b) This indicator reflects the degree to which business, industry and government are operating sustainably, reducing adverse impacts and achieving cost savings. This indicator is also influenced by population growth, economic conditions and other factors.
- (c) This indicator shows the degree to which business, industry and the Government are operating sustainably, reducing adverse impacts and achieving cost savings. Figures for 2008-09 and 2009-10 measure participation in the Sustainability Advantage program. Earlier years' figures include some participation in previous programs.
- (d) These indicators show the degree to which individuals, families and communities are living more sustainably.

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### A healthier and cleaner environment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Load based licensing (LBL) pollutant load indicator (an index adjusted for pollutant load, risk weighing and harmfulness to receiving environment): <sup>(a)</sup> Total air pollutants from premises licensed under						
LBL scheme Total water pollutants from premises licensed under	tonnes	600	565	600	565	565
LBL scheme New Pollution Reduction Programs initiated with licensees: <sup>(b)</sup>	tonnes	160	180	160	180	180
Number Value Beachwatch and Harbourwatch	no. \$m	112 98	77 21	200 80	50 20	80 78
sites with over 90 per cent compliance with Beachwatch swimming water quality guidelines during summer <sup>(b)</sup> Reported pollution incidents to Environment Line: <sup>(c)</sup> Motor vehicle related (total for smoke, noise and	%	85.5	60.0	88.5	90.0	90.0
litter offences) Non motor vehicle	no. no.	8,374 6,864	8,322 6,835	8,500 6,500	8,000 6,900	7,500 7,000

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of actions to prevent, reduce or mitigate air pollution and other adverse environmental impacts. Actual figures are estimated as actual data are not available until 18 months after the end of the reporting period.

- (b) These indicators show the effectiveness of actions to prevent, reduce or mitigate air pollution and other adverse environmental impacts.
- (c) This indicator is a check on the effectiveness of initiatives to reduce community exposure to pollution.

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### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Integrated landscape management supports long-term sustainability

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Water entitlement purchased for the environment (cumulative) <sup>(a)</sup> Area of land maintained or improved by Property Vegetation Plans each year	ML	n.a.	32,104	n.a.	70,000	90,000
(cumulative) <sup>(a)</sup>	000 ha	596	1,437	1,300	1,600	1,700
Visits to the park system <sup>(b)</sup> Volunteer contributions to park management programs: <sup>(c)</sup>		22.00	22.00	22.88	38.00	38.00
Volunteers	no.	3,838	3,876	3,914	3,945	3,952
Participation Area of New South Wales managed for conservation: <sup>(d)</sup>	hours	171,982	173,641	175,300	176,736	177,000
Land in reserve	000 ha	6,649	6,690	6,750	6,750	6,820
Area in marine parks	000 ha	345	345	345	345	345
Private land	000 ha	1,954	1,957	2,115	1,974	1,991
Formal agreements in place with Aboriginal communities for co-management of						
protected areas <sup>(e)</sup>	no.	15	15	17	16	22

(a) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority E4. The goal is to meet the Government's State-wide targets for natural resource management.

(b) This indicator shows how parks and reserves contribute to increased tourism, community wellbeing and regional development. The Department has instituted a new standardised procedure for tracking visitation to parks, resulting in more accurate counts of park visitors compared to past estimates.

- (c) These indicators show how parks and reserves contribute to increased tourism, community wellbeing and regional development.
- (d) This indicator shows the areas of public and private lands managed for conservation of natural and cultural values.
- (e) This indicator shows the effectiveness of measures to protect and revitalise Aboriginal culture and heritage and to increase Aboriginal participation in natural resource management.

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 9.1 Climate Change, Policy and Programs

- Service Description: This service group covers the State's climate change policy response. It delivers water and energy conservation and waste sustainability programs; native vegetation, biodiversity, and landscape conservation; environment protection, floodplain management and coastal protection. This service group also develops and manages private land conservation programs, such as the Biobanking Scheme, and Riverbank and other environmental water recovery programs, as well as supporting Catchment Management Authorities (CMAs).
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to impacts of climate change being minimised to protect the environment, the economy and community wellbeing; a healthier and cleaner environment protecting both ecological and human health; and integrated landscape management for long-term ecological, social and economic sustainability. This involves working towards a range of intermediate results including the following:
  - greenhouse gas emissions reduced
  - New South Wales community equipped to adapt to the demonstrated effects of climate change
  - increased risks to life, property and the environment from coastal erosion, flooding and bushfires minimised and managed
  - air pollution and other adverse environmental impacts prevented, reduced or mitigated
  - condition of natural resources improved and biodiversity and native vegetation protected and restored and
  - Aboriginal culture and heritage protected and revitalised.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Residential rebates under the Climate Change Fund:						
Hot water systems	no.	n.a.	4,772	n.a.	10,018	11,019
Insulation	no.	n.a.	3,060	n.a.	5,936	2,199
Rainwater tanks	no.	n.a.	14,439	n.a.	15,883	17,471
Washing machines	no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	17,153	20,583
Provision of information to the community:						
Participation in DECC						
endorsed environmental						
education programs	no.	11,216	6,056	14,000	8,000	8,000
Visits to DECC websites	thous	4,930	4,770	5,250	5,000	3,500
Requests handled by DECC						
Information Centre	no.	207,983	228,584	205,000	235,000	245,000

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# 9.1 Climate Change, Policy and Programs (cont)

Service Measures (cont)	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Rural floodplain, coastal and estuary management plans completed (cumulative) Consents granted to landholders under the Private Native Forestry	no.	68	78	94	96	107
Private Native Forestry Codes of Practice Agreements for private land in New South Wales to be managed by landholders for conservation outcomes	no.	n.a.	418	600	900	1,300
(including wildlife refuges and voluntary conservation)	no.	858	883	961	917	951
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	n.a.	509	500	500
			Budg	2008-09 Budget Revised		

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	386,389	497,165	465,070
Total expenses include the following: Investment payments to the CMAs Climate Change Fund Zoological Parks	59,389 74,450 32,247	122,259 94,476 25,578	58,377 208,237 34,326
NET COST OF SERVICES	176,337	290,213	233,291
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	142,539	63,122	21,169

# 9.2 Environment Protection and Regulation

Service Description:	This service group covers delivering credible, targeted and cost effective regulation and enforcement across a range of environment protection, conservation, native vegetation and Aboriginal heritage areas. It implements market-based and regulatory programs for industry and local government to reduce environmental impacts.							
Linkage to Results:	protect manag sustair include	This service group contributes to a healthier and cleaner environment protecting both ecological and human health and integrated landscape management for long term ecological, social and economic sustainability, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:						
		<sup>r</sup> pollution a duced or mi		dverse en	vironmenta	I impacts	prevented,	
	♦ de	graded env	ironments	remediated	d or restore	d		
	♦ un	inecessary i	regulation of	eliminated				
	♦ CO	ndition of na	atural reso	urces impr	oved and			
	♦ CO	mmunity we	ellbeing im	proved.				
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Den elle infeire en entre								
Penalty infringement no issued:	tices							
Number		no.	n.a.	2,023	n.a.	2,000	2,000	
Fines imposed Licences, permits, certificates and registrations in effect under environment an	d	\$m	n.a.	0.7	n.a.	0.7	0.7	
conservation legislatio	-	no.	39,067	31,794	38,000	32,000	32,000	
Contaminated sites rem (cumulative)	nediated	no.	n.a.	65	n.a.	75	87	
Employees:		FTE	n.a.	n.a.	548	549	549	

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# 9.2 Environment Protection and Regulation (cont)

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses Total expenses include the following: Waste Levy improvement -	88,922	88,147	106,734
payments to local councils	13,250	13,250	21,200
NET COST OF SERVICES	80,166	79,074	97,404
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,782	3,711	5,896

#### 9.3 Parks and Wildlife

Service Description:	This service group covers managing and acquiring parks and protected areas. Within the reserve system, the service group conserves and manages nature and cultural heritage; provides opportunities and experiences for visitors to enjoy parks and other protected areas; controls pests and weeds; and suppresses and manages fires. The service group also partners Aboriginal communities and private landholders for conservation outcomes. The service group manages on-park Aboriginal and historic heritage sites and areas, and buildings of significance, as well as protecting, managing and licensing native wildlife.
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to impacts of climate change being minimised to protect the environment, the economy and community wellbeing; a healthier and cleaner environment protecting both ecological and human health; and integrated landscape management

- for long term ecological, social and economic sustainability. This involves working towards a range of intermediate results including the following:
  - increased risks to life, property and the environment from coastal erosion, flooding and bushfires minimised and managed
  - biodiversity and native vegetation protected and restored
  - parks and reserves contribute to increased tourism, community wellbeing and regional development
  - an integrated system of public and private lands managed for conservation of natural and cultural values and
  - Aboriginal culture and heritage protected and revitalised and Aboriginal participation in land, water and natural resource management and conservation increased.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Area of reserves covered by:						
Plan of management	000 ha	4,408.4	4,439.9	4,720.5	4,807.6	5,200.0
Fire management strategy Regional pest management	000 ha	5,200.0	5,353.6	6,500.0	6,750.0	6,800.0
strategy	000 ha	n.a.	6,702.5	6,500.0	6,750.0	6,800.0
Visitation management plan	000 ha	n.a.	n.a.	6,700.0	6,750.0	6,800.0
Participation in Discovery community education programs:						
Participants	no.	n.a.	139,144	n.a.	138,982	142,000
Satisfied	%	96	98	97	99	98
Employees:	FTE	1,812	n.a.	1,850	1,920	1,920

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# 9.3 Parks and Wildlife (cont)

	-			
	200	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	372,298	388,493	373,777	
Total expenses include the following:				
Fire, pest and weed management	57,420	58,820	58,000	
Maintenance of essential infrastructure Brigalow/Nandewar Park establishment	25,245	27,245	25,500	
and management costs	8,000	8,000	8,000	
Aboriginal co-management commitments	1,950	1,950	3,100	
NET COST OF SERVICES	308,319	292,418	284,322	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	49,769	66,108	37,098	

# 9.4 Culture and Heritage

Service Description:	privat It dev Abori water techn reser	service grou e and public velops polici- ginal particip s and natu ical services ves and bot ng Commun	landholder es, strateg pation in the ral resour for the cor tanic garde	rs to conse ies, progra ie manage ces. The iservation ens, and	erve Aborig ams and s ement of th service g of cultural h leads the	inal cultura ystems th peir traditic roup also neritage wi	al heritage. at support onal lands, o provides thin parks,		
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	minim wellbe ecolo for This i the fo	service group contributes to the impacts of climate change being mised to protect the environment, the economy and community being; a healthier and cleaner environment protecting both ogical and human health; and integrated landscape management long-term ecological, social and economic sustainability. involves working towards a range of intermediate results including following:							
		ncreased risk rosion, flood							
	♦ d	legraded env	rironments	remediated	d or restore	d			
	♦ C	ommunity we	ellbeing im	proved					
	♦ b	iodiversity a	nd native v	egetation p	protected an	otected and restored			
		<ul> <li>an integrated system of public and private lands managed for conservation of natural and cultural values and</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>Aboriginal culture and heritage pr Aboriginal participation in land, v management and conservation increa</li> </ul>					water ar				
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
	od								
Aboriginal places declar (cumulative) Environment/heritage pr		no.	n.a.	64	n.a.	69	79		
undertaken with Aboriginal communities Repatriation to Aboriginal communities of Aboriginal remains and collections of cultural material:		no.	40	49	30	30	30		
Held under the Nationa Parks & Wildlife Act 1 (NPW Act)	974	no.	11	6	20	20	20		
Held other than under Act	NPW	no.	104	2	20	20	20		
Employees:		FTE	100	n.a.	108	111	111		

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# 9.4 Culture and Heritage (cont)

	2008-09 Budget Re \$000 \$		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	12,507	15,129	14,584
NET COST OF SERVICES	11,156	13,188	13,172
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,004	860	1,097

# 9.5 Scientific Services

Service Description:	anal natu The data prov prote	This service group covers scientific research, investigation, monitoring, analysis, evaluation and reporting on a range of climate change, natural resource and environmental and cultural heritage matters. The service group also interprets and communicates environmenta data to inform internal and external decision making, as well as providing laboratory and analytical services to support environment protection, conservation and natural resource programs, and emergency services.						
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the impacts of climate change minimised to protect the environment, the economy and com wellbeing; a healthier and cleaner environment protecting ecological and human health; and integrated landscape manage for long-term ecological, social and economic sustainability involves working towards a range of intermediate results include following:</li> <li>greenhouse gas emissions reduced</li> </ul>						community cting both anagement bility. This	
	•	• •				apt to clima	ate change	
	•							
		<ul> <li>air pollution and other adverse environmental impacts prevented, reduced or mitigated</li> </ul>						
	٠	<ul> <li>degraded environments remediated or restored and</li> </ul>						
	•	<ul> <li>condition of natural resources improved and biodiver native vegetation protected and restored.</li> </ul>						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Time valid air quality da available from DECC monitoring network Ecotoxological tests undertaken to inform I	DECC	%	95	93	95	95	95	
responses to impacts chemicals on plants a animals Chemical tests underta inform pollution	no.	118	149	150	150	150		
investigations and air water monitoring/rese		no.	52,000	53,900	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Employees:		FTE	322	n.a.	351	364	364	

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# 9.5 Scientific Services (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	55,035	55,278	51,592
NET COST OF SERVICES	47,661	47,269	43,843
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3,063	5,271	3,567

# 9.6 Personnel Services

Service Description: To provide personnel services to selected agencies as part of the State's WorkChoices insulation legislation.							
Employage	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Employees:							
Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust Catchment Management	FTE	258	n.a.	265	263	281	
Authorities	FTE	571	n.a.	595	538	538	
Lord Howe Island	FTE	51	n.a.	45	44	41	
						2009-10	
			Budg	Budget Revised		Budget	
			\$00	\$000 \$000		\$000	
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excluding Lo	sses		70,8	49 7	7,460	66,930	
NET COST OF SERVICES			5,1	95	4,862	(1)	

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	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	385,234	414,800	415,128
Other operating expenses	184,921	247,142	183,628
Depreciation and amortisation	68,955	68,366	69,557
Grants and subsidies	344,799	389,248	408,057
Finance costs	2,091	2,116	2,317
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	986,000	1,121,672	1,078,687
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	113,066	123,042	115,084
Investment income	6,684	9,666	8,306
Retained taxes, fees and fines	3,000	3,000	3,069
Grants and contributions	223,276	247,742	268,917
Other revenue	12,080	12,138	12,220
Total Retained Revenue	358,106	395,588	407,596
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(840)	(840)	(840)
Other gains/(losses)	(100)	(100)	(100)
NET COST OF SERVICES	628,834	727,024	672,031
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	600 004	707 004	672 024
Recurrent Services Appropriation	628,834 635 045	727,024 640,131	672,031 570,220
Recurrent Services Appropriation	635,945	040,131	570,220
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	202,157	139,072	68,827
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	81,923	81,923	41,562

### 9 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

	00	0000 40	
	20 Budget	2009-10 Budget	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	160,220	188,925	182,713
Receivables	35,195	37,571	37,571
Other financial assets	16	16	16
Inventories Assets held for sale	738 3,373	734 4,476	734 4,476
Total Current Assets	199,542	231,722	225,510
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	2 256 620	2,161,763	2 120 192
Plant and equipment	2,256,629 70,999	59,716	2,130,183 71,151
Infrastructure systems	695,890	703,221	710,368
Intangibles	284,463	153,108	163,541
Total Non Current Assets	3,307,981	3,077,808	3,075,243
Total Assets	3,507,523	3,309,530	3,300,753
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	34,334	13,985	14,193
Provisions	50,003	46,980	46,453
Other		7,024	7,024
Total Current Liabilities	84,337	67,989	67,670
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	35,101	42,309	49,609
Provisions	266	920	918
Total Non Current Liabilities	35,367	43,229	50,527
Total Liabilities	119,704	111,218	118,197
NET ASSETS	3,387,819	3,198,312	3,182,556
EQUITY			
Reserves	1,208,836	1,092,094	1,092,094
Accumulated funds	2,178,983	2,106,218	2,090,462
TOTAL EQUITY	3,387,819	3,198,312	3,182,556

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# 9 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

	20	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	354,523	362,042	370,456
Grants and subsidies	344,799	389,248	408,057
Finance costs	2,091	2,116	2,317
Other	203,841	266,062	202,521
Total Payments	905,254	1,019,468	983,351
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	112,966	122,942	114,984
Interest	6,684	9,666	8,306
Other	256,181	278,404	302,599
Total Receipts	375,831	411,012	425,889
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(529,423)	(608,456)	(557,462)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	995	3,000	995
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(64,542)	(76,448)	(55,152)
Other	(137,615)	(62,624)	(13,675)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(201,162)	(136,072)	(67,832)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from borrowings and advances	3,202	3,202	7,300
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,202	3,202	7,300
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	635,945	640,131	570,220
Capital appropriation	81,923	81,923	41,562
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	717,868	722,054	611,782
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(9,515)	(19,272)	(6,212)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	169,735	208,197	188,925
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	160,220	188,925	182,713

# 9 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE

	20 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(628,834) 98,966 445	(727,024) 118,123 445	(672,031) 114,050 519
Net cash flow from operating activities	(529,423)	(608,456)	(557,462)

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The Environmental Trust operates under the *Environmental Trust Act 1998* to fund environmental projects and programs.

The Trust is also subject to the *Forestry Restructuring and Nature Conservation Act 1995*, which requires the Trust to reimburse the Consolidated Fund for authorised expenditure associated with restructuring the timber industry.

The Trust's objectives include:

- encourage and support restoration and rehabilitation projects that reduce pollution, the waste stream or environmental degradation
- promote research, education and awareness of environmental issues
- fund land acquisition for national parks and declaration of areas for marine parks
- promote waste avoidance, resource recovery and waste management
- fund environmental community groups and
- fund the purchase of water entitlements for the purpose of increasing environmental flows for the State's rivers and restoring or rehabilitating major wetlands.

A broad range of organisations access the Trust's widely promoted grant programs, including community groups, Aboriginal organisations, schools, research bodies and state and local government organisations. The Trust also provides specific purpose grants to a number of State Government organisations, helping to progress and promote key environmental initiatives.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Environmental Trust broadly seeks to invest in high priority projects and programs to accelerate the rate of environmental improvement and community participation across New South Wales. The Trust works towards the following results:

• The environment is healthier and cleaner through increased areas of bushland rehabilitated and polluted sites cleaned; increased scientifically sound knowledge of environmental conditions, problems and solutions; increased community participation in projects and programs and action taken to address environmental issues; and reduced community exposure to chemicals, radiation, noise, dust, waste, odour and vibration.

- Soil and vegetation are maintained and improved with structural adjustment in, and assistance to, timber, farming and forestry industries; investment in rural and regional environmental projects; and operation of programs to reduce clearing of native vegetation.
- Natural and cultural values are conserved through increased conservation of high value land in the national parks and reserve system and through conservation agreements; increased value and quantity of water available for the environment; and protection of areas of high conservation value (including marine environments).
- Consumption and production are sustainable and waste is reduced through increased resource recovery and waste avoidance; and increased awareness of business and government production and consumption decisions and operations.

Consistent with these results, key services provided through the Trust's funding include:

- the restoration and rehabilitation of priority sites, and education programs and research into priority environmental issues
- urban sustainability initiatives
- environmental projects undertaken by Aboriginal communities, schools and community organisations
- administration support for lead environmental community groups
- purchase of priority lands for inclusion in the reserve system
- priority waste programs
- water purchases for the environment and
- exit assistance for, and sustainable industry development in, farming and forestry industries.

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The Trust's key service groups and the way in which they contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Results					
Service Groups	Budget Expenses	The environment is healthier and cleaner	Soil and vegetation are maintained or improved	Natural and cultural values across the landscape are conserved	Consumption and production are sustainable and waste is reduced			
Competitive Grants	27.3	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Major Programs	66.1	✓	~	~	✓			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	93.4							

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Under the *Environmental Trust Act 1998*, the Trust receives a standing indexed appropriation from the Consolidated Fund to support its statutory programs (approximately \$18.4 million in 2008-09).

Since 2000-01, the *Environmental Trust Act 1998* has enabled the Trust to fund grant programs on a strategic or competitive basis relating to environmental restoration and rehabilitation, environmental research and education, land acquisition for national parks and major environmental projects.

The Trust is in the third year of its current major grants round. Projects funded under this program address issues of state significance such as clean air, Aboriginal land management, biobanking and land and conservation management.

In December 2005, the Premier announced the City and Country Environment Restoration program. As part of this funding package, the Trust administers a range of grant programs, valued at around \$301 million over five years. Programs which commenced in 2006-07, and are now entering their fourth year of activities, include:

• the NSW Riverbank program (\$105 million over five years) to buy water for environmental flows and restore river systems and wetlands

- Urban Sustainability grants (\$80 million over five years) for local government ٠ to work in partnership with business and the community to address urban environmental issues. This funding includes \$20 million for an Urban Waterways Initiative over four years from 2007-08 for projects specifically addressing sustainability challenges within urban waterways. Priority catchments under this program include the Cooks, Georges, Hawkesbury-Nepean, Central Coast/Lower Hunter and Sydney Harbour catchments and
- strategic grants (\$76 million over five years) to continue the Trust's annual grants program, waste programs and major strategic funding activities.

In 2007-08, the Trust began administering funding for the Private Native Forestry program which provides \$37 million over five years in assistance to industry to adjust to new private native forestry Codes of Practice and to assist with the accelerated implementation of the Codes.

The Trust continues to administer two component programs under the Native Vegetation Assistance Package: the Sustainable Farming Grants (totalling \$400,000) until 2010-11 for landholders affected by the Codes and the Farmer Exit Assistance program.

The Farmer Exit Assistance program will run until June 2012 and will utilise proceeds from sale of properties already acquired under the program for the purchase of further properties from landholders affected by both the Codes and by native vegetation legislation.

The Trust's funding of the Brigalow-Nandewar Restructuring and Development program administered under the *Forestry Restructuring and Nature Conservation Act 1995* will continue to June 2010. A total of \$37.6 million has been paid from the Trust as at March 2009.

The Trust also administers three additional Brigalow-Nandewar areas related programs, providing \$12 million in funding for a White Cypress Thinning program ending in June 2010, \$780,000 for a Transition Fund ending in June 2012 and \$300,000 for a Fire Wood Operators scheme ending in June 2012.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Environmental Trust is now in its fourth year of managing annual environmental expenditure of around \$100 million. This expenditure plays a key role in the delivery of the Government's environmental objectives.

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The Trust will continue to provide grants to address priority environmental issues through collaborative projects between community organisations, government, industry and councils and will soon decide on the next round of major programs targeting environmental issues of State significance.

Programs such as the suite of waste and sustainability projects managed by the Department of Environment and Climate Change to support the NSW Government's Waste Strategy will continue to be funded from the Trust, as will the Private Native Forestry program.

The Trust's Growth Centres Biodiversity Offset program which will provide offset funding to protect priority conservation areas through the use of conservation agreements on private lands and the reservation of lands under the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* will also continue.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are budgeted at \$93.4 million.

This includes \$5.7 million for Brigalow-Nandewar forest industry restructuring expenditure incurred under the *Forestry Restructuring and Nature Conservation Act 1995*.

Spending on other programs in 2009-10 includes:

- \$7.3 million for grants to landholders under the Private Native Forestry program
- \$15.5 million for the purchase and management of water entitlements under the Riverbank program
- \$21.3 million for Urban Sustainability and Urban Waterways grants to local councils working in partnership with business and the community
- \$9.7 million for waste and sustainability programs to implement the NSW Government's Waste Strategy
- ♦ \$6.3 million in new annual grants awarded to community groups, councils, schools, Aboriginal organisations, registered training organisations, lead environmental community groups, State Government agencies and research bodies

- \$5.6 million for major projects and programs addressing issues such as air quality, noise, climate change, land and conservation management
- \$2.9 million for acquisition of land for the National Parks Estate, targeting western New South Wales, coastal lowlands and wetlands, Aboriginal cultural heritage areas and in-holdings and perimeter lands and
- ♦ \$1.8 million for growth centres for the purchase of new reserves or the establishment of biobanking agreements on land within proximity to the growth centres in Western Sydney.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### The environment is healthier and cleaner

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Projects awarded clearing polluted sites <sup>(a)</sup> Projects awarded reducing community exposure to	no.	52	41	57	72	72
chemicals, radiation, noise, waste, odour and vibrations <sup>(a)</sup> Locations rehabilitated,	no.	72	59	74	90	90
restored, remediated, cleaned up <sup>(a)</sup> Individuals/organisations	no.	223	155	236	195	195
being engaged in environmental projects <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	99,000/ 2,500	60,700/ 1,800	62,000/ 1,750	83,100/ 1,300	70,000/ 1,600

(a) These indicators show the Trust's funding focus on reduction of significant risk or harm to the community and environment, for example, the clean-up of emergency pollution events and orphan waste under the Emergency Pollution Clean Up program, as well as the number of locations being remediated or restored.

(b) This indicator shows the extent to which the Trust engages with the community.

#### Soil and vegetation are maintained or improved

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Funding provided for forestry/farming industry structural adjustment and assistance <sup>(a)</sup>	\$m	22.1	17.3	22.5	13.8	13.1
Properties purchased under Farmer Exit Assistance <sup>(b)</sup> Competitive projects awarded impacting regional areas <sup>(c)</sup>	no. no.	1 155	1 130	4 140	2 142	2 142

(a) This indicator shows the financial assistance provided by the Trust via assistance packages for the forestry and farming industries.

(b) This indicator shows properties purchased for conservation management.

(c) This indicator shows competitive grants that the Trust has awarded which impact regional communities.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Natural and cultural values across the landscape are conserved

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Hectares purchased for conservation (cumulative) <sup>(a)</sup>	ha	353,225	379,144	411,535	402,227	414,227
Properties reserved (cumulative) <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	51	60	71	72	82
Coverage of sanctuary zones: <sup>(c)</sup> Batemans Marine Park Port Stephens Marine Park Water entitlements purchased <sup>(d)</sup>	% % ML	19.0 17.5 13.021	19.0 17.5 25.251	n.a. n.a. 11.707	n.a. n.a. 42.000	n.a. n.a. 10.520

(a) This indicator shows the increasing amount of land (in-holdings, coastal lowlands and wetlands, western, world heritage areas and other privately owned lands) purchased from Trust funds for conservation.

(b) This indicator shows the number of properties purchased from Trust funds reserved in the National Parks Estate.

- (c) These indicators show the area of Marine Parks funded through the Trust with full conservation management status.
- (d) This indicator shows the megalitres of water entitlements purchased to protect and restore ailing wetlands and river systems.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Consumption and production are sustainable and waste is reduced

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Medium to large organisations addressing resource recovery issues <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	n.a.	240	n.a.	310	460
Chemicals collected under CleanOut <sup>(b)</sup> Penalty notices/clean up	kg	625,889	748,782	791,760	810,500	850,000
notices issued by the Regional Illegal Dumping (RID) Squads <sup>(c)</sup> Reduction of direct/indirect	no.	492	600	425	500	500
greenhouse gases through the Urban Sustainability programs <sup>(d)</sup>	tonnes o	of CO <sub>2</sub> r	n.a. 17	70 150	340	400

(a) This indicator shows the number of medium to large organisations addressing resource recovery issues under the Sustainability Advantage program that improve environmental performance.

- (b) This indicator shows the disposal and management of potentially hazardous household chemicals.
- (c) This indicator shows the regulatory waste enforcement activities undertaken by the RID Squads.
- (d) This indicator shows the climate change benefits of the Trust's Urban Sustainability programs.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# **10.1 Competitive Grants**

Service Description:	Aboı gove	service gro riginal organ ernment ager cation, researc	isations, r ncies to ι	ese inde	arch I ertake	bodies, ar restoratior	nd state n and reł	and local
Linkage to Results:	prote impr cultu and rang	service group ecting both ovement of rral values ac production ar e of intermedi There is an polluted sites vegetation an through conse	ecological soil and cross the nd waste re iate results increase ir s cleaned, id an increase	an veg and edu tha tha a th ase	d hum etation; dscape; ction. T t includ re area reduct in the	nan health conserva and sust his involve le the follow of bushla tion in the	; mainter tion of n ainable cc s working ving: und rehabi e clearing	hance and atural and onsumption towards a litated and of native
		There is environmenta	increased		cientific roblems			ledge of
		There is a radiation, nois increase in o action taken t	se, dust, w community	/ast pa	e, odo rticipati	ur and vib ion in pro	ration, as jects, prog	well as an
		There is an ii for the enviroi		the	value	and quant	ity of wate	er available
	•	There is an in	crease in r	eso	urce re	covery and	l waste ave	oidance.
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual		07-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Grants awarded Funding provided		no. \$m	234 18.8		206 21.7	186 24.2	184 24.7	-
						2008-09		2009-10
					Bude \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ing Lo	sses			24,6	573 2	25,117	27,279
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES				23,8	62 2	24,006	26,848

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 10.2 Major Programs

Service Description:	To provide grant funding to government agencies for programs addressing key environmental initiatives and government priorities.							
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to a healthier and cleaner environment protecting both ecological and human health; maintenance and improvement of soil and vegetation; conservation of natural and cultural values across the landscape; and sustainable consumption and production and waste reduction. This involves working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>There is an increase in the area of bushland rehabilitated and polluted sites cleaned, a reduction in the clearing of native vegetation and an increase in the conservation of high value land through conservation agreements.</li> </ul>							
		There is environmenta	increased		cientific roblem:			vledge of
	• There is a reduction in community exposure to chemicals, radiation, noise, dust, waste, odour and vibration, as well as an increase in community participation in projects, programs and action taken to address environmental issues.							
		There is an in for the environ		the	value	and qua	ntity of wate	er available
	•	There is an in	icrease in r	eso	urce re	covery a	nd waste av	oidance.
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual		07-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecas		2009-10 Forecast
Grants awarded Funding provided		no. \$m	14 68.4		29 67.7	10 68.0		
							2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludir	ng Lo	sses			69,2	73	66,926	66,087
NET COST OF SERVIC	ES				68,4	61	65,814	65,656

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses - Other operating expenses	1,482	1,482	1,483
Grants and subsidies	92,464	90,561	91,883
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	93,946	92,043	93,366
Less:			
Retained Revenue	4 000	4 000	500
Investment income	1,323	1,323	562
Other revenue	300	900	300
Total Retained Revenue	1,623	2,223	862
NET COST OF SERVICES	92,323	89,820	92,504
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	92,323 88,695	89,820 86,792	92,504 94,588

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	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets	7.004	14,400	10 540	
Cash assets Receivables	7,994 1,137	11,429 2,492	13,513 2,492	
Total Current Assets	9,131	13,921	16,005	
Total Assets	9,131	13,921	16,005	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables	1,485	2,987	2,987	
Total Current Liabilities	1,485	2,987	2,987	
Total Liabilities	1,485	2,987	2,987	
NET ASSETS	7,646	10,934	13,018	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	7,646	10,934	13,018	
TOTAL EQUITY	7,646	10,934	13,018	

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Grants and subsidies	92,464	90,561	91,883	
Other	1,732	1,732	1,733	
Total Payments	94,196	92,293	93,616	
Receipts				
Interest	1,323	1,323	562	
Other	550	1,150	550	
Total Receipts	1,873	2,473	1,112	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(92,323)	(89,820)	(92,504)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation	88,695	86,792	94,588	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	88,695	86,792	94,588	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(3,628)	(3,028)	2,084	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,622	14,457	11,429	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7,994	11,429	13,513	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services	(92,323)	(89,820)	(92,504)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(92,323)	(89,820)	(92,504)	

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The Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust (the Trust) is a statutory body established by the *Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust Act 1980*.

The Trust is responsible for the management and stewardship of the Royal Botanic Gardens; the National Herbarium of New South Wales; the Domain; Mount Annan Botanic Garden; Mount Tomah Botanic Garden and the New South Wales Seedbank.

The Trust also undertakes and provides scientific and horticultural research, together with advice and education on botanical, horticultural and biodiversity issues.

The Trust is part of the Department of Environment and Climate Change (DECC). However, the budget appropriation for the Trust is shown separately to reflect its specific statutory, reporting and operational arrangements.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Trust contributes to the conservation of natural and cultural values and works to ensure local communities and tourists are able to access and benefit from urban green spaces, by working towards the following results:

- Plant diversity and plant habitats are understood, protected and restored.
- The community values plants and cultural heritage.
- Participation and integration in community activities are increased.

Key services provided by the Trust, which contribute to these results, include:

- generating and preserving knowledge through botanical research and scientific collections
- communicating knowledge through:
  - education programs
  - plant identification services
  - plant disease diagnostic services
  - publications and online services

- providing horticultural displays and enriching cultural landscapes through the Trust's living collections, infrastructure, visitor services, historical sites and off-site horticultural services and
- facilitating events and recreation.

The key services provided by the Agency and the way in which they are expected to contribute to the Trust's results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results		
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Plant diversity and habitats are understood, protected and restored	The community values plants and cultural heritage	Participation and integration in community activities are increased
Science and Public Programs	8.4	~	~	~
Botanic Gardens and Parks	30.8	~	~	~
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	39.2			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements by the Trust include:

- repairing ageing pipes at Mount Annan Botanic Garden reducing water use by over 60 per cent, resulting in the first 4 star rating from Sydney Water for a Government agency
- restoring the Central Depot, three heritage glasshouses and the historic main ponds within the Royal Botanic Gardens
- raising the sandstone walls of the historic main ponds within the Royal Botanic Gardens in anticipation of rising sea levels
- funding new programs associated with the NSW Seedbank and community gardens through philanthropic contributions to the Royal Botanic Gardens Foundation
- using the new Waratah Education Centre at Mount Tomah Botanic Garden to improve the Trust's ability to communicate the importance of plants to the community and

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 expanding the Mount Tomah Botanic Garden to include an adjoining block of temperate rainforest known as "The Jungle" that will now be conserved for future generations.

Trust science programs continue to contribute significantly to the understanding and conservation of plant biodiversity. Curation standards at the National Herbarium of New South Wales exceed national benchmarks, and citation rates for Trust scientific papers are above average when measured against comparable institutions.

Expenses for 2008-09 are estimated at \$39.9 million. Retained revenue (grants, donations and user charges) represents approximately 45 per cent annually of total expenses.

Capital expenditure completed in 2008-09 included:

- completion of repair works to the Woolloomooloo Sea Wall and
- purchase of adjoining land at Mount Tomah Botanic Garden (Grewcoe).

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The major priorities for the Trust include:

- advancing knowledge and understanding of plant biodiversity, horticulture and conservation
- delivering a wide range of targeted school and community education programs including programs for regional and disadvantaged communities
- managing and developing the horticultural displays and living collection of plants at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Mount Annan Botanic Garden and Mount Tomah Botanic Garden
- maintaining and developing all sites, including the Domain, to accommodate multiple uses including recreation, relaxation, celebration, events, education and the promotion of conservation
- managing and developing viable commercial businesses and hosting externally operated commercial services to maximise and diversify the Trust's revenue base and

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• developing and promoting a range of infrastructure and research projects, for funding or co-funding by benefactors or sponsorship with reference to the bicentenary of the Trust in 2016.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

The Trust will continue its focus on two service areas: Science and Public Programs (\$8.4 million) and Botanic Gardens and Parks (\$30.8 million).

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Trust will continue its annual minor works program, and in addition will begin work to upgrade roads and pathways throughout the Domain (\$806,000), construct a new entrance to the Mount Annan Botanic Garden (\$509,000) and increase Information and Communication Technology data server storage and sharing capabilities (\$166,000).

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### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Plant diversity is understood, protected and restored

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
Species described or reassessed <sup>(a)</sup> Citation rate of Trust science in scientific papers in	no.	30	82	30	30 <b>30</b>
relation to comparable research institutions <sup>(b)</sup> Visits to PlantNET (on-line	no.	1.9:1.0	1.5:1.0	1.9:1.0	1.9:1.0 <b>1.9:1.0</b>
plant information network) <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	900,000	840,956	980,000	950,000 <b>1,000,000</b>

(a) New species described or species reassessed in a recognised scientific journal gives information which forms the basis of all further scientific or ecological inquiry associated with that plant.

- (b) This indicator gives a ratio of the number of times a Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Trust scientific paper is cited in another scientific paper, compared to the number of times a scientific paper from a comparable research institution is cited. This is an indicator of the value that the scientific community places on Trust research.
- (c) This is an indicator of the growing reliance by both the scientific and general communities on horticultural and scientific information provided by the Trust and available on the internet.

#### The community values plants and cultural heritage

	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast		
Result Indicators:						
Visits to Trust website <sup>(a)</sup> Media items relating to Trust	no.	638,092	862,629	650,000	650,000	700,000
mission <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	417	1,012	500	500	500

- (a) This shows the total number of visitors to the Trust website for the purpose of accessing information on Trust estates, events and activities as well as plant science or horticultural information.
- (b) This indicator is based on a limited regular survey of national/capital city newspapers, radio and television sources.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Participation and integration in community activities are increased

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Visits to Royal Botanic Gardens <sup>(a)</sup> Visits to Mount Annan Botanic	no. 3	3,453,927	3,621,925	3,700,000	3,700,000	3,800,000
Gardens <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	94,873	100,410	96,350	104,000	106,500
Visits to Mount Tomah Botanic Gardens <sup>(a)</sup> Visitors to Trust estates	no.	78,285	69,990	94,420	94,420	97,250
satisfied with facilities, services and programs Visits associated with tour	%	90	91	95	95	95
operators to Mount Annan Botanic Garden <sup>(b)</sup> Visits associated with tour	no.	2,500	1,908	4,000	3,000	3,250
operators to Mount Tomah Botanic Garden <sup>(b)</sup> People using Domain for booked	no.	18,750	,	19,400		19,400
sports activities <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	95,923	71,194	60,000	60,000	60,000

(a) Increasing the number of visitors to the Trust Estates supports Government priorities of more people using parks, sporting and recreational facilities; contributes to improving public health; and leads to better environmental outcomes through inspiring the appreciation and conservation of plants.

(b) In addition to the above benefits, increasing the number of visits associated with tour operators denotes increased support from the tourism industry.

(c) Sport bookings supports better public health in Sydney's central business district, although capacity is limited at the Domain.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 11.1 Science and Public Programs

Service Description:	This service researchers, relating to flo studying the researching designing ar outreach gro objectives.	land ora, ve State plant nd deli	managers egetation a collection propagatio vering pla	and the nd biodiver of preserv n, cultivation nt related p	public; consity; collected plants a collected plants a collected plants a construction and pattern programs for cograms for co	ntributing ting, maint and NSW s hology; re or specific	to policies aining and Seedbank; searching, visitor and
Linkage to Results:	This service protected ar cultural land heritage, by include the for ♦ scientific	nd res Iscape work ollowin	tored; the es; and the king towar ng:	community e protectio	y valuing p n of natur	plants in n al, cultural mediate re	atural and and built
	-		and the co	•			
				and expe mmunity a		d by Go	overnment,
	•	ed cor	mmunity a	•	of plants,	plant-relat	ed issues
Service Measures:	ι	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Research projects func external grants Acquisitions to preserv plant collections within	ed n the	no.	20	27	28	28	30
National Herbarium of South Wales and NSV Trust articles in peer-reviewed scientii publications, articles a presentations for scie	N Seedbank fic and	no.	5,566	5,833	10,340	8,002	8,030
and general audience	S	no.	264	178	230	165	165
Participants in school, education and Aborigi		no.	75,637	70,876	80,800	71,300	73,000
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	6,988	8,606	8,436
NET COST OF SERVICES	5,768	6,489	6,535

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

#### **11.2 Botanic Gardens and Parks**

- This service group covers managing, making accessible and interpreting the landscapes and living collections of plants in the Service Description: botanic gardens; maintaining conservation collections; conserving and interpreting the Aboriginal and cultural heritage of the Gardens; and making Trust sites available for community events, commercial events, sport and recreation. Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the community valuing plants in natural and cultural landscapes; protection of natural, cultural and built heritage; and sustainable and enjoyable visitation to botanic gardens and parklands, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following: the community appreciates the educational, historical, cultural and ٠ recreational value of Trust lands more people using parks, sporting and recreational facilities ٠ provided by the Trust and
  - more people enjoy visiting Trust lands.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Garden displays and turf maintained to the Botanic Gardens Trust's Horticultural Assessment						
Standards Total water use for irrigation from non-potable sources at	%	90.5	91.0	78.0	78.0	79.0
Mount Annan Botanic Garden Reduction in use of potable water at the Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain - base	%	50	55	56	56	60
year 2001-02 People attending public events:	%	46.7	58.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Royal Botanic Gardens and Domain Mount Annan Botanic Garden Mount Tomah Botanic Garden	no. no. no.	440,880 17,500 11,500	425,020 18,525 12,856	547,000 18,000 12,500	480,000 18,000 12,500	450,000 21,000 13,000

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 11.2 Botanic Gardens and Parks (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	27,264	31,264	30,794
NET COST OF SERVICES	16,012	15,291	16,455
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3,135	4,385	3,360

Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised	Budget
·	\$000	\$000
20.040	05 440	24 700
,		34,700 4,475
		4,475
6	3	3
34,252	39,870	39,230
,		10,288
		220 570
		4.245
500	981	917
12,472	18,110	16,240
	(20)	
21,780	21,780	22,990
21,780	21,780	22,990
18,080	18,105	19,090
0.405	4 205	2 202
3,135 2,635	4,385 2,635	3,360 2,860
	34,252 8,010 200 400 3,362 500 12,472  21,780 18,080 3,135	4,400       4,400         6       3         34,252       39,870         8,010       10,562         200       220         400       900         3,362       5,447         500       981         12,472       18,110          (20)         21,780       21,780         18,080       18,105

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	3,418	2,912	2,987
Receivables	638	789	2,987
Inventories	320	315	315
Total Current Assets	4,376	4,016	4,091
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -	204 424	004.005	202 452
Land and building Plant and equipment	204,124 29,246	204,035 37,310	202,453 37,006
Infrastructure systems	37,702	37,648	38,419
Total Non Current Assets	271,072	278,993	277,878
Total Assets	275,448	283,009	281,969
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	1,372	2,154	2,154
Borrowings at amortised cost	24	30	30
Provisions	1,482	1,683	1,683
Other	262	699	699
Total Current Liabilities	3,140	4,566	4,566
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost		24	24
Other	250	19	19
Total Non Current Liabilities	250	43	43
Total Liabilities	3,390	4,609	4,609
NET ASSETS	272,058	278,400	277,360
EQUITY			
Reserves	122,997	130,007	130,007
Accumulated funds	149,061	148,393	147,353
TOTAL EQUITY	272,058	278,400	277,360

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments		(==)	
Employee related Grants and subsidies		(79) 54	 52
Finance costs	 6	3	3
Other	27,863	36,347	32,667
Total Payments	27,869	36,325	32,722
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	8,010	11,199	10,288
Interest Other	200 2,279	220 5,746	220 3,699
Total Receipts	10,489	17,165	14,207
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(17,380)	(19,160)	(18,515)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		30	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,135)	(4,385)	(3,360)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,135)	(4,355)	(3,360)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(30)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(30)		
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	18,080	18,105	19,090
Capital appropriation	2,635	2,635	2,860
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	20,715	20,740	21,950
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	170	(2,775)	75
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,248	5,687	2,912
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,418	2,912	2,987
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(21,780)	(21,780)	(22,990)
Non cash items added back	4,400	4,400	4,475
Change in operating assets and liabilities		(1,780)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(17,380)	(19,160)	(18,515)
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# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

The Department of Commerce is responsible to the Minister for Commerce, the Minister for Industrial Relations (Section 5) and the Minister for Fair Trading (Section 10).

The Department of Commerce is a service provider and regulator dedicated to delivering better services to clients, customers and the community and contributing to a prosperous New South Wales.

The Office of Fair Trading, the Office of Industrial Relations, the Office of Public Works and Services, New South Wales Procurement, Government Chief Information Office, and Strategic Communication and Advertising form the Department of Commerce.

The Department also provides employee related support services to NSW Businesslink Pty Ltd and the State Records Authority.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department contributes to Government priorities by making doing business in New South Wales simple and fair and obtaining the best value for the NSW Government by working towards the following results:

- Fair and productive workplaces.
- Fair marketplace for consumers and traders.
- Maximise value for government agencies in delivering services to communities.
- Simplify processes for dealing with government.

Key services provided by the Department to contribute to these results include:

- reviewing policy and enforcing fair trading and industrial relations legislation
- providing marketplace and workplace information and helping in fair trading and industrial relations

- providing architectural, engineering design services and project management services for water, engineering and waste water services, managing the engineering response to emergencies and providing facilities management services
- providing strategic advice in the planning, purchase and implementation of government communications, advertising, publishing and information services
- developing and oversighting implementation of People First, the NSW Government Information and Communications Technology (ICT) plan, managing operations of key government ICT infrastructure and coordinating emergency services communications and
- providing business and personnel services to a number of government entities.

A range of key services in fair trading, industrial relations and public works are delivered through a regional network.

The key services provided by the Department and how they contribute to results are set out in the following table:

Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Results			
		Fair marketplace for consumers and traders	Fair and productive workplace	Maximise value for government agencies in delivering services	Simplify processes for dealing with government
Fair Trading	166.4	✓			
Industrial Relations	22.9		✓		
Public Works and Services	258.9			✓	
Procurement	203.8			✓	✓
Communications and Advertising	8.4			~	~
Government Chief Information Office	67.1			~	~
Corporate Services	142.0			~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	869.5				

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#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Department of Commerce works extensively with other NSW Government agencies to help reduce costs and improve government-wide capability in procurement; information and communications technology; public works and services; and government communications, advertising, publishing and information services.

During 2008-09:

- Commerce delivered through the Office of Public Works and Services (OPWS) \$900 million in capital and maintenance projects on behalf of clients. This included delivery of the Department of Education and Training's annual program of more than 470 capital works. Other key agency clients include the Department of Corrective Services and the Department of Ageing, Disability and Home Care.
- State significant infrastructure projects delivered included the Shannon Creek Dam on the NSW North Coast and the Darling Anabranch Pipeline in Western New South Wales.
- OPWS provided the emergency management response at several disaster events including the April 2009 North Coast floods, the recovery phase for the Tamworth floods and the Castlereagh Street scaffolding collapse.
- The Office of Fair Trading introduced an amendment to the *Home Building Act 1989* making it easier for homeowners to lodge an insurance claim for defective or incomplete work.
- The Office of Fair Trading allocated \$645,000 for the Home Building Advocacy Service over the next three years. The Service offers consumers legal advice and representation, advocacy and dispute resolution in home building matters.
- The Office of Industrial Relations carried out Australia's largest workplace compliance program, with more than 13,600 workplaces inspected. During these investigations over 10,000 breaches of NSW industrial relations laws were identified, including 1,725 workplaces where workers were being underpaid.
- StateFleet successfully implemented new systems to improve fleet management resulting in more efficient use of vehicles and optimising lease terms for its clients. StateFleet also assisted agencies to improve the environmental performance of their fleet by 20 per cent from a baseline set in 2004.

- NSW Procurement successfully designed and delivered major new contract arrangements in an expedited delivery program for the NSW Departments of Education and Training, and Health.
- NSW Procurement launched a new electronic tender system for efficient tender creation and evaluation, enabling industry to respond to government tenders faster and more efficiently.
- The Government Chief Information Office has commenced a major upgrade of the Government Radio Network to convert it from analogue to digital technology.
- The Government Licensing Service has grown to support five agencies, nearly 1.7 million licence records and 45 diverse business, occupational and recreational licence types. There are now over 1,250 agency system users across 60 government offices.
- Strategic Communications and Government Advertising (SCGA) successfully launched nsw.gov.au, increasing visits in the first month of relaunch by 32 per cent. SCGA also negotiated increased discounts for all major media advertising rates on behalf of government agencies and reduced cancellation deadlines and access to prime television positions for the sole use of government agencies.
- ServiceFirst, a shared services organisation, was launched in July 2008. ServiceFirst integrates three previously separate shared services operations into one entity servicing 50 government clients. Benefits of this integration will include reducing shared services costs to agencies and improving service management.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

In order to achieve its major results in 2009-10, the Department is pursuing a number of broad strategies.

The Office of Fair Trading is ensuring consumers and traders operate in a fair and productive marketplace by:

• enhancing marketplace compliance through cost effective fair trading law enforcement strategies

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- providing better services, matching resources to changing customer service delivery preference and
- working to implement a range of national regulatory reforms agreed to by the Council of Australian Governments. These reforms include national standards for trade and occupational licensing and will result in some areas of responsibility currently undertaken by the Office of Fair Trading transferring to the Australian Government.

The Office of Industrial Relations is ensuring New South Wales has fair and productive workplaces by:

- advising the Government on the fairness and responsiveness of the industrial relations framework and regulations and
- providing effective compliance with industrial relations regulations including access to information on rights and obligations.

NSW Procurement and the Office of Public Works and Services is improving the performance of the NSW Government by:

- removing duplication across government through central delivery of procurement systems and services
- improving government procurement capability and productivity through greater use of electronic systems and by using solutions and services tailored to each client
- speeding up the procurement process through reform to the State Contracts Control Board, including the appointment of an independent chair
- establishing and delivering common ICT infrastructure strategies for government by setting standards and encouraging collaboration across agencies and
- assisting client agencies in the design, construction, maintenance and sustainability of public infrastructure through the provision of professional engineering, architectural and project management services.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Department's total expenses for 2009-10 are budgeted to be \$869.5 million compared to the budget estimate of \$827.1 million for 2008-09. Commerce has budgeted to transfer \$20 million to the Consolidated Fund from operating profit generated from its commercial activities in 2009-10.

Budgeted expenses of the Department of Commerce include:

- \$136 million for project management services to assist agencies in the construction of buildings and engineering works
- \$74.2 million for enforcement of fair trading laws including business licensing and registration and the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal
- \$92.2 million for fair trading information and assistance services to consumers and traders
- ♦ \$67.1 million for Government ICT services, including managing the Government Radio Network and Long Term Radio Strategy projects, and providing advice to NSW Government agencies to minimise risk and gain the best value from information and communications technology
- \$216.4 million for depreciation and other expenses relating to motor vehicles owned by StateFleet who provide leasing and fleet management services to client agencies across the public sector
- ♦ \$31.9 million to provide technical expert advice to agencies and the community on the management and use of water
- \$24.7 million for expert technical advice from the Government Architect's Office
- \$22.9 million for review and advice on industrial relations regulations, compliance and provision of information to employers and employees
- \$19.3 million for the management of goods and services standing offer agreements and client specific contracts and
- \$15.3 million to deliver online procurement tools including smartbuy® and e-tendering and other tools and services.

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#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$343.2 million compared to \$307.1 million for the 2008-09 budget.

An amount of \$303.3 million is allocated to motor vehicles for StateFleet, \$10.4 million for Government Radio Network upgrade, \$21.5 million for computer projects including upgrades and replacement of IT systems, \$5.9 million for accommodation, and \$2.1 million for plant and office equipment.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Fair marketplace for consumers and traders

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Public knows where to get Fair Trading help Consumers confident in fair	%	66	63	65	65	65
operation of marketplace	%	73	79	68	68	68

These indicators show the effectiveness of Office of Fair Trading (OFT) in promoting community awareness and information delivery and the effectiveness of OFT Services.

### Fair and productive workplaces

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees confident in fair operation of NSW industrial relations system Office of Industrial Relations	%	76	76	70	70	70
client satisfaction meets or exceeds benchmark Accuracy of industrial	%	90	97	85	85	85
relations information provided Employees satisfied with	%	n.a.	88	95	85	95
Office of Industrial Relations advisory services	%	95	90	95	95	95

These indicators show the effectiveness of Office of Industrial Relations processes and decision making, in providing accurate information and advice.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Maximise value for government agencies in delivering services

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Projects managed on time Projects managed on budget <sup>(a)</sup> Cost savings for government agencies using NSW	% %	87 92	92 90	85 85	85 85	85 85
Procurement services <sup>(b)</sup> Client satisfaction with	\$m	660	330	335	335	335
shared corporate services <sup>(c)</sup>	%	94	86	80	80	80

(a) This shows the effectiveness of the Office of Public Works and Services in delivering projects on budget.

(b) This indicator shows the effectiveness of NSW Procurement in assisting government agencies to minimise procurement costs. The 2006-07 figure comprises cost savings from State Contracts, avoided/duplicated efforts, process efficiency savings, and estimated strategic sourcing savings. For 2007-08 onwards, a revised methodology only reports savings for whole-of-government State Contracts. From 2007-08, the Government Chief Information Office, Communication and Advertising, and State Records Authority were no longer part of NSW Procurement.

(c) This indicator shows the effectiveness of Commerce in delivering shared corporate services to government agencies.

#### Simplify processes for dealing with Government

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
Visits to the NSW Government Portal	mill	4.0	3.1	4.0	3.8 <b>4.0</b>

This indicator shows the effectiveness of Communications and Advertising in providing an entry point for the NSW community to access NSW Government information. The site was relaunched in August 2008 as www.nsw.gov.au

### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 12.1 Fair Trading

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers fair trading policy development and regulatory review, provision of information to consumers and traders and enforcement of compliance with fair trading laws and impartial dispute resolution through an independent tribunal.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to ensuring a fair marketplace for consumers and traders by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - fair trading regulation with minimal red tape
  - community able to access information and services and
  - compliance with fair trading laws.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Complaints finalised within 30 days Telephone enquiries answered within the guarantee of	%	96	96	80	90	90
within the guarantee of service Consumer Trader and Tenancy Tribunal matters finalised prior to or at first	%	83	90	85	90	90
hearing Proportion of prosecutions	%	78	77	75	74	73
successful	%	95	92	90	90	90
Employees:	FTE	1,155	1,181	1,194	1,190	1,169

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:	167.025	162 557	166 265
Total Expenses Excluding Losses NET COST OF SERVICES	167,035 52,758	163,557 50,397	166,365 54,880
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	11,581	13,520	12,988

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#### **12.2 Industrial Relations**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers industrial relations policy development and review, provision of information to employers and employees, enforcement of compliance with industrial relations laws through inspection of NSW workplaces and administration of the process for appeals against promotion and disciplinary decisions in the public sector.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to ensuring fair workplaces by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- fair industrial relations legislation with minimal red tape
- accessible information and help for employers and employees to ensure industrial relations laws are understood
- compliance with industrial relations laws and
- best practice employment advice.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		09-10 ecast
Enquiries and complaints satisfactorily resolved within targeted time frames Employers satisfied with	%	92	89	85	85	85
advisory services	%	95	96	95	95	85
Employers investigated who are subject to NSW industrial relations laws	%	86	81	85	85	85
Employees:	FTE	161	167	179	174	175

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
<u>Financial Indicators</u> : Total Expenses Excluding Losses	23,743	21,953	22,934
NET COST OF SERVICES	22,619	21,955	22,934
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,789	1,608	1,050

## 12.3 Procurement

Service Description:	procurem support f	This service group covers the development and implementation of procurement policy and tendering services, provision of operational support for the State Contracts Control Board (SCCB) and the delivery of electronic procurement tools and solutions.							
Linkage to Results:	agencies communi include tł ♦ minii	······································							
	•			•	ith governr				
		<ul> <li>improving access to procurement contracts for customers and suppliers and</li> </ul>							
		mising pr icies.	ocurement	contractua	al risks for	the govern	nment and		
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
Service Measures:									
Transactions through SCCB goods and services contracts Average performance score of "Best Practice" accredited		\$m	3,600	3,640	3,900	3,900	3,900		
contractors for capital works	alaaranaa	%	73	74	70	70	70		
Manage motor vehicle or rates at initial auction	clearance								
between 70 to 80 per	cent	%	80	82	80	80	80		
Employees:		FTE	313	276	278	258	285		
							2000 40		
				Bude \$00	•	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:									
<u></u>									

Total Expenses Excluding Losses	251,508	254,334	258,885
NET COST OF SERVICES	(43,938)	(54,710)	(32,905)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	265,712	310,218	306,559

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## 12.4 Public Works and Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the commercial services provided to government agencies, including the provision of planning and building, design services, management of construction projects, finding sustainable solutions to the problems of capturing, treating and distributing water.
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to maximising value to government agencies in delivering services to clients, customers and the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
	<ul> <li>managing construction and maintenance projects so they are delivered on time, within scope and safety standards, and within budget</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>minimising project management risks and costs for the government and agencies and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>providing engineering services for state emergency management.</li> </ul>
	2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised <b>Forecast</b>

Service Measures:	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast
Projects managed on time Projects managed within budget Lost time injury frequency	% %	87 92	92 90	85 85	85 85	85 85
ratio <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	n.a.	1.9	20.0	12.0	10.0

(a) This measures lost time injuries per million hours worked. In 2006-07 the NSW Construction Industry performance benchmark was 16.7. Source: *WorkCover Statistical Bulletin 2006-07*. A major safety improvement plan was implemented in 2007-08.

Employees:	FTE	1,275	1,275	1,317	1,282	1,373
			Budget \$000		vised 000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			184,277	181	,783	203,782
NET COST OF SERVICES			1,504	(10,	582)	22
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			14,187	11	,840	8,960

# 12.5 Communications and Advertising

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of public awareness advertising, providing all recruitment advertising and public notices including the publication of the Government Gazette and advertising public sector job vacancies.					
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to maximising value to government agencies in delivering services to clients, customers and the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>improving access for customers and suppliers to communications contracts</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>managing advertising projects so they are delivered on time, within scope and within budget</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>minimising communications costs for government and agencies and</li> </ul>					
	• minimising management risks for the government and agency advertising and communications.					
<u>Service Measures</u> :	2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised <b>Forecast</b>					
Savings to government achieved through centralised media contracts compared to market						
media rates	\$m 44 53 44 44 <b>33</b>					
Savings are realised th	ough negotiated discounts off media rates and are directly related to the					

Savings are realised through negotiated discounts off media rates and are directly related to the volume of activity.

Employees:	FTE	n.a.	41	42 4	0 <b>46</b>
			200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			7,032	7,889	8,422
NET COST OF SERVICES			2,316	5,356	6,490
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE				170	320

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#### **12.6 Government Chief Information Office**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the development and implementation of People First, the NSW Government ICT Strategic Plan which provides a framework for a coordinated government-wide approach to ICT planning and implementation. There are eight programs covering a range of ICT areas including radio networks, human resource and finance system rationalisation, and the provision of the online government licensing service.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to maximising value to government agencies in delivering services to clients, customers and the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- improving access for customers and suppliers
- managing ICT projects so they are delivered on time, within scope and within budget and
- minimising ICT project management risks and costs for the government and agencies.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Government radio network monthly availability Government licences	%	99.99	99.99	99.95	99.99	99.95
administered through Government Licensing Service	mill	0.1	1.2	1.6	1.6	2.4
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	93	94	87	100

-	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	58,687	60,307	67,148
NET COST OF SERVICES	48,158	47,059	47,022
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,594	20,537	11,162

# 12.7 Corporate Services

Service Description:	selection services,   services,	This service group covers the provision of corporate services to a selection of government agencies including accounting and financial services, payroll and human resource services, information technology services, asset facilities management, information and research services, mail and records management and switchboard services.					
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	agencies communit include the mana time, minim	time, within scope and within budget and					
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:		•		, 1010101			
Client satisfaction with shared corporate serv Client satisfaction with t	the	%	94	86	85	85	85
delivery of human serv net	lices	%	81	85	80	87	85
Employees:		FTE	992	994	1,056	1,001	981
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			134,8	59 12	2,734	142,000
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			31,9	42 (2	2,755)	33,212
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			8,1	99	5,000	2,160

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	202.027	204.250*	44 4 54 2
Employee related	393,937	384,250*	414,513 200,428
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	178,845	180,710	188,811
Grants and subsidies	188,815 22,218	183,022 19,469	18,444
Finance costs	41,213	41,095	43,329
Other expenses	2,113	4,011	4,011
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	827,141	812,557	869,536
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	,
Less:			
Retained Revenue	610 570	650 700	
Sales of goods and services Investment income	619,570	653,782	656,55
Retained taxes, fees and fines	18,512 48,324	16,652 47,724	10,014 45,519
Grants and contributions	12,301	13,968	13,942
Other revenue	112,301	4,304	13,342
Total Retained Revenue	698,819	736,430	726,030
	40 745	00.007	40.070
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets Other gains/(losses)	13,715 (752)	20,097	12,370
	(102)		
NET COST OF SERVICES	115,359	56,030*	131,136
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	115,359	56,030	131,136
Recurrent Services Appropriation	153,039	154,355	153,456
		101,000	100,400
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	307,062	362,893	343,199
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	11,309	7,309	3,394
	11,000	,,000	0,00-
* The accounting policy in relation to Accounting Stachanged. An expense of \$34.7 million was transferred Expenses and the Net Cost of Services.			

Expenses and the Net Cost of Services.

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	404.050	044 750	0.40 704
Cash assets Receivables	484,853 222,738	311,753 288,168	343,721 293,410
Other financial assets	26,115	26,000	293,410
Inventories	638	470	470
Other	103,180	97,487	94,045
Total Current Assets	837,524	723,878	758,299
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets		11	11
Inventories	4,929	4,624	4,324
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	121,996	80.450	95 101
Plant and equipment	509,388	80,459 638,715	85,101 626,803
Intangibles	70,897	53,565	66,124
Other		66	66
Total Non Current Assets	707,210	777,440	782,429
Total Assets	1,544,734	1,501,318	1,540,728
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	302,457	300,282	307,843
Borrowings at amortised cost	238,032	204,836	209,836
Provisions Other	130,779 2,144	132,320 4,383	140,216 4,437
			-
Total Current Liabilities	673,412	641,821	662,332
Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost	238,047	204,833	209,833
Provisions		29,736	29,736
Other	6,622	910	1,076
Total Non Current Liabilities	244,669	235,479	240,645
Total Liabilities	918,081	877,300	902,977
NET ASSETS	626,653	624,018	637,751
EQUITY			
Reserves	18,607	25,184	25,184
Accumulated funds	608,046	598,834	612,567
Accumulated funds			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	379,634	375,675	399,978
Grants and subsidies	22,218	19,469	18,444
Finance costs Other	41,213 475,119	41,095 479,956	43,329 504,970
Other	475,119	479,950	504,970
Total Payments	918,184	916,195	966,721
Receipts	047 704	500 770	050 700
Sale of goods and services Retained taxes	617,701 (516)	599,772 234	653,788 239
Interest	14,548	234 16,988	239 9,966
Other	359,189	387,021	365,229
Total Receipts	990,922	1,004,015	1,029,222
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	72,738	87,820	62,501
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments	207,906 3,663	180,469	161,469 
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(289,809)	(346,499)	(322,667)
Purchases of investments		(1,393)	(700)
Other	(17,253)	(16,394)	(20,532)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(95,493)	(183,817)	(182,430)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	331,027	190,440	405,490
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(329,335)	(329,335)	(395,490)
Other	(8,800)	(15,895)	(15,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(7,108)	(154,790)	(5,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	153,039	154,355	153,456
Capital appropriation	11,309	7,309	3,394
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(734)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	164,348	160,930	156,850
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	134,485	(89,857)	31,921
X Y		400.007	311,753
	350.368	400,867	311,733
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents Reclassification of Cash Equivalents	350,368 	400,867 (743)	(47)

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(115,359) 192,341 (4,244)	(56,030) 190,721 (46,871)	(131,136) 196,830 (3,193)
Net cash flow from operating activities	72,738	87,820	62,501

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITIES**

The Catchment Management Authorities (CMAs) are 13 statutory bodies established under the *Catchment Management Authorities Act 2003*.

The 13 Catchment Management Authorities are:

- Border Rivers-Gwydir Catchment Management Authority
- Central West Catchment Management Authority
- Hawkesbury-Nepean Catchment Management Authority
- Hunter-Central Rivers Catchment Management Authority
- Lachlan Catchment Management Authority
- Lower Murray-Darling Catchment Management Authority
- Murray Catchment Management Authority
- Murrumbidgee Catchment Management Authority
- Namoi Catchment Management Authority
- Northern Rivers Catchment Management Authority
- Southern Rivers Catchment Management Authority
- Sydney Metropolitan Catchment Management Authority
- Western Catchment Management Authority.

The CMAs facilitate and coordinate regional partnerships to deliver natural resource management funding on both private and public lands. This regional partnership between the Government, represented by CMAs, and communities ensures greater stakeholder say and involvement in how natural resources are managed in their catchments. Specific functions of the CMAs include developing and implementing Catchment Action Plans and associated investment programs, and issuing consents under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*.

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The CMAs are investing the majority of their funding in on-ground works, based on the strategic priorities for their regions outlined in each of their Catchment Action Plans. These on-ground works include rehabilitation and protection of native vegetation over thousands of hectares and the finalisation of over 1,172 Property Vegetation Plans.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

A key strategic priority for the CMAs is to achieve the thirteen State-wide natural resource management targets outlined in the State Plan. CMA Boards ensure that Catchment Action Plan implementation delivers both regional resource condition targets and the State-wide targets, and ensure that this is undertaken efficiently and effectively.

For 2009-10, the CMAs' investment programs will be funded by both NSW and Australian Government investment contributions. The NSW Government has provided funding of \$23.1 million under the Catchment Action NSW program. The known Australian Government funding for 2009-10 comprises \$35.3 million in base-level funding for CMAs, plus just over \$1 million in contestable funding already announced by the Australian Government. CMAs will also bid for additional 2009-10 Caring for our Country contestable funding, which will be announced by the Australian Government later in the financial year.

The CMAs continue to form vital funding partnerships with the community and other Government agencies. These partnerships have significantly improved outcomes in regional natural resource management. They generate extensive in-kind contributions from landholders and community volunteers, such as the Landcare movement, and financial and in-kind support from local government, industry and natural resource agencies.

The *Native Vegetation Act 2003* came into effect in December 2005. The CMAs are responsible for approving Property Vegetation Plans, or PVPs, which provide certainty for landholders about managing native vegetation. These PVPs also provide landholders with funding incentives to improve and protect native vegetation on their properties, for the benefit of the broader community.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 across the 13 CMAs are budgeted at \$124.7 million.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure for the 13 CMAs in 2009-10 is budgeted at \$300,000.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### BORDER RIVERS-GWYDIR CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	300	353	160
Grants and contributions	11,286	12,071	6,681
Other revenue	218	240	700
Total Retained Revenue	11,804	12,664	7,541
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5	5	5
Other operating expenses	3,447	3,528	3,968
Depreciation and amortisation	6	41	41
Grants and subsidies	9,559	9,838	3,727
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	13,017	13,412	7,741
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(1,213)	(748)	(200)

### BORDER RIVERS-GWYDIR CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets	2,956	4,732	3,263	
Receivables	502	836	681	
Total Current Assets	3,458	5,568	3,944	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	797	547	535	
Plant and equipment	67	187	181	
Total Non Current Assets	864	734	716	
Total Assets	4,322	6,302	4,660	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities Payables	343	2,206	764	
Provisions	285	331	331	
Total Current Liabilities	628	2,537	1,095	
Total Liabilities	628	2,537	1,095	
NET ASSETS	3,694	3,765	3,565	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	3,694	3,765	3,565	
TOTAL EQUITY	3,694	3,765	3,565	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### BORDER RIVERS-GWYDIR CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	300 11,379	353 12,144	160 7,377
Total Receipts	11,679	12,497	7,537
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 9,559 3,560	5 9,838 3,599	5 3,727 5,251
Total Payments	13,124	13,442	8,983
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,445)	(945)	(1,446)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,468)	(968)	(1,469)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,424	5,700	4,732
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,956	4,732	3,263
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(1,213) 6 (238)	(748) 41 (238)	(200) 41 (1,287)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(1,445)	(945)	(1,446)

### CENTRAL WEST CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	630	858	100	
Grants and contributions	22,673	14,819	8,201	
Other revenue	1,904	942	654	
Total Retained Revenue	25,207	16,619	8,955	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses - Employee related	5	5	5	
Other operating expenses	19,893	10,338	4,016	
Depreciation and amortisation	27	31	31	
Grants and subsidies	15,483	13,902	6,126	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	35,408	24,276	10,178	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(10,201)	(7,657)	(1,223)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### CENTRAL WEST CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	1,552 584	4,706 496	1,352 556
Total Current Assets	2,136	5,202	1,908
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -	454	100	400
Plant and equipment	154	130	122
Total Non Current Assets	154	130	122
Total Assets	2,290	5,332	2,030
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	1,825 328	3,119 360	1,040 360
Total Current Liabilities	2,153	3,479	1,400
Total Liabilities	2,153	3,479	1,400
NET ASSETS	137	1,853	630
EQUITY Accumulated funds	137	1,853	630
TOTAL EQUITY	137	1,853	630

### CENTRAL WEST CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	630 24,674	858 15,629	100 8,606
Total Receipts	25,304	16,487	8,706
Payments Employee related	5	5	5
Grants and subsidies Other	15,483 19,789	13,902 10,234	6,126 5,906
Total Payments	35,277	24,141	12,037
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(9,973)	(7,654)	(3,331)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(9,996)	(7,677)	(3,354)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,548	12,383	4,706
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,552	4,706	1,352
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(10,201) 27 201	(7,657) 31 (28)	(1,223) 31 (2,139)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(9,973)	(7,654)	(3,331)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### HAWKESBURY-NEPEAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	290	308	75
Grants and contributions	9,704	9,480	8,115
Other revenue	704	2,172	6,206
Total Retained Revenue	10,698	11,960	14,396
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -	5	5	5
Employee related Other operating expenses	4,187	5.701	9,513
Depreciation and amortisation	-,107	36	3,515
Grants and subsidies	6,083	5,933	4,878
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,291	11,675	14,432
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	407	285	(36)

#### HAWKESBURY-NEPEAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets Receivables	2,651 381	1,955 558	1,715 245	
Total Current Assets	3,032	2,513	1,960	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building Plant and equipment	3 196	2 179	2 166	
Total Non Current Assets	199	181	168	
Total Assets	3,231	2,694	2,128	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	1,822 443	1,306 456	776 456	
Total Current Liabilities	2,265	1,762	1,232	
Total Liabilities	2,265	1,762	1,232	
NET ASSETS	966	932	896	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	966	932	896	
TOTAL EQUITY	966	932	896	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### HAWKESBURY-NEPEAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	290 10,272	308 11,496	75 14,454
Total Receipts	10,562	11,804	14,529
<b>Payments</b> Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 6,083 3,554	5 5,933 5,048	5 4,878 9,863
Total Payments	9,642	10,986	14,746
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	920	818	(217)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	897	795	(240)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,754	1,160	1,955
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,651	1,955	1,715
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	407 16 497	285 36 497	(36) 36 (217)
Net cash flow from operating activities	920	818	(217)

## HUNTER-CENTRAL RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	738	1,013	320	
Grants and contributions	13,726	13,438	9,169	
Other revenue	5,816	3,877	3,854	
Total Retained Revenue	20,280	18,328	13,343	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	5	5	5	
Other operating expenses	11,269	9,675	8,341	
Depreciation and amortisation	120	143	143	
Grants and subsidies	9,472	9,091	5,697	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20,866	18,914	14,186	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(586)	(586)	(843)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## HUNTER-CENTRAL RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	2 890	10.004	6 094
Cash assets Receivables	3,889	10,824 1,440	6,081 1,345
Other financial assets	1,085 919	,	,
Inventories	48	76	 76
Total Current Assets	5,941	12,340	7,502
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	4,387	4,263	4,196
Plant and equipment	186	168	115
Intangibles	306	306	306
Total Non Current Assets	4,879	4,737	4,617
Total Assets	10,820	17,077	12,119
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	0.050	0.540	0.404
Payables Provisions	2,850 532	6,519 561	2,404 561
FIONSIONS	552	501	301
Total Current Liabilities	3,382	7,080	2,965
Total Liabilities	3,382	7,080	2,965
NET ASSETS	7,438	9,997	9,154
EQUITY			
Reserves	299	299	299
Accumulated funds	7,139	9,698	8,855
TOTAL EQUITY	7,438	9,997	9,154

## HUNTER-CENTRAL RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	738 19,344	1,013 16,947	320 12,788
Total Receipts	20,082	17,960	13,108
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 9,472 10,424	5 9,091 9,170	5 5,697 12,126
Total Payments	19,901	18,266	17,828
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	181	(306)	(4,720)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(31)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(31)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	158	(337)	(4,743)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,731	11,161	10,824
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,889	10,824	6,081
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(586) 120 647	(586) 143 137	(843) 143 (4,020)
Net cash flow from operating activities	181	(306)	(4,720)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### LACHLAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	189	877	125
Grants and contributions	9,297	10,510	8,298
Other revenue	65	1,140	654
Total Retained Revenue	9,551	12,527	9,077
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5	32	5
Other operating expenses	4,542	5,799	4,371
Depreciation and amortisation	25	41	31
Grants and subsidies	12,204	12,204	4,542
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	16,776	18,076	8,949
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(7,225)	(5,549)	128

### LACHLAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets Receivables	3,153 344	4,259 499	4,365 472	
Total Current Assets	3,497	4,758	4,837	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	211	238	230	
Total Non Current Assets	211	238	230	
Total Assets	3,708	4,996	5,067	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	481 387	790 477	733 477	
Total Current Liabilities	868	1,267	1,210	
Total Liabilities	868	1,267	1,210	
NET ASSETS	2,840	3,729	3,857	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	2,840	3,729	3,857	
TOTAL EQUITY	2,840	3,729	3,857	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### LACHLAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	189 9,240	877 11,447	125 8,780
Total Receipts	9,429	12,324	8,905
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 12,204 4,791	32 12,204 5,967	5 4,542 4,229
Total Payments	17,000	18,203	8,776
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(7,571)	(5,879)	129
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(7,594)	(5,902)	106
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,747	10,161	4,259
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,153	4,259	4,365
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(7,225) 25 (371)	(5,549) 41 (371)	128 31 (30)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(7,571)	(5,879)	129

## LOWER MURRAY-DARLING CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	345	1,274	233
Grants and contributions	8,748	9,138	5,710
Other revenue	525	764	525
Total Retained Revenue	9,618	11,176	6,468
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5	28	5
Other operating expenses	3,423	3,638	3,192
Depreciation and amortisation	13	21	13
Grants and subsidies	7,077	8,476	3,464
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,518	12,163	6,674
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(900)	(987)	(206)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## LOWER MURRAY-DARLING CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	5,564	7,684	5,972
Receivables	138	332	393
Total Current Assets	5,702	8,016	6,365
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	50	48	48
Plant and equipment	151	146	156
Total Non Current Assets	201	194	204
Total Assets	5,903	8,210	6,569
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Pavables	857	2.092	657
Provisions	318	226	226
Total Current Liabilities	1,175	2,318	883
Total Liabilities	1,175	2,318	883
NET ASSETS	4,728	5,892	5,686
EQUITY Accumulated funds	4,728	5,892	5,686
TOTAL EQUITY	4,728	5,892	5,686

## LOWER MURRAY-DARLING CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	345 9,233	1,274 9,818	233 6,058
Total Receipts	9,578	11,092	6,291
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 7,077 2,850	28 8,476 3,065	5 3,464 4,511
Total Payments	9,932	11,569	7,980
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(354)	(477)	(1,689)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(25)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(25)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(377)	(502)	(1,712)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,941	8,186	7,684
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,564	7,684	5,972
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(900) 13 533	(987) 21 489	(206) 13 (1,496)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(354)	(477)	(1,689)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### MURRAY CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	500	629	168
Grants and contributions	17,194	16,198	8,497
Other revenue	920	1,040	971
Total Retained Revenue	18,614	17,867	9,636
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5	20	5
Other operating expenses	6,065	5,725	4,413
Depreciation and amortisation	10	100	70
Grants and subsidies	16,526	15,476	5,866
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	22,606	21,321	10,354
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(3,992)	(3,454)	(718)

### MURRAY CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	4,505	4,258	4,114
Receivables	683	716	626
Inventories	637	1,091	1,091
Total Current Assets	5,825	6,065	5,831
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment	254	159	112
Total Non Current Assets	254	159	112
Total Assets	6,079	6,224	5,943
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	4 00 4	407	
Payables Provisions	1,034	427	864 321
Provisions	324	321	321
Total Current Liabilities	1,358	748	1,185
Total Liabilities	1,358	748	1,185
NET ASSETS	4,721	5,476	4,758
EQUITY Accumulated funds	4,721	5,476	4,758
TOTAL EQUITY	4,721	5,476	4,758
	-,	-,	-,

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### MURRAY CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

			2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Interest Other	500 18,010	629 17,134	168 9,421	
Total Receipts	18,510	17,763	9,589	
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 16,526 8,085	20 15,476 5,921	5 5,866 3,839	
Total Payments	24,616	21,417	9,710	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(6,106)	(3,654)	(121)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(6,129)	(3,677)	(144)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,634	7,935	4,258	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,505	4,258	4,114	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(3,992) 10 (2,124)	(3,454) 100 (300)	(718) 70 527	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(6,106)	(3,654)	(121)	

## MURRUMBIDGEE CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		<u> </u>		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000		
OPERATING STATEMENT					
Retained Revenue					
Investment income	200	1,520	100		
Grants and contributions	23,910	22,405	10,476		
Other revenue	2,300	1,181	690		
Total Retained Revenue	26,410	25,106	11,266		
Less:					
Expenses Excluding Losses					
Operating Expenses -	F	<i>_</i>	5		
Employee related Other operating expenses	5 8,127	5 8,196	э 4,659		
Depreciation and amortisation	35	55	4,039		
Grants and subsidies	18,521	18,471	6,602		
	10,021	10,171	0,002		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	26,688	26,727	11,321		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(278)	(1,621)	(55)		

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## MURRUMBIDGEE CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	1,420 365	3,869 753	2,982 680
Total Current Assets	1,785	4,622	3,662
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building Plant and equipment	160 131	150 109	128 99
Total Non Current Assets	291	259	227
Total Assets	2,076	4,881	3,889
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	1,222 557	4,300 526	3,363 526
Total Current Liabilities	1,779	4,826	3,889
Total Liabilities	1,779	4,826	3,889
NET ASSETS	297	55	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	297	55	
TOTAL EQUITY	297	55	

## MURRUMBIDGEE CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Interest Other	200 26,003	1,520 23,330	100 11,039	
Total Receipts	26,203	24,850	11,139	
Payments			_	
Employee related Grants and subsidies	5 18,521	5 18,471	5 6,602	
Other	9,886	15,757	5,396	
Total Payments	28,412	34,233	12,003	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,209)	(9,383)	(864)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(35)	(23)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(35)	(23)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2,232)	(9,418)	(887)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,652	13,287	3,869	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,420	3,869	2,982	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year	(278)	(1,621)	(55)	
Non cash items added back	35	55	<b>`</b> 55	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(1,966)	(7,817)	(864)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2,209)	(9,383)	(864)	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## NAMOI CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	80	523	97
Grants and contributions	8,674	8,680	6,415
Other revenue	75	1,225	780
Total Retained Revenue	8,829	10,428	7,292
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5	20	5
Other operating expenses	6,927	4,767	4,059
Depreciation and amortisation	22	46	26
Grants and subsidies	7,198	7,198	3,486
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,152	12,031	7,576
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(5,323)	(1,603)	(284)

## NAMOI CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	1,809 451	2,811 241	2,055 241	
Total Current Assets	2,260	3,052	2,296	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	213	183	180	
Total Non Current Assets	213	183	180	
Total Assets	2,473	3,235	2,476	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions	599 375	985 437	510 437	
Total Current Liabilities	974	1,422	947	
Total Liabilities	974	1,422	947	
NET ASSETS	1,499	1,813	1,529	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,499	1,813	1,529	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,499	1,813	1,529	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## NAMOI CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	80 8,809	523 9,785	97 7,040
Total Receipts	8,889	10,308	7,137
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 7,198 7,001	20 7,198 4,861	5 3,486 4,379
Total Payments	14,204	12,079	7,870
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(5,315)	(1,771)	(733)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(3)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(3)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(5,338)	(1,774)	(756)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	7,147	4,585	2,811
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,809	2,811	2,055
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(5,323) 22 (14)	(1,603) 46 (214)	(284) 26 (475)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(5,315)	(1,771)	(733)

## NORTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	50	705	50	
Grants and contributions	13,919	12,890	9,427	
Other revenue	654	1,354	400	
Total Retained Revenue	14,623	14,949	9,877	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -	5	F	F	
Employee related Other operating expenses	э 4,896	5 6,312	5 4,697	
Depreciation and amortisation	4,090	12	4,097	
Grants and subsidies	9,962	8,928	5,376	
Grants and subsidies	9,902	0,920	5,570	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,869	15,257	10,091	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(246)	(308)	(214)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## NORTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets	2,256	2,947	2,072	
Receivables	235	185	185	
Total Current Assets	2,491	3,132	2,257	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	87	62	72	
Total Non Current Assets	87	62	72	
Total Assets	2,578	3,194	2,329	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	551 405	1,057 309	406 309	
Total Current Liabilities	956	1,366	715	
Total Liabilities	956	1,366	715	
NET ASSETS	1,622	1,828	1,614	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,622	1,828	1,614	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,622	1,828	1,614	

## NORTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	50 14,385	705 14,050	50 9,603
Total Receipts	14,435	14,755	9,653
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 9,962 6,108	5 8,928 7,518	5 5,376 5,124
Total Payments	16,075	16,451	10,505
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,640)	(1,696)	(852)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,663)	(1,719)	(875)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,919	4,666	2,947
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,256	2,947	2,072
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(246) 6 (1,400)	(308) 12 (1,400)	(214) 13 (651)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(1,640)	(1,696)	(852)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SOUTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		- 2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	185	1,179	147	
Grants and contributions	15,157	14,134	7,828	
Other revenue	180	2,010	998	
Total Retained Revenue	15,522	17,323	8,973	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	5	10	5	
Other operating expenses	4,957	7,146	5,667	
Depreciation and amortisation	20	20	24	
Grants and subsidies	8,866	9,762	4,261	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	13,848	16,938	9,957	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	1,674	385	(984)	

## SOUTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	2,769 229	4,875 236	2,474 307	
Total Current Assets	2,998	5,111	2,781	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	92	93	92	
Total Non Current Assets	92	93	92	
Total Assets	3,090	5,204	2,873	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions	966 439	2,406 610	1,059 610	
Total Current Liabilities	1,405	3,016	1,669	
Total Liabilities	1,405	3,016	1,669	
NET ASSETS	1,685	2,188	1,204	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,685	2,188	1,204	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,685	2,188	1,204	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SOUTHERN RIVERS CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Interest Other	185 15,198	1,179 15,988	147 8,570	
Total Receipts	15,383	17,167	8,717	
<b>Payments</b> Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 8,866 4,890	10 9,762 7,079	5 4,261 6,829	
Total Payments	13,761	16,851	11,095	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,622	316	(2,378)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	1,599	293	(2,401)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,170	4,582	4,875	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,769	4,875	2,474	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,674 20 (72)	385 20 (89)	(984) 24 (1,418)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,622	316	(2,378)	

### SYDNEY METROPOLITAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	305	629	67	
Grants and contributions	4,332	4,336	3,719	
Other revenue	800	1,653	2,220	
Total Retained Revenue	5,437	6,618	6,006	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -	_	-	_	
Employee related	5	5	5	
Other operating expenses	3,569 15	4,492 15	4,576 15	
Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies				
Grants and subsidies	1,278	1,427	1,725	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,867	5,939	6,321	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	570	679	(315)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SYDNEY METROPOLITAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets	1,060	2,018	1,333	
Receivables	117	2,018	243	
Total Current Assets	1,177	2,269	1,576	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	138	128	136	
Total Non Current Assets	138	128	136	
Total Assets	1,315	2,397	1,712	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	215 255	1,080 191	710 191	
Total Current Liabilities	470	1,271	901	
Total Liabilities	470	1,271	901	
NET ASSETS	845	1,126	811	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	845	1,126	811	
TOTAL EQUITY	845	1,126	811	

## SYDNEY METROPOLITAN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10	
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Interest Other	305 5,041	629 5,898	67 5,839	
Total Receipts	5,346	6,527	5,906	
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 1,278 3,485	5 1,427 4,408	5 1,725 4,838	
Total Payments	4,768	5,840	6,568	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	578	687	(662)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	555	664	(685)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	505	1,354	2,018	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,060	2,018	1,333	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Surplus/(deficit) for year	570	679	(315)	
Non cash items added back	15	15	15	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(7)	(7)	(362)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	578	687	(662)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### WESTERN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	610	884	214	
Grants and contributions	10,151	10,853	6,760	
Other revenue	730	831	327	
Total Retained Revenue	11,491	12,568	7,301	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	5	20	5	
Other operating expenses	4,836	4.007	2,871	
Depreciation and amortisation	10	10	10	
Grants and subsidies	10,754	9,890	4,077	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	15,605	13,927	6,963	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(4,114)	(1,359)	338	

## WESTERN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	4,208 239	5,784 821	4,928 466	
Total Current Assets	4,447	6,605	5,394	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	51	77	90	
Total Non Current Assets	51	77	90	
Total Assets	4,498	6,682	5,484	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions	1,849 303	2,515 370	979 370	
1 1001310113		570	570	
Total Current Liabilities	2,152	2,885	1,349	
Total Liabilities	2,152	2,885	1,349	
NET ASSETS	2,346	3,797	4,135	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	2,346	3,797	4,135	
TOTAL EQUITY	2,346	3,797	4,135	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## WESTERN CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Interest Other	610 10,765	884 11,568	214 7,309	
Total Receipts	11,375	12,452	7,523	
<b>Payments</b> Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	5 10,754 4,672	20 9,890 3,843	5 4,077 4,274	
Total Payments	15,431	13,753	8,356	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,056)	(1,301)	(833)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(23)	(23)	(23)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(4,079)	(1,324)	(856)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,287	7,108	5,784	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,208	5,784	4,928	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(4,114) 10 48	(1,359) 10 48	338 10 (1,181)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(4,056)	(1,301)	(833)	

NSW Businesslink Pty Limited (Businesslink) is a wholly government owned shared services company that provides a broad range of corporate, governance, operational and organisational infrastructure services and facilities to its clients so as to enable them to deliver their core services in a more cost effective manner.

Businesslink drives benefits to its clients through economies of scale and effective capital expenditure deployment.

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09, Businesslink:

- implemented new tools, capability and organisation structures for the provision and management of data storage that will efficiently support growing client demands and business needs
- completed a strategic analysis, road map and product selection to provide a standard tool set for the integration of core software services
- continued ongoing human resources development, including implementation of the Graduate Recruitment and Development Program
- continued the building of "centres of capability", particularly in software applications and taxation services and
- developed a comprehensive data centre risk mitigation strategy as part of its efforts to manage business continuity.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

In 2009-10, Businesslink will continue to:

- seek opportunities that improve service delivery and capabilities for our clients
- realise benefits through financial performance transparency
- provide rigorous governance, compliance, quality and control solutions and
- enhance environmental accountability and sustainable development performance and outcomes.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for Businesslink in 2009-10 are estimated at \$175 million.

## **Capital Expenditure**

Businesslink's 2009-10 asset acquisition program of \$24.3 million will fund the following initiatives and is focussed on risk and business continuity matters plus projects that meet return on investment criteria:

- shared services data centre relocation (\$1.6 million)
- provision of shared services managed desktop and printing solutions to replace ageing personal computers and printer fleet (\$4.5 million)
- upgrade ageing and expand capacity of existing information technology solutions and infrastructure (\$5.3 million)
- shared services procure-to-pay solution implementation (\$4.1million)
- service management software upgrade (\$500,000)
- shared services collaboration solutions development for document sharing, knowledge management and video communications (\$600,000)
- identity management solution development (\$2 million) and
- information technology infrastructure expansion to service new clients (\$5.7 million).

There is scope for Businesslink's capital program to vary in response to changing priorities and emerging demands of its clients.

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	113,216	126,814	134,135
Investment income	500	356	160
Grants and contributions	29,771	30,820	31,732
Other revenue		2,050	9,370
Total Retained Revenue	143,487	160,040	175,397
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses - Employee related	23.594	33,636	29,592
Other operating expenses	104,497	143,635	128,432
Depreciation and amortisation	13.885	12,500	16,191
Finance costs	950	800	749
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	142,926	190,571	174,964
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)*	561	(30,531)	433

\* Revised deficit in 2008-09 is affected by a \$29.7 million revaluation increase in superannuation defined benefit liabilities.

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		)8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets	0 700	0.740	c 007	
Cash assets	8,792	9,719	6,397	
Receivables	14,800	13,805	13,805	
Total Current Assets	23,592	23,524	20,202	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	434	1,314	854	
Plant and equipment	14,469	13,222	19,357	
Intangibles	12,496	20,582	23,016	
Total Non Current Assets	27,399	35,118	43,227	
Total Assets	50,991	58,642	63,429	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables*	22,009	58,417	59,171	
Borrowings at amortised cost	7,300	8,300	10,300	
Other		1,600	3,200	
Total Current Liabilities	29,309	68,317	72,671	
Non Current Liabilities				
Borrowings at amortised cost	4,569	4,679	4,679	
Other		544	544	
Total Non Current Liabilities	4,569	5,223	5,223	
Total Liabilities	33,878	73,540	77,894	
NET ASSETS	17,113	(14,898)	(14,465)	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	17,113	(14,898)	(14,465)	
TOTAL EQUITY*	17,113	(14,898)	(14,465)	

\* Revised payables and total equity in 2008-09 and 2009-10 are affected by a \$29.7 million revaluation increase in superannuation defined benefit liabilities. For the purposes of maintaining Businesslink's solvency the NSW Government guaranteed that funds or facilities will be provided, if necessary, to meet it's liabilities.

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		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	113,216	126,814	134,135
Interest	500	356	160
Other	49,003	52,102	60,334
Total Receipts	162,719	179,272	194,629
Payments	00 50 4		
Employee related Finance costs	23,594 950	33,636 800	29,592 749
Other	123,729	128,712	145,310
Total Payments	148,273	163,148	175,651
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	14,446	16,124	18,978
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(7,000)	(6,750)	(12,150)
Other	(5,500)	(11,250)	(12,150)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(12,500)	(18,000)	(24,300)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances			2,000
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(2,000)	(1,000)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,000)	(1,000)	2,000
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(54)	(2,876)	(3,322)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,846	12,595	9,719
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8,792	9,719	6,397
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	561	(30,531)	433
Non cash items added back	13,885	12,500	16,191
Change in operating assets and liabilities		34,155	2,354
Net cash flow from operating activities	14,446	16,124	18,978

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The State Records Authority is the State's archives institution and records management authority and administers the *State Records Act 1998*. The Authority's whole-of-government strategy, regulatory and archival functions and services receive funding support from the Budget (through the Department of Commerce) while the Government Records Repository, operated by the State Records Authority, is self-funded.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority is working towards the following results:

- Good governance is assisted by reliable, well-managed public sector records that are available when needed.
- The community is enriched by the State's official archives that are preserved and available as a cultural and information resource.

Key services provided by the Authority contributing to these results include:

- regulating, guiding and promoting best practice in public sector records retention, disposal and management
- providing non current records storage and associated services to the sector
- identifying, documenting and preserving the State's official archives and
- promoting and providing access to the State archives by the community.

The key services provided by the Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results		Budget	sults
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Good governance assisted by quality official records	Community enriched by official archives		
Regulation, Guidance and Promoting Best Practice	1.6	4	~		
Storing Non Current Records	8.9	√	✓		
Documenting and Preserving the Archives	3.6		~		
Reference Services and Outreach	3.0		$\checkmark$		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17.1				

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Authority has been working to improve the retention and disposal of records by public sector bodies and on better management of digital records across the sector.

The proportion of public offices with comprehensive retention/disposal authorities (defining how long their records must be retained) has reached 80 per cent and is growing. The Authority provided centralised storage for 410 kilometres of public sector non current records, representing significant savings through the avoided costs of using office accommodation.

The Authority works closely with the Government Chief Information Office, which is a unit within the Department of Commerce, on a range of whole-of-government digital records and archives projects.

The Authority continued with the development of its online catalogues to the State archives and increased the number of individual records catalogued to an expected 270,000 in 2008-09. Visits to the Authority's reading rooms remained steady at an expected 61,000 and online visits (unique user sessions) are growing.

Over the last five years total expenses have increased from \$15 million in 2004-05 to an expected \$16.7 million in 2008-09.

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## **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Authority's key priority in 2009-10 will be to continue the whole-of-government records management strategies noted above, with the aims that all agencies have:

- comprehensive records retention and disposal authority coverage by 2010 and
- records management and business application systems that are fully compliant with the Government's standards and specifications for digital records by 2012.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are budgeted at \$17.1 million in 2009-10. This includes:

- \$8.2 million for the Authority's regulatory and archival collection and service delivery functions and
- \$8.9 million for operating expenses of the Government Records Repository.

## **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$345,000 for the replacement and upgrade of plant and equipment.

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	11,348	11,614	12,144
Investment income	55	110	70
Grants and contributions	5,849	6,042	5,915
Total Retained Revenue	17,252	17,766	18,129
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Other operating expenses	13,501	14,150	14,455
Depreciation and amortisation	1,905	2,162	2,322
Finance costs	375	375	340
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	15,781	16,687	17,117
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	1,471	1,079	1,012

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash assets	2 0 2 1	2 247	6 204
Receivables	3,821 1,555	3,247 2,106	6,384 1,966
Inventories	107	102	102
Other	877	958	978
Total Current Assets	6,360	6,413	9,430
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -	10.070	10 100	
Land and building	40,376 7,114	49,100	47,200
Plant and equipment Intangibles	7,114	6,522 35	6,457 23
intangibles			25
Total Non Current Assets	47,504	55,657	53,680
Total Assets	53,864	62,070	63,110
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	4.440		
Payables Borrowings at amortised cost	1,113	832	840 3,765
Provisions	 1,987	 2,158	2,178
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Total Current Liabilities	3,100	2,990	6,783
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	5,735	5,870	2,105
Total Non Current Liabilities	5,735	5,870	2,105
Total Liabilities	8,835	8,860	8,888
NET ASSETS	45,029	53,210	54,222
EQUITY			
Reserves	4,823	12,877	12,877
Accumulated funds	40,206	40,333	41,345

	8-09	2009-10	
Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
11.303	11.369	12,294	
55	110	70	
7,020	7,163	7,027	
18,378	18,642	19,391	
25		20	
		340 15,549	
14,010	14,300	15,545	
15,018	15,380	15,909	
3,360	3,262	3,482	
	2		
(345)		(345)	
	(26)		
(345)	(1,182)	(345)	
	11		
(1,126)	(1,126)		
(1,126)	(1,115)		
1,889	965	3,137	
1,932	2,282	3,247	
3,821	3,247	6,384	
1 471	1 079	1,012	
		2,322	
(16)	21	148	
3,360	3,262	3,482	
	\$000 11,303 55 7,020 <b>18,378</b> 25 375 14,618 <b>15,018</b> <b>3,360</b> (345)  (345)  (1,126) <b>(1,126)</b> <b>1,889</b> 1,932 <b>3,821</b> 1,471 1,905 (16)	\$000         \$000           11,303         11,369           55         110           7,020         7,163           18,378         18,642           25         25           375         375           14,618         14,980           15,018         15,380           3,360         3,262           (345)         (1,158)            2           (345)         (1,182)            11           (1,126)         (1,115)           1,889         965           1,932         2,282           3,821         3,247           1,471         1,079           1,905         2,162           (16)         21	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR AGEING, MINISTER FOR DISABILITY SERVICES, AND MINISTER FOR ABORIGINAL AFFAIRS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Ageing, Disability and Home Care			
Total Expenses	2,024.2	2,262.4	11.8
Capital Expenditure	115.2	145.4	26.2
Home Care Service of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	206.3	207.1	0.4
Capital Expenditure	3.0	3.0	
Department of Aboriginal Affairs			
Total Expenses	35.2	31.4	-10.9
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
Total, Minister for Ageing, Minister for Disability Services, and Minister for Aboriginal Affairs			
Total Expenses	2,265.7	2,500.9	10.4
Capital Expenditure	118.3	148.5	25.5

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# DEPARTMENT OF AGEING, DISABILITY AND HOME CARE

The Department of Ageing, Disability and Home Care is responsible for delivering programs and policies that assist older people, people with a disability and their carers to participate in community life. The Department is both a purchaser and provider of services and shares responsibility for clients with a number of other Government agencies that deliver services in areas such as health care, transport, family and children's services, and housing.

The support services provided by the Department comply with the requirements in the *Disability Services Act 1993*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priority:

• F2: Increased employment and community participation for people with disabilities.

The Department helps older people, people with a disability and their families and carers to participate in community life by working towards the following results:

- Older people and people with a disability are able to live in their own homes and have opportunities to participate in community activities.
- People with a disability who cannot remain in their own home are assisted to live in specialist accommodation.

Key services provided by the Department that contribute to these results include:

- providing community support programs including respite, skills development, day activity, personal assistance, intensive personal care (attendant care programs) and community care services for frail older people, people with a disability and their families and carers
- providing short-term interventions including therapy, case management and family support programs in home settings for people with a disability and
- providing specialist accommodation such as community housing or large residential centres to provide care for people with a disability who cannot remain in their own home.

The key services provided by the Department, and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Res	sults	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Sustained community and home living	Specialist accommodation support	
Ongoing Community Support	937.4	$\checkmark$		
Short-Term Interventions	290.1	$\checkmark$		
Supported Accommodation	1,034.8		$\checkmark$	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,262.4			

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Department has had an increase in funding of \$475.2 million (30.7 per cent) over the four years to 2008-09. The majority of the growth has occurred since 2006-07 with the commitment by the NSW Government of a record investment of more than \$1.3 billion in new funding over a five year period to support *Stronger Together: A new direction for disability services 2006-2016.* 

This increased funding has allowed services to be restructured and expanded to better manage projected increases in demand. The Department has provided additional services to over 44,700 people, an increase of 40 per cent since the *Stronger Together* program commenced. Over 54 per cent of the total budget is allocated to the Sustained Community and Home Living result area which helps people to live in their own homes and prevents people from needing higher cost supports such as specialist accommodation or other supports in aged care or the health care system.

The other major growth in expenditure for the Department is for the Home and Community Care (HACC) program. HACC expenditure has grown by 22.4 per cent over the four years to 2008-09, mainly in response to ageing of the population.

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## **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

In 2006-07, the NSW Government released a ten-year strategy, *Stronger Together:* A new direction for disability services. Stronger Together provides more assistance for people with disabilities to live in their own home. It will also increase the range of specialist accommodation services for those unable to live at home.

The record investment in *Stronger Together* of more than \$1.3 billion in new funding from 2006-07 over a five year period comprises:

- \$1 billion over five years for community inclusion supporting adults with disabilities to live in and be part of the community
- \$242 million over five years for improving services fairer and clearer ways to access services, greater accountability and more opportunities for innovation and
- \$83 million over five years for strengthening families enabling children with disabilities to grow up in a family and participate in the community.

In 2008-09, the Federal Government committed \$303 million over a four year period for the Disability Assistance Package. The Disability Assistance Package will provide further assistance to support older carers of adults and children with disabilities living in their own home. It will also increase the range of specialist accommodation services for those unable to live at home.

Also in 2008-09, the Commonwealth and State and Territory Governments, through the Council of Australian Governments, agreed to the new National Disability Agreement. The National Disability Agreement commits the Commonwealth and the States to strive, through the provision of disability support services and various reform measures, to help people with disabilities and their carers achieve an enhanced quality of life and participate as valued members of the community.

Key strategies for 2009-10 include implementing *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*. The Department will establish a Child Wellbeing Unit to advise, support and educate frontline mandatory reporting staff to identify when a child is at risk of significant harm, and in less serious cases, to identify appropriate local action or referral (\$1 million over four years). The Unit will be established by late 2009, and will begin full operation in 2010.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

The Department's total expenses in 2009-10 are \$2.3 billion – an increase of \$238 million or 11.8 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget. This increase reflects continued growth in the five year *Stronger Together* program funding, additional Australian Government funding and growth in grants to the NGO sector.

### Sustained Community and Home Living

The Government will provide a range of services and support designed to enable older people and people with a disability to continue to live in their own home and to participate in community life.

The expenditure on these services includes:

- ♦ \$58 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$10.6 million over 2008-09) to increase support from three days a week to four days a week (and five days for people with very high support needs) for people with a significant disability who leave school but are unable to enter the workforce. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11, an estimated 6,240 people will be supported via the Department's post-school programs at a cost of \$235.5 million
- \$37.6 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$23.5 million over 2008-09) for an additional 319 attendant care (intensive in-home support) places. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 an additional 612 places will be provided at a cost of \$120.1 million
- \$8.3 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$3 million over 2008-09) to provide intensive support packages for children and young people and their families. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 an additional 1,840 packages will be provided at a cost of \$31 million
- ♦ \$11.9 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$4 million over 2008-09) for additional therapy places. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 therapy places will increase by 2,880 at a cost of \$41 million
- \$31.9 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$17.2 million over 2008-09) to provide 994 new flexible respite packages. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 an additional 2,243 packages will be provided at a cost of \$110.7 million

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- \$9.8 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$2 million over 2008-09) for day program places. An additional 780 places will be provided over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 at a cost of \$33 million and
- ◆ \$5 million over four years (\$1.5 million in 2009-10) to provide intensive assistance for 410 children and their families with managing problem behaviours, both at home and at school.

## Specialist Accommodation Support

Under this result, the Department provides and funds specialist care programs to assist people with a disability who are unable to remain in their own home. The services are predominantly supported accommodation in the community or large residential settings.

Total expenditure on these services includes:

- \$155.1 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$45.8 million over 2008-09) to fund 969 supported accommodation places. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11, there will be an additional 1,370 places, with costs over the five years totalling \$590 million
- \$2.7 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$700,000 over 2008-09) to trial new accommodation support models, in partnership with Housing NSW and community housing providers. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 up to 40 people will transition from group homes at a cost of \$10 million and
- \$23.3 million in 2009-10 (an increase of \$5.6 million over 2008-09) to prevent young people entering nursing homes, improve the circumstances of younger people in nursing homes and develop alternative models of support for young people living in nursing homes. Over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 \$80 million will be spent.

In addition, across both result areas the Government will:

- employ 100 new case managers at a cost of \$53.3 million over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11 (\$14.6 million in 2009-10) to help 4,000 disabled and frail older people access the services they need and
- expand training for Government and non-government disability workers at a cost of \$15.4 million (\$2 million in 2009-10) over the period 2006-07 to 2010-11.

### Capital Expenditure

The Department's capital expenditure program allocation for 2009-10 is \$145.4 million including:

- \$60 million for accommodation facilities for clients under *Stronger Together*
- \$3.7 million for the implementation of Stage 2 of the Client Information System
- \$19.1 million for acquisition of supported accommodation places for new clients
- \$10 million for acquisition of accommodation places to support older carers of adults and children who are unable to continue to live at home
- \$25.3 million for the redevelopment of the Peat Island facility to a 100-bed village style accommodation for people with an intellectual disability who are ageing and a 20-bed cluster accommodation
- \$6.2 million to reconfigure the Lachlan Centres as specialist State-wide accommodation services for people with challenging behaviours
- \$10.8 million for improvements to, or replacement of, the Department's existing accommodation facilities and
- \$10.3 million for minor works and preplanning.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS\***

#### Sustained community and home living

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
People accessing disability and HACC services <sup>(a)</sup> People with a severe or	no.	378,000	480,000	493,000	493,000	506,000
accessing disability services <sup>(b)</sup> People with a moderate/severe	no./1,000 relevant population no./1,000	160.5	172.6	181.4	181.4	186.9
or profound disability accessing HACC services <sup>(c)</sup> p	relevant population	236.0	243.9	252.0	252.0	261.0

(a) This indicator shows the growth of clients who are now accessing non-specialist disability and HACC services.

- (b) This indicator shows the increase in access for people under 65 with severe/profound disabilities to non-specialist disability services.
- (c) This indicator shows the increase in access for people with moderate/severe or profound disability to HACC services.

#### Specialist accommodation support

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
People in out-of-home arrangements <sup>(a)</sup> People with severe/profound disabilities (intellectual	no.	7,300	7,400	7,600	7,600	7,900
and related disabilities types only) who are receiving DADHC services <sup>(b)</sup>	no./1,000 relevant population	345.7	346.9	352.2	354.4	366.8

(a) This indicator shows the growth of clients who are now accessing out-of-home arrangements.

- (b) This indicator shows the increase in access for people between 15 to 65 with severe/profound disability (intellectual and related disabilities only) to specialist disability accommodation support services.
- \* Improvements in the Department's data collection systems in 2008-09 show that some indicators had been under-reported in previous years. These have now been updated.

# **SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS\***

# **13.1 Ongoing Community Support**

Service Description:	with a d	This service group covers services that assist older people and people with a disability to live in their own home environment and to participate in the community with some ongoing support.						
Linkage to Results:	Home Liv including: Peop comr	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the result Sustained Community and Home Living by working towards a range of intermediate results including:</li> <li>People with a disability improve living skills and participate in the community and carers of frail older people with a disability are provided with respite.</li> </ul>						
			t services e in their h			and peop	ple with a	
			and people ng intensiv			e in their o	wn homes	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast	
People in post-school People receiving respi		no.	4,450	5,220	5,600	5,600	6,100	
services		no.	33,200	48,600	50,500	50,500	52,500	
People receiving perso assistance	onal	no.	140,020	183,000	188,500	188,500	194,000	
Employees:		FTE	657	659	639	640	664	

Improvements in the Department's data collection systems in 2008-09 show that some measures had been under-reported in previous years. These have now been updated. \*

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 <sup></sup> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	793,680	877,755	937,377		
Total expenses include the following: Grants and subsidies - disability services Grants and subsidies - HACC services Employee related costs	248,915 443,800 65,278	324,660 447,425 65,695	336,534 494,059 70,441		
NET COST OF SERVICES	778,951	850,022	923,721		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,754	3,291	3,202		
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# **13.2 Short-Term Interventions**

Service Description:	This service group covers assistance to older people and people with a disability to develop skills and abilities to live in the community with minimal support.							
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	Home Livin include: Childre Theragenetics disabil	<ul> <li>Children with a disability live with their parents.</li> <li>Therapies and interventions assist older people and people with a disability to maximise their independence.</li> </ul>						
					unity suppor			
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual		2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Families and children receiving support People receiving therap	y and	no.	6,570	7,500	8,500	8,500	9,500	
interventions Seniors card holders		no. no.	63,330 950,000	67,400 930,000	70,800 1,010,000	70,800 945,000	74,750 960,000	
Employees:		FTE	813	807	925	942	890	
							2009-10	
				Bud \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			275,	538 26	694	290,149	
Total expenses inclu Grants and subsid	lies - disabili	ty servi		100,9		32,003	110,488	
Grants and subsic Employee related		Service	5	39,8 101,0		36,912 05,469	43,681 99,740	
NET COST OF SERVIC	ES			274,7	101 26	6,797	289,711	
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	RE			4,3	394	4,937	4,804	

#### **13.3 Supported Accommodation**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers adequate alternate support arrangements for people with a disability to assist them to live in suitable accommodation and to participate in the community.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the result Specialist Accommodation Support by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- Accommodation services are affordable and high quality.
- People with a disability who have lost or are at risk of losing their accommodation supports have access to suitable accommodation.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
People in intensive supported accommodation Bed utilisation in DADHC's	no.	7,300	7,400	7,600	7,600	8,100
operated services	%	95.7	96.1	96.1	96.1	96.1
Employees:	FTE	5,028	5,228	5,240	5,434	5,503
				2008-09		
				Budget Revised \$000 \$000		Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						

Total Expenses Excluding Losses	954,963	975,647	1,034,837
Total expenses include the following: Grants and subsidies - disability services Employee related costs	438,856 406,558	426,632 419,442	495,096 423,253
NET COST OF SERVICES	917,241	939,525	996,286
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	105,083	106,238	137,364

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 13 DEPARTMENT OF AGEING, DISABILITY AND HOME CARE

	20	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	572,878	599,117	593,434
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	124,293 24,062	147,546 24,062	135,140 23,121
Grants and subsidies	1,284,795	1,330,218	1,492,484
Other expenses	18,153	21,153	18,184
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,024,181	2,122,096	2,262,363
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	40,229	42,303	41,123
Investment income	6,396	4,603	4,059
Grants and contributions Other revenue	6,652	8,152 11,726	6,805 2,077
Other revenue	1,643	11,720	2,077
Total Retained Revenue	54,920	66,784	54,064
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(670)	(670)	(1,057)
Other gains/(losses)	(362)	(362)	(362)
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,970,293	2,056,344	2,209,718
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	1,970,293	2,056,344	2,209,718
Recurrent Services Appropriation	1,935,451	2,014,307	2,172,123
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	115,231	114,466	145,370
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	115,231	112,666	145,370

# 13 DEPARTMENT OF AGEING, DISABILITY AND HOME CARE

		2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets	CO 040	F7 700	75 000	
Cash assets Receivables	60,048 26,091	57,769 24,000	75,098 24,300	
Inventories	300	24,000	24,300	
Total Current Assets	86,439	82,019	99,648	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	628,455	624,967	719,306	
Plant and equipment	33,379	44,003	46,445	
Intangibles	17,104	20,988	20,027	
Total Non Current Assets	678,938	689,958	785,778	
Total Assets	765,377	771,977	885,426	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	21,840	27,350	27,350	
Provisions Other	54,551 73	52,200 531	53,200 531	
Other	75	551	551	
Total Current Liabilities	76,464	80,081	81,081	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions		316	316	
Other	7,620	8,340	8,340	
Total Non Current Liabilities	7,620	8,656	8,656	
Total Liabilities	84,084	88,737	89,737	
NET ASSETS	681,293	683,240	795,689	
EQUITY				
Reserves	132,936	138,266	119,944	
Accumulated funds	548,357	544,974	675,745	
TOTAL EQUITY	681,293	683,240	795,689	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 13 DEPARTMENT OF AGEING, DISABILITY AND HOME CARE

		Budget Revised	
	\$000	\$000	\$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	547,502	559,547	569,438
Grants and subsidies Other	1,284,795 251,422	1,330,218 316,300	1,492,484 263,324
Total Payments	2,083,719	2,206,065	2,325,246
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	40,229	42,303	41,123
Interest	6,596	6,971	3,759
Other	119,190	174,010	118,520
Total Receipts	166,015	223,284	163,402
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6 (1,917,704)	(1,982,781)	(2,161,844)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4,465	4,465	7,050
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(112,131)	(109,566)	(141,670)
Other	(3,100)	(4,900)	(3,700)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(110,766)	(110,001)	(138,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	1,935,451	2,014,307	2,172,123
Capital appropriation	115,231	112,666	145,370
Asset sale proceeds transferred to the			
Consolidated Fund Entity		(3,989)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	2,050,682	2,122,984	2,317,493
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	22,212	30,202	17,329
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	37,836	27,567	57,769
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	60,048	57,769	75,098
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(1,970,293)	(2,056,344)	(2,209,718)
Non cash items added back	46,987	55,716	46,117
Change in operating assets and liabilities	5,602	17,847	1,757
Net cash flow from operating activities	(1,917,704)	(1,982,781)	(2,161,844)

The Home Care Service of NSW provides home-based assistance to frail older people and younger people with a disability and their carers. The governing legislation is the *Home Care Service Act 1988*.

The Home Care Service aims to assist people who have difficulty managing to remain at home by providing basic support services that include domestic assistance, personal care assistance and respite care. The Home Care Service's results and services are captured under those of the Department of Ageing, Disability and Home Care as it funds Home Care Service via a Home and Community Care grant.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Improvements in business systems and processes continue to be a focus of the Service, with significant emphasis on business practice reform including the potential for automated solutions around work practices and the efficiencies potentially generated.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

In 2009-10 the Service will continue to focus on:

- the efficiency of service delivery
- ongoing relationships with stakeholders and clients and
- improving the timeliness of intake and assessment processes while ensuring services reflect client need.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenditure for the Home Care Service in 2009-10 is \$207.1 million including employee related expenditure of \$163.9 million.

# Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure for the Home Care Service in 2009-10 is \$3 million including \$500,000 for plant and equipment and \$2.5 million for the replacement of motor vehicles.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	163,220	176,754	163,853
Other operating expenses	41,411	42,604	41,545
Depreciation and amortisation	1,661	1,719	1,703
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	206,292	221,077	207,101
Less: Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	29,610	28,686	29,205
Investment income	3,759	870	2,160
Grants and contributions	172,496	172,414	175,232
Other revenue	568	8,825	205
Total Retained Revenue	206,433	210,795	206,802
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		284	
Other gains/(losses)	(202)	(530)	(207)
NET COST OF SERVICES	61	10,528	506

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	44,341	31,481	31,041
Receivables	5,327	4,968	4,968
Total Current Assets	49,668	36,449	36,009
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment -	15,263	13,560	13,560
Land and building	552	345	323
Plant and equipment	4,350	4,593	4,540
Total Non Current Assets	20,165	18,498	18,423
Total Assets	69,833	54,947	54,432
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Payables	6,091	6 270	6,361
Provisions	22,100	6,370 20,358	20,358
Other	19	20,000	20,550
Total Current Liabilities	28,210	26,728	26,719
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	2,000	13,891	13,891
Total Non Current Liabilities	2,000	13,891	13,891
Total Liabilities	30,210	40,619	40,610
NET ASSETS	39,623	14,328	13,822
EQUITY			
Reserves	321	318	318
Accumulated funds	39,302	14,010	13,504
TOTAL EQUITY	39,623	14,328	13,822

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	162,921 58,917	166,379 64,158	163,853 59,921
Total Payments	221,838	230,537	223,774
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services Interest	29,610	28,306	28,998
Other	3,259 190,283	2,022 199,627	2,160 193,804
Total Receipts	223,152	229,955	224,962
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,314	(582)	1,188
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	4 000	4 00 4	4 070
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	1,339 (3,000)	1,624 (3,000)	1,372 (3,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,661)	(1,376)	(1,628)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(347)	(1,958)	(440)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	44,688	33,439	31,481
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	44,341	31,481	31,041
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(61)	(10,528)	(506)
Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,161 214	2,871 7,075	1,703 (9)
	<u> </u>	.,070	(3)
Net cash flow from operating activities	1,314	(582)	1,188

The Department of Aboriginal Affairs, through the partnership between the Government and the Aboriginal people of New South Wales, is the lead agency supporting Aboriginal communities.

The Department is also responsible for the administration of the *Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983* and provides funding and in-kind support to the NSW Reconciliation Council.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure delivery of State Plan Priority:

• F1: Improved health, education and social outcomes for Aboriginal people.

The Department works towards the following results:

- Strong Aboriginal communities that engage with government and manage their own affairs.
- Government resources are responsive to need and services are culturally competent and accessed by Aboriginal people.

Key services provided by the Department to contribute towards these results include:

- services that support and promote culture and community resilience, which include administration of the *Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983* and community engagement and language services and
- services that support and build prosperous and safe communities and lead government policy, which include coordinating the Aboriginal Communities Development Program and the Government's Indigenous policy objectives through *Two Ways Together*.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results			
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Strong Aboriginal communities that engage with government and manage their own affairs	Government resources are responsive to need and services are culturally competent and accessed by Aboriginal people		
Support and Promote Culture and Community Resilience	9.2	~			
Support and Build Prosperous and Safe Communities and Lead Government Policy	22.2	~	~		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	31.4				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In 2008-09, the Department continued its focus on the delivery of services and programs under *Two Ways Together*. This included the Partnership Community program, the Safe Families program, the Focus Communities program, and working with the Department of Water and Energy and the NSW Aboriginal Land Council to establish the Aboriginal Water and Sewerage program.

In 2008-09, significant effort was also directed to working with other NSW government agencies and the Commonwealth in the development and negotiation of COAG National Partnership Agreements. These include the Indigenous Early Childhood Development, Remote Service Delivery, Indigenous Economic Participation and the Remote Indigenous Housing agreements.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The Department is committed to increasing the social, economic and cultural strength of Aboriginal people in New South Wales. This is carried out through the Department's lead agency role for State Plan Priority F1 and includes:

• continuing to roll-out the Partnership Community program to 40 Aboriginal communities, with a focus on involving Aboriginal people in service delivery

- continuing work associated with the *New South Wales Interagency Plan to Tackle Child Sexual Assault in Aboriginal Communities*, which includes monitoring and evaluating the plan's implementation and coordinating and supporting the Ministerial Advisory Panel established to advise on issues of child sexual assault in Aboriginal communities and
- implementing Stage 2 of the amendments to the *Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983* relating to "land dealings".

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

In 2009-10, the Department's major responsibilities will be to continue monitoring and reporting *Two Ways Together*, the Aboriginal Communities Development Program, and State Plan Priority F1.

New initiatives in 2009-10 include leading implementation by New South Wales of two COAG National Partnership Agreements: the Indigenous Economic Participation and Remote Service Delivery agreements.

#### **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10, total expenses are estimated to be \$31.4 million. This includes:

- \$10 million for the Aboriginal Communities Development Program
- \$2.4 million for the Partnership Community program
- \$1.1 million for the Department's contribution to the Safe Families program, including Community Engagement Officers and a Program Manager
- \$847,000 to support the work of the Registrar's Office for the *Aboriginal* Land Rights Act 1983 and
- \$233,000 for the NSW Reconciliation Council to promote the way Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal people live together.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Capital expenditure of \$140,000 in 2009-10 is for minor improvements and upgrading of computer and office equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Strong Aboriginal communities that engage with government and manage their own affairs

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 orecast
Revitalisation of Aboriginal languages <sup>(a)</sup> Partnership communities with	no.	15	10	12	12	10
action plans <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	40	40	40	40	40

(a) A program supporting Aboriginal community language assistance.

(b) Partnership communities with endorsed local action plans to address identified community issues.

These indicators contribute to the achievement of State Plan Priority F1, which aims to improve health, education and social outcomes for Aboriginal people. Refer to the NSW State Plan for more details.

# Government resources are responsive to need and services are culturally competent and accessed by Aboriginal people

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Overcoming Indigenous Disadvantage headline indicators in the biennial Two Ways Together report showing reduced disadvantage						
in New South Wales <sup>(a)</sup> Relevant Government agencies	no.	n.a.	10	n.a.	n.a.	15
with Aboriginal service delivery plans <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	50	60	60	70

(a) The headline indicators are from the national Overcoming Indigenous Disadvantage report and are reported every two years in the State report, Two Ways Together. The result indicator represents the number of headline indicators showing an improvement in New South Wales.

(b) Agencies with specific plans developed to address service delivery to Aboriginal people.

These indicators contribute to the achievement of State Plan Priority F1, which aims to improve health, education and social outcomes for Aboriginal people. Refer to the NSW State Plan for more details.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **15.1 Support and Promote Culture and Community Resilience**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers strategies to build communities and strengthen Aboriginal culture and heritage. It comprises regional support programs, administration of the *Aboriginal Land Rights Act* 1983, community engagement strategies and language services.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the result strong Aboriginal communities that engage with government and manage their own affairs, by strengthening and promoting Aboriginal culture and by building community governance and resilience.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Aboriginal communities with governance structures Reference groups established	no.	37	37	37	37	40
in Aboriginal communities	no.	n.a.	n.a.	4	4	4
Employees:	FTE	39	42	61	47	53

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	12,557	8,427	9,199	
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	6,668	5,150	5,777	
NET COST OF SERVICES	12,375	8,406	9,199	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	80	80	140	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### 15.2 Support and Build Prosperous and Safe Communities and Lead Government Policy

Service Description:	This service	group cov	ers coordinating	and monitoring the
	government's	indigenous	policy objectives	through Two Ways
	Together and	delivering th	ne Aboriginal Cor	nmunities Development
	Program (ACD	P).		

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to strong Aboriginal communities and Government resources that are responsive to need and services that are culturally competent and accessed by Aboriginal people.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
ACDP projects completed within revised budget Aboriginal job compacts <i>Two Ways Together</i> Regional	% no.	100 1	100 12	98 15	98 12	98 12
Action Plans implemented	no.	7	9	9	9	9
Employees:	FTE	26	26	26	40	50

	200	2009-10	
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	22,632	25,155	22,152
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	2,497	4,196	5,148
NET COST OF SERVICES	12,632	16,470	17,548

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	9,165 4,523 266 21,235	9,346 5,152 384 18,700	10,925 5,232 250 14,944
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	35,189	33,582	31,351
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue <b>Total Retained Revenue</b> Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets <b>NET COST OF SERVICES</b>	32 10,150  10,182  25,007	184 8,501 22 <b>8,707</b> (1) <b>24,876</b>	12 4,592  4,604  26,747
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	25,007 24,282	24,876 25,617	26,747 26,053
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	80 80	80 80	140 140

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10	
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	2,548 827	4,780 409	4,601 409	
Total Current Assets	3,375	5,189	5,010	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment Intangibles	634 9	410 10	295 15	
Total Non Current Assets	643	420	310	
Total Assets	4,018	5,609	5,320	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions Other	1,428 977 38	1,033 1,035 38	1,033 1,035 38	
Total Current Liabilities	2,443	2,106	2,106	
Non Current Liabilities Provisions Other	3 49	3 50	3 12	
Total Non Current Liabilities	52	53	15	
Total Liabilities	2,495	2,159	2,121	
NET ASSETS	1,523	3,450	3,199	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,523	3,450	3,199	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,523	3,450	3,199	

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	8,877 21,235 9,036	9,007 18,700 9,714	10,622 14,944 9,792
Total Payments	39,148	37,421	35,358
<b>Receipts</b> Sale of goods and services Interest Other	 32 14,992	20 184 13,346	 12 9,114
Total Receipts	15,024	13,550	9,126
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(24,124)	(23,871)	(26,232)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(70) (10)	(70) (10)	(130) (10)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(80)	(80)	(140)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	24,282 80	25,617 80	26,053 140
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	24,362	25,697	26,193
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	158	1,746	(179)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,390	3,034	4,780
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,548	4,780	4,601
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(25,007) 552 331	(24,876) 653 352	(26,747) 553 (38)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(24,124)	(23,871)	(26,232)

# Budget Estimates 2009-10

# ATTORNEY GENERAL, AND MINISTER FOR INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Attorney General's Department		700.0	
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	745.7 50.9	763.6 42.0	2.4 -17.4
Judicial Commission of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	5.1	5.3	2.5
Capital Expenditure	0.2	0.2	
Legal Aid Commission of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	193.4	199.2	3.0
Capital Expenditure	4.4	4.4	
Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions			
Total Expenses	96.7	99.7	3.1
Capital Expenditure	1.8	10.7	508.7
Public Trustee NSW			
Total Expenses	35.0	35.8	2.3
Capital Expenditure	2.9	2.5	-12.4
Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Corporation			
Total Expenses	97.1	107.2	10.4
Capital Expenditure	0.5	0.9	80.0
Total, Attorney General, and Minister for Industrial Relations			
Total Expenses	1,173.0	1,210.8	3.2
Capital Expenditure	60.7	60.7	

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Commerce (Section 3) for the Industrial Relations portfolio area.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

The Attorney General's Department plays a key role in providing access to justice, protection of rights and public safety. The Department administers courts and tribunals, advises on legal policy and legislative reform and promotes social harmony through programs to reduce crime, protect rights and improve community standards.

The Department also administers the legal profession and provides legal services to the NSW government sector, personnel services for the Public Trustee and guardianship and financial services for people with disabilities. Records of births, deaths and marriages are also maintained by the Department.

The Department supports the Attorney General as the first Law Officer of the Crown in the development of legislation and the provision of information to the Parliament.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has a significant role, in partnership with other justice agencies, to ensure the delivery of Government priorities to reduce crime, re-offending and antisocial behaviour and improve customer services. It promotes a just and safe society by working towards the following results:

- The rights of the people of New South Wales are protected.
- Public safety and support are improved.

Key services provided by the Department that contribute to these results include providing:

- legal, professional and regulatory services, including advice to the Government on law, justice and legal reforms
- administration of NSW Courts, Tribunals and Community Justice Centres
- crime prevention and criminal diversion programs and support services to victims of violent crime, including grant funding to local communities
- court support, including transcription services, court security and jury management

- registry services for births, deaths and marriages
- legal services that involve Constitutional powers and implications beyond a Minister's portfolio and
- client services and corporate governance to business units including the Public Trustee NSW, the Office of the Public Guardian, the Office of the Protective Commissioner and the Legal Profession Admission Board.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Res	ults
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Rights of the people of New South Wales are protected	Public safety and support are improved
Legal, Policy and Regulatory Services	52.6	✓	$\checkmark$
Court Services	387.1	√	✓
Court Support Services	92.1	√	✓
Crime Prevention and Community Services	110.5	✓	~
Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages	23.0	~	
Crown Solicitor's Office	42.5	✓	
Business and Personnel Services	55.8	~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	763.6		

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The NSW court system is consistently rated by the Productivity Commission as among the best performing in Australia and continues to achieve cost efficiencies without compromising service standards. Improved case management, world-class information technology and electronic systems in courts also continue to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the court system.

The Department is a key partner agency in delivering improved community outcomes in the NSW Government's priority areas of reducing crime, re-offending and antisocial behaviour and improving customer services.

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The Department continues to develop and support new court diversion and intervention programs. The Circle Sentencing program, an alternative sentencing court for Aboriginal offenders, has been strengthened to better achieve its main objective of reducing recidivism in the Aboriginal community. The innovative Forum Sentencing program (formerly known as Young Adult Conferencing) has also been extended to Burwood, Newtown, Balmain, Campbelltown, Camden, Picton and Moss Vale Local Courts during the year, allowing more victims of crime to have a say in how criminals are sentenced.

The successful NSW Drug Court program also marked its tenth anniversary in 2009. Around 150 defendants complete the program each year, following intensive drug treatment and rehabilitation.

As part of the Government's commitment to tackle youth crime and reduce re-offending rates and antisocial behaviour, the Department commenced work on a two year trial of the new Youth Conduct Orders program. Under the trial, young offenders charged with lower level antisocial offences that would be otherwise dealt with under the Young Offenders Act can instead be placed on a Youth Conduct Order for up to 12 months. Orders can include strict limitations on a juvenile's movement and behaviour, including curfews, school attendance requirements and non-association orders so they do not mix with bad influences or gang members.

Recent reforms make it easier for victims of violent crimes to present their victim impact statement in NSW courts. Amendments to the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999* deliver significant benefits for vulnerable witnesses such as sexual assault victims and children who, for the first time, are able to give their victim impact statements via closed circuit television.

JusticeLink, the Department's integrated multi-jurisdiction court administration system, continues to be rolled out with several major applications already implemented, including Supreme Court and District Court processing of criminal matters, online court services within the Supreme Court equity division for the electronic filing of court documents, and as a virtual courtroom for use in case management activities. All remaining elements of the JusticeLink system are expected to be installed and operational during the 2009-10 financial year.

The Parramatta Courthouse is being upgraded to bring it in line with the standards set by the courts in the neighbouring Parramatta Justice precinct. Dubbo Courthouse has been upgraded with a redesigned court registry and client service areas, improved security and modifications to make the buildings more accessible to people with a disability. Works have commenced at Gosford to improve disability access and fire safety, King Street to upgrade judicial chambers and Armidale to improve security.

In addition the Department has continued its major upgrade of remote witness facilities, with a total of 83 remote witness rooms servicing 155 courtrooms in both metropolitan and regional areas. The Department is also continuing to expand its Audio Visual Link network. This reduces the need to transport prisoners to court for short matters. Video conferencing technology is installed at more than 200 courtrooms, prisons, juvenile justice centres and legal offices across the State.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Department, in partnership with other justice agencies, will continue to contribute to achieving NSW Government priorities to deliver improved community outcomes through a focus on the following key priorities:

- reducing crime and re-offending through a range of rehabilitation programs, improving the effectiveness of existing crime-prevention programs, expanding preventative programs and providing better support for local and disadvantaged communities to reduce involvement in crime
- reducing the over-representation of Aboriginal people in legal processes, particularly through mediation and diversionary programs and the expansion of the Circle Sentencing program
- assisting in implementing the Government's *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing* package
- reducing impacts on victims of crime, including sexual assault victims and mental health patients and their carers, by ensuring that victims are actively supported and involved in the justice process
- promoting just, quick and cheaper resolution of civil disputes, particularly through alternative dispute resolution and non-adversarial justice options
- improving court systems and facilities to make it simpler and faster for customers using the justice system and to ensure that civil and criminal proceedings are dealt with in a prompt and equitable manner
- further developing JusticeLink applications for Supreme and District Court civil matters and all applications for the Local Court
- applying world-class information technology and electronic systems to make our courts safer, more efficient and more sensitive to the needs of vulnerable customers

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- implementing initiatives from the 2008-09 Mini-Budget including the merger of the Public Trustee NSW and the Office of the Protective Commissioner to achieve service improvements and operational efficiencies and
- increasing efficiency through the consolidation of corporate services and the implementation of improved governance, procurement and debt recovery systems.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

# **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10, total expenses for the Attorney General's Department are estimated to be \$763.6 million, an increase of 2.4 per cent compared to 2008-09. Additional allocations for 2009-10 include \$2.9 million to commence fire safety and other compliance works at the Law Courts building in Queens Square.

A further \$2.3 million will be provided to the Department during 2009-10 to implement initiatives under *Keep Them Safe: a shared approach to child wellbeing* when implementation plans and detailed costings have been finalised including:

- \$2.1 million to increase the use of alternative dispute resolution in the Children's Court and
- \$165,000 for night patrols in smaller and remote communities, to reduce the risk of children being assaulted or becoming involved in criminal activities.

# **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's capital allocation of \$42 million in 2009-10 provides for the expansion and modification of existing courthouses, the upgrade of information technology infrastructure and the purchase and replacement of plant and equipment. Provisions for new and ongoing projects include:

- \$3.7 million for development and implementation of Joined Up Justice to enable sharing of information between justice sector agencies
- ♦ \$5.7 million for the development and implementation of the Legal eServices system, to provide access to and exchange of information with the legal profession and the general public

- \$12.6 million for the Court Upgrade Program to improve service delivery at various courthouses across New South Wales
- \$6 million for the further rollout of the remote witness program to provide closed circuit television facilities at a number of courts and
- \$13.2 million for the ongoing upgrade and replacement of the Department's plant and equipment and other minor works.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### The rights of the people of New South Wales are protected

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Net cost per finalised case:						
Supreme Court	\$	3,303	3,316	3,504	3,500	3,800
District Court	\$ \$	3,965	4,053	4,206	4,200	4,300
Local Court	\$	349	338	370	370	400
Clearance rate:						
Supreme Court	%	106	105	100	100	100
District Court	%	101	100	100	100	100
Local Court	%	97	95	100	100	100
Pending criminal matters <12 mths	old:					
Supreme Court	%	94	86	85	85	89
District Court	%	94	94	90	90	95
Pending civil matters <12 mths old:						
Supreme Court	%	74	75	74	74	75
District Court	%	74	71	76	76	77
Pending Local Court criminal						
matters <6 mths old	%	91	89	90	90	90

These indicators measure the efficiency of court processes over time, the cost per case is expected to reduce. All cases lodged within a year are expected to be cleared (i.e. a target of 100 per cent) and the backlog of pending civil and criminal matters is expected to decrease. Depending on the particular jurisdiction, courts aim to have greater than 90 per of cases either less than 6 months or 12 months old.

#### Public safety and support are improved

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Major crime trends across NSW local government areas that are stable or falling <sup>(a)</sup> Persons accepted to	%	95	95	95	95	95
Magistrates' Early Referral into Treatment Program <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	1,659	1,872	1,670	1,650	1,800

(a) This indicator is a proxy measure for the level of public safety: if a higher number of crime trends are stable or falling then the level of crime is falling and safety is increasing.

(b) This indicator shows the number of local court adult defendants with illicit drug use problems voluntarily entering drug treatment diversion programs.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Public safety and support are improved (cont)

Offenders completing Forum						
Sentencing Program (c)	no.	133	132	160	125	220
Victims who participated in						
Forum Sentencing conferences <sup>(d)</sup>	no.	47	27	50	70	90

(c) This indicator measures the number of offenders referred to the Forum Sentencing Program who successfully completed Intervention Plans. It is expected that the number will increase once the Program is rolled out to further courts from next financial year.

(d) This indicator measures the number of victims who participate in Forum Sentencing conferences.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 16.1 Legal, Policy and Regulatory Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of advice to Goverr law and justice and the development and implementation of le legal reforms, evidence-based policies and justice programs covers the regulation of the activities of professional groups; o of statistical information and research on crime; privacy servic assistance and representation; and investigation and reso complaints.							legislation, ns. It also collection rices; legal
<u>Linkage to Results</u> : This service group contributes to the protection of rights a public safety and support by working towards a range of results that include:								
	٠	acces	s to just	ice service	S			
	•	laws t	hat supp	port the cor	mmunity			
	•			of legal vices and	representa	ation, polic	sy, profess	sional and
	٠	the tin	nely inve	estigation a	and resolut	ion of comp	plaints.	
Service Measures:			Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Proposals for legislative reform considered by Parliament Requests for statistical information completed by			no.	27	43	32	30	30
Bureau of Crime Statis and Research		4 - J	no.	1,121	1,027	1,000	1,000	1,000
Higher Court matters co by Public Defenders	ompie	ted	no.	431	976	480	920	930
Employees:			FTE	265	273	274	274	281
					2008-09		2009-10	
					Budg \$00	•	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Lo	osses			50,6	49 5	60,458	52,574

NET COST OF SERVICES CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

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39,125

941

38,354

960

39,116

803

# 16.2 Court Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the administration of NSW Courts, Tribunals and Community Justice Centres. It also covers drug and alcohol diversionary programs and the provision of support for vulnerable witnesses, victims of sexual assault and clients with mental health problems.					nd alcohol vulnerable
Linkage to Results:	This service group public safety and results that include	support by e:	working t			
	<ul> <li>access to just</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>resolution of a</li> </ul>	•				
	<ul> <li>support for co</li> </ul>	•	•	rticipants a	nd	
	<ul> <li>laws that support</li> </ul>	port the cor	nmunity.			
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cases Finalised: Supreme Court District Court Local Court Community Justice Cer	no. no. thous	14,902 18,377 356,560	14,704 19,163 352,138	15,202 18,746 363,727	14,500 18,500 364,000	14,500 18,900 367,000
mediation sessions he Finalisations per FTE J Officer:	eld no.	2,166	1,714	2,000	1,800	1,800
Supreme Court	no.	254	232	250	240	240
District Court Local Court	no.	265 3,155	286 3,172	268 3,250	270 3,250	280 3,300
Local Court	no.	3,100	3,172	3,200	3,250	3,300
Employees:	FTE	2,072	2,029	1,966	1,966	1,944
			Bude \$00	•	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	380,181	390,639	387,096
NET COST OF SERVICES	268,856	273,935	271,913
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	42,312	40,974	35,243

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#### **16.3 Court Support Services**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of key support services to NSW Courts and Tribunals, including court transcription services, court security, jury management and library information services.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the protection of rights and improved public safety and support by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- access to justice services
- laws that support the community
- resolution of disputes and criminal matters and
- support for court processes and participants.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Local Court sittings with uniformed sheriff's officer present Satisfaction with Law libraries services Transcript pages provided as daily transcript	% % no.	76 89 372,868	75 96 379,504	77 90 384,138	80 90 375,000	80 90 385,000
Employees:	FTE	776	801	835	835	776
			Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			90,6	572 9	3,350	92,116
NET COST OF SERVICES			83,5	609 E	86,166	84,701
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			2,2	97	3,258	2,875

#### **16.4 Crime Prevention and Community Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the development of evidence-based policies and programs to prevent crime and reduce re-offending, to reduce Aboriginal involvement in criminal justice processes and to promote anti-discrimination and equal opportunity principles and policies. It also covers services to support victims of crime by providing access to services and entitlements to assist in their recovery.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the protection of rights and improved public safety and support by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - reduced incidence of crime, violence and social displacement
  - support for victims of crime and
  - the development and implementation of crime prevention programs.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Anti-discrimination complaints closed Victims Compensation Tribunal	no.	1,113	1,073	1,100	1,100	1,100
applications received	no.	5,636	7,031	6,600	6,600	6,900
Employees:	FTE	170	177	189	189	175

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	109,360	109,728	110,531
NET COST OF SERVICES	100,537	101,317	99,155
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	746	966	834

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# 16.5 Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages

Service Description:	equitable marriages used to	This service group covers the provision of an accurate, consistent, equitable and secure system for the registration of births, deaths and marriages in New South Wales. Information recorded in the system is used to provide a range of certificates, products and information services, including reliable data for planning and research.						
Linkage to Results:					protection that includ		by working	
	<ul> <li>repres</li> </ul>	sentatio	n and admi	nistration of	of life event	s and		
	<ul> <li>the pr</li> </ul>	ovision	of effective	legal and	professiona	al services		
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Customer transaction volumes (applications and registrations) Compliance with Guarantee of			728,629	730,703	727,000	774,000	759,000	
Service (standard certificate applications	6)	%	75.8	52.0	98.0	55.0	85.0	
Employees:		FTE	139	139	158	158	176	
							2009-10	
				Bud \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excluding Losses 20,371 21,763 22,97						22,978		
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES			(8,2	48) (	6,697)	(8,535)	
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			3,3	311	3,311	752	

# 16.6 Crown Solicitor's Office

Service Description:	lega eng mat Min the gov	al servi aged l ters th ister's State ernme	ices to the by goven hat have portfolio or raise nt. The	he NSW ( rnment ag implicatio , involve t issues tha	Gove Jenc ons he c t are olicit	ernmer ies to for gov constitu e funda or's Of	perform co vernment l utional pow amental to ffice comp	wn Solicito ore legal so oeyond an oers and pr the respon	e (general) or must be ervices for individual rivileges of sibilities of the private
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the protection of rights by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:</li> <li>awareness of rights</li> </ul>								
	access to justice services and								
	•		rovision atory ser		rep	resenta	ation, polic	cy, profess	sional and
Service Measures:			Units	2006-07 Actual	-	07-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Average daily billable ho per solicitor Proportion of core work total work			no.	4.7		4.7	4.9	4.9	4.9
	το		%	53.3		58.4	53.5	59.0	60.0
Employees:			FTE	314		315	330	330	339
					-	Bude \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:									
Total Expenses Excluding Losses					40,8	39 5	55,877	42,525	
NET COST OF SERVICES					20,9	963 3	38,798	24,943	
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	RE					1,4	100	1,400	1,350

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# **16.7 Business and Personnel Services**

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of personnel services to the					
	Public Trustee NSW, the Office of the Protective Commissioner, the					
	Office of the Public Guardian and the Legal Profession Admission					
	Board.					

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the protection of rights by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- provision of effective legal and professional services and
- representation and administration of life matters.

Employees:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Public Trustee NSW Office of the Protective	FTE	262	261	260	260	268
Commissioner Office of the Public Guardian Legal Profession Admission	FTE FTE	235 65	240 67	233 68	233 68	263 71
Board	FTE	11	9	9	9	11

	2000 Budget \$000	0	
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	53,620	52,086	55,786
NET COST OF SERVICES	718	1,601	841

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	443,588	473,810	468,054
Other operating expenses	107,566	93,287	95,211
Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	56,585	57,776	62,965
Finance costs	17,638	18,673 3,899	18,557 4,035
Other expenses	120,315	126,456	114,784
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	745,692	773,901	763,606
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	206,461	205,466	211,560
Investment income	4,016	4,816	4,516
Retained taxes, fees and fines	7,000	6,664	9,400
Grants and contributions	11,217	11,336	11,842
Other revenue	15,070	15,602	17,685
Total Retained Revenue	243,764	243,884	255,003
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	10	(258)	10
Other gains/(losses)	(3,533)	(3,199)	(3,550)
NET COST OF SERVICES	505,451	533,474	512,143
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	505,451	533,474	512,143
Recurrent Services Appropriation	414,979	430,848	414,130
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	50,869	50,869	41,995
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	48,013	48,013	41,877

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		2000 40	
	Budget	08-09 <del></del> Revised	2009-10 Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	36,138	42,350	55,536
Receivables	39,503	49,782	50,088
Other	18,386	16,053	16,459
Total Current Assets	94,027	108,185	122,083
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	29,142	56,543	56,721
Other financial assets	118,398	133,261	133,261
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	812,747	791,671	778,753
Plant and equipment	79,815	107,920	96,920
Intangibles	61,933	52,873	55,821
Other	4,275	13,927	13,904
Total Non Current Assets	1,106,310	1,156,195	1,135,380
Total Assets	1,200,337	1,264,380	1,257,463
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	27,167	30,140	32,340
Borrowings at amortised cost	2,875	2,075	2,701
Tax	274	1,106	1,133
Provisions	64,687	70,511	72,805
Other	14,741	10,441	10,441
Total Current Liabilities	109,744	114,273	119,420
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	37,668	33,026	35,125
Provisions	8,010	44,547	44,926
Other	2,500	7,713	7,713
Total Nan Current Linkilitian	40 470	95 296	07 764
Total Non Current Liabilities	48,178	85,286	87,764
Total Liabilities	157,922	199,559	207,184
NET ASSETS	1,042,415	1,064,821	1,050,279
EQUITY			
Reserves	110 026	110 100	110 122
Accumulated funds	419,026 623,389	419,422 645,399	419,422 630,857
Augumulated Iulius	020,009	0+0,099	030,037
TOTAL EQUITY	1,042,415	1,064,821	1,050,279

5 - 18

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments	205 540	270 004	440.000
Employee related Grants and subsidies	395,546 17,638	376,984 18,673	418,293 18,557
Finance costs	2,170	3,899	4,035
Other	247,786	241,822	231,776
Total Payments	663,140	641,378	672,661
	003,140	041,570	072,001
Receipts	400 507	474 554	007 507
Sale of goods and services Interest	199,587 725	171,551 1,540	207,527 1,226
Other	58,745	59,395	64,758
Total Receipts	259,057	232,486	273,511
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(404,083)	(408,892)	(399,150)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	10	31	10
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(44,051)	(47,795)	(31,883)
Other	(6,818)	(3,074)	(10,112)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(50,859)	(50,838)	(41,985)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	1,000		4,800
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(1,943)	(2,086)	(2,075)
Other	(3,303)	(2,937)	(4,411)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,246)	(5,023)	(1,686)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	414,979	430,848	414,130
Capital appropriation	48,013	48,013	41,877
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(559)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	462,992	478,302	456,007
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	3,804	13,549	13,186
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	32,334	28,801	42,350
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	36,138	42,350	55,536

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	20 Budget \$000	5	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(505,451) 100,557 811	(533,474) 114,055 10,527	(512,143) 108,978 4,015
Net cash flow from operating activities	(404,083)	(408,892)	(399,150)

The Judicial Commission of New South Wales is an independent statutory corporation established under the *Judicial Officers Act 1986*. The Commission promotes excellence in judicial performance to enhance public confidence in the judiciary.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission works closely with the Attorney General's Department, the Office of Director of Public Prosecutions, the Legal Aid Commission of New South Wales, the Sentencing Council, NSW Police Force and other partner agencies to meet Government priorities of reducing crime and re-offending, and increasing customer satisfaction with Government services by working towards the following results:

- The judiciary is better informed and professional.
- There is consistency in sentencing.
- Complaints are examined in accordance with statutory provisions.

Key services provided by the Commission that contribute to these results include:

- a judicial education program that provides an extensive conference and seminar program for judicial officers and publishes professional reference material including bench books, bulletins and journals, education monographs, training DVDs and conference papers
- a research and sentencing program that involves research and analysis of aspects of sentencing to publish sentencing trend papers, monographs and a sentencing bench book. The Commission also maintains and develops the Lawcodes database, which provides standard codes to describe offences in New South Wales, and provides online statistical and legal information through the Judicial Information Research System (JIRS) and
- a complaints function that examines complaints against judicial officers in a timely and efficient manner and provides advice to the public about the Commission's complaint function.

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The key services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results, are set out in the following table:

2009-10		Results				
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Better informed and professional judiciary	Consistency in sentencing	Examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions		
Judicial Education	1.7	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Research and Sentencing	3.0	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Complaints against Judicial Officers	0.6			$\checkmark$		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5.3					

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In recent years, the Commission has introduced a number of initiatives including judgment writing workshops, cultural awareness programs, occasional seminars on relevant topics, and a sexual assault manual for District Court judges. The Commission has also redesigned a civil bench book, an equality before the law bench book, JIRS and developed an Extensible Markup Language based publishing system.

## STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The Commission will continue to focus on the provision of high quality professional development programs for judicial officers. Timely and practical information will continue to be provided to judicial officers through publications, conferences and seminars and the computerised JIRS, which contains sentencing and other information relevant to judicial decision making.

The Commission will also continue to offer an extensive conference and seminar program for judicial officers in each court, ranging from induction courses for new appointees to specialist conferences on specific aspects of law, procedure, judicial skills and technique, as well as an annual conference for each court.

Initiatives to ensure that judicial officers are aware of social context issues involving children, women, sexual offences, domestic violence and ethnic minorities will be pursued and the Commission will continue to work with other judicial education bodies within Australia to share information and experience, and to explore the possibility of collaborating on joint programs to reduce costs.

The Commission will assist the Sentencing Council in collecting information necessary to monitor guidelines and standard non-parole period offences.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total expenses**

Total expenses of the Commission are projected to be \$5.3 million in 2009-10, an increase of 2.5 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget.

#### **Capital expenditure**

An amount of \$150,000 has been provided to meet the Commission's ongoing plant and equipment needs.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Better informed and professional judiciary

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>I</b>	2009-10 Forecast
Judicial development conferences-overall satisfaction rating Judicial officers who attend at least two training days	% %	90 92	91 88	85 90	85 90	85 90

These indicators show the effectiveness of the Commission's education programs, which will lead to a better informed and more professional judiciary.

## **Consistency in sentencing**

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators.						
Crown appeal cases upheld/allowed by the Court of Criminal Appeal	%	62	60	60	60	60
Severity appeal cases upheld by the Court of Criminal						
Appeal	%	39	39	40	40	40
JIRS usage-page hits per month	no.	45,898	56,722	45,000	60,000	65,000

Crown appeal and severity appeal cases can be a measure of the imposition of inconsistent sentences. In determining whether sentences are within range or outside the permissible range, courts use JIRS as well as the Commission's publications and other resources. These indicators show the effectiveness of the Commission's research and sentencing programs.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Complaints finalised within 12 months Complaints for which further	%	100	100	100	100	100
action is required	%	10	8	10	10	10
Cost per finalised complaint handled by the Commission	\$	10,000	8,000	6,500	8,000	8,000

These indicators show the effectiveness and efficiency of the Commission's complaint function and are a benchmark for increased customer satisfaction with services.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

## **17.1 Judicial Education**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of education services to promote a better informed and professional judiciary.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to a better informed and professional judiciary, consistency in sentencing and the examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions by working towards the intermediate result of maintaining high standards of judicial performance.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Judicial education days Average number of training	no.	1,486	1,294	1,300	1,300	1,300
days per judicial officer	no.	5	4	5	5	5
Publications	no.	24	30	27	27	27
Computer training sessions	no.	120	105	125	100	100
Employees:	FTE	13	13	12	13	13

	2008	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,681	1,755	1,727
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,490	1,523	1,522
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	49	50	50

#### **17.2 Research and Sentencing**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers research services to ensure consistency in sentencing.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to a better informed and professional judiciary, consistency in sentencing and the examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions by working towards the intermediate result of courts achieving consistency of approach in sentencing.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
JIRS availability Enhancements to JIRS Sentencing monographs, sentencing trends papers and	% no.	97 3	99 6	97 3	99 3	99 3
updates to bench books Coding, distribution of new and amended offences in	no.	6	8	6	6	6
advance (Lawcodes database) <u>Employees</u> :	% FTE	95 22	100 21	100 20	100 21	100 21

	200	2009-10		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,855	2,980	2,930	
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,527	2,585	2,582	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	83	84	84	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

## **17.3 Complaints Against Judicial Officers**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the effective examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the examination of complaints in accordance with statutory provisions by working towards the intermediate result of improving judicial accountability through effective complaint handling.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Complaints acknowledged within 1 week of receipt Complaints finalised within 6	%	100	100	100	100	100
months	%	90	97	90	90	90
Complaints finalised within 12 months	%	100	100	100	100	100
Employees:	FTE	1	1	1	1	1

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	603	627	613
NET COST OF SERVICES	594	544	540
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	18	16	16

	2005 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	3,699 1,350 90 	3,734 1,525 100 3	3,774 1,394 102 
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5,139	5,362	5,270
Less: Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue Total Retained Revenue NET COST OF SERVICES	403 75 50 <b>528</b> 4,611	438 68 204 710 4,652	403 68 155 626 4,644
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	4,611 4,278	4,652 4,275	4,644 4,323
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	150 150	150 150	150 150

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets Receivables	1,125 222	1,259 124	1,250 124	
Total Current Assets	1,347	1,383	1,374	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Plant and equipment Intangibles	359 8	354 2	404	
intaligibles	0	2		
Total Non Current Assets	367	356	404	
Total Assets	1,714	1,739	1,778	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	107 355	138 346	138 346	
Other	555	5	5	
Total Current Liabilities	469	489	489	
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	4	3	3	
Total Non Current Liabilities	4	3	3	
Total Liabilities	473	492	492	
NET ASSETS	1,241	1,247	1,286	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,241	1,247	1,286	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,241	1,247	1,286	

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	3,518	3,504	3,564
Grants and subsidies Other	 1,527	3 1,704	 1,573
Total Payments	5,045	5,211	5,137
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	403	438	403
Interest Other	75 229	68 383	68 334
Other	229	303	554
Total Receipts	707	889	805
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,338)	(4,322)	(4,332)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(150)	(150)	(150)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(150)	(150)	(150)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	4,278	4,275	4,323
Capital appropriation	150	150	150
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	4,428	4,425	4,473
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(60)	(47)	(9)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,185	1,306	1,259
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,125	1,259	1,250
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(4,611)	(4,652)	(4,644)
Non cash items added back	271	330	312
Change in operating assets and liabilities	2		
Net cash flow from operating activities	(4,338)	(4,322)	(4,332)

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

# LEGAL AID COMMISSION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The Legal Aid Commission of New South Wales (Legal Aid NSW) is a statutory body established by the *Legal Aid Commission Act 1979*. Legal Aid NSW receives funding from the State Government and the Public Purpose Fund to provide legal aid and other legal services.

The Australian Government also provides funding for Legal Aid NSW to deliver legal assistance in matters arising under Commonwealth law.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

Legal Aid NSW contributes to Government priorities of reduced rates of crime, recidivism, and antisocial behaviour by working towards the following result:

• People, in particular those who are disadvantaged, can understand, protect and enforce their legal rights and appreciate their legal obligations.

Key services provided by Legal Aid NSW that contribute to this result include:

- delivering criminal law services that assist persons accused of criminal offences to properly understand and respond to allegations made against them
- delivering family law services to help ensure that each person's interests, particularly children's needs, are provided for and properly considered where decisions are made about arrangements in their family and personal lives
- delivering civil law services that provide options for people to contest unjust decisions and seek redress for harm caused by others and
- facilitating community partnerships that support community legal centres in providing legal information, education and assistance, and delivering specialised court support schemes to assist women and children seeking protection from domestic violence.

The key services provided by Legal Aid NSW and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	<b>Results</b> People in particular those who are disadvantaged can understand, protect and enforce their legal rights and interests as well as appreciate their legal obligations.
Criminal Law Services	92.6	$\checkmark$
Civil Law Services	22.9	✓
Family Law Services	61.1	✓
Community Partnerships	22.6	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	199.2	

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Legal Aid NSW has consistently increased the number of legal services provided to disadvantaged persons over the last five years. In 2008-09, total legal representation and duty appearances provided are projected to increase by 12,868 compared to 2007-08, legal advice by 3,639, and general information by 27,547.

Legal Aid NSW has also increased the availability of civil law services, outreach services, particularly in country areas, and the number of family dispute resolution conferences. This has resulted in more family law matters being resolved through mediation rather than litigation.

More recently Legal Aid NSW has introduced new computerised grants management and case management systems to further improve the quality of services provided. During 2008-09 Legal Aid NSW also established programs to assist those experiencing mortgage stress.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Legal Aid NSW will continue to focus on improving access to legal services for disadvantaged people through partnerships with community legal centres and private practitioners targeting areas of emerging and unmet need. Legal Aid NSW will also expand the Women's Domestic Violence Court Advocacy Program from 71 to 107 courts served, to provide further assistance to victims of domestic violence and continue to offer assistance to those experiencing mortgage stress.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for Legal Aid NSW are estimated at \$199.2 million in 2009-10, an increase of 3 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget. This includes additional funding of \$2.6 million to expand the Women's Domestic Violence Court Advocacy Program and \$520,000 from the Public Purpose Fund for legal assistance in relation to mortgage stress.

Australian Government funding for legal aid matters has previously been paid directly to Legal Aid NSW. As part of new funding arrangements approved by COAG, all payments will now be made via the Consolidated Fund. As a result, receipts in forward years have been reduced by \$48.7 million, with corresponding increases in Consolidated Fund support.

## **Capital Expenditure**

Legal Aid NSW's capital allocation of \$4.4 million for 2009-10 provides for the upgrade and replacement of information technology and other items of equipment across its 21 metropolitan and regional offices.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### People, in particular those who are disadvantaged, can understand, protect and enforce their legal rights and interests as well as appreciate their legal obligations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Average waiting time for advice appointments <sup>(a)</sup> Means test income limit as a percentage of current	days	4.3	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
national minimum wage (b)	%	52.6	60.9	52.6	58.5	58.5
Local Court sittings serviced by duty solicitor schemes <sup>(c)</sup> People accessing community	%	100	100	100	100	100
legal education sessions <sup>(d)</sup>	no.	15,132	17,520	16,500	23,803	23,800

(a) Timeliness is measured by the average length of time which clients have to wait before receiving advice services. The desired movement is steady or downwards.

- (b) This measures the extent to which legal aid is accessible to people on low incomes, with the desired movement being either steady or increasing.
- (c) Legal Aid NSW aims to ensure that duty solicitor services are available to assist eligible persons at all Local Courts.
- (d) This measure shows the number of people attending Legal Aid NSW funded education sessions that are designed to assist people in understanding the law, as well as their legal rights and obligations. The desired movement is upwards.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **18.1 Criminal Law Services**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of legal assistance and counsel to those facing criminal charges.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to persons understanding and enforcing their legal rights and appreciating their legal obligations in criminal matters by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- ensuring punishment is not administered arbitrarily or against innocent parties
- ensuring accused persons have the opportunity to understand properly and respond to the allegations made against them and
- ensuring community respect and confidence in the law is maintained.

Our in Manual	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:						
Legal representation:						
In-house <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	34,599	36,255	35,900	13,790	13,800
Assigned	no.	11,239	12,967	11,700	13,467	13,500
Duty appearances:						
In-house <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	45,251	47,404	45,600	84,458	85,000
Assigned	no.	46,030	52,777	47,000	51,009	51,500
Legal advice and minor						
assistance <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	32,446	31,413	33,000	30,089	30,500
General information services	no.	96,095	115,401	98,000	126,095	127,000

(a) A definitional change that took effect from 1 July 2008 means that much larger volumes of in-house work are now classified as duty, rather than casework.

(b) Legal advice is provided by legal practitioners. Minor assistance is of a self-help nature and is provided by Legal Aid staff.

Employees:	FTE	395	393	393	406	406

# 18.1 Criminal Law Services (cont)

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	95,611	103,729	92,552
NET COST OF SERVICES	56,333	65,010	59,562
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,175	2,175	2,175

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 18.2 Civil Law Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of law services to clients who require advice on matters such as housing, consumer and human rights law, with a strong emphasis on protection of legal rights in disadvantaged communities.
Links as to Desulta.	This sector and the sector is a sector density of a sector density of

- This service group contributes to persons understanding and enforcing Linkage to Results: their legal rights and appreciating their legal obligations in civil matters by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - people are less likely to be exploited or denied their rights ٠
  - those who are vulnerable to excessive or improper use of power ٠ are aware of their legal rights and obligations and
  - people have options to contest unjust decisions and seek redress ٠ for harm caused.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Legal representation:						
In-house	no.	1,034	1,213	1,020	1,262	1,300
Assigned	no.	495	510	500	723	737
Duty appearances:						
In-house	no.	12,627	13,292	12,700	13,300	13,000
Assigned	no.	13,749	12,740	13,800	12,392	12,700
Legal advice and minor						
assistance (a)	no.	21,190	22,432	22,100	25,569	26,000
General information services	no.	113,641	134,615	115,500	144,110	147,000

(a) Legal advice is provided by legal practitioners. Minor assistance is of a self-help nature and is provided by Legal Aid staff.

Employees:	FTE	119	142	138 15	5 <b>155</b>
		-	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			20,758	22,466	22,897
NET COST OF SERVICES			12,099	8,804	13,583
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			435	435	435

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **18.3 Family Law Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of assistance to families in domestic or statutory disputes in areas such as divorce and parenting arrangements and cases of child abuse and/or neglect.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to persons in a family dispute understanding and enforcing their individual legal rights and appreciating their legal obligations by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - providing impartial skilled mediators to assist families to consider matters objectively and arrive at workable outcomes and
  - ensuring children's financial, emotional, physical and safety needs and rights are protected during family breakdowns and disputes.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Legal representation:						
In-house	no.	3,195	3,067	3,200	3,210	3,300
Assigned	no.	10,645	11,296	10,800	10,767	11,000
Duty appearances:						
In-house	no.	3,434	3,214	3,500	3,518	3,600
Assigned	no.	2,531	2,944	2,600	2,651	2,700
Legal advice and minor						
assistance (a)	no.	30,486	28,624	30,400	30,450	31,000
General information services	no.	113,038	111,720	118,000	119,078	121,000

(a) Legal advice is provided by legal practitioners. Minor assistance is of a self-help nature and is provided by Legal Aid staff.

Employees:	FTE	209	225	216	244	244
			2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000			2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			58,898	69,4	16	61,050
NET COST OF SERVICES			10,871	34,4	154	56,902
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			1,740	1,7	<b>'</b> 40	1,740

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **18.4 Community Partnerships**

Service Description:	specific p	urposes,	in particu	lar to pr	of commun ovide speci tection from	alised assi	istance for		
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>personal</li> <li>enforcing to</li> <li>of intermed</li> <li>mainta</li> <li>rights</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>his service group contributes to persons who are suffering from a ersonal crisis, such as domestic violence, understanding and nforcing their legal rights and obligations by working towards a range f intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>maintaining through Community Legal Centres the fundamentar rights of women, children and the disabled who may be victims of domestic violence, discrimination or unjust hardship</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>partici</li> </ul>	pating ir	n policy de	velopmen	t and/or law	reform act	tivities		
					ce and Loca nestic viole		develop a		
	violen	ce, such		ing legal	nd children protection t				
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actua	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
Local Courts served by Domestic Violence Con Advocacy Program <sup>(a)</sup>	urt	no.	59	62	61	71	107		
Community Legal Centro opened Community Legal Centro		no.	4,137	5,222	4,295	5,326	5,400		
services		no.	43,165	47,438	46,185	48,387	48,400		
(a) Increase in 2009-1 Domestic Violence				unding p	ovided to e	expand the	Women's		
Employees:		FTE	5	5	5	6	6		
					2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:									

Total Expenses Excluding Losses	18,114	21,810	22,710
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,564	12,415	13,450

## 18 LEGAL AID COMMISSION ON NEW SOUTH WALES

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses -	70.000	75 000	77 747	
Employee related	72,609	75,309	77,717	
Other operating expenses	17,625	18,265	18,049	
Depreciation and amortisation	2,722	3,669	4,500	
Grants and subsidies Other expenses	17,237 83,188	20,852 99,326	21,459 77,484	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	193,381	217,421	199,209	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	50,325	40,668	4,000	
Investment income	5,404	5,292	4,282	
Grants and contributions	47,785	51,069	47,450	
Other revenue	•••	270	180	
Total Retained Revenue	103,514	97,299	55,912	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		4		
Other gains/(losses)		(565)	(200)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	89,867	120,683	143,497	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	89,867	120,683	143,497	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	88,945	101,038	143,497	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
	4.050	4.050	4 0 5 0	
	4,350	4,350	4,350	
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	3,600	3,600	3,600	

## **18 LEGAL AID COMMISSION ON NEW SOUTH WALES**

		2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash assets	79,257	74,358	79,303	
Receivables	6,105 9,741	5,242	5,243	
Other	9,741	4,705	4,705	
Total Current Assets	95,103	84,305	89,251	
Non Current Assets				
Receivables	2,272	2,385	2,385	
Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	7,140	5,283	5,233	
Plant and equipment	5,319	4,325	5,725	
Intangibles	1,424	5,372	3,872	
Other	331			
Total Non Current Assets	16,486	17,365	17,215	
Total Assets	111,589	101,670	106,466	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	20,704	25,569	25,970	
Provisions	17,553	17,527	18,227	
Total Current Liabilities	38,257	43,096	44,197	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	1,726	2,374	2,469	
Other	1,590	1,906	1,906	
		,		
Total Non Current Liabilities	3,316	4,280	4,375	
Total Liabilities	41,573	47,376	48,572	
NET ASSETS	70,016	54,294	57,894	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	70,016	54,294	57,894	
TOTAL EQUITY	70,016	54,294	57,894	
	-	•	•	

## **18 LEGAL AID COMMISSION ON NEW SOUTH WALES**

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	72,608	71,742	76,521
Grants and subsidies	17,237	20,852	21,459
Other	104,248	134,990	108,157
Total Payments	194,093	227,584	206,137
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	49,806	40,031	3,800
Interest	5,404	5,122	4,282
Other	56,193	66,975	60,254
Total Receipts	111,403	112,128	68,336
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(82,690)	(115,456)	(137,801)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		4	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(4,350)	(3,090)	(4,350)
Other		(1,260)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,350)	(4,346)	(4,350)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	88,945	101,038	143,497
Capital appropriation	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(144)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	92,545	104,494	147,097
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	5,505	(15,308)	4,946
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	73,752	89,665	74,357
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	79,257	74,357	79,303
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(89,867)	(120,683)	(143,497)
Non cash items added back	2,722	3,669	4,500
Change in operating assets and liabilities	4,455	1,558	1,196
	(82,690)	(115,456)	(137,801)

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS**

The Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions (ODPP) was established by the *Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1986* to provide an independent and just prosecution service to the people of New South Wales.

The principal instruments governing the work of the ODPP are the *Director of Public Prosecutions Act 1986*, the *Crown Prosecutors Act 1986*, the *Victims Rights Act 1996* and the Prosecution Guidelines.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

Through close cooperation with other agencies in the criminal justice portfolio, the ODPP is working towards the following results:

- The likelihood of successful prosecutions and appropriate sentencing outcomes for convicted criminals is increased.
- The quality and timeliness of prosecution services through the expeditious resolution of matters and the provision of high quality advice to police and other agencies is improved.
- There is increased participation of victims and witnesses in the prosecution process by providing timely, high quality access and support.

Key services provided by the ODPP that contribute to these results include:

- undertaking the prosecution of serious criminal matters in all NSW Courts and the High Court on behalf of the Crown and all child sexual assault summary prosecutions and
- providing assistance to victims and witnesses in the prosecution process by ensuring that they have relevant information and support to enable them to participate in the prosecution process.

#### **19 OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS**

The key services provided by the Office and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results					
Service Groups	Expenses	Successful prosecutions and appropriate sentences	Quality and timeliness of prosecution services	Participation of victims and witnesses			
Prosecutions	92.6	✓	$\checkmark$				
Victim and Witness Assistance	7.1		$\checkmark$	✓			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	99.7						

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

A pilot program of Criminal Case Conferencing has increased the rate of early pleas of guilty by 15 per cent when compared to non-pilot matters in Sydney, and by 10 per cent State-wide. This has resulted in efficiencies in trial preparation through reduced late pleas of guilty. The pilot has been extended to 30 June 2010.

The Office has also recently:

- developed a structured 12 month Legal Development Program to train and develop law graduates in the prosecution process
- modified its case management system to produce workflows, templates and statistical data that will substantially improve its reporting capability regarding confiscation applications and orders under the *Confiscation of Proceeds of Crime Act 1989*
- participated in the Sexual Assault Communications Privilege Referral project by referring victims for legal representation in matters where documents are subpoenaed by defence representatives, with several legal practitioners providing this service free of charge
- enhanced its information package to victims of violent offences through consolidating internal processes and producing a brochure amalgamating all victim information into a user friendly booklet and
- appointed an executive director charged with managing the administrative functions of the Office.

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## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The ODPP will maintain its commitment to improve the criminal justice system and to provide the people of New South Wales with an independent, fair and just prosecution service through:

- improvement to its management systems to better monitor efficiency and productivity
- expeditious resolution of matters in the appropriate jurisdiction through the centralised committals scheme and improved communication and negotiation with police and defence legal representatives
- the provision of high quality advice to police and other investigative agencies to enhance the quality and timeliness of briefs of evidence
- involvement in the education of investigative officers to improve the quality and presentation of evidence and
- improvement of the identification of victim related issues and communication to support victims of crime and vulnerable witnesses.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

The Office's total expenses are estimated at \$99.7 million in 2009-10.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The Office's 2009-10 capital allocation of \$10.7 million includes \$8.6 million to complete the relocation and consolidation of its Sydney Office. The balance of \$2.1 million will be used for the ongoing replacement of plant and equipment.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Increased likelihood of successful prosecutions and appropriate sentencing

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Matters returning finding of guilt <sup>(a)</sup> Matters discontinued after	%	73	77	75	80	80
committal order <sup>(b)</sup> Successful Crown appeals in	%	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.04
higher courts <sup>(c)</sup>	%	63	49	65	66	66

(a) This indicator refers to matters committed for trial and for sentence that result in guilty verdicts/pleas as a percentage of all matters committed for trial and for sentence.

- (b) This indicator reflects the effectiveness of case management strategies. It measures cases where trial or sentencing is discontinued as a proportion of all cases committed for trial or sentencing. Improvements in case management will demonstrate a reduction in this indicator.
- (c) This indicator shows the effectiveness of prosecutions by measuring the success rate of Crown appeals to higher courts when the Crown believes the decision of a lower court is unsatisfactory. An increase in this indicator reflects an increase in the quality of the appeals made, or improvements in the selection of matters for appeal.

#### Improved quality and timeliness of prosecution services

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Matters where early plea of guilty entered <sup>(a)</sup> Listed trials adjourned on	%	44	47	48	50	52
Crown application (b)	%	6.0	4.9	5.5	5.0	5.0
Matters in which costs awarded against the ODPP <sup>(c)</sup>	%	0.17	0.05	0.10	0.10	0.10

(a) This indicator measures the number of matters that are committed for sentence as a percentage of all matters committed to the higher courts (i.e. committed for trial and for sentence). An increase in the indicator shows the effectiveness of initiatives such as early screening and criminal case processing in encouraging early guilty pleas and avoiding prolonged trials.

- (b) This indicator measures trial listings adjourned on Crown application as a percentage of all trial listings. Adjournment may be required for a number of reasons, including delays in Police preparation for the trail. It is therefore a measure of the extent to which the quality of the prosecution service is impeded by adjournment for reasons within, as well as outside ODPP's control.
- (c) This indicator refers to costs awarded against the ODPP. A decrease reflects an improvement in the quality and conduct of matters.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Increased participation of victims and witnesses in the prosecution process by providing improved support

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Victims/ witnesses satisfied with services provided by ODPP	%	66	n.a.	70	70	n.a.

This indicator shows the effectiveness of victim and witness support services. The satisfaction levels are determined by a survey undertaken every two years.

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **19.1 Prosecutions**

Service Description:	This service group covers instituting and conducting prosecutions and
	related proceedings for indictable offences under NSW laws in the
	Supreme Court, District Courts and Local Courts on behalf of the
	Crown. This includes providing advice to police and investigative
	agencies on evidentiary matters, participating in the law reform process and capturing the proceeds of crime.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to successful and timely prosecutions, and to providing quality prosecution services with appropriate sentence outcomes, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- increased community confidence in prosecutions
- early evaluation of evidence in accordance with standardised procedures
- better quality briefs of evidence and improved practices and
- law reform to improve the criminal justice system.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Committals completed Cases summarily disposed of in	no.	5,727	5,726	5,700	5,958	5,960
Local Court Cases committed for trial	no. no.	2,400 1,848	2,554 1,676	2,565 1,539	2,717 1,617	2,700 1,500
Cases committed for sentence in higher courts	no.	1,479	1,496	1,596	1,624	1,760
Trial matters concluded	no.	2,038	1,780	1,900	1,776	1,600
Employees:	FTE	607	590	586	566	556

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	90,273	90,774	92,586	
NET COST OF SERVICES	88,580	88,894	92,168	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,760	6,342	10,485	

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## **19.2 Victim and Witness Assistance**

Service Description:	This service group covers providing information, referral and support services to victims of violent crimes and to vulnerable witnesses who are giving evidence in matters prosecuted by the Director of Public Prosecutions. This includes assisting victims and witnesses to minimise the traumatic impact of the court process, providing access to services in remote areas and assisting indigenous victims and witnesses.					
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to improving victim and witness support by working towards the following intermediate measures:</li> <li>victims and witnesses have relevant information and support during the prosecution process and</li> <li>victims and witnesses participate in the prosecution process and have a greater sense of inclusion.</li> </ul>					
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast		
Level of witness and vio satisfaction (biennial survey)	ctim %	66	n.a.	70	70	n.a.
Employees:	FTE	32	30	30	33	33
			Bude \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses		6,3	87	6,503	7,112	
NET COST OF SERVICES		6,3	87	5,750	4,938	
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE				18	228

## **19 OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS**

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses - Employee related	76,581	77,970	78,773
Other operating expenses	13,750	12,886	13,510
Depreciation and amortisation	2,836	3,081	3,891
Grants and subsidies		290	3,031
Other expenses	3,493	3,050	3,524
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	96,660	97,277	99,698
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	69	79	71
Investment income	212	222	217
Grants and contributions	1,148	2,068	2,174
Other revenue	259	261	125
Total Retained Revenue	1,688	2,630	2,587
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	5	3	5
NET COST OF SERVICES	94,967	94,644	97,106
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	04 067	04 644	07 406
Recurrent Services Appropriation	94,967 84,432	94,644 84,572	97,106 85,003
Recurrent Services Appropriation	04,432	04,072	65,005
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	1,760	6,360	10,713
Capital Experiation	1,760	6,360 6,360	10,713

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

## **19 OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS**

		2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets	0.004	4.000		
Cash assets	2,964	4,326	3,786	
Receivables	2,450	1,712	2,032	
Total Current Assets	5,414	6,038	5,818	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Plant and equipment	8,873	13,561	20,698	
Intangibles	519	480	165	
Total Non Current Assets	9,392	14,041	20,863	
Total Assets	14,806	20,079	26,681	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	2,200	2,529	3,201	
Provisions	7,499	7,535	7,477	
Other	90	90		
Total Current Liabilities	9,789	10,154	10,678	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	109	95	96	
Other	350	275	275	
Total Non Current Liabilities	459	370	371	
Total Liabilities	10,248	10,524	11,049	
NET ASSETS	4,558	9,555	15,632	
EQUITY				
Reserves	356	356	356	
Accumulated funds	4,202	9,199	15,276	
TOTAL EQUITY	4,558	9,555	15,632	

#### **19 OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS**

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	68,846	70,679	70,655
Grants and subsidies		290	
Other	18,381	16,905	19,120
Total Payments	87,227	87,874	89,775
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	69	79	71
Interest	216	323	227
Other	2,696	3,798	3,929
Total Receipts	2,981	4,200	4,227
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(84,246)	(83,674)	(85,548)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	5	3	5
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,710)	(6,308)	(10,663)
Other	(50)	(52)	(50)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,755)	(6,357)	(10,708)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	84,432	84,572	85,003
Capital appropriation	1,760	6,360	10,713
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(168)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	86,192	90,764	95,716
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	191	733	(540)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,773	3,593	4,326
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,964	4,326	3,786
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(94,967)	(94,644)	(97,106)
Non cash items added back	9,981	10,226	11,358
Change in operating assets and liabilities	740	744	200

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Public Trustee NSW provides professional personal trust services consistent with section 12 of the *Public Trustee Act 1913*.

The Public Trustee NSW's charter is to provide efficient service delivery in personal trustee services and to meet legal and customer service obligations.

The Public Trustee NSW's services include:

- making wills and administering deceased estates
- acting as trustee of trusts created by wills, deeds, court orders and legislation
- providing power of attorney services and
- administering assets and managing financial affairs for "protected persons".

The Public Trustee NSW is also nominated in legislation as the trustee for workers compensation death benefits and assets pursuant to *Confiscation of Proceeds of Crime Act 1989, Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990*, and *Civil Procedure Act 2005*.

The Public Trustee NSW is largely financially independent of the Consolidated Fund, with recurrent expenses and capital works funded from revenue generated from clients and other corporate income.

The 2009-10 Budget includes a community service obligation payment of \$2.4 million to enable the Public Trustee NSW to meet its statutory obligation to administer low value estates and trusts.

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

A Regulatory Impact Statement was completed in 2007-08 with the Minister subsequently approving the adoption of industry parity pricing. New regulations were gazetted and commenced from 1 September 2008.

Deceased estate and trust volumes declined slightly in 2008-09, with the values of those matters being below initial estimates due to the downturn in domestic markets arising from the current global economic and financial crisis. The number of new wills made has also declined slightly, however power of attorney appointments have increased.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

In the 2008-09 Mini-Budget the Government announced a merger of the Public Trustee NSW and the Office of the Protective Commissioner from 1 July 2009, subject to legislative approval. The merged entity will continue to provide all services currently offered by the Public Trustee NSW and pursue key strategies for business growth and improved client services.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

The impact of the proposed merger of the Public Trustee NSW with the Office of the Protective Commissioner is not included in this Budget, pending legislative approval. Existing community service obligation funding will continue under the merged entity to meet the Public Trustee NSW's statutory obligation to administer low value estates and trusts.

#### **Total Revenue**

Forecast revenue of \$40.8 million is based on the amended fee schedule which commenced on 1 September 2008. The overall revenue projection is \$2.4 million less than the 2008-09 Budget due to the impact of the global economic and financial downturn on investment income, commissions and fees.

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are budgeted at \$35.8 million, an increase of \$795,000 on budgeted expenses for 2008-09.

#### Capital Expenditure

Capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated to be \$2.5 million. This includes provisions for the replacement of systems to improve client service, and the further consolidation of printers, faxes and copiers into single multi-function devices.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	36,470	36,417	36,624	
Investment income	3,780	(7,354)	1,243	
Social program policy payments	2,390	2,390	2,390	
Other revenue	530	502	520	
Total Retained Revenue	43,170	31,955	40,777	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	311	1,156	303	
Other operating expenses	32,453	31,285	33,252	
Depreciation and amortisation	2,212	2,158	2,216	
Grants and subsidies		38		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	34,976	34,637	35,771	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	8,194	(2,682)	5,006	
	-, -	()	-,	
Distributions -				
Dividends and capital repatriations	2,879	3,520	2,453	
Tax equivalents	1,763	2,155	1,502	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	3,552	(8,357)	1,051	

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	2,045	2,005	2,007
Receivables	2,045	2,045	2,045
Other financial assets	, 	22,520	20,854
Total Current Assets	4,090	26,570	24,906
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	48,168	6,879	1,752
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	19,591	20,065	19,563
Plant and equipment	6,117	4,325	5,561
Intangibles	1,907	1,667	1,221
Other	2,702		
Total Non Current Assets	78,485	32,936	28,097
Total Assets	82,575	59,506	53,003
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	2,100	2,098	2,102
Тах	1,763	2,155	1,502
Provisions	5,929	6,207	5,196
Other	7	9	
Total Current Liabilities	9,799	10,469	8,800
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	8	37,175	31,175
Other	2,459	5,470	5,585
Total Non Current Liabilities	2,467	42,645	36,760
Total Liabilities	12,266	53,114	45,560
NET ASSETS	70,309	6,392	7,443
EQUITY			
Reserves	12,568	13,089	13,089
Accumulated funds	57,741	(6,697)	(5,646)
TOTAL EQUITY	70,309	6,392	7,443

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts Sale of goods and services	36,470	37,927	36,624	
Interest	100	1,646	1,243	
Other	7,304	7,242	7,294	
Total Receipts	43,874	46,815	45,161	
Payments				
Employee related Grants and subsidies	358	424	6,299	
Equivalent Income Tax	 875	38 2,347	 2,155	
Other	36,717	37,716	37,474	
Total Payments	37,950	40,525	45,928	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	5,924	6,290	(767)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of investments	4,525	4,525	7,936	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of investments	(2,193)	(517)	(2,117)	
Other	(6,158) (665)	(8,066) (685)	(1,143) (387)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,491)	(4,743)	4,289	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Dividends paid	(1,430)	(3,672)	(3,520)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,430)	(3,672)	(3,520)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	3	(2,125)	2	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,042	4,130	2,005	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,045	2,005	2,007	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	6,431	(4,837)	3,504	
Non cash items added back	(1,468)	11,158	2,216	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	961	(31)	(6,487)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	5,924	6,290	(767)	

The Corporation administers the *Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986* which provides a portable long service scheme to building and construction workers in New South Wales.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Corporation delivers an industry based long service payments scheme for workers in the NSW building and construction industry by working towards the following results:

- Intended beneficiaries of the scheme receive their entitlements.
- Rights are observed and employer obligations are enforced.

Key services provided by the Corporation that contribute to these results include:

- maintaining records of service and the payment of entitlements
- undertaking compliance programs such as auditing employers
- promoting the scheme and
- collecting the long service leave levy and ensuring compliance.

The key services provided by the Corporation and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Res	ults
Service Groups	Expenses <sup>⊤</sup> \$m	Scheme beneficiaries receive their entitlements	Scheme rights and obligations are observed and enforced
Long Service Leave Scheme Management	107.2	~	~
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	107.2		

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The move by the Corporation to online services over the past 18 months has greatly enhanced the efficiency of the scheme and reduced the administrative burden on employers. Online services have become the principal method by which employers provide information to the Corporation for the majority of workers covered by the scheme. Workers are now accessing and checking their own service records online.

The Corporation's investment returns continue to be affected by uncertainty in financial markets. Income from the long service leave levy has also been lower than expected due to a slow down in the building and construction industry. The Corporation has engaged an actuary to undertake a full review of the Corporation's financial position and recommend whether any changes are needed to ensure long term liabilities are fully covered.

# **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Corporation continues to examine and implement ways in which customer service and the effectiveness and efficiency of the organisation's operations may be improved.

The Corporation is aiming to maximise the provision of online services and website information.

Long service benefits from the scheme are required to be readily available when members decide to claim them. The Corporation cannot control the number of claims that may be made in any year, and therefore disbursements and cash flows may vary significantly from year to year and from budget figures.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Budget figures for scheme liabilities, long service payments, investment and levy income are based on the latest actuarial advice whilst current year projections take into account both actuarial advice and the latest circumstances and experience.

Total expenses are estimated to be \$107.2 million of which \$95.6 million relates to long service payments which are made to beneficiaries and a long service payments liability expense, which encompasses new liabilities accumulating during the year and any changes in the accumulated liability. This compares with 2008-09 revised long service payments of \$84.8 million.

Total income is estimated at \$91.6 million, of which \$91 million is income from the long service levy. The recovery in levy revenue reflects the anticipated increase in construction activity as a result of the recently announced the Australian Government economic stimulus package. With the current economic climate the Corporation has only budgeted for minimal gains from funds it has placed in low risk investments through NSW Treasury Corporation.

This will result in a small operating deficit of \$15.7 million in 2009-10.

# Capital Expenditure

An amount of \$900,000 has been budgeted for improvements to core operating systems and annual provisions.

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	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
<b>Retained Revenue</b> Investment income Retained taxes, fees and fines Other revenue	47,550 86,100 5	(69,585) 65,100 1,205	550 91,000 5
Total Retained Revenue	133,655	(3,280)	91,555
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses	600 8,924 698 86,892	570 8,654 589 86,300	500 9,153 660 96,915
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	97,114	96,113	107,228
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets Other gains/(losses)	 (10)	7	 
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	36,531	(99,386)	(15,673)

	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	8,501	9,001	9,001
Receivables	4,750	4,150	4,425
Other	1,000	966	1,000
Total Current Assets	14,251	14,117	14,426
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	608,333	452,061	452,061
Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	323	811	851
Intangibles	1,385	1,005	1,205
Total Non Current Assets	610,041	453,877	454,117
Total Assets	624,292	467,994	468,543
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	2 245	2 217	2 1 9 0
Payables Provisions	3,345 350,000	3,317 375,000	3,189 375,000
		010,000	010,000
Total Current Liabilities	353,345	378,317	378,189
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	232,472	207,496	223,846
Total Non Current Liabilities	232,472	207,496	223,846
Total Liabilities	585,817	585,813	602,035
NET ASSETS	38,475	(117,819)	(133,492)
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	38,475	(117,819)	(133,492)
TOTAL EQUITY	38,475	(117,819)	(133,492)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Retained taxes	84,808	64,034	89,435
Interest	550	415	550
Other	295	1,443	255
Total Receipts	85,653	65,892	90,240
Payments			
Employee related	473	570	534
Other	69,880	67,176	88,806
Total Payments	70,353	67,746	89,340
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	15,300	(1,854)	900
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		26	
Proceeds from sale of investments		5,000	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(100)	(878)	(300)
Purchases of investments Other	(16,000) (400)	(2,000)	
Other	(400)		(600)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16,500)	2,148	(900)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,200)	294	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,701	8,707	9,001
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8,501	9,001	9,001
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	36,531	(99,386)	(15,673)
Non cash items added back	(46,302)	70,589	660
Change in operating assets and liabilities	25,071	26,943	15,913
Net cash flow from operating activities	15,300	(1,854)	900

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Community Services Total Expenses	1,348.6	1.568.3	16.3
Capital Expenditure	29.8	29.0	-2.7
Total, Minister for Community Services	1,348.6 29.8	1,568.3 29.0	16.3 -2.7

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SERVICES

The Department of Community Services promotes and enhances the safety and wellbeing of children, young people and their families and provides services that support and strengthen the community.

To achieve these outcomes, the Department works closely with other government and non-government agencies, and within the legal framework set by the *Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998*, the *Community Welfare Act 1987* and the *Adoption Act 2000*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for working with partner agencies to deliver the following State Plan priorities:

- F6: Increased proportion of children with skills for life and learning at school entry.
- F7: Reduced rates of child abuse and neglect.

The Department seeks to achieve the following results:

- People who experience natural or other disasters are supported to recover and to resume self-sufficient living.
- Children and young people at significant risk, and their families, are supported so children reach their developmental milestones without ongoing involvement in the child protection system.

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- Where a child or young person is at significant risk and the Department determines that it must intervene, the child or young person and any relevant siblings are safe and their normal development paths are maintained following intervention.
- Children or young people who are removed from their family are cared for in a safe and stable placement where development milestones are achieved and are successfully restored to their families where appropriate.

Key services provided by the Department that contribute to these results include:

- community development and capacity building, crisis support and disaster recovery services
- prevention and early intervention services that give early support to vulnerable families, with particular focus on those with very young children
- statutory child protection services in accordance with the requirements of the child protection legislation and
- out-of-home care services for children and young people whose ongoing care means that they are unable to live at home.

The key services provided by the Department, and the ways in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

		Results				
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	People who experience disasters are supported to recover and resume self- sufficient living	Children and young people reach developmental milestones	Children and young people are safe following DoCS' intervention	Children/young people removed from their family are cared for in a safe and well-functioning placement	
Community Services	197.5	~	~			
Prevention and Early Intervention	321.0	$\checkmark$	~	~		
Statutory Child Protection	421.5		✓	~		
Out-of-Home Care	628.3		~	~	✓	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,568.3					

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

A major five year funding package ended in 2007-08 and increased the Department's expenses to over \$1.3 billion in 2008-09. During this period significant improvements were made to the child protection system in New South Wales. However, there were also significant increases in demand, with the number of children reported and referred for assessment having risen by more than 7 per cent per year since 2001-02.

In November 2007, the Special Commission of Inquiry into Child Protection Services in New South Wales was announced. The Commission was charged with investigating changes needed to make the child protection system more effective and to meet future levels of demand. The Commission's report was released in November 2008 and included wide-ranging recommendations requiring a whole-of-government response.

The Government's response, *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*, was released in March 2009. The plan emphasises that child protection is a responsibility that must be shared across the government and non-government sectors. *Keep Them Safe* aims to help families and communities to resolve problems earlier, to focus support to the needs of a family and to enhance family capacity to look after children. The plan involves an investment of \$750 million over 2009-2014 to implement reforms to child protection reporting and assessment, and expand services provided by Government and non-government agencies.

In 2008-09 the Department worked to improve the safety and wellbeing of children and young people through a range of initiatives:

- The Department reached a net increase of 1,025 caseworkers over 2002 numbers as provided under the reform package.
- As part of improving casework practices, the Department has developed case practice standards and guides to assist quality reviews of Community Services Centres.
- About 60 per cent of the Department's budget was used to purchase contracted services for clients, mainly from non-government organisations (NGOs). All contracted services in the Brighter Futures early intervention program and approximately 50 per cent of contracted out-of-home care programs are now performance-based and regularly monitored.

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- The Preschool Investment and Reform Plan (PIRP) entered a new phase with significant funding reform and new investment. A new funding model allocated funding of \$10.2 million under the PIRP combined with \$2 million from the Australian Government Universal Access to Early Childhood Education (ECE) program. This allowed increased funding to 51 per cent of community preschools in New South Wales. By December 2010, an extra 10,500 children will be provided with access to subsidised preschool programs through combined PIRP funding of \$21 million and new ECE funding of \$21.3 million in 2009-10.
- The Department continued development of a regulatory framework for outside school hours care services in New South Wales that will apply to over 1,400 before and after school care services and over 1,100 vacation services. The Department anticipates undertaking consultation on the regulation of standards in June 2009.
- The Department began to license school-based children's services in New South Wales. Department of Education and Training (DET) preschools in the metropolitan western and south western regions were the first 85 services to be licensed. Licensing of DET and other school-based services will continue in 2009 and 2010.
- An evaluation of the Intensive Aboriginal Family Based Services program demonstrated its success in reducing out-of-home care placements. Reforms arising from the evaluation are underway, including better referral and post intervention pathways.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

*The Department has* both lead and shared responsibilities for actions in the \$750 million *Keep Them Safe* package, as well as implementing National Partnerships with the Commonwealth and ongoing responsibilities. Significant initiatives in 2009-10 include:

### Strengthening the universal and targeted service system

• expanding the Brighter Futures early intervention program delivered by the NGO sector by more than 320 places for children (\$27 million over the next four years) and completing a program evaluation by September 2010 as a basis for further reforms

- better supporting Aboriginal children and their families by strengthening the referral pathway to Brighter Futures from the Aboriginal Maternal and Infant Health Strategy
- reviewing the Supporting Children with Additional Needs program to focus on improving participation in children's services for children with disabilities
- contributing NSW expertise to the national reform agenda including a national quality framework for children's services, a national early years workforce strategy and a national child protection framework
- improving disaster recovery operations to support a streamlined welfare response to an emergency, under the NSW State Disaster Plan (\$5.3 million over the next four years)

#### Better protection for children at risk

- implementing policies, procedures and training to give effect to the new legislative 'risk of significant harm' threshold for reporting, information sharing and changes to Children's Court proceedings
- developing a Common Assessment Framework for use across agencies working with children and young people where concerns exist for their safety, welfare and wellbeing (\$1 million in 2009-10 to 2010-11)
- improving support to caseworkers assessing complex risk factors by expanding the work of the Drug and Alcohol Expertise Unit to include mental health and domestic violence issues, in cooperation with the Department of Health (\$4.8 million over the next four years)
- contributing to an alternative dispute resolution model for use prior to and during care proceedings, to improve decision-making about the care and protection of children and reduce conflict over care proceedings (up to \$3.7 million over the next four years)
- extending Intensive Aboriginal Family Based Services to around 180 more places for Aboriginal children (\$12 million over the next four years), to be delivered by NGOs
- piloting an extension of Intensive Family Preservation Services, available to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal families, to around 420 places for children (\$23 million over the next four years), to be delivered by NGOs

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- extending permanency planning to Aboriginal and older children in out-of-home care to increase the number of children and young people who are restored to their families, placed in stable lasting placements or adopted
- continuing support for children and young people in out-of-home care, and reviewing arrangements with NGO providers, including the need for building capacity in NGOs, improving contracting and performance monitoring and appropriate mechanisms for data collection and accountability (more than \$440 million in total over the next four years, with more than \$250 million for increased NGO services)

### Changing practice and systems

- developing, testing and using Structured Decision Making tools at the Helpline and investigating their extension to Community Services Centres to increase consistency in child protection decisions
- reviewing casework practice at the Helpline and Community Services Centres against case practice standards and guides to assure quality and guide professional development
- implementing policies and procedures to support out-of-home care accreditation by the Children's Guardian

#### Better supporting Aboriginal children and families

- developing strategic partnerships with Aboriginal organisations and communities with a long-term view to increasing their capacity to deliver services appropriate to the needs of their communities, including better support of foster and kinship carers
- piloting a new model of consultation with Aboriginal NGOs to determine the best ways of keeping Aboriginal children and young people safe in accordance with Aboriginal placement principles. In the pilot, the Department aims to gain input and involvement from the Aboriginal community on individual child protection decisions concerning Aboriginal children, while retaining responsibility (\$6 million over the next four years)
- procuring office accommodation for rollout of the Safe Families program to four communities in the Orana Far West region, as part of the Government's response to the Aboriginal Child Sexual Assault Taskforce report

• working with other NSW and Australian Government agencies to establish nine Indigenous Child and Family Centres across New South Wales under the National Partnership on Indigenous Early Childhood Development. The centres will deliver a mix of services including child care, early learning and parent and family support services and will be established in partnership with Aboriginal communities

#### Strengthening partnership across the community services sector

- undertaking a major review of funding to NGOs delivering universal, secondary and tertiary services to children and young people and their families, to transparently allocate funds according to consistent standards and criteria, and improve funding and accountability arrangements and
- improving services for people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness to implement the NSW Homelessness Action Plan and the National Partnership on Homelessness. The Department's initiatives will be directed towards street to home initiatives for chronic homeless people (rough sleepers) and support for them to sustain their tenancies.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 for the Department are estimated at \$1.6 billion, an increase of \$220 million or 16 percent on the 2008-09 budget. This includes:

- \$110 million to meet the costs of an increased number of children entering the out-of-home care system, of which \$50 million is being provided under *Keep Them Safe*. Over \$60 million of the total increase will be for NGO services contracted from 2008-09
- ♦ \$46 million to implement other actions set out in *Keep Them Safe* including \$3 million to expand the Brighter Futures early intervention program, \$6 million for Intensive Family Preservation services (\$3 million to increase services specifically for Aboriginal families and \$3 million to introduce broader based services), \$1.5 million to pilot a new model to support Aboriginal families and involve Aboriginal NGOs in child protection decisions, \$14.8 million for process redesign, decision-support tools and specialist training and support to implement the reforms in the Department and across the sector, \$15.6 million for Helpline and caseworker positions, and \$1.3 million for Disaster Recovery operations and

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 \$21.3 million to provide universal access to quality early childhood education in the year before full time schooling under the National Partnership on Early Childhood Education.

#### Capital Expenditure

The Department's \$29 million capital program includes:

- \$11.8 million for caseworker accommodation in 20 sites in regional and remote areas. The project will address Occupational Health and Safety and security issues for frontline staff
- ◆ \$9.6 million for a major redesign of the Key Information Directory System which is the Department's key client information system. This is a prerequisite and/or facilitator for a number of *Keep Them Safe* initiatives
- \$3.8 million for minor works including maintenance, computer/printer replacement and to ensure information technology systems are aligned with business needs
- \$2.7 million for accommodation for the Safe Families Program for Aboriginal communities in the Orana Far West region of New South Wales
- \$703,000 for the development of a Children's Services Integrated Licensing System and
- \$250,000 to identify records management needs and guide the development of an Electronic Document and Records Management System.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# People who experience disasters are supported to recover and to resume self-sufficient living

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-</b> Revised <b>Foreca</b>	
Supported Accommodation Assistance Program clients with only one support period per year	%	74.3	76.2	79.1	76.2 <b>7</b> 6	6.2

This indicator shows the effectiveness of Supported Accommodation services in helping clients to become independent, and the availability of ongoing accommodation and support services for these clients in the community. Based on National Data Collection Agency data, the figure for 2006-07 was corrected when data for that year became available in June 2008.

#### Children/young people are safe following DoCS' intervention

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
Result Indicators:					
Average number of reports per child reported in a year	no.	2.31	2.32	2.32	2.32 <b>2.32</b>

This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority F7. The target is to reduce the underlying rate of child abuse and neglect in New South Wales over the course of the plan. This indicator is a proxy for a measure being developed - percentage of re-reports afters DoCs (appropriate) action which raise the same or similar concerns.

# Children/young people removed from their family are cared for in a safe and stable placement

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Children on a final care and protection order who have had five or more placements in their lives, for: All children in Out-Of-Home						
Care (OOHC)	%	21.2	21.0	16.7	21.0	21.0
Children under age five in OOHC	%	4.3	4.7	3.4	4.7	4.7

Children generally experience better outcomes if they have fewer placements as they can bond with their carers. Initially, changes may be needed while a final placement is sought.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 20.1 Community Services

nmunity develor young ch commodation s neless or at ris families and	opment and hildren). I ervices to d sk of home	d support s t includes children, yo lessness, a	services (e s transitio oung people and disaste	specially f onal sup e and adul er welfare	or families port and ts who are assistance
lity to identify a eryone, includii working toward clients who	and resolve ng families ds a range o have requ	problems and childr of intermed uired temp	and providen, to read	e an envir h their ful that inclue	onment for I potential, de:
			ple and	their fan	nilies and
•	•		nce against	women a	nd families
Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
thous ce	25.3	37.7	25.3	37.7	37.7 23.3
FTE	126	130	133	142	138
					2009-10 Budget \$000
osses		194,8	81 19	7,057	197,473
Total expenses include the following: Community development and capacity building Crisis support services Employee related expenses			94 12	5,632	42,276 127,288 13,350
		193,2	04 19	3,829	194,224
		1	05	1,982	1,369
	nmunity developmentation s meless or at ri- families and asters. is service grou lity to identify a eryone, includie working toward clients who become, or c interaction the community is the incidence declines. Units e thous FTE osses he following: ent and capacita	nmunity development and d young children). It commodation services to of meless or at risk of home families and communit asters. is service group contribu- lity to identify and resolve eryone, including families working towards a range of clients who have requise become, or cease to be, interaction between y community is positive and the incidence and sever declines. 2006-07 Units Actual e thous 25.3 ince thous 23.3 FTE 126 osses he following: ent and capacity building a	nmunity development and support and young children). It includes commodation services to children, your meless or at risk of homelessness, a families and communities that easters. Is service group contributes to strochilty to identify and resolve problems eryone, including families and childr working towards a range of intermed clients who have required temp become, or cease to be, homeless interaction between young performed the incidence and severity of violer declines. 2006-07 2007-08 Units Actual Actual Actual Actual FTE 126 130 FTE 126 FTE	nmunity development and support services (e d young children). It includes transition commodation services to children, young people meless or at risk of homelessness, and disaste families and communities that experience asters. Is service group contributes to strong commu- lity to identify and resolve problems and provid- eryone, including families and children, to reace working towards a range of intermediate results clients who have required temporary accor- become, or cease to be, homeless interaction between young people and community is positive and the incidence and severity of violence against declines. 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 Units Actual Actual Forecast thous 23.3 23.3 23.3 FTE 126 130 133 FTE 126 130 133 met following: ent and capacity building 46,318 4 as 122,594 12 enses 12,929 1	nmunity development and support services (especially f d young children). It includes transitional sup commodation services to children, young people and adul meless or at risk of homelessness, and disaster welfare families and communities that experience natural asters. is service group contributes to strong communities that ility to identify and resolve problems and provide an envir aryone, including families and children, to reach their full working towards a range of intermediate results that inclu- clients who have required temporary accommodation become, or cease to be, homeless interaction between young people and their fam community is positive and the incidence and severity of violence against women a declines. 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised thous 23.3 23.3 23.3 23.3 FTE 126 130 133 142 

#### **20.2 Prevention and Early Intervention**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of support, including case management, referrals and parenting information, for young children and their families identified as at-risk. It includes planning for and providing funds towards the delivery of early childhood services, including licensing and monitoring of child care services.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to children, young people and their families reaching development milestones without ongoing involvement in the child protection system, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - children at moderate risk and at-risk families are identified before any statutory intervention
  - appropriate assessment and intervention is applied and
  - capacity to parent is improved and children's normal development path is maintained.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Children engaged or in						
Brighter Futures program	no.	n.a.	6,515	6,100	7,500	7,820
Families who:						
Entered Brighter Futures	no.	n.a.	1,940	3,000	2,000	2,200
Exited Brighter Futures	no.	n.a.	718	1,500	1,400	2,000
DoCS licensed child care						
places per day	thous	146.1	150.8	148.7	150.8	150.8
DoCS funded and licensed child						
care places per day <sup>(a)</sup>	thous	46.0	45.9	48.6	46.0	46.0

(a) From 2009-10, information on the participation of preschool-aged children in preschool programs will be collected, consistent with the National Partnership on Early Childhood Education (ECE). ECE funding of \$21.3 million in 2009-10 is expected to increase the number of children who attend preschool programs in places already licensed by the Department, and they are not shown by this indicator.

Employees:	FTE	371	507	520	745	722

In 2008-09 the Department refined its assignment of caseworkers to specific programs, and revised the basis for attributing costs to Service Groups.

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# 20.2 Prevention and Early Intervention (cont)

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	263,236	284,242	321,021
Total expenses include the following: Pre-school and child care services Contracted early intervention services Employee related expenses	140,521 49,131 50,255	142,103 38,250 71,162	164,246 49,870 69,855
NET COST OF SERVICES	262,540	283,433	319,996
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,977	5,596	4,579

#### **20.3 Statutory Child Protection**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers responses to reports of harm or risk to children, assessment and investigation of reports of child abuse and neglect, development of case plans with clients and assistance to clients to meet case plan goals, initiation and support of court action where appropriate, and working with other agencies to ensure that the safety, welfare and wellbeing of children are assured.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to children/young people being safe following DoCS' intervention, either at home or in a safe, well functioning stable placement, by working towards the intermediate result that capacity to parent is improved and children's normal development path is maintained.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Children reported to DoCS <sup>(a)</sup> Child protection reports Child protection reports referred to CSC/JIRT for	thous thous	123.7 286.0	130.7 303.1	141.0 326.3	135.0 314.0	135.0 314.0
further assessment Average waiting time to talk to a caseworker when calling the Helpline	thous mins	201.2	209.0	216.1 3	217.0 3	217.0 3

(a) The Department is not forecasting a change in children reported or total reports until the new legislative reporting threshold is in place and its impact is known.

Employees:	FTE	1,982	2,182	2,242	2,121	2,227

In 2008-09 the Department refined its assignment of caseworkers to specific programs, and revised the basis for attributing costs to Service Groups.

	200	2008-09					
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000				
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	395,199	378,430	421,539				
Total expenses include the following:	00.444	00.000	~~~~~				
Contracted Child Protection Services Employee related expenses	80,141 217,352	82,366 202,600	89,832 217,183				
NET COST OF SERVICES	389,825	374,410	414,176				
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	16,105	18,321	16,241				
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#### 20.4 Out-of-Home Care

Service Description:	services, from their supportin Restoration appropriation non-gove	such as parents g carers on of c ite. It rnment	foster car , monitoring , and suppo hildren to includes	e and kins g and revie ort for youn their usu planning ons to del	hip care fo w of placer g people w al carers and mor iver servic	r children ments, rec /ho have e is facilitat itoring fu es to ch	ildren and
Linkage to Results:	following	DoČS'		on by w			being safe range of
	♦ child	ren are ir	n a safe, we	ell functioni	ng stable p	lacement	or
		ren are opriate.	successfu	lly restore	d to their	family ι	ınit where
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Children in OOHC at ye Real annualised (one fu in placement) expendi per child in:	ull year	thous	12.7	14.7	15.6	16.7	18.7
High and complex nee	eds OOHC	\$000	151	113	147	122	122
Kinship care DoCS foster care		\$000 \$000	24 26	24 29	28	24 29	24 29
NGO foster care		\$000 \$000	20	29 41	29 32	29 42	29 42
Average cost, all child	ren	\$000	32	35	35	35	35
Employees:		FTE	896	1,043	1,071	1,142	1,123

In 2008-09 the Department refined its assignment of caseworkers to specific programs, and revised the basis for attributing costs to Service Groups.

# 20.4 Out-of-Home Care (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	495,242	589,397	628,261
Total expenses include the following:			
Contracted residential care and support	173,891	239,370	242,858
Foster care allowances and associated expenses	171,810	191,249	222,242
Employee related expenses	103,913	109,085	109,008
NET COST OF SERVICES	492,740	587,418	626,009
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	8,569	9,757	6,849

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	20	08-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	384,449	396,413	409,396	
Other operating expenses	141,637	151,766	409,390	
Depreciation and amortisation	23,000	23,386	28,197	
Grants and subsidies	623,438	682,251	727,261	
Other expenses	176,034	195,310	229,877	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,348,558	1,449,126	1,568,294	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	696	195	1,832	
Investment income	2,388	1,624	1,661	
Grants and contributions	5,525	6,275	9,213	
Other revenue	1,640	2,344	1,183	
Total Retained Revenue	10,249	10,438	13,889	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets Other gains/(losses)		(202) (200)		
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,338,309	1,439,090	1,554,405	
	,,	,,	, ,	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	1,338,309	1,439,090	1,554,405	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	1,299,456	1,392,731	1,512,147	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure	29,756	35,656	29,038	

		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	12,394	11,208	12,928
Receivables	13,284	10,173	10,090
Total Current Assets	25,678	21,381	23,018
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building*	71,511	55,226	53,452
Plant and equipment	70,078	71,754	67,587
Intangibles	4,522	16,897	23,362
Total Non Current Assets	146,111	143,877	144,401
Total Assets	171,789	165,258	167,419
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	25,667	36,883	37,424
Provisions	40,021	34,988	35,241
Total Current Liabilities	65,688	71,871	72,665
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	183	199	199
Other	10,850	20,052	20,052
Total Non Current Liabilities	11,033	20,251	20,251
Total Liabilities	76,721	92,122	92,916
		- ,	- ,
NET ASSETS	95,068	73,136	74,503
EQUITY			
Reserves	56,289	35,351	35,351
Accumulated funds	38,779	37,785	39,152
TOTAL EQUITY	95,068	73,136	74,503

\* 19 properties were transferred to the State Property Authority in November 2008.

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	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	366,989	373,872	391,126
Grants and subsidies	623,438	682,251	727,261
Other	378,701	402,456	461,387
Total Payments	1,369,128	1,458,579	1,579,774
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	696	195	1,832
Interest	2,115	1,351	1,661
Other	66,102	67,956	68,197
Total Receipts	68,913	69,502	71,690
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	S (1,300,215)	(1,389,077)	(1,508,084)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	8,500	1,320	317
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(29,256)	(25,956)	(18,225
Other	(500)	(9,700)	(10,813
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(21,256)	(34,336)	(28,721)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	1,299,456	1,392,731	1,512,147
Capital appropriation	21,256	27,156	26,378
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(119)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	1,320,712	1,419,768	1,538,525
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(759)	(3,645)	1,720
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	13,153	14,853	11,208
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	12,394	11,208	12,928
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(1,338,309)	(1,439,090)	(1,554,405
Non cash items added back	40,184	45,386	45,444
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(2,090)	4,627	877

# MINISTER FOR CORRECTIVE SERVICES, MINISTER FOR PUBLIC SECTOR REFORM, AND SPECIAL MINISTER OF STATE

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Corrective Services			
Total Expenses	911.4	936.9	2.8
Capital Expenditure	97.3	129.7	33.3
Total, Minister for Corrective Services, Minister for Public Sector Reform, and Special Minister of State	911.4 97.3	936.9 129.7	2.8 33.3

In addition to the agency listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Public Sector Reform portfolio area.

# DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIVE SERVICES

The Department of Corrective Services is a vital part of the criminal justice system, contributing to a safe, just and harmonious New South Wales.

The Department provides custodial and community-based correctional services on the *Throughcare* continuum. The aim of *Throughcare* is to assist offenders to complete their legal orders and to undertake correctional programs to reduce the risks of re-offending. This involves collaboration between the various branches of the Department and other agencies to provide a coordinated, integrated approach to rehabilitation.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure delivery of the following State Plan priority:

• R2: Reduced re-offending.

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The Department is working towards the following results:

- Offenders are safely, securely and humanely managed in custody.
- Offenders are effectively and safely managed in the community.
- Offender programs are effective in reducing risks of re-offending.

These results support the achievement of the State Plan target to reduce re-offending by 10 per cent by 2016 and also contribute to other Government priorities in the areas of Rights, Respect and Responsibility through keeping people safe and building harmonious communities.

The following key services are provided by the Department to contribute to these results:

• Custody Management, which includes the containment of inmates and providing security for inmates, employees and visitors. It also includes providing court security and safe escort for inmates when they are transferred between correctional centres and courts.

A large number of offenders in custody have specific needs that have to be managed in custody. These needs arise from issues such as disabilities, the age of the offender, demonstrated violent behaviour or a history of sexual offending. There are also a number of offenders receiving compulsory therapeutic treatment for violent behaviour and drug addiction. These services are aimed at reducing re-offending and increasing community safety.

- Supervision of Offenders in the Community, which involves intensive community supervision and monitoring and providing a range of diversionary programs when offenders are subject to Community Service Orders or home detention. It also includes providing advice to courts and releasing authorities to assist in making decisions on pre-sentence, pre-release and post sentence arrangements.
- Offender Programs that are designed to reduce re-offending. The range of programs available to persons under custodial and community supervision includes accredited programs assisting with employment, training and education, as well as programs designed to assist offenders deal with addiction, aggression and violence. The Department also provides resettlement and community integration support by providing transitional accommodation.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Results		
Service Groups		Offenders are safely, securely and humanely managed in custody	Offenders are effectively and safely managed in the community	Offender programs are effective in reducing risks of re-offending
Custody Management	667.7	$\checkmark$		✓
Supervision of Offenders in the Community	116.0		~	
Offenders Program	153.2		√	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	936.9			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Department is progressively increasing the intensity of supervision and monitoring of offenders in community programs and providing more support services, intervention and drug treatment programs.

• Traineeships are offered under the auspices of the NSW Department of Education and Training at 13 correctional centres. For 2008-09, traineeships commenced by inmates increased from 103 to 147. Traineeships range from food processing, business administration, telecommunications to engineering, construction and furniture making.

The Department's registered training organisation for inmates, Adult Education and Vocational Training Institute, has also extended its core skill assessments (reading, writing and numeracy) and developed programs by which inmates can progressively improve literacy skills. Improvement in literacy skills has been shown internationally to reduce re-offending.

- Over the past financial year the Department has increased the number and reach of accredited programs designed to reduce re-offending. These programs include:
  - Controlling Anger and Learning to Manage It (CALM), which is now run at seven correctional centres and in 2008-09 was extended to three Community Offender Services offices.

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- Criminal Conduct and Substance Abuse Treatment Program, a 51 session program, which, like CALM, has been accredited to provide a medium to high intensity pathway for offenders whose substance abuse has been a major contributing factor to their offending.
- Getting SMART (Self Management and Recovery Training) has been run at all correctional centres at some stage over the past year. The program is peer managed and run through SMART Recovery Australia. It teaches practical skills to assist offenders in achieving a healthy lifestyle balance on release from custody.
- The Domestic Abuse program, with 190 staff trained to date, runs educational and preventative program courses to be used by agencies such as the NSW Police Force following the issue of an Apprehended Violence Order. In conjunction with the Attorney General's Department, work has also commenced on Perpetrator Maintenance Program.
- During 2008-09, 28 additional Senior Psychologist positions and 12 Facilitator positions have been created to work in District Offices and with the Community Compliance Group to provide assessment, consultation, advice and some early treatment for offenders under community supervision.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Numbers in custody are expected to increase by about 300 inmates each year. Short- and long-term strategies to manage this increase are continually under review.

Strategies to implement workplace reforms were approved by Cabinet in July 2008. These strategies include more efficient management arrangements, such as improved rostering, employing casual staff to fill unexpected and short term vacancies and more effective management plans. They also include trialling private sector operation of a correctional centre and boomgate and perimeter security.

Video conferencing has been successful in providing an alternative to direct court appearances by custodial inmates and reduces the cost of escort services and court security. The Department proposes to expand video conferencing to enable further containment of costs.

The Department of Corrective Services, as the lead agency for achieving a reduction in re-offending rates, will also continue work with criminal justice and human services government and non-government agencies to develop strategies and plans to achieve this Government priority.

To further reduce re-offending, the Department is committed to improving the completion rates of orders and increasing the monitoring, supervision and support of offenders under community-based orders.

The Department also provides specific support programs for groups with high offender representation. As part of *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing* the Department will provide support for adult Aboriginal offenders and parenting courses. The key strategies include two joint initiatives with non-government organisations:

- Mothering at a Distance Program (jointly with Tresillian Family Care Centres) aims to reduce the distress and trauma for young children caused by incarceration of female offenders and break the intergenerational cycle of crime. Education and support programs will be provided for Corrective and Tresillian staff who will act as facilitators for the education/therapeutic intervention with female offenders and their families.
- Hey, Dad! For Indigenous Dads, Uncles and Pops Program (jointly with Centacare) aims to enhance individual and leadership skills in being more effective dads, uncles and pops. It will offer men and their families opportunities for early intervention, family restoration and social equity.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Department's 2009-10 expenses are estimated at \$936.9 million, an increase of 2.8 per cent on last year's Budget. This includes:

- \$6 million for drug programs covering drug detection, screening, detoxification and education for general and high risk offender groups
- \$14.3 million to fund costs associated with the estimated average increase in inmate numbers and
- \$2 million for the continuation of the drug court operations.

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#### Capital Expenditure

In 2009-10, the Capital Program allows for expenditure of \$129.7 million compared to \$97.3 million in 2008-09.

The program allows for new works of \$14.9 million in 2009-10 on an extensive ICT infrastructure strategic upgrade (estimated total cost of \$47.6 million). The upgrade will provide additional functionality and technology solutions. This includes developing an integrated approach to offender information (case files and records and information about their background, education, criminogenic and social issues) to assist in research, design and implementation of interventions and programs.

#### Works in Progress

A total of \$96.1 million has also been provided in 2009-10 for the continuation or completion of projects, including:

- ♦ \$90.8 million to accommodate the growing inmate population across New South Wales (estimated total cost of \$296.4 million). This project includes the 250-bed expansion of the Cessnock Correctional Centre and a new 600-bed correctional facility at Nowra, which will be completed in late 2010
- \$586,000 to complete the Electronic Case Management project, which will provide a consolidated information base to improve case management of offenders before, during and after custody in both custodial and community contexts
- \$1.5 million to continue the replacement of inmate transport vehicles and expand the fleet in line with growth in the inmate population
- \$350,000 to link the Kariong Juvenile Correctional Centre to biometric scanning technology to complete the refurbishment and electronic security upgrade of the centre and
- \$2.9 million to finalise stage 2 of the upgrade of the Silverwater Women's Correctional Centre (formerly Mulawa) to cater for both the operational and medical requirements of high need female inmates in a maximum security facility.

#### **Minor Works**

The 2009-10 minor works allocation of \$18.7 million is an increase of \$7.6 million over the 2008-09 allocation. The program provides for minor building works, major maintenance and refurbishment of the Department's extensive building assets, as well as ongoing replacements of information communications technology assets and other plant and equipment.

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### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Offenders are safely, securely and humanely managed in custody

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Assaults on staff (per 100 staff) <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	0.9	0.8	<u>&lt;</u> 0.8	0.9	<u>&lt;</u> 0.9
Assaults on inmates (per 100 inmates) <sup>(a)</sup> Escapes from custody: <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	11.1	9.6	<u>&lt;</u> 9.6	13.4	<u>&lt;</u> 13.4
Open custody Secure custody	% %	0.2 0.0	0.2 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.3 0.0	0.0 0.0
Daily average out-of-cell hours: <sup>(b)</sup>						
Open custody Secure custody	no. no.	12.6 7.6	11.9 7.2	13.1 9.3	11.9 7.2	11.9 7.2
Basic education modules specifically structured for Aboriginal inmates <sup>(b)</sup> Visits to inmates <sup>(b)</sup>	no. no.	347 212,553	380 202,155	420 216,900	470 199,000	480 199,300

(a) These indicators show the effectiveness of safe management in custody.

(b) These indicators show the results of humane management strategies for inmates through basic education being provided and by facilitating support for family contacts.

#### Offenders are effectively and safely managed in the community

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Community sentences successfully completed <sup>(a)</sup> Revocations by State Parole Authority (calendar year): <sup>(b)</sup>	%	82.8	80.6	82.8	80.0	80.0
Parole Orders	no.	1,742	1,791	n.a.	1,718	1,700
Home Detention Orders	no.	79	72	n.a.	69	65
Periodic Detention Orders	no.	503	526	n.a.	515	300

(a) This indicator shows effective management of offenders in the community.

(b) This indicator shows the effective supervision/monitoring of offenders in the community. Increases in diversionary and intervention programs in recent years are expected to result in reductions in revocations of orders in forward years.

## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Offender programs are effective in reducing risks of re-offending

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised I	2009-10 Forecast
Custodial offenders returning to corrective services with a new custodial sanction within two years Custodial offenders returning	%	43.8	43.0	46.8	43.0	43.0
to corrective services within two years (any sanction) Community offenders returning to corrective services with	%	46.3	45.2	n.a.	45.2	45.2
a new custodial sanction within two years Community offenders returning to corrective services	%	16.7	18.5	16.9	18.5	18.5
within two years (any sanction)	%	29.0	28.3	29.3	28.3	28.3

These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority R2. The target is to reduce the proportion of offenders who re-offend within 24 months of being convicted by court or having been dealt with at a conference by 10 per cent by 2016.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 21.1 Custody Management

<u>Service Description</u> :	centre and vi author securit service menta	ervice group s and provi sitors. This ities and ma ey. It also in e needs, su health and ce and sexu	ding a sec involves p aintaining n ncludes pr uch as tho d other dis	cure enviro providing a reliable se oviding su se requirin ability serv	onment for advice to o curity syste opport for i ng compute vices, there	inmates, o courts and ems, includ nmates w sory drug apeutic tre	employees I releasing ding escort ith special treatment, atment for
Linkage to Results:	manag results	service gro gement of ir that include	nmates by e the follow	working to ing:	owards a ra	ange of in	termediate
		ecurity for m avel/escort c				s, court ci	ustody and
	♦ Vi	• Visits with family and friends are facilitated.					
	• Offenders have access to personal development programs and are encouraged to undertake them.						
		ffenders hav ograms des					ticipate in,
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:							
Average recurrent cost p	ber						
inmate per day: Low security/periodic Medium/high security		\$ \$	187 202	188 225	194 209	194 209	194 209
Daily average offenders periodic detention	IN	no.	741	728	750	740	740
Daily average full-time in population		no.	9,468	9,634	9,872	10,032	10,378
Escorts and court securi conducted Video conferences cond		no. no.	147,180 25,000	143,608 32,800	130,508 31,500	154,550 37,100	159,000 40,000
Employees:		FTE	4,610	4,609	4,742	4,451	4,451

# 21.1 Custody Management (cont)

	2008 Budget \$000	-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	674,382	694,534	667,704
NET COST OF SERVICES	656,894	677,542	660,247
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	88,856	145,326	109,098

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#### 21.2 Supervision of Offenders in the Community

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the supervision of offenders in community programs and the delivery of offender programs in the community.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service contributes to the effective management of offenders in the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- Courts and releasing agencies have the relevant information and advice to make appropriate orders regarding community release of offenders.
- Offenders are effectively supervised and supported in working towards the successful completion of the order.
- A range of community-based sentencing options are available to meet the needs of diverse offender groups.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Advice to courts/releasing authorities Average recurrent cost per	no.	31,545	29,977	31,410	29,977	29,977
offender per day	\$ no.	11.65 25.974	12.40 24.864	11.70 25.945	11.70 26.672	11.70 26,672
Average Drug Court offenders supervised Average Home Detention	no.	191	186	190	163	163
offenders supervised	no.	213	152	226	172	172
Employees:	FTE	815	1,024	838	1,091	1,091

	2008 Budget \$000	3-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	103,518	122,721	116,047
NET COST OF SERVICES	102,863	121,476	115,037
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,206	9,536	17,242

# 21.3 Offenders Program

Service Description:	to reduce	e risks of	re-offendin	ig and prov		ort service	s designed es to assist
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	towards <ul> <li>strat</li> <li>ager</li> <li>rese</li> <li>increation</li> </ul>	a range o tegic partr ncies prov ettlement r ease in ing cours	f intermedi nerships wi viding offen needs offenders es	ate results ith other go iders with o successfu	that includ overnment community	e the follov and non-g support ar eting educ	overnment nd meeting cation and
			•	e-offending		, nom cust	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Offender risks/needs assessments complet Targeted offender prog	rams	no.	33,900	34,206	29,000	36,477	38,272
completed by inmates		no.	4,500 185	4,500 154	4,970 223	4,500 200	4,500 250
Addiction programs del Aggression and violence		no.	601	104	223	200	250
programs delivered Aboriginal transitional programs:		no.	90	95	105	105	105
Referrals		no.	214	230	230	248	410
Graduates		no.	110	176	174	171	174
Employees:		FTE	1,127	1,177	1,159	1,334	1,334
					0000.00		0000 40

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses Total expenses include the following:	133,489	162,272	153,173	
Inmates' after care	3,001	3,068	3,074	
Clergy attending centres	1,594	2,015	1,594	
NET COST OF SERVICES	116,116	140,784	134,520	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	4,206	3,970	3,340	

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#### 21 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIVE SERVICES

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies Finance costs Other expenses	640,165 189,857 70,112 4,595 6,462 198	696,947 205,117 62,680 8,507 6,197 79	654,278 202,719 68,655 4,668 6,406 198	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	911,389	979,527	936,924	
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	28,522 1,183 5,237 583	31,330 841 6,390 1,147	20,015 1,210 5,299 596	
Total Retained Revenue	35,525	39,708	27,120	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets Other gains/(losses)	 (9)	17 		
NET COST OF SERVICES	875,873	939,802	909,804	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	875,873 773,105	939,802 821,127	909,804 804,690	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	97,268 97,777	158,832* 97,777	129,680 130,245	

\* Includes the leased component of the Long Bay Hospital redevelopment, which is financed as a Public Private Partnership arrangement with a finance lease of \$61.6 million. The commissioning of the hospital was deferred from 2007-08 to 2008-09.

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#### 21 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIVE SERVICES

		08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	04,400	40.000	04.040
Cash assets Receivables	21,402 7,867	18,338 7,867	21,642 5,179
Inventories	6,940	8,901	7,259
inventories	0,340	0,301	7,255
Total Current Assets	36,209	35,106	34,080
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	1,608,019	1,635,148	1,679,919
Plant and equipment	75,869	89,732	108,029
Intangibles	543	3,558	1,515
Total Non Current Assets	1,684,431	1,728,438	1,789,463
Total Assets	1,720,640	1,763,544	1,823,543
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	43,055	47,628	48,769
Borrowings at amortised cost	565	565	627
Provisions	94,245	101,685	101,625
Other	962	1,116	1,116
Total Current Liabilities	138,827	150,994	152,137
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	60,343	60,099	59,472
Total Non Current Liabilities	60,343	60,099	59,472
Total Liabilities	199,170	211,093	211,609
NET ASSETS	1,521,470	1,552,451	1,611,934
EQUITY			
Reserves	591,526	641,642	641,642
Accumulated funds	929,944	910,809	970,292
TOTAL EQUITY	1,521,470	1,552,451	1,611,934

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## 21 DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIVE SERVICES

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments	500.005	000 007	C40.045
Employee related Grants and subsidies	599,235 4,595	632,627 8,507	618,845 4,668
Finance costs	4,393 6,462	6,197	6,406
Other	203,497	245,757	223,370
Total Payments	813,789	893,088	853,289
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	30,431	34,081	21,042
Interest	1,379	767	1,557
Other	29,129	42,764	29,304
Total Receipts	60,939	77,612	51,903
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(752,850)	(815,476)	(801,386)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		17	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(96,540)	(97,268)	(129,680)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(96,540)	(97,251)	(129,680)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(500)	(000)	(505)
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(509)	(900)	(565)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(509)	(900)	(565)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	770 405	004 407	004 000
Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	773,105 97,777	821,127 97,777	804,690 130,245
		·	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	870,882	918,904	934,935
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	20,983	5,277	3,304
	419	13,061	18,338
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,338	21,642
	21,402		
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	21,402		
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<b>21,402</b> (875,873)	(939,802)	(909,804)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(875,873) 102,104	117,887	(909,804) 103,007
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services	(875,873)		

# MINISTER FOR EDUCATION AND TRAINING, AND MINISTER FOR WOMEN

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Education and Training			
Total Expenses	10,954.1	11,928.4	8.9
Capital Expenditure	732.4	2,666.1	264.0
Office of the Board of Studies			
Total Expenses	105.8	107.9	1.9
Capital Expenditure	2.6	0.4	-83.6
Total, Minister for Education and Training, and Minister for Women			
Total Expenses	11,059.9	12,036.3	8.8
Capital Expenditure	735.0	2,666.5	262.8

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Women portfolio area.

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The Department of Education and Training provides schooling and vocational education services and support to over 1.6 million students each year through an extensive network of government schools, TAFE NSW Institutes and the Adult Migrant English Service. The Department also provides regulatory and quality assurance services to the vocational education and training sector and funding support for non-government schools.

The Department's major governing legislation is set out in the *Education Act 1990* and the *Technical and Further Education Commission Act 1990*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department of Education and Training has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- S4: Increasing levels of attainment for all students.
- S5: More students complete year 12 or recognised vocational training.
- P4: More people participating in education and training throughout their life.
- P7: Better access to training in rural and regional New South Wales to support local economies.

The Department of Education and Training is working towards the following results:

- The percentage of Year 3, 5 and 7 students meeting national reading and numeracy minimum standards is increased.
- The proportion of the NSW population aged 20-24 years who have attained a Year 12 certificate or recognised vocational education and training (VET) qualification at Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) Certificate II or above is increased.
- The proportion of the NSW population aged 15-64 years with non-school qualifications, participating in VET and undertaking AQF Certificate III or above is increased.
- The number of 15-64 year olds participating in VET in regional and rural areas is increased.

Key services provided by the Department of Education and Training which contribute to these results include:

- providing staff and support to 100 government-run preschools
- quality teaching and education programs at more than 2,200 government schools, including targeted programs for students in need of additional support
- funding support for non-government schools
- quality vocational education and training across 10 TAFE NSW Institutes and
- registration of training organisations and regulation of apprenticeships and traineeships.

The key services provided by the Department, and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results, are outlined in the following table:

	2009-10		Res	ults	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses Increased levels of attainmer \$m for all students		More students complete Year 12 or accredited vocational education	More people participating in education and training throughout their lives	Improved access to training in regional and rural New South Wales
Preschool Education Services in Government Schools	28.7	~			
Primary Education Services in Government Schools	4,713.3	~			
Secondary Education Services in Government Schools	4,361.2	~	~		
Non-Government Schools	833.5	✓	✓		
TAFE NSW and Community Education	1,767.9		~	~	~
Vocational Education and Training	223.8		~	~	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	11,928.4				

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# SCHOOL EDUCATION SERVICES

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Total investment in government pre-school, primary and secondary education programs is estimated at \$9.1 billion in 2009-10, an increase of \$849 million or 10.3 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget.

During 2008-09, the Department implemented a range of initiatives to meet Government priorities. These included:

- introduction of legislation that raised the school leaving age to ensure students in New South Wales are equipped with the education and skills needed for life
- the first national tests of literacy and numeracy for students in Years 3, 5, 7 and 9
- training for teachers of students in the early years to support the development of quality literacy and numeracy programs
- development of a new Aboriginal education and training policy to support improved educational outcomes for Aboriginal students and build the cultural awareness of staff
- ongoing rollout of the Best Start literacy and numeracy assessment program for students in their first year of school
- commencement of four new Trade Schools to broaden the vocational education and training opportunities for students through state-of-the-art trades training facilities
- new staffing procedures that increase the options available to schools to select the teacher who best fits their needs and allow more teachers to apply for the jobs they want and
- professional learning programs for aspiring, newly appointed and experienced school leaders.

Around \$240 million was provided by the State for school maintenance in 2008-09, to significantly increase the number of maintenance projects. These funds were applied to a range of school improvement projects such as painting, playground upgrades, new floor coverings and roof repairs.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The following strategies reflect the NSW Government's commitment to education and training:

- implementing the increased school leaving age to ensure students in New South Wales are equipped with the education and skills needed for life
- implementing national partnerships with the Australian Government in the key areas of teacher quality, literacy and numeracy, and supporting low socioeconomic school communities
- delivering the Commonwealth's Building the Education Revolution Program to provide new facilities and refurbishments in schools across the State
- enhancing the use of technology in the classroom through the rollout of interactive whiteboards to all schools and laptops to senior secondary students, supported by online teaching and curriculum resources and
- implementing initiatives as part of the Government's response to the Wood Inquiry, *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*, including establishing a Child Wellbeing Unit, providing greater support to children and young people in out-of-home care who attend government schools, and services to support attendance during the compulsory years of schooling.

#### **BUDGET INITIATIVES**

#### **Total Expenses**

Total investment in school education services for 2009-10 is estimated at \$9.9 billion. This is an increase of \$870 million or 9.6 per cent on last year's budget. This includes over \$351 million that is estimated to be received from the Australian Government to support a number of National Partnerships (NPs) between the New South Wales and Australian Governments. The combined expenditure under these partnerships for 2009-10 is forecast to be:

- \$120 million for the Low Socioeconomic Status School Communities NP which includes a range of strategies to lift the educational attainment of students in disadvantaged communities
- \$44 million for the Literacy and Numeracy NP, which includes monitoring student performance to identify when support is needed and implement effective evidence based support programs

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- \$6 million for the Teacher Quality NP, which includes strategies to attract, train, develop and retain quality teachers and principals in schools
- \$80 million for the *Digital Education Revolution* to provide improved ICT access for all students in years 9 to 12
- \$185 million for the Building the Education Revolution to improve school facilities across the State.

In 2009-10, the Government will continue key initiatives introduced in the 2007-08 Budget to implement State Plan priorities including:

- \$117.4 million over the next four years for the Best Start initiative to introduce a consistent literacy and numeracy assessment to better guide the learning of all kindergarten students in public schools
- \$45.6 million over the next four years for the Connected Classrooms initiative to significantly expand technology based learning in government schools
- \$33.2 million over the next four years for the Support for Beginning Teachers initiative to improve the effectiveness and retention of permanent new teachers
- \$18.2 million over the next four years for the Transition to Year 7 initiative to provide support for students' transition from primary to secondary schools and
- \$10.8 million over the next four years for the School Sport initiative to promote and extend school sporting competitions and encourage students' participation in physical activity.

In 2009-10, around \$404 million will be spent on school maintenance, including around \$160 million funded by the Commonwealth National School Pride program. This includes the painting of classrooms and general use areas, replacement of floor coverings, improvement of school grounds, insulation and repairs and preventative works to roofs, downpipes and gutters and electrical services.

Commencing in 2009-10, about \$24.6 million will be provided over the next four years to implement the Government's *Keep Them Safe* initiatives. This includes additional Home School and Aboriginal Liaison officers and out-of-home care coordinators as well as the establishment of a Child Wellbeing Unit.

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#### Capital Expenditure

The Government will spend \$2.6 billion on the school infrastructure program during 2009-10 to meet its commitment to provide quality school facilities to NSW students to give them the best opportunities for their future.

This includes around \$1.8 billion of works in 2009-10 from the Nation Building – Economic Stimulus Plan - Building the Education Revolution Program. The estimated total expenditure for NSW government schools from the Building the Education Revolution program is \$3.2 billion. The three programs for schools are: the Primary Schools for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century program, Secondary Schools' Science and Language Centres for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century, and the National School Pride program.

Projects include the construction of new and replacement schools, construction of additional facilities at existing schools and the upgrading of buildings to appropriate standards, as well as sites for new schools, furniture and equipment and major information technology projects.

In 2009-10, the Department will spend \$176 million to support the following key Government initiatives started in 2007-08, at an estimated total cost of \$468 million:

- Building Better Schools initiative (\$116 million) which is providing substantial upgrades in NSW government schools
- Connected Classrooms (\$36 million), significantly expanding technologybased learning in government schools through the use of video-conferencing and interactive whiteboards, and tools that enable the sharing of information in interactive environments
- School Sport (\$18.5 million) focused on the improvement of sporting facilities in schools and providing sports equipment and
- Learn or Earn (\$6 million) which is providing an additional 15 trade schools across schools and TAFE colleges.

In 2009-10, \$340 million is to be spent for minor works on the construction and improvement of school facilities. The minor works program incorporates initiatives to upgrade student and teacher facilities and to purchase computers in schools. The Principals Priority Building Program (\$150 million over three years) is also supported through the minor works program with \$75 million allocated in 2009-10.

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Australian Government funding to support its election commitments for the Digital Education Revolution and Trade Training Centres adds an estimated \$133 million to the minor works.

The Department continues to provide new schools in 2009-10 under a Public Private Partnership arrangement at a total cost of \$132 million. The remaining school to be completed under this program is Kariong Mountains High School.

This year's program also provides for:

- the commencement of 17 major new building projects in schools and an information technology project at a total cost of \$135 million, including the upgrading of facilities at Ashford and Coolamon Central Schools, Homebush West, Jerrabomberra, Neutral Bay and Roseville Public Schools, Cabramatta, Gulgong, Lisarow and Wauchope High Schools and
- the continuation of 40 projects commenced in previous years, including building upgrades, staged work and redevelopments at Bletchington, Carlton, Floraville, Hazelbrook, Newport, Old Bar and Waniora Public Schools, Bega, Chatswood, Coffs Harbour, East Hills Boys, East Hills Girls, Kempsey and Ulladulla High Schools.

The Department's total capital expenditure over four years from 2009-10 will be \$5.7 billion for both schools and TAFE. This represents the largest public education and training capital works program ever undertaken in New South Wales.

# TAFE AND RELATED SERVICES

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

TAFE NSW is the largest provider of vocational education and training in Australia and plays a vital role in ensuring that the NSW workforce is equipped with the required skills to build and support the economy of the State. TAFE NSW works closely with enterprises and communities to address the complex issues of skill shortages, an ageing population and the global economic downturn.

Key achievements include:

- review of TAFE Institute industry training profiles, in consultation with key stakeholders, and alignment of the purchasing of training with industry demand and government priorities
- partnerships in regions with employers and service providers to increase the skill levels of individuals and the sustainability of communities
- implementation of workforce development strategies for enterprises in all TAFE Institutes to assist in increasing the productivity and profitability of enterprises
- introduction of Employer Services, a web-based brokerage service, which is supported through TAFE NSW's network of 132 campuses, to make it easier for enterprises to access training advice and customised services and
- establishment of TAFE workforce development programs to provide training options for staff and build organisational capacity to deliver customised training services and meet the needs of diverse learners.

## **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The TAFE NSW strategic priorities are based on improving the flexibility and responsiveness of training services and supporting the growth of the NSW economy. TAFE NSW will offer greater service diversity and flexibility for learners, employers and other customers to meet their wide-ranging needs.

Priorities include:

- strengthening locally customised services
- implementing personalised services by recognising prior learning and tailoring services for individuals
- building new relationships with industry and enterprises, and extending innovative ways of responding to workforce development needs
- increasing training to staff to meet the challenges of the new working relationships with enterprises, green skills and leadership
- implementing improved technologies that support more efficient and effective services for learners and employers

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- partnering with schools to provide vocational pathways for our students from school to TAFE and beyond and
- working to improve outcomes for Aboriginal students.

## **BUDGET INITIATIVES**

#### **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10, the total investment in TAFE NSW and related services is estimated at almost \$2 billion, an increase of \$104 million on the 2008-09 budget.

In 2009-10, the NSW Government will continue implementing the Productivity Places National Partnership, which will provide significant resources for the NSW vocational education and training sector of around \$670 million over four years, including an Australian Government contribution of \$420 million. Almost 175,000 additional training places will be delivered for job seekers and existing workers in skill shortage areas.

In 2009-10, the Government will continue key initiatives introduced in the 2007-08 budget to implement Government priorities including:

- ♦ \$81.9 million over the next four years for the Training our Workforce initiative to provide additional training opportunities contributing to the achievement of the State Plan target and
- \$74.9 million over the next four years for the Learn or Earn initiative to improve trade skills by increasing uptake and completion of apprenticeships. This will contribute to the State Plan target to increase the proportion of population aged 15-64 participating in vocational education.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The TAFE capital program for 2009-10 is \$99 million. This provides for the commencement of 15 new major projects at an estimated total cost of \$87 million. These include the upgrading of facilities at Armidale, Dubbo, Macquarie Fields, Wagga Wagga and Wollongong TAFE colleges.

Work will continue on 27 projects at TAFE colleges commenced in previous years at an estimated total cost of \$155 million. This includes works at Castle Hill, Coffs Harbour, Dubbo, Mudgee and Tamworth TAFE colleges.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Increased levels of attainment for all students

	Units	2006 Actual	2007 Actual	2008 Forecast	2008 Revised	2009 Forecast		
Result Indicators:		10100	, 1010.01					
Students achieving at or above the national minimum standard for reading <sup>(a)</sup> Year 3		ai	e-based li nd numer ssessmen	acy	nat	New national assessments <sup>(c)</sup>		
All students	%	93.1	93.7	94.0	95.1	95.1		
Aboriginal students	%	81.6	83.3	n.a.	83.5	83.5		
Year 5	<u>.</u>			<b></b>				
All students	%	90.3	90.4	90.7	93.5	93.5		
Aboriginal students Year 7	%	73.6	77.3	n.a.	77.6	77.6		
All students	%	88.4	88.9	89.3	95.4	95.4		
Aboriginal students	%	68.4	75.8	n.a.	82.4	82.4		
Year 9 <sup>(d)</sup>	70	00.4	10.0	n.a.	02.4	02.4		
All students	%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	94.4	94.4		
Aboriginal students	%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	82.3	82.3		
Students achieving at or above the national minimum standard for numeracy <sup>(a)</sup> Year 3								
All students	%	95.8	95.7	95.9	96.9	96.9		
Aboriginal students	%	88.1	90.2	n.a.	88.6	88.6		
Year 5								
All students	%	92.6	92.3	92.5	94.4	94.4		
Aboriginal students	%	78.0	76.0	n.a.	78.9	78.9		
Year 7								
All students	%	72.7	77.4	78.2	96.0	96.0		
Aboriginal students	%	39.8	40.1	n.a.	84.5	84.5		
Year 9 <sup>(d)</sup>	0/				047	94.7		
All students Aboriginal students	% %	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	94.7 80.3	94.7 80.3		
Aboliginal students	/0	n.a.	n.a.	n.d.	00.5	00.3		

(a) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S4. The overall targets are to reduce the number of lowest performing students and increase the number of students meeting or exceeding national proficiency standards in literacy and numeracy in Years 3, 5, 7 and 9.

- (b) New national literacy and numeracy tests were introduced in 2008. Time series data from the previous state literacy and numeracy tests is not comparable to 2008 data.
- (c) As the national tests were conducted for the first time in 2008, there is no previous literacy and numeracy data available to compare performance over time or establish performance targets. It will take three years and two further testing cycles before a reliable and valid time series of data can be established that can be used to set targets for improvement.
- (d) Year 9 literacy and numeracy tests were conducted for the first time in 2008.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# More students complete Year 12 or accredited vocational education

Result Indicators:	Units	2006 Actual	2007 Actual	2008 Forecast	2008 Revised	2009 Forecast
NSW population aged 20-24 years who have attained a Year 12 certificate or VET qualification at AQF						
Certificate II or above <sup>(a)</sup> Year 10 to 12 apparent retention rates for	%	82.0	82.7	83.5	83.5	84.3
full-time students	%	68.2	67.8	71.1	67.6	72.3
TAFE NSW 15-24 year olds completions in AQF II and above Students in all NSW schools enrolled in part-time	no.	33,526	33,790	34,656	35,957	36,065
apprenticeships and traineeships <sup>(b)</sup>	<sup>)</sup> no.	1,310	1,530	1,560	1,771	1,810

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority S5. The target is to increase the proportion of students completing Year 12 or recognised vocational training to 90 per cent by 2016.

All qualification attainment estimates for State Plan Priority S5 are based on the new Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED). The ABS introduced this new classification for the reporting of the 2007 Survey of Education and Work, which was released in December 2007. The 2007 data for this indicator was released by the ABS in July 2008. The new ASCED standard replaces the previous ABS Classification of Qualifications system. All time series data has been re-cast by the ABS.

The 2008 forecast for this indicator differs from last year's budget paper due to the change to ASCED.

(b) The 2008 Revised value is as at 1 December 2008.

## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# More people participating in education and training throughout their lives

Result Indicators:	Units	2006 Actual	2007 Actual	2008 Forecast	2008 20 Revised Foreca	09 ast
Estimated proportion of the NSW population (aged 15-64 years) with non-school qualifications <sup>(a)</sup> Estimated proportion of the	%	54.7	54.4	55.3	56.0 <b>5</b> 6	6.1
NSW population (aged 15-64 years) participating in VET <sup>(b)</sup>	%	11.9	11.4	12.8	12.8 <b>1</b> :	3.6

(a) The qualification attainment estimates for this indicator are now based on the new Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED). The ABS introduced this new classification for the reporting of the 2007 Survey of Education and Work, which was released in December 2007. The 2007 data for this indicator were released by the ABS in July 2008. The new ASCED standard replaces the previous ABS Classification of Qualifications system. All time series data has been re-cast by the ABS.

The 2008 forecast for this indicator differs from last year's budget paper due to the change to ASCED.

(b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority P4 and P7. The current target is to increase the proportion of the population aged 15-64 participating in vocational education and training from 11.7 per cent in 2005 to 16 per cent in 2016. The 2007 actual is 11.4 and not 12.4 as previously reported.

#### Improved access to training in regional and rural New South Wales

Result Indicators:	Units	2006 Actual	2007 Actual	2008 Forecast	2008 Revised	2009 Forecast
15-64 year olds participating in VET in regional areas	no.	228,151	223,927	237,500	237,500	240,625

This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority P4 and P7. The current target is to increase to 250,000 the number of people in regional areas participating in vocational education and training by 2012, with an aim of 300,000 by 2016.

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## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 22.1 Preschool Education Services in Government Schools

- <u>Service Description</u>: The service group covers the staffing and support of 100 government run preschools to provide prior-to-school learning and a transition to primary school.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to increased levels of attainment for all students, and gives priority to children from disadvantaged backgrounds unable to access other children's services, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - early intervention strategies
  - enhancing school readiness and
  - transition to schools.

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	323	323	323	323	323
			Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	i		27,0	80 2	7,800	28,655
Total expenses include the foll Employee related expenses Other expenses	0		22,9 4,1		3,264 4,536	23,992 4,663
NET COST OF SERVICES			24,9	48 2	25,566	26,376

#### 22.2 Primary Education Services in Government Schools

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the staffing and support of 1,641 primary schools, 67 central schools and 114 SSPs to deliver quality education aimed at increasing the attainment and meeting the diverse needs of students.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes towards students successfully making the transition to further education by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - an increased level of attainment for all students and
  - an increased percentage of Years 3 and 5 students and Aboriginal students meeting national reading and numeracy benchmarks.

	Units	_	006 tual A	2007 Actual	2008 Actual	2009 Forecast
Service Measures:						
Staff who participate in professional development Average expenditure per	%		100	100	100	100
teacher on professional learning Teachers who are fully	\$	-	700	700	700	700
accredited under NSW Institute of Teachers' requirements (Total DET) Newly appointed teachers resigning from the	no.	7	720	1,640	3,000	3,800
Department of Education and Training within their first five years (Total DET) Professional learning courses and programs available on	%	1	0.0	11.0	12.1	12.1
the Professional Learning Exchange (Total DET)	no.	I	n.a.	n.a.	611	750
	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	37,437	37,412	37,748	38,534	39,352

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# 22.2 Primary Education Services in Government Schools (cont)

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,252,138	4,484,918	4,713,288
Total expenses include the following:			
Employee related expenses Other expenses	3,342,607 909.531	3,528,837 956,081	3,627,246 1.086.042
Other expenses	303,331	330,001	1,000,042
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,036,816	4,252,310	4,471,960
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	288,482	316,264	1,890,001

#### 22.3 Secondary Education Services in Government Schools

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the staffing and support of 397 secondary schools to deliver quality education aimed at increasing the attainment and retention of students and meeting their diverse needs.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes towards students successfully making the transition to further education and work by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- an increased percentage of Year 7 and 9 students and Aboriginal students meeting national reading and numeracy benchmarks
- improved Year 10-12 apparent retention rates for full-time students
- increased number of students in all NSW schools enrolled in parttime apprenticeships and traineeships and
- an increased proportion of the NSW population aged 20-24 years who have attained a Year 12 certificate or recognised VET qualification at AQF Certificate II or above.

	Units		006 tual /	2007 Actual	2008 Actual	2009 Forecast
Service Measures:						
Staff who participate in professional development Average expenditure per	%		100	100	100	100
teacher on professional learning	\$		700	700	700	700
Teachers who are fully accredited under NSW Institute of Teachers' requirements (Total DET) Newly appointed teachers resigning from the	no.		720	1,640	3,000	3,800
Department of Education and Training within their first five years (Total DET) Professional learning courses and programs available on the Defensional Learning	%	1	10.0	11.0	12.1	12.1
the Professional Learning Exchange (Total DET)	no.		n.a.	n.a.	611	750
	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	34,782	34,682	34,872	35,145	36,337

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# 22.3 Secondary Education Services in Government Schools (cont)

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	3,975,423	4,163,295	4,361,241
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses Other expenses	3,099,457 875,966	3,257,305 905,990	3,379,809 981,432
NET COST OF SERVICES	3,727,193	3,893,594	4,079,481
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	359,192	262,264	677,386

#### 22.4 Non-Government Schools

Service Description: This service group covers funding to non-Government schools to improve student learning outcomes and assist them to successfully complete Year 12 or VET equivalent.

- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes towards students successfully making the transition to further education and work by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - an increased percentage of Year 3, 5 7 and 9 students meeting national reading and numeracy benchmarks and
  - an increased proportion of the NSW population aged 20-24 years who have attained a Year 12 Certificate or recognised VET qualification at AQF Certificate II or above.

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	5	5	5	5	5
			Bud \$00	0	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losse	es		811,8	804 80	0,451	833,456
Total expenses include the for Per capita grants Capital assistance Other expenses	bllowing:		698,4 67,7 45,6	'37 6	)2,402 37,737 30,312	720,595 70,900 41,961
NET COST OF SERVICES			811,8	804 80	0,451	833,456

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#### 22.5 TAFE NSW and Community Education

Service Description:	This service group covers delivery of cost-efficient training services
	and improved skill and qualification levels of the NSW population, both
	rural and urban.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to improved skill and qualification levels of the NSW population, both urban and rural, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- an increased proportion of the NSW population (aged 15-64) with non-school qualifications
- an increased proportion of 15-64 year olds undertaking AQF Certificate III or above
- an increased percentage of Annual Student Hours that is achieved through Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) and
- an increased number of 15-64 year olds participating in VET in regional areas.

	Units		006 tual	2007 Actual	2008 Actual	2009 Forecast
Service Measures:						
TAFE NSW Annual Student Hours (includes RPL) Enrolments in AQF Certificate	thous	108,	785	108,509	112,659	112,998
III and above Graduates satisfied with overall quality of all TAFE training TAFE NSW students (aged 15-64 years) TAFE NSW students (aged 15-64 years) in regional and rural areas	no.	200,	348	203,343	215,053	215,698
	%	8	38.4	89.6	90.0	90.0
	no.	396,	467	384,767	386,027	387,185
	no.	187,	570	181,066	187,214	187,776
	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-( Actu			2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	15,976	15,99	94 16,040	) 15,960	16,240

# 22.5 TAFE NSW and Community Education (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,730,588	1,727,101	1,767,920	
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses Other expenses	1,309,407 421,181	1,344,874 382,227	1,376,166 391,754	
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,415,242	1,374,610	1,404,380	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	84,760	84,760	98,708	

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# 22.6 Vocational Education and Training

Service Description:	vocational industry a	educat Ind indi Iships,	tion and t viduals. It traineeship	rair als	ning sy so faci	stem that litates qua	enhances Ility trainir	of a quality s skills for g through areas and
Linkage to Results:	of the NS range of ir ♦ an inc	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to improved skill and qualification levels of the NSW population, both urban and rural, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:</li> <li>an increased number of Year 11 and 12 enrolments in HSC VET courses (government students)</li> </ul>						
			proportion alifications		the NS	SW popula	tion aged	15-64 with
	♦ an inc	•	proportion		he NSV	V populatio	n (aged 18	5-64 years)
		creased		f 1	5-64 ye	ar olds pa	articipating	in VET in
		reased above.	proportion	of	15-64 y	vear olds u	ndertaking	AQF Cert
		l la ita		006		2007	2008	2009
Service Measures:		Units	S AC	tual	I 4	Actual	Actual	Forecast
Average VET NSW cost Annual Student Hour	t per	\$	13	3.43	3	12.63	n.a.	12.63
		Units	2006-07 Actual	-	)07-08 Actual		2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:		FTE	321		320	325	324	322
					Budo \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses				157,0	76 17	72,779	223,818
Total expenses inclu Employee related Grants Other expenses		wing:			23,3 122,9 10,7	94 12	23,829 29,794 19,156	24,665 179,972 19,181
NET COST OF SERVIC	ES				139,7	17 14	13,314	202,187

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	7,798,302	8,178,610	8,432,400
Other operating expenses	1,683,415	1,763,572	1,912,716
Depreciation and amortisation	429,342	416,342	478,682
Grants and subsidies	1,033,583	1,008,583	1,093,043
Finance costs	9,467	9,237	11,537
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,954,109	11,376,344	11,928,378
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	409,917	454,670	471,770
Investment income Grants and contributions	37,286 339,305	49,217 370,931	47,806 378,007
Other revenue	11,881	11,781	12,955
		000 500	040 500
Total Retained Revenue	798,389	886,599	910,538
Other gains/(losses)		(100)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,155,720	10,489,845	11,017,840
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	10 155 700	10 400 045	11 017 040
Recurrent Services Appropriation	10,155,720 9,197,631	10,489,845 9,281,197	11,017,840 9,933,258
Recurrent Services Appropriation	9,197,037	9,201,197	<b>୬,</b> ୬ <b>3</b> 3,238

# CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Capital Expenditure	732,434	663,288	2,666,095
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	670,753	590,389	2,532,549
Capital Works and Cervices Appropriation	070,755	530,503	2,332,343

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

			0000.40
	Budget \$000	008-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Other financial assets Assets held for sale Other	586,639 76,649 165 25,985 37	594,716 95,103 2,160 7,628 20	549,023 92,586 2,160 7,628 20
Total Current Assets	689,475	699,627	651,417
Non Current Assets Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment - Land and building Plant and equipment Intangibles Other	6,981 255 16,483,855 379,537 137,809 223	5,889 286 16,569,821 273,021 131,342 150	5,889 286 18,799,837 173,197 167,063 150
Total Non Current Assets	17,008,660	16,980,509	19,146,422
Total Assets	17,698,135	17,680,136	19,797,839
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other	315,644 3,755 247,480 72,545	317,523 1,900 246,340 84,585	333,468 3,680 254,807 84,585
Total Current Liabilities	639,424	650,348	676,540
Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions	178,435 11,733	182,012 10,836	203,989 10,892
Total Non Current Liabilities	190,168	192,848	214,881
Total Liabilities	829,592	843,196	891,421
NET ASSETS	16,868,543	16,836,940	18,906,418
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	4,120,639 12,747,904	4,136,589 12,700,351	4,136,589 14,769,829
TOTAL EQUITY	16,868,543	16,836,940	18,906,418

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	0	0000.00	
	Budget	008-09 Revised	2009-10 Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	7,229,513	7,369,844	7,786,121
Grants and subsidies Finance costs	1,032,983	1,007,983 9,237	1,092,443
Other	9,467 1,936,141	2,019,551	11,537 2,149,306
Total Payments	10,208,104	10,406,615	11,039,407
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	410,059	454,712	471,770
Interest	37,286	49,217	47,806
Other	602,204	641,715	629,169
Total Receipts	1,049,549	1,145,644	1,148,745
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(9,158,555)	(9,260,971)	(9,890,662)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	14,800	17,993	21,300
Proceeds from sale of investments	38	38	38
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(630,750)	(561,604)	(2,575,556)
Purchases of investments	(38)	(38)	(38)
Other	(63,940)	(63,940)	(64,351)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(679,890)	(607,551)	(2,618,607)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(2,673)	(1,455)	(2,231)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,673)	(1,455)	(2,231)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	9,197,631	9,281,197	9,933,258
Capital appropriation	670,753	590,389	2,532,549
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	9,868,384	9,871,586	12,465,807
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	27,266	1,609	(45,693)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	559,373	593,107	594,716
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	586,639	594,716	549,023

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	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
-			

# CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)

Net cash flow from operating activities	(9,158,555)	(9,260,971)	(9,890,662)
Change in operating assets and liabilities	27,106	40,158	26,985
Non cash items added back	970,059	1,188,716	1,100,193
Net cost of services	(10,155,720)	(10,489,845)	(11,017,840)
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			

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The Office of the Board of Studies supports the Minister for Education and Training and the Board of Studies in their respective functions under the *Education Act 1990*. The Board develops syllabuses and curriculum support materials from Kindergarten to Year 12; registers and accredits non-government schools; administers home schooling registration, and prepares and conducts the School Certificate (SC) tests and Higher School Certificate (HSC) examinations. The Office of the Board of Studies also encompasses the Australian Music Examinations Board (NSW) and the Aboriginal Education Consultative Group.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Office contributes to school students fulfilling their potential by working towards the following results:

- More students in Years 3, 5, 7 and 9 achieve minimum and proficiency levels in literacy and numeracy.
- More students complete Year 12 or recognised vocational training better prepared for further study, training or employment.
- Non-government schools and home schooling families deliver high quality educational programs based on the Board's mandatory requirements.

Key services provided by the Office to contribute to these results include:

- providing high quality syllabuses and support materials that promote high standards of primary and secondary education
- providing internationally-regarded, comprehensive, flexible and inclusive credentials that meet the needs of students and the community and
- undertaking a program of inspections and monitoring that ensures non-government schools comply with statutory registration and accreditation requirements.

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The key services delivered by the Board and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

			Results	
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	More students in Years 3, 5,7 and 9 achieve minimum and proficiency levels in literacy and numeracy	More students complete Year 12 or recognised vocational training better prepared for further study, training or employment	Non-government schools and home schooling families deliver high quality educational programs based on the Board's mandatory requirements
Curriculum Development and Support	11.1	$\checkmark$	✓	$\checkmark$
Examinations, Assessment and Credentialling	93.2		~	✓
Registration and Accreditation	3.6	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	107.9			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In 2008, nearly 68,000 students, a record, sat for the HSC in 112 courses. Approximately 30 per cent of these candidates studied one or more vocational education and training (VET) courses leading to nationally recognised employment qualifications along with their HSC.

Nearly 86,000 students in 2008 sat for School Certificate tests in English-literacy, mathematics, Australian history, Australian geography, civics and citizenship, and computing skills. Over 75 per cent of students who sat for the computing skills test did so online.

The performance of NSW students compares favourably against the most recently released international benchmarks such as the 2006 Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) and the 2007 Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS). Courses of study in NSW schools are based on and taught in accordance with Board syllabuses.

In 2009 revision of the Stage 6 Legal Studies syllabus was completed for implementation in Year 11 in 2010. The Stage 6 Creative Arts syllabus was revised to provide students with special education needs access to a greater range of courses in the creative arts area for the 2010 HSC.

Vocational education curriculum frameworks were completed for the hospitality, tourism and business service industries and will be implemented in 2010.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Office has strategies to address current and emerging developments, including:

- the continuing growth in HSC and SC student numbers
- the need for more efficient service delivery
- the increasing use of information and communications technologies (ICT) and
- the Australian Government's policies relating to national testing, student reports, annual school reporting and a national curriculum.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$107.9 million. Key expenditure initiatives in 2009-10 include:

- ♦ \$450,000 to develop national language courses in Chinese (Mandarin), Japanese, Indonesian and Korean for heritage speakers at the senior secondary level (Australian Government funded)
- \$1 million for increases in HSC candidature as a result of increased student retention rates due to the economic downturn
- \$420,000 to support the development of VET curriculum frameworks in the Construction, Primary and Human Services industries. Revisions will also be made to Entertainment and Information Technology frameworks.

# **Capital Expenditure**

The capital program for 2009-10 of \$431,000 provides for the cyclical replacement of the Office's ICT infrastructure.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

# More students in Years 3, 5, 7 and 9 achieve minimum and proficiency levels in literacy and numeracy

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
NSW students demonstrating minimum proficiency levels in PISA <sup>(a)</sup>						
Reading Literacy	%	97/71	96/67	96/67	96/67	96/67
Mathematical Literacy Ranking of NSW students relative to other states and territories in TIMSS <sup>(a)</sup>	%	96/67	97/66	97/66	97/68	97/68
Mathematics (Year 8)	no.	1st	1st	3rd	3rd	3rd
Mathematics (Year 4) Students awarded full School	no.	2nd	2nd	1st	1st	1st
Certificate credential	thous	84	83	85	84	85

(a) PISA-Program for International Student Assessment conducted by the OECD for 15 year olds every three years for Reading Literacy and Mathematical Literacy. The TIMSS-Trends in Mathematics and Science Study (for Year 4 and Year 8 students) is conducted every four years. The most recently published PISA (for 2006) and TIMSS results (for 2007) are included for information in the Table.

#### More students complete Year 12 or recognised vocational training better prepared for further study, training or employment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
HSC candidates demonstrating sound achievement standards		00.0	00.4	00.0	00.0	70.0
or higher <sup>(a)</sup> HSC VET credentials at AQF	%	66.2	68.1	68.2	69.0	70.0
Certificate II level or higher <sup>(b)</sup> HSC VET credentials at AQF	no.	14,707	14,613	14,707	14,849	14,849
Certificate III level <sup>(c)</sup> NSW population aged 20-24 years with Year 12 or VET qualification at AQF	no.	672	874	672	1,106	1,106
Certificate II level or higher <sup>(d)</sup> AMEB students credentialled at	%	84.5	83.3	85.7	83.9	84.5
grade 8 or higher <sup>(e)</sup>	no.	1,096	1,164	1,085	1,100	1,100

#### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### More students complete Year 12 or recognised vocational training better prepared for further study, training or employment (cont)

- (a) Percentage of students achieving Band 4 or higher, or Band E2 or higher.
- (b) Number of VET Certificate II qualifications issued in Stage 6 by the Board of Studies, private providers and TAFE NSW.
- (c) Number of VET Certificate III qualifications issued in Stage 6 by the Board of Studies, private providers and TAFE NSW.
- (d) State Plan target of 90 per cent by 2016.
- (e) Previous data for this service measure was students enrolled rather than students credentialled, and has now been corrected.

#### Non-government schools and home schooling families deliver high quality educational programs based on the Board's mandatory requirements

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Non-government schools registered for maximum allowable period <sup>(a)</sup> Non-government schools	%	87	88	87	87	87
accredited for the HSC <sup>(b)</sup> Home schoolers registered for maximum requested period <sup>(c)</sup>	no. %	314 74.4	324 75.9	314 78.5	334 78.7	334 78.7

- (a) Schools do not receive the maximum period if they are new, are expanding into new years of schooling or if the Board has concerns about compliance. Registrations commencing 2005 have a maximum of five years. Prior to that it was six years.
- (b) Schools presenting candidates for the HSC must have a separate HSC accreditation.
- (c) Home schoolers assessed as meeting mandatory requirements unconditionally may be granted registration for up to two years.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 23.1 Curriculum Development and Support

Service Description:	syllabuses of primary	This service group covers the provision of relevant high quality syllabuses, courses and support materials that promote high standards of primary (K-6) and secondary (Years 7-12) education for a full range of students.							
Linkage to Results:	9 achievir	This service group contributes to more students in Years 3, 5, 7 and 9 achieving minimum and proficiency levels in literacy and numeracy, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:							
	challe		ourses of				evant and andards of		
					ortunities ses in Year		Vocational		
		nts stud ars 11-12		leading to	higher lev	el VET qu	alifications		
	Scho		cate (HSC				nd Higher ed against		
Service Measures:	2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised <b>Forecast</b> Service Measures:								
Current K-12 syllabuse VET student course ur		no. thous	162 123	162 123	162 123	159 123	159 123		
Graded student work s available online	amples	no.	1,070	1,353	1,500	1,700	1,800		
Employees:		FTE	72	72	72	72	72		

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,457	10,901	11,137
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	7,190	7,293	7,532
NET COST OF SERVICES	9,071	8,754	9,128
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	150	150	43

#### 23.2 Examinations, Assessments and Credentialling

- Service Description: This service group covers the conduct of School Certificate (SC) tests, HSC examinations and Australian Music Examinations Board (AMEB) examinations.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the ability to assess and credential student achievement, by working towards an intermediate result that students' achievements in SC, HSC and AMEB courses are assessed and reported against State-wide standards.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
SC tests conducted HSC examinations conducted AMEB examinations conducted	no. no. no.	421,960 326,737 43,021	418,691 330,659 42,789	422,941 335,262 42,767	423,251 333,422 40,921	421,135 338,790 40,500
Employees:	FTE	715	715	712	711	716
			Bud <u>(</u> \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	91,972	92,394	93,177
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	71,204	71,047	73,071
NET COST OF SERVICES	86,569	86,877	87,733
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,471	2,471	388

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#### 23.3 Registration and Accreditation

Service Description:	This	service	group	covers	the	registration	and	accreditation	of
	non-g	governme	ent scho	ols and t	the re	egistration of	home	schooling.	

- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to verification that the educational programs and facilities required under the *Education Act 1990* are being provided at the requisite standard, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - students achievements in SC and HSC courses assessed and reported against State-wide standards and
  - non-government schools and home schooling families with compliance concerns identified.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Non-government schools inspected Assessments of home schooling families by authorised	%	52	54	50	73	73
persons	no.	1,304	1,361	1,304	1,340	1,500
Employees:	FTE	27	27	27	28	28
			Budg \$00	0	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	3,420	3,515	3,588
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	2,744	2,824	2,901
NET COST OF SERVICES	3,420	3,514	3,588

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	81,138 22,774 1,912	81,164 23,643 1,978	83,504 22,557 1,815	
Finance costs	25	25	26	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	105,849	106,810	107,902	
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	5,513 256 762 248	5,685 256 762 977	5,714 262 700 767	
Total Retained Revenue	6,779	7,680	7,443	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	10	(15)	10	
NET COST OF SERVICES	99,060	99,145	100,449	
<b>RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT</b>				
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	99,060 94,873	99,145 94,906	100,449 96,059	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	2,621 1,600	2,621 1,600	431 431	

# Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10 Budget	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash assets	4,176	2,372	2,000	
Receivables	1,157	1,713	1,713	
Inventories	2,393	2,156	2,156	
Total Current Assets	7,726	6,241	5,869	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	1,331	2,004	1,677	
Plant and equipment	3,628	3,428	2,801	
Intangibles	1,737	2,378	1,928	
Total Non Current Assets	6,696	7,810	6,406	
Total Assets	14,422	14,051	12,275	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	1,195	1,077	1,077	
Provisions	2,419	2,497	2,596	
Other	2,000	1,506	1,506	
Total Current Liabilities	5,614	5,080	5,179	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	33	30	33	
Other	496	497	523	
Total Non Current Liabilities	529	527	556	
Total Liabilities	6,143	5,607	5,735	
NET ASSETS	8,279	8,444	6,540	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	8,279	8,444	6,540	
TOTAL EQUITY	8,279	8,444	6,540	

	000		2000 40	
	Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related Other	79,352 26,859	79,016 27,733	81,347 25,757	
Total Payments	106,211	106,749	107,104	
Receipts Sale of goods and services	5,513	5,685	5,714	
Interest Other	256 4,615	256 5,344	262 4,667	
Total Receipts	10,384	11,285	10,643	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(95,827)	(95,464)	(96,461)	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	30 (2,421) (200)	5 (2,421) (200)	30 (431) 	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,591)	(2,616)	(401)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation	94,873	94,906	96,059	
Capital appropriation	1,600	1,600	431	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	96,473	96,506	96,490	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,945)	(1,574)	(372)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,121	3,946	2,372	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,176	2,372	2,000	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION	(00.000)	(00.4.45)	(400,440)	
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(99,060) 3,592	(99,145) 4,021	(100,449) 3,870	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(359)	(340)	118	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(95,827)	(95,464)	(96,461)	

# Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR EMERGENCY SERVICES, AND MINISTER FOR SMALL BUSINESS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
New South Wales Fire Brigades			
Total Expenses	532.4	545.5	2.5
Capital Expenditure	45.9	44.1	-3.8
Department of Rural Fire Service			
Total Expenses	228.0	245.0	7.5
Capital Expenditure	8.3	8.3	
State Emergency Service			
Total Expenses	54.5	56.8	4.2
Capital Expenditure	3.1	2.9	-6.1
Total, Minister for Emergency Services, and Minister for Small Business			
Total Expenses	814.9	847.3	4.0
Capital Expenditure	57.3	55.3	-3.5

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of State and Regional Development (Section 19) for the Small Business portfolio area.

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The New South Wales Fire Brigades (NSWFB) provides emergency risk management services from 339 stations across New South Wales. It promotes fire safety, manages fires, and protects New South Wales from hazardous material incidents. The NSWFB is the largest provider of non-fire rescue services in New South Wales and provides State-wide counter-terrorism consequence management emergency response. Through its emergency communication centres, NSWFB also has State-wide responsibility for receipt of all 000 and automatic fire alarm calls for both the NSWFB and the Department of Rural Fire Service.

The NSWFB provides direct fire protection to more than 90 per cent of the State's population, and has mutual aid arrangements with other emergency services which extend its services beyond gazetted fire districts. The NSWFB has State-wide responsibility for hazardous materials emergencies and for rescue in many areas outside gazetted fire districts.

The NSWFB's governing legislation is the Fire Brigades Act 1989.

Expenditure by the NSWFB is financed by the NSW Government (14.6 per cent), local government (11.7 per cent), and the insurance industry (73.7 per cent).

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The NSWFB aims to enhance community safety, quality of life and confidence by minimising the impact of hazards and emergency incidents on the people, environment and economy of New South Wales. The NSWFB seeks to achieve a safer New South Wales by working towards the following results:

- Communities prepared for, and resilient in the event of an emergency.
- Effective emergency incident prevention.
- Adverse environmental impacts prevented, reduced or mitigated.
- Property damage and loss prevented, reduced or mitigated.

The services provided by the NSWFB that contribute to these results are:

• community safety services that manage risk by ensuring effective emergency incident prevention and by developing resilient communities that are well prepared for emergencies. This is achieved through community education and activities such as the Smoke Alarm Battery Replacement for the Elderly program, fire fighter inspections of premises, and the establishment of Community Fire Units on the urban bushland interface

- emergency management response and recovery services that provide rapid, reliable emergency assistance, 24 hours a day, seven days a week, while ensuring the impacts of emergency incidents are minimised and emergency-related disruptions to communities, business and the environment are reduced and
- operational preparedness services that assess risk, develop and test operational plans, develop capabilities and provide training for emergencies and overall operational support across the organisation's various functions.

The key services provided by the NSWFB and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

Service Groups	2009-10	Results						
	Budget Expenses \$m	Communities prepared for, and resilient in the event of an emergency	Emergency incidents effectively prevented	Adverse environmental impacts prevented, reduced or mitigated	Property damage and loss prevented, reduced or mitigated			
Community Safety	28.9	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓			
Emergency Management	322.9	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Operational Preparedness	193.6	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	545.5							

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The NSWFB, in partnership with other agencies, achieved the following in 2008-09:

• The percentage of smoke alarms in homes was increased to 92.9 per cent. In addition, by April 2009, 6,484 seniors' homes had been visited to check smoke alarms under the Smoke Alarm Battery Replacement for the Elderly program.

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- Community protection was enhanced by opening new fire stations at Castle Hill and Lavington (North Albury) and completing major renovations at Bellingen, Blackheath, Brunswick Heads, Crookwell, Narellan, Forster, Kyogle, Moama, Yamba, Silverwater, and St Marys (Dunheved). In addition Coffs Harbour, Narellan and Queanbeyan Fire Stations are now staffed by permanent firefighters on a 24 hour roster.
- Twelve new fire engines were commissioned in metropolitan and regional areas. A specialist bushfire appliance was commissioned for use at major events. Four new specialised rescue vehicles will be commissioned in 2009. The first of these was put into service at Regentville in April 2009.
- The NSWFB Rescue and Disaster Education Facility was established at Ingleburn in Sydney's south west. By April 2009 this facility had trained 110 primary rescue operators.
- The NSWFB was accredited for primary rescue at Engadine, Cronulla, Bankstown, Wentworthville, Gordon, Narellan, Gosford, Wollongong, Newcastle, Warren, West Wyalong, Harden and Dungog.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

A key strategic direction of the NSWFB is to increase community access to early intervention programs and improve the effectiveness of these programs. The NSWFB will continue to focus on early intervention and emphasise prevention and improving community preparedness as key roles for fire fighters.

The NSWFB will increase community safety and resilience to hazards and emergency incidents by increasing awareness of preventative measures, facilitating recovery after emergencies, developing and implementing preventative programs for at risk elements of the community, and strengthening partnerships with local government, community groups and other emergency services.

The NSWFB has prioritised operational readiness for managing the consequences of possible terrorist attacks. The capabilities are used on a day to day basis for normal emergency response.

The NSWFB is improving its cost-effectiveness by sharing support and infrastructure services and re-engineering processes. The NSWFB has played a strong role in collaborative ICT planning in the emergency services sector over recent years.

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## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are budgeted to be \$545.5 million, an increase of 2.5 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget. This increase is mainly due to additional salaries and on-costs as well as sustaining NSWFB's operational preparedness throughout the year.

## **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10, the NSWFB's capital works program is \$44.1 million. This will fund the following projects:

- \$18 million for an ongoing program to acquire and replace fire fighting appliances
- \$15.1 million for fire fighting and counter-terrorism plant and equipment
- \$5 million for fire station renovations
- \$3.6 million for information technology and station communications equipment and
- \$2.4 million for community fire units.

This capital expenditure will benefit both city and rural areas of New South Wales and continue to address the need for additional facilities in growth areas.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Communities prepared for and resilient in the event of an emergency

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Homes that tested smoke alarms in last five months Kindergarten and Year 1 students receiving fire	%	n.a.	82.2	n.a.	83.0	83.0
awareness education Dwellings with persons aged over 65 years that received fire awareness and safety education	no. no.	n.a.	69,704 7,815	n.a. n.a.	91,410 7,392	91,500 7,400
Households with smoke alarms <sup>(a)</sup> Community Fire Units established in bush/urban	%	86.9	92.0	95.0	92.9	93.0
interface <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	358	371	542	395	470

(a) This indicator shows the level of safe fire practices in the community that reduce the likelihood of fire.

(b) This indicator is a proxy to measure how well the Brigade improves neighbourhood fire preparedness and capabilities to fight fires in the bush/urban interface.

#### **Emergency incidents effectively prevented**

ι	Jnits	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators:						
Accidental residential structure fires reported (a)	no.	120.7	125.1	135.0	125.1	125.0
Incendiary and suspicious						
fires attended by NSWFB <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	147.0	167.0	145.0	150.0	145.0
Property fires attended by NSWFB (c)	no.	170.7	182.0	174.0	157.9	155.0
Bush and grass fires in NSWFB districts <sup>(d)</sup>	no.	166.4	165.0	156.0	170.6	160.0

Units are in no. per 100,000 of population.

(a) This indicator shows the Brigade's tracking of residential structure fires.

(b) This indicator indicates the Brigade's response to fire incidents.

(c) This indicator shows the Brigade's capacity to attend to fires.

(d) This indicator shows the Brigade's attendance to bush fires on the bush/urban interface.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

## Adverse environmental impacts prevented, reduced or mitigated

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators:						
Fire Incidents	no.	n.a.	31,366	n.a.	34,000	33,000
Hazardous materials incidents Structure fires confined to	no.	n.a.	4,690	n.a.	3,500	3,400
object and room of origin <sup>(a)</sup>	%	69.4	70.0	70.0	72.0	73.0

(a) This indicator measures the Brigade's capacity to combat fires and use information for operational effectiveness.

## Property damage and loss prevented, reduced or mitigated

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Response time to structure fires-50th percentile Response time to structure	mins	7.0	6.8	6.8	7.0	6.5
fires-90th percentile	mins	11.3	11.3	11.2	11.0	11.0

These indicators measure the Brigade's capacity to combat fires in communities through timely response.

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#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 24.1 Community Safety

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers risk management by ensuring effective emergency incident prevention and by developing resilient communities that are well prepared for emergencies. This is achieved through community education and activities such as smoke alarm battery replacement for the elderly program, fire fighter inspections of premises, and the establishment of Community Fire Units on the bush/urban interface.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to effective emergency incident prevention and community resilience and preparedness for emergencies by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - fewer bush, grass and structure fires
  - more households with smoke detectors and
  - effective Community Fire Units.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Comsafe emergency management courses conducted Hours firefighters spend delivering community safety	no.	n.a.	1,831	n.a.	1,525	1,600
activities and programs	hours	n.a.	22,399	n.a.	22,410	26,000
Community Fire Units established Smoke alarm reminders issued Fires with ignition factor	no. no.	n.a. n.a.	371 n.a.	n.a. n.a.	395 820	470 1,000
determined	%	75.0	68.7	75.0	70.0	72.0
Building inspections undertaken	no.	1,022	724	2,000	1,036	1,200
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	216	219	219	219

	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	26,623	29,387	28,910
NET COST OF SERVICES	25,413	27,416	3,568
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,295	2,561	2,340

# 24.2 Emergency Management

Service Description:	This service group covers emergency management response and
	recovery to provide rapid, reliable emergency assistance, 24 hours a
	day, seven days a week, while ensuring the impacts of emergency
	incidents are minimised and emergency-related disruptions to
	communities, business and the environment are reduced.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to effective emergency incident prevention, fast, reliable and effective emergency responses and reduced disruption to communities, business and the environment.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Storm and tempest incidents attended Fire investigations Fires attended Hazmat incidents attended Non-fire rescue incidents attended	no. no. no. no.	n.a. n.a. 33,118 12,714 11,555	632 308 31,366 11,658 11,905	n.a. n.a. 34,000 12,600 12,800	700 300 34,000 12,000	700 300 33,000 12,000 12,000
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	2,664	2,684	2,681	2,681

	2008-09- Budget R \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	326,913	328,233	322,922
NET COST OF SERVICES	312,046	306,246	39,857
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	28,184	28,609	26,134

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 24.3 Operational Preparedness

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the assessment of risk, development and testing of operational plans, development of capabilities and provision of training for emergencies and overall operational support across the organisation's various functions.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to effective emergency incident prevention, community resilience and preparedness for emergencies, fast, reliable and effective emergency responses, reduced disruption to communities, business and the environment and accurate assessment of emergency risks by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - better assessment of emergency risks
  - improved organisational capabilities and
  - more effective training programs.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Average age of fire engine pumper fleet Fire fighters with current level 1 compartment fire	years	n.a.	9	n.a.	9	8
behaviour training	%	n.a.	100	n.a.	100	100
Accredited rescue crews	no.	166	171	170	180	180
<u>Employees</u> :	FTE	n.a.	1,447	1,469	1,469	1,469
				2008-09		2009-10
			Bud( \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						

Total Expenses Excluding Losses	178,895	196,827	193,647
NET COST OF SERVICES	170,759	183,641	23,902
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	15,423	17,156	15,671

	Budget	Revised	Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	432,826	456,373	443,648
Other operating expenses	66,102	67,165	67,769
Depreciation and amortisation	33,483	30,353	34,062
Grants and subsidies		556	
Finance costs	20		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	532,431	554,447	545,479
Less:			
Retained Revenue	7 500	45 450	40 540
Sales of goods and services	7,590	15,450	13,542
Investment income	3,953	5,200	4,044
Retained taxes, fees and fines Grants and contributions	9,648	4,740	395,819*
Other revenue	 3,142	 10,961	62,202* 2,665
Total Datained Devenue	04 000	20.254	470.070
Total Retained Revenue	24,333	36,351	478,272
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		913	
Other gains/(losses)	(120)	(120)	(120)
NET COST OF SERVICES	508,218	517,303	67,327
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	508,218	517,303	67,327
Recurrent Services Appropriation	508,576	510,770	71,196*
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	45,902	48,326	44,145
Capital Expenditure			

\* Receipts are higher in 2009-10 due to the harmonised funding arrangements implemented this year for the NSW Fire Brigades, the Department of Rural Fire Service and the State Emergency Service. Under the harmonised arrangements, funding contributions from insurance companies and local councils are received directly by the NSW Fire Brigades rather than via an appropriation.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09				
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000		
BALANCE SHEET					
ASSETS					
Current Assets Cash assets	90,726	103,226	97,831		
Receivables	12,081	11,202	11,202		
Inventories	1,271	1,995	1,995		
Assets held for sale Other	 153	2,725 178	2,725 178		
Total Current Assets	104,231	119,326	113,931		
Total Current Assets	104,231	119,520	113,931		
Non Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	267,807	262,283	256,413		
Plant and equipment	188,220	183,289	199,242		
Intangibles		4,683	4,683		
Total Non Current Assets	456,027	450,255	460,338		
Total Assets	560,258	569,581	574,269		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Payables Provisions	21,355	29,740	24,156		
Provisions	49,721	57,003	56,982		
Total Current Liabilities	71,076	86,743	81,138		
Non Current Liabilities					
Provisions	16,607	17,507	17,507		
Other	1,082	1,209	1,209		
Total Non Current Liabilities	17,689	18,716	18,716		
Total Liabilities	88,765	105,459	99,854		
NET ASSETS	471,493	464,122	474,415		
EQUITY					
Reserves	187,317	185,023	185,023		
Accumulated funds	284,176	279,099	289,392		
TOTAL EQUITY	471,493	464,122	474,415		

		08-09	2009-10		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000		
CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments					
Employee related Grants and subsidies	432,826 	446,055 556	443,669 		
Finance costs Other	20 75,302	 79,647	 82,553		
Total Payments	508,148	526,258	526,222		
Receipts Sale of goods and services	8,007	15,494	13,422		
Retained taxes	4,000	4,740	395,819*		
Interest	3,953	5,200	4,044		
Other	17,453	19,337	74,067*		
Total Receipts	33,413	44,771	487,352		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(474,735)	(481,487)	(38,870)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		4,217			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(45,902)	(48,326)	(44,145)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(45,902)	(44,109)	(44,145)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	358	358	358		
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(358)	(358)	(358)		
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT					
Recurrent appropriation	508,576	510,770	71,196*		
Capital appropriation	12,271	14,695	6,424		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	520,847	525,465	77,620		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	210	(131)	(5,395)		
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	90,516	103,357	103,226		
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	90,726	103,226	97,831		

\* Receipts are higher in 2009-10 due to the harmonised funding arrangements implemented this year for the NSW Fire Brigades, the Department of Rural Fire Service and the State Emergency Service. Under the harmonised arrangements, funding contributions from insurance companies and local councils are received directly by the NSW Fire Brigades rather than via an appropriation.

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	200 Budget \$000	08-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(508,218) 33,483 	(517,303) 30,353 5,463	(67,327) 34,062 (5,605)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(474,735)	(481,487)	(38,870)

# DEPARTMENT OF RURAL FIRE SERVICE

The Department of Rural Fire Service (the Service) provides a community-based fire service for more than 95 per cent of the area of New South Wales. In doing so, the Service relies on nearly 70,000 volunteers to provide most of its operational and risk management capabilities.

The fire management and fire protection responsibilities of the Service arise from the *Rural Fires Act*, 1997.

Expenditure by the Service on bushfire fighting activities is financed by the NSW Government (14.6 per cent), local government (11.7 per cent), and the insurance industry (73.7 per cent).

The State contribution towards fire fighting services is paid into the Rural Fire Fighting Fund along with contributions from insurance companies and councils. In 2009-10 contributions provided to the Fund will total \$216.3 million.

The Service is also the host agency for Emergency Management NSW, previously the Office for Emergency Services. An independent entity within the Service, it is responsible for policy advice to the Minister, support to the State Emergency Management Committee, the State Rescue Board of NSW and the State Emergency Recovery Controller, and administering the Disaster Resilience Australia Program.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Service aims to reduce risk to the community and the environment, including damage that issues from fires and other emergencies, by working towards the following results:

- Greater community awareness of, and participation in fire risk reduction.
- Reduced environmental impact of the Service's incident management activities.
- Fire incidents managed more effectively to reduce impact of fire on properties and their occupants.
- More fire incidents prevented.

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Key services provided by the Service that contribute to these results include:

- community safety, which delivers community education and activity programs that reduce the risk of fire and assess development applications
- operations, which coordinate fire fighting and response arrangements including aviation, logistics and communication
- operational and administrative support services, which give operational, clerical and managerial support, including financial and strategic development across the organisation and
- hosting Emergency Management NSW. It supports the Minister for Emergency Services in policy development, and administrative support to the State Emergency Management Committee, State Rescue Board, and the State Emergency Recovery Controller.

The key services provided by the Service, and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results, are set out in the following table:

	Results						
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Greater community awareness of and participation in fire risk reduction	Reduced environmental impact of the Service's incident management activities	Fire incidents managed more effectively to reduce impact on properties and their occupants	Fire incidents prevented		
Community Safety	22.0	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		
Operations	174.7		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Operational and Administrative Support	27.7	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Emergency Management NSW	20.6						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	245.0						

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Highlights of the 2008-09 financial year included:

- funding the purchase of 209 new and refurbished tankers
- successfully processing in excess of 6,032 applications for membership, transfer and child-related activity checks
- completing bush fire protection works covering 185,094 properties, with a total value of over \$92 billion
- assessing 7,400 developments in bushfire prone areas across the State
- issuing 3,400 Bush Fire Hazard Reduction Certificates
- delivering 749 educational and other events specifically targeted at children and young people
- completing 2,379 community awareness and engagement programs
- completing 34 School Cadet Training Programs with 632 students successfully finishing the program and
- participation in 'MyRFS' volunteer only website by 12,750 users.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Key strategies for 2009-10 include:

- implementing a suite of performance measures in rural fire districts
- completing a functional realignment in the Service to better match the organisational structure
- implementing the Urban Interface Bush Fire Mitigation Plan 2006-10 to increase the level of hazard reduction undertaken in those portions of the community with some of the highest levels of bushfire risk
- implementing the reviewed Bush Fire Risk Management Planning to facilitate a more coordinated approach to identifying bushfire risk, and planning of appropriate treatment actions in Rural Fire Districts and Fire Districts and
- developing a system designed to better match the allocation of appropriate types and number of fire-fighting assets to meet the level of risk and service delivery targets existing in each part of the state.

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# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Service's total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$245 million. In 2009-10 the Service will:

- enhance regional mitigation and firefighting capability initiatives (\$14 million) including:
  - mobilise nine new fire mitigation work crews to undertake preparatory hazard reduction work ahead of controlled burns (\$4.7 million) and
  - enhance the Service's aerial firefighting capability (\$6 million)
- buy new and refurbished tankers for local brigades (\$31.3 million)
- continue maintenance grants to local brigades (\$17 million)
- continue subsidies to local brigades for brigade stations and installation of water tanks (\$16 million) and
- provide support for expenses and staffing to districts (\$47.7 million).

Also included is funding to Emergency Management NSW for:

- the Natural Disaster Mitigation Program (\$12.4 million) and
- the Bushfire Mitigation Program (\$2.7 million).

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Service's \$8.3 million 2009-10 capital expenditure program includes provision for the following projects:

- acquisition of motor vehicles (\$6.5 million) and
- purchase of computers and other small items of equipment (\$1.8 million).

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Greater general community awareness of and participation in fire risk reduction

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 200 Revised Fore	9-10 ecast
Community fire awareness and preparedness education activities implemented <sup>(a)</sup> Properties inspected within 10	no.	627	691	640	640	665
days of complaint registration <sup>(b)</sup>	%	65	83	83	83	85

(a) This indicator measures the Service's community education effort to improve preparedness and participation.

(b) This indicator measures the Service's response to community generated report of incidents.

# Reduced environmental impact of the Service's incident management activities

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 Forecast
Bush Fire Management Committees with mapped fire history <sup>(a)</sup> Bush Fire Management	%	n.a.	5	25	25	50
Committees with mapped vegetation fire regimes <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	5	25	25	30

(a) This indicator tracks the Service's environmental management performance and practices.

(b) This indicator gauges the Service's environmental management performance practices.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Fire incidents managed more effectively to reduce impact on properties and their occupants

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Completed fire code assessments within the required 40 days of development applications for sub-divisions and special purpose buildings <sup>(a)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	90	90	90
Fire fighters with Voluntary Competency Index gualifications <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	85	85	85

(a) This indicator shows the Service's effectiveness in reducing the potential impact of fire on properties in bush fire prone areas.

(b) This indicator measures the Service's preparedness through ensuring it has a high-competence fire fighting force.

# Fire incidents prevented

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result maicators.						
Bush Fire Management Committees with completed draft Bush Fire Management Plans within 6 months of						
commencement <sup>(a)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	75	75	75
State level programs and training events delivered <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	n.a.	n.a.	50	50	50

(a) This indicator measures the Service's preparedness through ensuring adequate planning in bushfire prone areas.

(b) This indicator measures the Service's effort to improve fire awareness in bushfire prone areas.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 25.1 Community Safety

Service Description:	measures fire risk	s that enformation	nance con while re	nmunity aw	areness of e environm	f and part	ity through icipation in act of the
Linkage to Results:	participat the Servi	ion in fire ce's incid	risk reduc dent mana	tion, and reagement	educed env	vironmenta working	less of and al impact of towards a
		ased co rams and	mmunity	awareness	s from co	ommunity	education
	<ul> <li>reduce</li> <li>burn</li> </ul>		tive envir	onmental	impact due	e to better	r fuel load
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Bush Fire Managemen Committees with map history		%	n.a.	5	25	25	50
Property-related comp inspected within 10 d	ays	%	65	83	70	84	85
Scheduled community activities completed Bush Fire Managemen		no.	627	691	640	640	665
Committees with map vegetation fire regime	ped	%	n.a.	5	25	25	30
Employees:		FTE	58	57	57	57	57
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17,027	16,432	22,012
NET COST OF SERVICES	16,227	15,546	21,212

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#### 25.2 Operations

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the rapid and effective emergency response to incidents in bush-fire prone areas to minimize injury and loss to the community.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to reduced impact of fire on properties and their occupants, reduced environmental impact of the Service's incident management activities, more effective fire incident management and fire incidents prevention by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - reduced vegetation fuel load around the bush/urban interface and
  - improved fire fighter competencies.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Operation plans approved by Bushfire Coordinating Committee New fire stations complying with standard designs Volunteer Competency Index - for three principal	% %	n.a. n.a.	100 n.a.	100 80	100 80	100 80
qualifications	%	n.a.	85	85	85	85
Employees:	FTE	486	486	490	490	495
				2008-09		2009-10
			Budg \$00	•	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			168,1	75 18	37,654	174,650
NET COST OF SERVICES			166,1	57 17	78,181	172,123
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE					8,290	8,290

# 25.3 Operational and Administrative Support

Service Description:	functions support,	of the fire fig	Service in	ncluding f	nancial, s	taff and	operational
Linkage to Results:	include the	e followir	ng:		-		
	functions of the Service including financial, staff and operational support, fire fighting fleet maintenance, strategy and policy development. age to Results: This service is working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following: • better logistical service support to fire fighting teams and programs and • better field operations support through efficient and comprehensive communication systems. 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 2009-10 Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised Forecast ice Measures: ict community education tegies submitted by due e % n.a. 92 100 100 100 code DA approvals for dians with the field of the field of the field of the following financial and the following for dians with the following following for dians with the following following following for dians with the following						
Service Measures:		Units					
strategies submitted b date Fire code DA approvals	y due s for	%	n.a.	92	100	100	100
days	1 14	%	n.a.	74	75	75	80
Employees:		FTE	133	142	142	142	142
					get R	evised	Budget
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			22,7	50 3	85,163	27,652
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			(155,66	69) (15 <sup>-</sup>	1,222)	(157,926)
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			8,2	90		

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 25.4 Emergency Management NSW

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the preparation of plans, coordination of operations and provision of training for emergency management recovery and rescue operations; policy advice and ministerial support functions to the Minister for Emergency Services, resource allocation; coordination of advice from, and action by, emergency service agencies on policy and the administration of the Natural Disaster Mitigation Program.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the provision of comprehensive and coordinated rescue services and emergency management recovery throughout the State and to ministerial support functions.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Emergency management courses conducted Emergency management plans	no.	n.a.	150	n.a.	150	150
maintained/reviewed	no.	40	40	40	40	40
Accredited rescue units	no.	441	440	440	440	442
Certified rescue operators	no.	5,468	5,913	5,950	5,950	6,000
Natural disaster management projects under management	no.	100	100	170	170	170
Employees:	FTE	23	25	26	26	34

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20,000	20,016	20,642
NET COST OF SERVICES	18,927	18,925	16,566

# 25 DEPARTMENT OF RURAL FIRE SERVICE

	200	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	60 104	92 255	70 204	
Other operating expenses	69,104 14,102	83,255 14,315	79,804 22,908	
Depreciation and amortisation	3,900	3,824	3,900	
Grants and subsidies	134,323	150,848	130,683	
Other expenses	6,523	7,023	7,661	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	227,952	259,265	244,956	
Less:				
Retained Revenue	100	400	400	
Investment income	136	136	139	
Retained taxes, fees and fines Grants and contributions	148,178 26,741	155,990 34,241	159,600 25,303	
Other revenue	7,255	7,468	7,934	
Total Retained Revenue	182,310	197,835	192,981	
NET COST OF SERVICES	45,642	61,430	51,975	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	45,642	61,430	51,975	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	45,332	48,120	51,165	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure	8,290	8,290	8,290	

# Budget Estimates 2009-10

## 25 DEPARTMENT OF RURAL FIRE SERVICE

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets	47.000	00 707	20.000
Cash assets Receivables	17,803 4,197	23,707 4,197	26,988 4,197
Total Current Assets	22,000	27,904	31,185
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	15,883	14,353	13,763
Intangibles Other	531 75	531 75	531 75
Total Non Current Assets	16,489	14,959	14,369
Total Assets	38,489	42,863	45,554
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	4,665	4,665	4,665
Provisions	6,782	6,782	6,782
Total Current Liabilities	11,447	11,447	11,447
Non Current Liabilities	40.440		
Provisions	13,146	25,797	28,488
Total Non Current Liabilities	13,146	25,797	28,488
Total Liabilities	24,593	37,244	39,935
NET ASSETS	13,896	5,619	5,619
EQUITY	40.000	F 040	E (10)
Accumulated funds	13,896	5,619	5,619
TOTAL EQUITY	13,896	5,619	5,619

#### 25 DEPARTMENT OF RURAL FIRE SERVICE

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	67,213	69,864	76,613
Grants and subsidies	104,815	121,915	99,921
Other	56,683	65,271	67,881
Total Payments	228,711	257,050	244,415
Receipts			
Retained taxes	148,178	155,925	159,600
Interest	136	136	139
Other	40,546	54,564	39,792
Total Receipts	188,860	210,625	199,531
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(39,851)	(46,425)	(44,884)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	4,980	4,980	4,980
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(8,290)	(8,290)	(8,290)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,310)	(3,310)	(3,310)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	45,332	48,120	51,165
Capital appropriation	310	310	310
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	45,642	48,430	51,475
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	2,481	(1,305)	3,281
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	15,322	25,012	23,707
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	17,803	23,707	26,988
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(45,642)	(61,430)	(51,975)
Non cash items added back	3,900	3,824	3,900
Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,891	11,181	3,191
Net cash flow from operating activities	(39,851)	(46,425)	(44,884)

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

The State Emergency Service (SES) is a volunteer-based emergency management response and rescue agency, established by the *State Emergency Service Act 1989*.

The Service is the nominated combat agency responsible for floods, storms and tsunamis under the State Disaster Plan. The Service also has responsibility for 90 accredited rescue units and for providing assistance to the NSW Police Force, New South Wales Fire Brigades, Department of Rural Fire Service, Ambulance Service of New South Wales and the State Emergency Operations Controller.

Commencing in the 2009-10 financial year, insurance companies and local government councils will be required to contribute, along with the NSW Government, to the costs of SES services under the same funding model as that used for New South Wales Fire Brigades and Department of Rural Fire Service. The total amount required to be contributed will be based on estimated SES expenditure. Insurance companies will contribute 73.7 per cent, local government councils 11.7 per cent, and the NSW Government 14.6 per cent.

The Service's vision is "To build safe and resilient communities by providing the State's most versatile and utilised volunteer emergency service". The Service delivers this vision for New South Wales through over 10,000 dedicated volunteers across 228 units, supported by 17 regional headquarters and the State headquarters.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Service aims to build a safer and more resilient community by working towards the following results:

- Responses to requests from the community and from other emergency services agencies for assistance before, during and after floods, storms and other emergency events are timely and effective.
- Communities are educated and prepared to deal with emergency situations.

Key services provided by the Service that contribute to these results include:

- training all SES volunteers to nationally accredited emergency standards
- providing a 24/7 communication centre to ensure that the community can access assistance from its nearest SES unit and
- effectively promoting educational programs and literature aimed specifically at community safety and awareness during floods and storms.

The key services provided by the Service and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results				
Service Groups	Expenses	Timely response to community and other emergency service agencies' requests for assistance	Community prepared to deal with emergency situations			
Recruitment and Training	14.2	✓				
Operational Readiness	36.9	✓				
Community Education	5.7		$\checkmark$			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	56.8					

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The SES has achieved the following in recent years:

- providing nationally recognised competency based training to all volunteers
- employing additional staff to alleviate the administrative burden on volunteers
- upgrading and maintaining vital life saving rescue equipment
- constructing modern custom designed regional headquarters and
- upgrading of computer equipment for use by volunteer unit headquarters.

Funding for Information and Communication Technology has supported our volunteer controllers through the provision of laptop computers and mobile broadband. Further enhancements have been made to volunteer human resource management systems.

Request for Assistance Online (RFA) continues to be used for the management of flood and storm emergencies. It was used in assisting Queensland SES respond to storms in Brisbane in November 2008, and the North Coast floods in February and April 2009. Queensland SES is now working with NSW SES in the use of use RFA Online.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The strategies employed to deliver better services to the community of New South Wales include:

- delivery of community education at the local level by trained volunteer community education officers
- delivering telephony communication capabilities to deal with changing telecommunication systems, and provision of a robust and secure Wide Area Network
- continued improvement of the RFA online database
- continued development of flood intelligence capabilities
- upgrading computer and communication systems at all 228 SES volunteer units across New South Wales
- developing strategies to maintain and recruit volunteer membership, especially in drought-affected rural and indigenous communities and
- providing community first responder assistance in remote and rural areas where doctor and ambulance facilities are not immediately accessible.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total expenses**

The SES total expenses are budgeted at \$56.8 million in 2009-10, an increase of 4.2 per cent compared to the 2008-09 Budget, and 22.9 per cent compared to the 2007-08 Budget.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The SES capital program is estimated at \$2.9 million in 2009-10. It includes:

- \$1.4 million for rescue equipment
- \$1.4 million for communication and paging systems and
- \$77,000 to replace motorised hydraulic cutters for road crash rescue units.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Timely response to community requests for assistance and to other emergency service agencies

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast		
Requests for assistance (RFA) received from community	no.	35,000	26,704	25,000	25,000	25,000

#### Community prepared to deal with emergency situations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
FloodSafe brochures handed out to the community <sup>(a)</sup> School and community events	no.	50,000	50,000	50,000	30,000	35,000
School and community events attended by SES <sup>(b)</sup> SES community service announcements on local TV network across rural and	no.	275	300	300	600	750
regional New South Wales <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	30	30	40	40	40

(a) FloodSafe brochures provide information specific to a city, town or region, and the flood threats.

(b) This indicator shows the SES in the community and its promotion of safety awareness at a grass roots level.

(c) Prime TV provides State-wide coverage to rural and regional areas. It promotes the SES contact number of 132 500 as well as how the SES can assist in times of flood and storm.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 26.1 Recruitment and Training

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers recruitment and training of volunteers to provide them with best practice operational skills and ensure their safety and wellbeing when they deal with emergency situations.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to equipped, trained and skilled volunteers whose response for requests for assistance is timely by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- volunteers trained to nationally accredited standards
- volunteer awareness in flood/storm preparation increased and
- volunteers equipped with modern and properly maintained rescue equipment.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Accredited qualifications issued Training Training courses available to volunteers <sup>(a)</sup>	no. hours no.	8,500 55,000 22	8,750 57,500 24	9,000 60,000 26	9,000 60,000 24	9,000 61,500 25

(a) The SES aims to provide the most versatile and utilised volunteer emergency service to the community of New South Wales. To achieve this, the SES continues to develop an increasing range of nationally accredited emergency operation training programs.

Employees:	FTE	48	44	44	44	44
			200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revise \$000	- d	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			12,377	13,689	9	14,195
NET COST OF SERVICES			12,215	13,661	1	2,819

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

#### 26.2 Operational Readiness

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers provision of immediate assistance to the community by means of rescue and property protection services in times of natural or man-made incidents or emergencies.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to equipped, trained and skilled volunteers and a timely response to community requests for assistance and other emergency service agencies by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - community requests for assistance are responded to expediently
  - request for assistance from other emergency service agencies are responded to expediently and
  - efficient flood, storm and tsunami plans are in place.

		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast
Service Measures:						
Volunteers	no.	10,407	10,400	10,750	10,028	10,250
Requests for assistance	no.	35,000	26,704	25,000	25,000	25,000
Time from receipt of equipment						
at State headquarters until delivery at units <sup>(a)</sup>	days	30	14	10	10	7

(a) Improvements in procurement procedures and developing more effective contractual arrangements with suppliers have developed economies of scale to improve delivery times of equipment to volunteers.

Employees:	FTE	92	117	117	117	117

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	37,172	35,594	36,892
NET COST OF SERVICES	31,752	29,971	6,759
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3,114	3,853	2,925

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 26.3 Community Education

Service Description:	flood safe	ty and		nd informir	he communing them in situations.		
Linkage to Results:		y situat	ions by w		uring the co vards a ra		
	<ul> <li>effect aware</li> </ul>		icational p	orograms	and litera	ture for c	community
			ertising ca areness ar		and litera	ture for c	community
	<ul> <li>direct</li> </ul>	commu	nity training	g through s	chools and	l communit	y events.
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:		Units	Actual	Actual	FUIECasi	Reviseu	Forecast
FloodSafe brochures distributed to the communityno.50,000Business FloodSafe seminarsno.20				50,000 20	50,000 20	30,000 20	35,000 25
Employees:		FTE	10	17	17	17	17
					2008-09		2009-10
				Bude \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			4,9	47	5,478	5,676
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			4,8	83	5,469	1,127

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	10.000	10 710	
Employee related	16,682	16,712	19,082
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	20,468 7,619	20,767 7,555	17,433
Grants and subsidies	9,727	9,727	5,889 14,359
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	54,496	54,761	56,763
	,		,
Less: Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	31	31	32
Investment income	92	92	94
Retained taxes, fees and fines*			39,189
Grants and contributions	5,452	5,452	6,672
Other revenue		14	
Total Retained Revenue	5,575	5,589	45,987
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	71	71	71
NET COST OF SERVICES	48,850	49,101	10,705
<b>RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT</b>			
Net Cost of Services	48,850	49,101	10,705
Recurrent Services Appropriation	40,596	40,911	7,193
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Capital Expenditure	3,114 3,114	3,853 3,853	2,925
Capital Works and Services Appropriation		0 050	427

\* The figure for 2009-10 reflects the contributions from insurance companies under the revised funding arrangements. Contributions from local councils are shown under Grants and contributions.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Inventories Other	3,825 1,046 5,454 48	6,039 1,080 4,288 	6,019 1,099 4,288 
Total Current Assets	10,373	11,407	11,406
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Land and building Plant and equipment	8,298 8,730	3,241 13,724	4,733 9,268
Total Non Current Assets	17,028	16,965	14,001
Total Assets	27,401	28,372	25,407
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions	989 1,425	267 1,690	267 1,690
Total Current Liabilities	2,414	1,957	1,957
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	10		
Total Non Current Liabilities	10		
Total Liabilities	2,424	1,957	1,957
NET ASSETS	24,977	26,415	23,450
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	5,892 19,085	5,892 20,523	5,892 17,558
TOTAL EQUITY	24,977	26,415	23,450

		08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	16,048	16,078	18,962
Grants and subsidies	9,727	9,727	14,359
Other	21,172	21,471	18,133
Total Payments	46,947	47,276	51,454
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	(575)	(575)	(587)
Retained taxes			39,189
Interest	92	92	94
Other	6,762	6,776	7,972
Total Receipts	6,279	6,293	46,668
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(40,668)	(40,983)	(4,786)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	71	71	71
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,114)	(3,853)	(2,925)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,043)	(3,782)	(2,854)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	40,596	40,911	7,193
Capital appropriation	3,114	3,853	427
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	43,710	44,764	7,620
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1)	(1)	(20)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,826	6,040	6,039
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,825	6,039	6,019
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(48,850)	(49,101)	(10,705)
Non cash items added back	8,253	<b>8</b> ,189	6,009
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(71)	(71)	(90)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(40,668)	(40,983)	(4,786)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR FAIR TRADING, MINISTER FOR CITIZENSHIP, AND MINISTER ASSISTING THE PREMIER ON THE ARTS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Community Relations Commission of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	17.1	17.8	4.4
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
Rental Bond Board			
Total Expenses	40.7	45.1	10.7
Capital Expenditure			
Total, Minister for Fair Trading, Minister for Citizenship, and Minister Assisting the Premier on the Arts			
Total Expenses	57.8	62.9	8.8
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Commerce (Section 3) for the Fair Trading portfolio area, and the Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation (Section 2) for the Arts portfolio area.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMISSION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The Commission promotes more harmonious and equitable communities through community support services and provision of language services.

The Commission's governing legislation is the Community Relations Commission and Principles of Multiculturalism Act 2000.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission contributes to achieving more harmonious communities by working towards the following results:

- Social justice and benefits of cultural diversity are recognised and maximised.
- The Principles of Multiculturalism are observed by public authorities.
- Access to government and community services is equitable.

Key services provided by the Commission to contribute to these results include:

- administering grants to communities and organisations
- engaging the community through projects and partnerships
- measuring and reporting on the observation of the Principles of Multiculturalism by public authorities and
- providing interpreting and translation services.

The key services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results			
Service Groups	Expenses	Promotion of	Observation of the Principles	Equitable access to	
	\$m	social justice and benefits of cultural diversity	of Multiculturalism by public authorities	government and community services	
Community Support Services	9.2	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Language Services	8.6			✓	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17.8				

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Commission plays a leadership role in community relations in New South Wales. Recent and ongoing achievements include:

- commencing a major review of the Ethnic Affairs Priority Statement Standards Framework
- facilitating the development of a Griffith City Council Community Action Plan and
- implementing an Islamic Youth Project in conjunction with the Department of Immigration and Citizenship.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Commission strives to be the leader and facilitator of community relations in achieving a harmonious and cohesive multicultural New South Wales.

The Commission will continue to engage the community, public and private sectors in providing direct services and advice to enable equal participation. It will also continue to promote community harmony and the benefits of multiculturalism in New South Wales.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the Commission in 2009-10 are budgeted at \$17.8 million, compared with projected expenses of \$17.3 million in 2008-09.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Commission has a minor works allocation of \$50,000 for 2009-10.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Promotion of social justice and benefits of cultural diversity

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Community grants <sup>(a)</sup> Community grants satisfaction	no.	107	100	110	110	110
survey result <sup>(b)</sup>	%	87	n.a.	90	90	90

(a) This indicator shows the number of community organisations that were financially supported by the Commission.

(b) This indicator shows the proportion of community organisations that were satisfied with how the Commission administered the community grants program.

# Observation of the Principles of Multiculturalism by public authorities

		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09 2009	9-10
	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised Fore	cast
Result Indicators:						
Agencies compliant with EAPS	%	97	97	97	97	97

This indicator shows the level of compliance with the Ethnic Affairs Priority Statement (EAPS) program among NSW public institutions.

#### Equitable access to government and community services

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2009-10 Revised Forecas	-
Result Indicators:						
Languages provided	no.	73	73	78	78 80	3

This indicator demonstrates the diverse range of languages provided by the Commission.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 27.1 Community Support Services

Service Description:	advice Multic comm	This service group covers the provision of community relations policy advice to the Government, implementation of the Principles of Multiculturalism by all Government agencies, involvement in community projects and administration of the Community Development Grants program.					
Linkage to Results:	comm includ ♦ S	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to achieving more harmonious communities by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>Social justice and community development for ethnic communities in New South Wales are promoted.</li> </ul>					
		he benefits of arough the facil					
	• т	he Principles uthorities.		•	•		
Service Measures:		2 Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Expressions of interest received for grant applications Successful grant applic	ations	no. %	549 80	531 100	500 85	500 85	530 85
Employees:		FTE	42	42	44	44	45
				Budo \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ing Los	ses		8,9	95	9,271	9,239
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES			8,7	75	8,952	8,943
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE				75	75	50

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

#### 27.2 Language Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of efficient, reliable and
	professional interpreting and translation services of community
	languages in a form relevant to client needs, provided by appropriately
	trained interpreters and translators.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to achieving more harmonious communities by working towards a range of intermediate results that include equitable access to government and community services for people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Assignments performed Formal complaints registered	no. no.	43,800 109	46,070 100	45,000 100	45,000 100	47,000 100
Employees:	FTE	72	72	72	72	72
			•	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			8,0	90	8,073	8,601
NET COST OF SERVICES			3,6	08	3,391	3,689

# 27 COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMISSION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses	12,521 2,710	12,731 2,759	13,278 2,783
Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	269 1,585	269 1,585	115 1,664
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17,085	17,344	17,840
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue	4,552 150 	4,762 200 39	4,992 200 16
Total Retained Revenue	4,702	5,001	5,208
NET COST OF SERVICES	12,383	12,343	12,632
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	12,383 11,726	12,343 11,729	12,632 11,944
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	75 75	75 75	50 35

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 27 COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMISSION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

		8-09	2009-10		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000		
BALANCE SHEET					
ASSETS Current Assets	4.470	4.570	4 000		
Cash assets Receivables	4,176 1,111	4,578 1,686	4,602 1,695		
Total Current Assets	5,287	6,264	6,297		
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -					
Land and building	23	48	31		
Plant and equipment	142	135	105		
Intangibles	37	34	16		
Total Non Current Assets	202	217	152		
Total Assets	5,489	6,481	6,449		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities					
Payables	1,412	1,555	1,555		
Provisions	370	411	411		
Total Current Liabilities	1,782	1,966	1,966		
Non Current Liabilities					
Provisions	314	309	309		
Other		68	68		
Total Non Current Liabilities	314	377	377		
Total Liabilities	2,096	2,343	2,343		
NET ASSETS	3,393	4,138	4,106		
EQUITY Accumulated funds	3,393	4,138	4,106		
TOTAL EQUITY	3,393	4,138	4,106		

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# 27 COMMUNITY RELATIONS COMMISSION OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	11,936 1,585 3,160	12,137 1,585 3,236	12,657 1,664 3,233
Total Payments	16,681	16,958	17,554
Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest	4,281 150	4,391 198	4,983 200
Other	450	600	466
Total Receipts	4,881	5,189	5,649
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(11,800)	(11,769)	(11,905)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(75) 	(75) 	(25) (25)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(75)	(75)	(50)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	11,726 75 	11,729 75 (90)	11,944 35 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	11,801	11,714	11,979
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(74)	(130)	24
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,250	4,708	4,578
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,176	4,578	4,602
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(12,383) 947 (364)	(12,343) 964 (390)	(12,632) 736 (9)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(11,800)	(11,769)	(11,905)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Rental Bond Board is a statutory corporation, established under the *Landlord and Tenant (Rental Bonds) Act 1977*, and is the custodian of rental bonds taken on private residential tenancies in New South Wales. It comprises five members, one of whom is the Commissioner for Fair Trading.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Board is a self-funding body, and derives its income mainly from net earnings on rental bond deposits.

The Board estimates that it will administer \$800 million in rental bond deposits on behalf of landlords in 2009-10. These administered funds do not form part of the assets reported within the balance sheet of the Board.

The Office of Fair Trading, part of the Department of Commerce, undertakes the administrative functions of the Board on a user pays basis.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are estimated at \$45.1 million in 2009-10. The Board estimates that it will earn \$46.9 million in revenue to support its activities. The Board's expenses include provision for:

- ◆ \$10.7 million in grants supporting 50 per cent of the costs of the residential tenancy functions of the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal. The Tribunal has power to determine matters relating to the termination of tenancy agreements, payment of rental bonds on termination of tenancies, breaches of tenancy agreements and payment of compensation
- ♦ \$4.3 million in grants including support of 50 per cent of the costs of the Tenancy Advice and Advocacy Program. This program provides advice, information and advocacy services to public and private tenants and, where appropriate, people seeking to become tenants. These services are provided in accordance with the Landlord and Tenant (Rental Bonds) Act 1977
- \$1.8 million to fund the Credit Counselling Grants Program
- \$756,000 to fund the No Interest Loan Scheme Grants Program
- ♦ \$8.2 million to meet the operating costs of providing information, education and mediation services within the framework of the *Retirement Villages Act 1999* to tenants, village residents, landlords, their agents and village managements and
- \$4.2 million towards the funding for the upgrade of the Rental Bond System.

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Investment income	43,004	45,527	46,877
Total Retained Revenue	43,004	45,527	46,877
Less: Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Other operating expenses Grants and subsidies	26,752 13,971	23,321 17,460	26,967 18,118
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	40,723	40,781	45,085
Other gains/(losses)	(21)		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	2,260	4,746	1,792

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables Other financial assets	14,264 29 15,185	24,168 123 7,490	25,585 123 7,865
Total Current Assets	29,478	31,781	33,573
Non Current Assets Other financial assets	127	106	106
Total Non Current Assets	127	106	106
Total Assets	29,605	31,887	33,679
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Other	157	750	750
Total Current Liabilities	157	750	750
Total Liabilities	157	750	750
NET ASSETS	29,448	31,137	32,929
EQUITY Accumulated funds	29,448	31,137	32,929
TOTAL EQUITY	29,448	31,137	32,929

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	(21)		
Interest	41,548	 45,520	46,870
Other	190	201	190
Total Receipts	41,717	45,721	47,060
Payments			
Grants and subsidies	13,971	17,460	18,118
Other	26,942	23,511	27,157
Total Payments	40,913	40,971	45,275
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	804	4,750	1,785
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Advance repayments received	21	7	7
Purchases of investments	(3,127)	(7,490)	(375)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,106)	(7,483)	(368)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2,302)	(2,733)	1,417
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	16,566	26,901	24,168
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	14,264	24,168	25,585
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	2,260	4,746	1,792
Non cash items added back	(1,456)	(7)	(7)
Change in operating assets and liabilities		11	
Net cash flow from operating activities	804	4,750	1,785

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR FINANCE, MINISTER FOR INFRASTRUCTURE, MINISTER FOR REGULATORY REFORM, AND MINISTER FOR PORTS AND WATERWAYS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Motor Accidents Authority			
Total Expenses	126.8	144.6	14.1
Capital Expenditure	0.4	2.1	474.9
Office of the Motor Accidents Authority	15.0	19.3	28.5
Total Expenses			
Capital Expenditure			
Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Board Total Expenses	104.8	104.6	-0.2
Capital Expenditure	2.5	1.9	-0.2
	2.0	1.5	-21.5
WorkCover Authority Total Expenses	253.7	267.6	5.5
Capital Expenditure	14.3	11.0	-23.1
Office of the WorkCover Authority			
Total Expenses	143.5	162.8	13.5
Capital Expenditure			
Superannuation Administration Corporation			
Total Expenses	62.4	73.3	17.5
Capital Expenditure	1.7	2.4	41.2
State Property Authority			
Total Expenses	164.0	220.2	34.2
Capital Expenditure	18.9	16.3	-13.7
Maritime Authority of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	102.0	112.0	9.8
Capital Expenditure	18.7	24.8	32.3
Total, Minister for Finance, Minister for Infrastructure, Minister for Regulatory Reform and Minister for Ports and Waterways			
Total Expenses	972.2	1,104.4	13.6
Capital Expenditure	56.5	58.5	3.5

In addition to the agencies listed above the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) and the Treasury (Section 22) for the Finance and Regulatory Reform portfolio areas, and the Treasury (Section 22) for the Infrastructure portfolio area.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Motor Accidents Authority of New South Wales is a statutory corporation that monitors and supervises the compulsory third party scheme for motor vehicles in New South Wales. It was established by the *Motor Accidents Act 1988*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority targets the reduction in social costs of death and injury from motor vehicle accidents through a compulsory insurance system by working towards the following results:

- The risk of road crash injury is reduced.
- The community can rely on a viable compulsory third party (CTP) scheme.
- Participants receive just and expeditious compensation.
- Participants attain optimal health outcomes through recovery and rehabilitation.

Key services provided by the Department which contribute to these results include:

- monitoring the operation of the compulsory third party scheme
- providing funding for the reduction of trauma as a result of motor vehicle accidents
- issuing guidelines to ensure compliance with the Act
- advising the Minister on scheme efficiency and effectiveness and
- providing support and advice to the Motor Accidents Council.

The key services provided by the Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results			
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	The risk of road crash injury is reduced	The community can rely on a viable CTP scheme	Scheme participants receive just and expeditious compensation	Scheme participants attain optimal health outcomes
Policy, Performance and Community Assistance	61.2	~	~	✓	~
Motor Accidents Assessments Service	83.4			$\checkmark$	~
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	144.6				

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Authority continues to manage, on behalf of the Crown Finance Entity, payments to third party motor insurance claimants and service providers of the former insurance company, HIH. The Crown Finance Entity assumed the liabilities for third party motor insurance after the collapse of HIH. The Authority has engaged an agent, Allianz Insurance Co. Ltd. to assist in management of these claims.

The actuarial valuation of HIH claims liabilities was estimated at \$47.1 million (discounted value, net of reinsurance and including claims handling expenses) as at 30 June 2008.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Authority aims to administer its programs in an effective, efficient and economical manner, whilst ensuring compliance with all relevant statutory requirements.

The Authority is committed to maintain an affordable, fair and accessible CTP Insurance and Compensation Scheme by:

- being an effective regulator
- promoting appropriate treatment of injured persons



- providing medical and claims assessments in disputed cases
- providing advice to the Minister, Board and other stakeholders
- supporting injury prevention initiatives and
- providing services as the Nominal Defendant.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Authority's total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated to be \$144.6 million. Increased revenue and expenditure is the result of changes to the CTP scheme announced in the 2008-09 *Mini-Budget* which will see coverage of the scheme extend to at-fault drivers for the first time.

The Authority derives income primarily from a levy on CTP insurance premiums collected by licensed insurers. For 2009-10, this levy is set at 10 per cent, consistent with the prior year. The Authority's revenue is projected to increase to \$145.2 million (from \$124.9 million) reflecting the expansion of coverage of the scheme to at fault drivers and the corresponding increase in CTP premiums.

In 2009-10 there will be a projected surplus of \$559,000.

## Capital Expenditure

The Authority's capital expenditure program relates mainly to operational systems application software, hardware, office machines and minor amounts for office related works and is budgeted at \$2.1 million for 2009-10.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	2,000	2,000	2,325	
Retained taxes, fees and fines	121,742	121,742	141,660	
Other revenue	1,157	1,164	1,175	
Total Retained Revenue	124,899	124,906	145,160	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses - Employee related	310	310	376	
Other operating expenses	30,523	30,298	34,209	
Depreciation and amortisation	329	561	1,004	
Grants and subsidies	28,972	28,742	14,000	
Other expenses	66,620	66,250	95,012	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	126,754	126,161	144,601	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(1,855)	(1,255)	559	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets	39,366	46,411	45,112
Receivables	25,266	27,987	26,753
Total Current Assets	64,632	74,398	71,865
Non Current Assets Receivables Property, plant and equipment -	18,529	15,989	8,769
Land and building Plant and equipment Intangibles	1,751 267 37	1,674 312 676	1,579 365 1,841
Total Non Current Assets	20,584	18,651	12,554
Total Assets	85,216	93,049	84,419
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	16,112	17,182	16,486
Provisions Other	15,032	 14,910	23 13,614
Total Current Liabilities	31,144	32,092	30,123
Non Current Liabilities Provisions		750	750
Other	25,010	26,437	19,217
Total Non Current Liabilities	25,010	27,187	19,967
Total Liabilities	56,154	59,279	50,090
NET ASSETS	29,062	33,770	34,329
EQUITY Accumulated funds	29,062	33,770	34,329
TOTAL EQUITY	29,062	33,770	34,329

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Retained taxes Interest Other	120,951 2,000 15,737	120,951 2,000 20,559	141,719 2,325 12,924
Total Receipts	138,688	143,510	156,968
Payments Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	310 28,972 111,443	310 28,742 110,803	376 14,000 141,764
Total Payments	140,725	139,855	156,140
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,037)	3,655	828
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(320) (50)	(271) (576)	(381) (1,746)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(370)	(847)	(2,127)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2,407)	2,808	(1,299)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	41,773	43,603	46,411
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	39,366	46,411	45,112
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(1,855) 329 (511)	(1,255) 561 4,349	559 1,004 (735)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2,037)	3,655	828

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Office of the Motor Accidents Authority was established under the *Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002*. The Office has statutory functions in connection with the provision and management of personnel services to the Motor Accidents Authority of New South Wales and the Lifetime Care and Support Authority of New South Wales.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Office of the Motor Accidents Authority supports the Motor Accidents Authority and the Lifetime Care and Support Authority by undertaking the provision of a comprehensive range of personnel services to those Authorities under service agreements.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Office aims to implement effective, efficient and economical management and corporate service for its supported Authorities.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

The Office's total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated to be \$19.3 million comprised entirely of employee related expenditure. The Authority's income is derived from personnel and corporate support. The Office is expected to run a balanced budget position.

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services	14,996	15,380	19,276
Total Retained Revenue	14,996	15,380	19,276
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Employee related	14,996	15,380	19,276
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,996	15,380	19,276
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	201	1,582 2,221	1,582 2,620
Total Current Assets	201	3,803	4,202
Non Current Assets Receivables		154	
Total Non Current Assets		154	
Total Assets	201	3,957	4,202
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	 68	329 3,400	574 3,400
Total Current Liabilities	68	3,729	3,974
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	33	228	228
Total Non Current Liabilities	33	228	228
Total Liabilities	101	3,957	4,202
NET ASSETS	100		
EQUITY Accumulated funds	100		
TOTAL EQUITY	100		

			2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services	14,996	15,380	19,031
Total Receipts	14,996	15,380	19,031
Payments Employee related	14,895	15,279	19,031
Total Payments	14,895	15,279	19,031
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	101	101	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	101	101	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	100	1,481	1,582
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	201	1,582	1,582
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Change in operating assets and liabilities	101	101	
Net cash flow from operating activities	101	101	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Board was established under the *Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942.* Under the Act, the Board is required to determine eligibility and award compensation to workers and to dependants of deceased workers. The Board is also responsible for administering the Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Fund. This includes payment of monies for compensation, awards, research grants, fees, salaries and all other costs of administering the Act, including the operating expenses of the Dust Diseases Tribunal.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Board's statutory function is to administer the Act, subject to the direction of the Minister for Finance, through whom it reports annually to the New South Wales Parliament.

The Board strives to achieve this objective by working towards the following results:

- No-fault compensation and quality practical assistance and services to eligible workers and their dependants is assured.
- There is efficient administration of the trust funds held on behalf of the dependants of deceased workers thus ensuring the capital is protected whilst maximising the returns to the beneficiaries.
- The Board is the leading source of education and research into dust diseases thereby improving quality of medical treatment, outcomes and patients' quality of life.

Key services provided by the Board to contribute to these results include:

- promotion of education and research into dust diseases in Australia
- administration of the no-fault compensation scheme, a major function of which includes making compensation payments to workers and their dependants
- facilitation of effective medical and occupational screening, assessment and health surveillance of applicants and
- effective administration of the Board's finances to maximise return on investment.

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The key services provided by the Board and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results		
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Assurance of no-fault compensation	Efficient administration of trust funds	Leading source of education and research
Education and Research	1.5			✓
Compensation and Awards	85.5	~		
Medical Services	1.2	~		
Financial Management and Investment	16.4	$\checkmark$	~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	104.6			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Investment income is predicted to be significantly weaker than budgeted in 2008-09 due to the global financial crisis. As such, investment income projections and values of financial assets have been revised to incorporate these negative market fluctuations.

The Board's expenses mostly comprise compensation payments made, costs associated with claims and any additional dust disease compensation liabilities recognised. The estimates for claims expenses are based on actuarial advice.

The Board estimates its liabilities on the basis of incurred but not reported claims. The Board is projecting to have total assets of \$1.7 billion as at June 2010, comprised of approximately \$600 million of cash and investments, and \$1.1billion receivables, mainly future levy income, to offset total liabilities of \$1.7 billion.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Board's policy is to maintain the Dust Diseases levy rate for 2009-10 at a level sufficient to meet liabilities associated with reported claims and claims incurred but not reported over a medium to longer term.

The Board's fundamental objective is to compensate and improve the care, dignity and health of workers suffering from dust diseases. The Board also provides a mobile respiratory screening service for industry and funds numerous research programs and promotes awareness in occupational respiratory health.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$104.6 million. These include \$87 million in compensation claims including cost of claims payable.

### **Capital Expenditure**

The Board is budgeting to acquire \$1.9 million of assets in 2009-10, comprising computer equipment, computer software and scientific equipment upgrades.

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Retained taxes, fees and fines Other revenue	500 69,611 33,681 1,031	287 (90,281) 96,925 97,986	316 39,216 63,849 1,247
Total Retained Revenue	104,823	104,917	104,628
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies Finance costs	(5,476) 1,586 7,123 101,593	2,806 870 6,452 94,789	1,568 1,154 6,558 95,348
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	104,826	104,917	104,628
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	3		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash assets	87,545	126,649	139,938
Receivables	21,416	2,851	2,851
Other financial assets	133,139	146,226	165,737
Total Current Assets	242,100	275,726	308,526
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	763,354	1,111,451	1,076,600
Other financial assets	536,934	270,674	282,296
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	5,563	5,562	5,413
Plant and equipment	1,660	1,411	1,310
Intangibles	2,287	685	1,702
Total Non Current Assets	1,309,798	1,389,783	1,367,321
Total Assets	1,551,898	1,665,509	1,675,847
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	2,438	2,000	2,000
Provisions	87,264	90,243	93,137
Total Current Liabilities	89,702	92,243	95,137
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	1,460,570	1,571,640	1,579,084
1 10//3/01/3	1,+00,070	1,571,040	1,575,004
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,460,570	1,571,640	1,579,084
Total Liabilities	1,550,272	1,663,883	1,674,221
NET ASSETS	1,626	1,626	1,626
EQUITY Reserves	1,626	1,626	1,626
TOTAL EQUITY	1,626	1,626	1,626

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	500	359	316
Retained taxes	94,752	96,759	98,700
Interest	58,339	61,634	27,337
Other	4,694	2,352	1,870
Total Receipts	158,285	161,104	128,223
Payments			
Grants and subsidies	7,123	6,452	6,558
Other	82,477	89,934	87,201
Total Payments	89,600	96,386	93,759
rotal Fayments	09,000	50,580	93,739
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	68,685	64,718	34,464
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	45		18
Proceeds from sale of investments	90,000	62,265	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(854)	(1,118)	(322)
Purchases of investments	(166,108)	(116,041)	(19,254)
Other	(1,629)	(514)	(1,617)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(78,546)	(55,408)	(21,175)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(9,861)	9,310	13,289
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	97,406	117,339	126,649
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	87,545	126,649	139,938
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Non cash items added back	(9,686)	152,785	(10,725)
Charge in an arother aparts and lightilities	78,371	(88,067)	45,189
Change in operating assets and liabilities	10,011	(00,001)	40,100

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

WorkCover Authority (WorkCover) is a statutory authority that serves the community in the areas of occupational health and safety, injury management and workers compensation.

WorkCover regulates the workers compensation system, licenses self and specialised insurers to provide workers compensation insurance and manages Scheme Agents on behalf of the Nominal Insurer. The Nominal Insurer is the insurer for the New South Wales Workers Compensation Scheme through the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund, and is responsible for issuing workers compensation policies and managing claims. WorkCover acts on behalf of the Nominal Insurer and exercises its powers and performs its operational functions.

WorkCover administers the State's occupational health and safety legislation by providing advice and assistance, undertaking workplace inspections, investigating incidents and complaints, mediating disputes, and where necessary applying sanctions. It also licenses the operation of hazardous equipment, activities and defined premises.

WorkCover's main statutory functions are to ensure compliance with the following legislation: Occupational Health and Safety Act 2000, Workers Compensation Act 1987, Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998, Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) Act 1987, Explosives Act 2003, Workers Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942, Sporting Injuries Insurance Act 1978, Rural Workers Accommodation Act 1969 and their associated regulations and codes of practice.

# **RECENT DEVELOPMENTS**

Recent reforms to the workers compensation system have delivered better services and increased benefits for injured workers, savings for employers and improved levels of efficiency.

Five premium rate reductions since November 2005 have reduced workers compensation premium rates by an average of 30 per cent, saving NSW businesses \$785 million per annum.

Apprentice wages have been removed from workers compensation premium calculations, saving NSW businesses an addition \$74 million per annum.

Employers will also benefit from a further \$20 million per year in savings as a result of cutting red tape surrounding workers compensation wage declarations and certificates of currency requirements.

From 30 June 2008, most NSW employers that pay \$7,500 or less in annual wages will automatically receive workers compensation coverage, including private households employing domestic workers. This extends workers compensation coverage to nearly 2.5 million households in New South Wales.

Lump sum death benefits have increased to \$425,000.

WorkCover continues to roll out safety rebate schemes to rural New South Wales including rebates for silo safety upgrades and the fitting of power take-off guards to tractors.

Amendments to *Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 2001* to regulate major hazard facilities came into operation in July 2008. The amendments are designed to reduce the risk of major incidents occurring at major hazard facilities and to limit the consequences of incidents.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

WorkCover is committed to working in partnership with the NSW community to ensure safe, secure and productive workplaces. New South Wales is experiencing its lowest rates of workplace injuries since the Scheme commenced in 1987. Work-related fatalities have also more than halved in that time.

WorkCover is supporting a strong and growing small business sector by helping business improve compliance with workplace safety and workers compensation obligations through a three-year Small Business Safety Program including:

- the establishment of a small business consultative framework, which includes 10 regional small business advisory groups and an online advisory forum
- introduction of a Safety Solutions Rebate Program, providing financial assistance of up to \$500 to individual small businesses that make workplace safety improvements
- expansion of WorkCover's Mentoring Program to give small and medium sized businesses the benefit of safety expertise of large companies

Budget Estimates 2009-10

- employment of additional Business Advisory Officers in regional New South Wales to provide practical assistance and advice to small and medium businesses to help them improve their workplace safety and workers compensation capabilities and
- provision of 1,500 free safety workshops and seminars across metropolitan and regional New South Wales.

Harmonisation of occupational health and safety, and workers compensation arrangements is a key strategic focus for the organisation. All Australian jurisdictions have signed the *Inter-Governmental Agreement for Regulatory and Operational Reform in Occupational Health and Safety* in July 2008. In doing so, the Council of Australian Governments has committed to develop and implement a uniform OHS legislative framework along with a nationally consistent approach to compliance and enforcement policy by December 2011.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$267.6 million, including:

- \$75.2 million for the safety inspectorate and prevention of injuries and diseases at workplaces
- \$32.2 million for resolution of disputes including the funding of the Workers' Compensation Commission and
- \$22.9 million for oversight and regulation of workers' compensation insurance arrangements including the support of employees and employees with injury management and return to work programs.

### **Capital Expenditure**

WorkCover's capital expenditure for 2009-10 is budgeted at \$11 million and this includes improvements to existing information technology systems and the acquisition of computer software applications and scientific equipment.

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	17,590	35,422	34,438
Investment income	12,300	(5,416)	5,545
Retained taxes, fees and fines	218,672	242,827	224,207
Other revenue	5,150	4,202	3,456
Total Retained Revenue	253,712	277,035	267,646
Less: Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	5,869	8,221	7,058
Other operating expenses*	201,286	288,457	210,557
Depreciation and amortisation	8,810	13,185	11,497
Grants and subsidies	6,300	8,399	6,300
Other expenses	31,447	32,000	32,234
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	253,712	350,262	267,646
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		9	
Other gains/(losses)		(77)	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		(73,295)	

\* The projected increase in 2008-09 expenses reflects an actuarially assessed superannuation expense related to defined benefit superannuation scheme which is funded by WorkCover.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	96 254	45 800	51 100
Receivables	86,354 39,264	45,899 14,007	51,422 11,986
Inventories	2,000	2,090	2,090
	,	,	,
Total Current Assets	127,618	61,996	65,498
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	48,296	17,831	15,486
Other financial assets	142,659	120,788	114,427
Property, plant and equipment -	10.250	22.095	22.000
Land and building Plant and equipment	10,250 22,821	22,085 19,068	22,008 19,083
Intangibles	20,359	16,991	16,556
	,		,
Total Non Current Assets	244,385	196,763	187,560
Total Assets	372,003	258,759	253,058
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	57,693	52,565	52,639
Provisions Other	1,863 11,576	1,824	1,796
Other	11,576	13,572	15,677
Total Current Liabilities	71,132	67,961	70,112
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	100,794	103,760	93,906
Other	65,100	118,516	120,518
Total Non Current Liabilities	165,894	222,276	214,424
Total Liabilities	237,026	290,237	284,536
NET ASSETS	134,977	(31,478)	(31,478)
EQUITY			
Reserves	11,054	19,721	19,721
Accumulated funds	123,923	(51,199)	(51,199)
TOTAL EQUITY*	134,977	(31,478)	(31,478)

\* The change in the equity position reflects an actuarially assessed superannuation expense liability related to the defined benefit superannuation scheme funded by WorkCover.

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services	25,457	32,942	38,804
Retained taxes	210,805	278,827	224,207
Interest	• •••	3,068	5,545
Other	5,150	13,375	12,706
Total Receipts	241,412	328,212	281,262
Payments			
Employee related	7,469	4,854	8,409
Grants and subsidies Other	6,300	8,399	6,300 256 201
Other	238,340	301,804	256,391
Total Payments	252,109	315,057	271,100
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(10,697)	13,155	10,162
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		9	
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchases of property, plant and equipment	12,300 (6,560)	270 (6,500)	9,986 (5,950)
Purchases of investments	(0,500)	(0,500)	(3,625)
Other	(8,265)	(5,132)	(5,050)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,525)	(11,353)	(4,639)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(13,222)	1,802	5,523
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	99,576	44,097	45,899
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	86,354	45,899	51,422
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year		(73,295)	
Non cash items added back	(3,490)	20,674	13,137
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(7,207)	65,776	(2,975)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(10,697)	13,155	10,162

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Office of the WorkCover Authority was established under the *Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002* as part of the State's WorkChoices insulation legislation. The Office provides personnel services to:

- WorkCover Authority
- Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Corporation
- Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Board
- Workers' Compensation Commission and
- Sporting Injuries Committee.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Office aims to implement effective, efficient and economical personnel services to the recipient agencies.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated to be \$162.8 million, as the cost of providing personnel services to the recipient agencies. The Office has no operating surplus as it only receives funding from the recipient agencies equal to the value of the personnel services it provides to them.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	143,255	214,585	162,771	
Other revenue	213	11	1	
Total Retained Revenue	143,468	214,596	162,772	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	143,468	140,670	162,771	
Other operating expenses		1	1	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	143,468	140,671	162,772	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)				

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		0.00	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets Receivables	153 39,726	3,562 40,083	3,562 40,566	
Total Current Assets	39,879	43,645	44,128	
Non Current Assets Receivables Other	 32,297	78,383 	78,349 	
Total Non Current Assets	32,297	78,383	78,349	
Total Assets	72,176	122,028	122,477	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables Provisions	6,094 33,785	2,423 41,222	2,706 41,422	
Total Current Liabilities	39,879	43,645	44,128	
Non Current Liabilities Provisions		78,383	78,349	
Other	32,297		•••	
Total Non Current Liabilities	32,297	78,383	78,349	
Total Liabilities	72,176	122,028	122,477	
NET ASSETS				

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services Other	143,183 213	143,011 11	162,322 1
Total Receipts	143,396	143,022	162,323
Payments Employee related Other	143,396 	143,021 1	162,322 1
Total Payments	143,396	143,022	162,323
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	153	3,562	3,562
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	153	3,562	3,562
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions Change in operating assets and liabilities		73,925 (73,925)	
Net cash flow from operating activities			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SUPERANNUATION ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION (TRADING AS PILLAR ADMINISTRATION)

The business of Pillar is the provision of superannuation scheme administration services and related services in both the public and private sectors. Pillar's clients in the public sector include the trustee of the First State Superannuation Fund, the Pooled Fund, and the Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Fund.

The services provided include collecting contributions and paying benefits, maintaining member records, inquiry services, accounting and finance, and industry statutory reporting.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Through competitive tenders, Pillar has secured private sector clients and now services approximately two million members in total. Pillar continues to market its services and expects further success in winning new business. Business expansion will enable it to spread the costs of ongoing systems development and general overheads.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

As a statutory State Owned Corporation, Pillar is subject to the commercial monitoring regime that provides accountability and reporting requirements to the NSW Government as shareholder.

In November 2008, the Government announced it would investigate the possible sale of Pillar as part of a program of selling non core assets. The detailed strategic review found that the value of Pillar has the potential of being significantly enhanced through a number of key strategic initiatives, including efficiency improvements and growth opportunities. The sale process will remain on foot while management continues to progress these key initiatives.

In 2009-10 Pillar will focus on:

- maintaining quality of service and compliance to existing clients
- expanding business services, particularly for private sector clients
- improving processing systems and productivity
- enhancing systems to better support statutory and market needs, innovation and growth
- enhancing the culture of governance and control and
- improving profitability.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Operating expenses for 2009-10 are forecast at \$73.3 million, an increase of 17.5 per cent over the 2008-09 Budget of \$62.4 million, due to increases in the number of accounts being administered.

### **Capital Expenditure**

The capital expenditure for 2009-10 is estimated to be \$2.4 million. This includes office fitout, computer hardware and system enhancements to meet new business needs.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### SUPERANNUATION ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	61,378	67,340	71,830	
Investment income	200	190	240	
Other revenue	5,492	4,794	5,342	
Total Retained Revenue	67,070	72,324	77,412	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	44,065	48,986	52,000	
Other operating expenses	15,899	19,075	18,868	
Depreciation and amortisation	2,417	2,860	2,407	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	62,381	70,921	73,275	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	4,689	1,403	4,137	
Distributions -				
Dividends and capital repatriations	1,969	589	1,738	
Tax equivalents	1,407	421	1,241	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	1,313	393	1,158	

### SUPERANNUATION ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash assets	9,281	5,186	7,913	
Receivables	10,280	9,361	11,167	
Total Current Assets	19,561	14,547	19,080	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -	9 706	0.017	0 767	
Land and building Plant and equipment	8,796 4,055	9,917 3,644	9,767 4,287	
Intangibles	522	3,178	2,678	
Other	1,929	2,263	2,003	
Total Non Current Assets	15,302	19,002	18,735	
Total Assets	34,863	33,549	37,815	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	4,014	2,444	2,488	
Tax Provisions	607 7,658	421	1,241	
FIOVISIONS	7,000	7,257	9,431	
Total Current Liabilities	12,279	10,122	13,160	
Non Current Liabilities				
Тах	1,262	1,948	1,948	
Provisions	166	483	553	
Other	290	325	325	
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,718	2,756	2,826	
Total Liabilities	13,997	12,878	15,986	
NET ASSETS	20,866	20,671	21,829	
EQUITY				
Capital	6,000	6,000	6,000	
Reserves	2,900	3,743	3,743	
Accumulated funds	11,966	10,928	12,086	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### SUPERANNUATION ADMINISTRATION CORPORATION

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	60,918	66,880	69,873
Interest	200	190	240
Other	10,942	10,244	10,842
Total Receipts	72,060	77,314	80,955
Payments			
Employee related	43,330	48,252	50,905
Equivalent Income Tax	1,430	345	161
Other	21,291	25,051	24,173
Total Payments	66,051	73,648	75,239
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6,009	3,666	5,716
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(1,700) 	(2,898) (2,536)	(1,900) (500)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,700)	(5,434)	(2,400)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid	(1,979)	(1,400)	(589)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,979)	(1,400)	(589)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	2,330	(3,168)	2,727
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,951	8,354	5,186
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,281	5,186	7,913
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	3,282	982	2,896
Non cash items added back	2,417	2,860	2,407
Change in operating assets and liabilities	310	(176)	413

The State Property Authority was established under the *State Property Authority Act 2006*. The Authority acquires, manages and disposes of certain property vested in the Crown or government agencies on behalf of the Government.

The Authority's objectives are to:

- improve efficiency in the use of government agencies' properties, particularly generic property such as offices, warehouses, depots and car parks
- manage properties of government agencies in a way that supports the service delivery responsibilities of those agencies
- provide advice and support within government on property matters and
- operate at least as efficiently as any comparable business, consistent with the principles of ecologically sustainable development and social responsibility for the community (including the indigenous community).

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

New government office buildings in Penrith and Queanbeyan were completed and opened in 2008-09, generating efficiencies through collocating government agencies and coordinating regional service delivery.

The Authority's efficient management of government offices contributed to further reductions in the average space occupied by each public sector employee. Effective lease management also contributed to a decrease in the vacancy rate to 0.4 per cent for office accommodation across all government agencies.

A substantial number of government-owned properties were vested to the Authority during 2008-09 resulting in an estimated one million square metres of property coming under the Authority's control.

During 2008-09, the Authority continued its reviews of government property to identify further opportunities for management improvements.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Authority's focus for the next 12 months will include:

- completing the transfer of leases for generic office space from budget dependent agencies to the Authority
- progressing priority government asset sales
- upgrading government offices to improve environmental efficiency and performance in accord with government sustainability targets and
- generating further savings from the centralised leasing and management of the Government's office portfolio.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated to be \$220.2 million. The majority of this expenditure relates to government-occupied owned and leased offices including head lease rental payments of \$149 million and other property related expenses of \$45.8 million.

### **Capital Expenditure**

The 2009-10 Budget for capital expenditure is \$16.3 million.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	199,730	187,162	232,295	
Investment income	7,110	6,169	4,648	
Grants and contributions	26,834	23,175	21,801	
Other revenue	1,301	3,045	2,600	
Total Retained Revenue	234,975	219,551	261,344	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	12,827	12,115	14,261	
Other operating expenses	126,854	127,557	180,195	
Depreciation and amortisation	15,257	15,319	17,570	
Finance costs	9,103	16,237	8,128	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	164,041	171,228	220,154	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	2,627	(60,682)		
Other gains/(losses)	(200)	50		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	73,361	(12,309)	41,190	
Distributions -	- 4 - 20 4	100.000		
Dividends and capital repatriations	74,791	108,860	32,603	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	(1,430)	(121,169)	8,587	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	88,212	117,914	106,890
Receivables Other	18,872 2,309	16,435 2,500	12,352 2,700
Total Current Assets	109,393	136,849	121,942
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	15,570	15,179	15,179
Investment properties Property, plant and equipment -	15,718	23,790	24,040
Land and building	981,082	975,695	981,738
Plant and equipment	1,703	4,077	3,664
Intangibles Other	776 13,083	516 11,600	788 14,200
Total Non Current Assets	1,027,932	1,030,857	1,039,609
Total Assets	1,137,325	1,167,706	1,161,551
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	9,727	3,810	5,630
Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions	2,020	2,146	2,317
Other	15,916 6,172	25,643 7,672	60,764 5,672
Other		1,012	5,012
Total Current Liabilities	33,835	39,271	74,383
Non Current Liabilities	54.000	50.400	10.110
Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions	51,992 449	50,429 1,500	48,113 1,500
Other	243,559	256,658	201,950
Total Non Current Liabilities	296,000	308,587	251,563
Total Liabilities	329,835	347,858	325,946
NET ASSETS	807,490	819,848	835,605
EQUITY			
Reserves	67,290	15,425	22,595
Accumulated funds	740,200	804,423	813,010
TOTAL EQUITY	807,490	819,848	835,605

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	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	198,779	185,561	235,845
Interest	5,512	6,354	3,093
Other	24,142	20,890	18,942
Total Receipts	228,433	212,805	257,880
Payments			
Employee related	12,827	12,133	14,061
Finance costs	4,133	4,015	3,858
Other	143,964	138,468	199,935
Total Payments	160,924	154,616	217,854
IET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	67,509	58,189	40,026
ASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	16,515	70,000	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(18,265)	(19,685)	(15,637)
Dther	(625)	(368)	(665)
ET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,375)	49,947	(16,302)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(1,871)	(1,990)	(2,145)
Dividends paid	(74,791)	(108,860)	(32,603)
IET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(76,662)	(110,850)	(34,748)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(11,528)	(2,714)	(11,024)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	99,740	120,628	117,914
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	88,212	117,914	106,890
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	73,361	(12,309)	41,190
Non cash items added back	13,956	12,024	14,720
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(19,808)	58,474	(15,884)
Net cash flow from operating activities	67,509	58,189	40,026

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Maritime Authority of New South Wales works with the boating community, maritime industries and all levels of government to promote boating, maritime safety and other maritime based activities. The Authority is also responsible for the management of its properties in Sydney Harbour, Botany Bay, Newcastle and Port Kembla.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority works towards a number of results for the community, including:

- Ports support a growing economy.
- Waterways are safe and sustainable.
- Infrastructure and access to waterways is improved.

Key services provided by the Authority which contribute to these results include:

- providing advice to the Minister on maritime and port matters
- regulating the safe navigation of recreational and commercial vessels
- administering Port Safety Operating Licences at the major ports and managing the regional ports of Eden and Yamba
- ensuring the protection of the environment from the impact of boating in State waters and
- managing vested maritime properties.

The key services provided by the Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are outlined in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results			
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Ports that Support a Growing Economy	Safe Waterways	Improved Infrastructure and Access to Waterways	
Ports and Shipping	6.0	~	~		
Recreational Boating and Regional Services	35.8		✓		
Commercial Vessels	20.1		~	~	
Maritime Property	42.9			✓	
Policy and Strategy	7.2	√	✓	✓	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	112.0				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Authority's recent initiatives include:

- the introduction of a major package of boating safety reforms
- completion of a comprehensive assessment of the condition of the main commuter wharves on Sydney Harbour and the development and launching of a prioritised Wharf Upgrade Program
- the introduction of Boating Safety Plans for the Shoalhaven and Clyde Rivers
- upgrades and completion of essential maintenance on a number of Sydney Harbour commuter wharves and
- commencement of the Rozelle Bay maritime precinct development.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Authority is committed to working with all sectors of the boating community, maritime industry, government and the general community to improve marine safety outcomes and to encourage participation in commercial and recreational boating activities.

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The Authority has a number of strategies to meet this objective, including:

- developing a three year plan for boating education campaigns with targeted messages on speed, lighting, hyperthermia prevention, equipment handling and skipper responsibilities, with increased funding of \$3 million over the life of the plan
- working with volunteer rescue groups to encourage public participation, integration of the services of the various volunteer bodies and additional boating education and training. In addition to ongoing annual funding of \$1.35 million, NSW Maritime will provide \$3 million in 2009-10 for creation of one integrated volunteer service
- delivering high quality maritime infrastructure including upgrading public wharves and maintenance of Sydney Harbour commuter wharves at a cost of \$89 million over 12 years
- providing policy advice and analysis to assist port planning
- reviewing the operation and audit mechanisms of the Port Safety Operating Licence
- investigating maritime incidents to identify safety and compliance issues
- coordinating Government policy with respect to maritime security for ports and for commercial vessels
- introducing a compulsory boating safety course and a compulsory practical component, including a logbook of practical competencies for all recreational licence applicants
- using an audit process to ensure commercial operators fully implement effective safety management systems
- developing a 10 year Better Boating Program to provide recreational boating infrastructure, with overall available grant funding increased to \$25 million over five years
- ensuring a high standard of disabled access to commuter wharves
- working with other agencies to develop a land use strategy

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- ensuring maritime community needs are incorporated into State, regional and local planning instruments
- reviewing the operation of commercial vessel survey functions with regard to interstate and international models
- updating the Boat Storage Policy for Sydney Harbour and undertaking a boat storage study for New South Wales
- improving safety and access to commuter ferry wharves and
- ongoing development of maritime precincts in Sydney Harbour to bring them to market.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are expected to be \$112 million. This includes promoting safety and environmental protection, patrols, contributions to volunteer marine rescue organisations, education programs, seminars, publications, compliance and enforcement activities.

Funds will be spent on the Better Boating Program to assist with the construction of maritime infrastructure throughout the State for the boating community.

Other expenditure covers commercial vessel surveys, providing environmental services in Sydney Harbour and Myall Lakes, navigation aid maintenance, accident investigation, wharf and building maintenance, construction of key waterways infrastructure as well as conducting safety audits of commuter wharves.

### Capital Expenditure

The total capital program for 2009-10 is \$24.8 million. This includes the ongoing refurbishment and upgrade of commuter and charter vessel wharves; providing day berthing and sewage pumpout facilities at various locations in Sydney Harbour; replacing the vessel which provides environmental and harbour cleaning services; navigation aids and waterways signage; and the ongoing redevelopment of the Rozelle Bay maritime precinct.

Work will commence on the redevelopment of the Balls Head Coal Loader which will allow public access and provide new amenities for the boating community and the redevelopment of maritime facilities at Homebush Bay.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	70,829	72,757	73,780	
Investment income	5,147	1,947	3,575	
Retained taxes, fees and fines	38,323	38,322	39,158	
Grants and contributions	340	20,242	7,000	
Other revenue	7,155	6,805	2,283	
Total Retained Revenue	121,794	140,073	125,796	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	36,437	38,887	39,371	
Other operating expenses	31,033	40,558	34,693	
Depreciation and amortisation	9,695	9,846	9,425	
Grants and subsidies	5,025	7,020	7,108	
Finance costs	19,783	19,783	21,399	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	101,973	116,094	111,996	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(62)	(62)	(62)	
Other gains/(losses)			(200)	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	19,759	23,917	13,538	
Distributions -				
Dividends and capital repatriations	15,309	25,479	4,000	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	4,450	(1,562)	9,538	

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	21,565	32,066	18,048
Receivables	7,618	9,884	11,930
Other financial assets	49,968	36,544	36,544
Inventories Assets held for sale	197 	185 6,595	185 1,595
Total Current Assets	79,348	85,274	68,302
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	3,613	3,613	2,346
Investment properties	130,000	133,400	133,400
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	127,558	112,091	111,982
Plant and equipment	21,072	18,245	21,622
Infrastructure systems	378,530	778,944	789,556
Intangibles	1,123	176	599
Other	5,486		
Total Non Current Assets	667,382	1,046,469	1,059,505
Total Assets	746,730	1,131,743	1,127,807
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	15,046	13,277	13,420
Borrowings at amortised cost	1,780	1,780	1,686
Provisions	29,449	28,458	18,540
Other	25,122	27,250	27,250
Total Current Liabilities	71,397	70,765	60,896
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	4,793	4,793	3,107
Provisions	3,440	17,380	14,689
Other	70,007	92,239	91,302
Total Non Current Liabilities	78,240	114,412	109,098
Total Liabilities	149,637	185,177	169,994
NET ASSETS	597,093	946,566	957,813
EQUITY			
Reserves	131,049	513,208	513,208
Accumulated funds	466,044	433,358	444,605
TOTAL EQUITY	597,093	946,566	957,813
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Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	70,952	74,086	73,849
Interest	4,575	1,237	2,865
Other	47,133	68,568	59,381
Total Receipts	122,660	143,891	136,095
Payments			
Employee related	34,084	39,812	38,819
Grants and subsidies	5,025	5,025	7,108
Finance costs	19,783	19,783	21,399
Other	46,119	90,145	46,908
Total Payments	105,011	154,765	114,234
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	17,649	(10,874)	21,861
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	2,305	2,070	5,970
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(18,682)	(15,524)	(24,245)
Other	(30)	(30)	(515)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16,407)	(13,484)	(18,790)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(1,880)	(1,880)	(1,780)
Dividends paid	(14,607)	(24,777)	(15,309)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(16,487)	(26,657)	(17,089)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(15,245)	(51,015)	(14,018)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	36,810	83,081	32,066
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	21,565	32,066	18,048
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	19,759	23,917	13,538
Non cash items added back	4,167	6,163	9,265
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(6,277)	(40,954)	(942)
Net cash flow from operating activities	17,649	(10,874)	21,861

# MINISTER FOR GAMING AND RACING, AND MINISTER FOR SPORT AND RECREATION

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority			
Total Expenses	7.2	7.7	7.0
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust			
Total Expenses	24.4	24.3	-0.4
Capital Expenditure	8.3	3.9	-53.2
Total, Minister Gaming and Racing, and Minister for Sport and Recreation			
Total Expenses	31.6	32.0	1.3
Capital Expenditure	8.4	4.0	-52.4

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation (Section 2) for the Sport and Recreation, and Gaming and Racing portfolio areas.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# CASINO, LIQUOR AND GAMING CONTROL AUTHORITY

The Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority (CLGCA) was established under the *Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Act 2007*.

The functions reported here relate to those activities performed for the control of Star City under the *Casino Control Act 1992*. Functions of the CLGCA under the *Liquor Act 2007*, *Gaming Machines Act 2001* and *Registered Clubs Act 1976* will be performed in conjunction with the Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation (DASR) and are reported within its service groups.

During the course of 2009-10 the functions and funding of the CLGCA will be integrated with DASR.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The CLGCA contributes to the following results:

- The integrity of casino operations is protected.
- Harm to individuals and families is minimised.

Key services provided by the CLGCA to contribute to these results include continuous onsite supervision and monitoring of the casino, licensing of the casino operator and casino special employees and undertaking statutory investigations.

The key services provided by the CLGCA and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Protecting the integrity of casino operations	Minimising harm to individuals and families
Casino Control	7.7	√	$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	7.7		

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

No major negative matters were identified by the CLGCA following its last statutory investigation of the Star City Casino in 2006.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

CLGCA will continue to streamline its operations in the regulation of the casino, including the implementation of arrangements negotiated between the Government and Star City in regard to new tax and exclusivity agreements.

The CLGCA and DASR will continue to build on synergies to conduct an efficient regulatory function.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$7.7 million, reflecting the cost of supervising, controlling and monitoring casino operations in Star City Casino.

### **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10 the CLGCA will spend \$70,000 on the replacement of office equipment and computer software.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Protecting the integrity of casino operations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Licensed employees and contractors later found to be unsuitable <sup>(a)</sup> Ratio of patron complaints investigated <sup>(b)</sup>	no. %	3 8	0 5	0 < 5	1 12	2 15

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of ensuring only suitable employees and contractors are associated with the Casino.

(b) This indicator measures the casino operator's compliance with the obligation to conduct gaming in accordance with the approved rules. The figures up to the 2008-09 Forecast were determined under Section 110 of *Casino Control Act 1992*. After this they are determined under Section 33 of *Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Act 2007*.

#### Minimising harm to individuals and families

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Self excluded persons detected within casino Detected non-compliance of responsible gaming	no.	224	265	200	230	240
requirements by casino operator <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	0	4	0	9	5

(a) This indicator measures the casino operator's compliance with the obligation to conduct gaming in a responsible manner.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 28.1 Casino Control

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no gaming in New

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to protecting the integrity of casino gaming in New South Wales and minimising harm to individuals and families by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- There is a compliant casino operator who respects the public interest.
- Only suitable employees and companies are associated with the Casino.
- Illegal and undesirable activities are precluded from the Casino.
- Licensed entities and staff conduct authorised gambling and liquor activities in a responsible manner.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Penalty Infringement Notices issued Casino regulatory approvals and employee licences granted	no. no.	154 1,159	100 960	120 1,260	140 1,735	150 885

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
-			
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	7,221	6,880	7,728
NET COST OF SERVICES	6,628	6,182	7,127
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	70	70	70

# 28 CASINO, LIQUOR AND GAMING CONTROL AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -	7 4 6 4	0 705	7 000	
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	7,101 120	6,735 145	7,608 120	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	7,221	6,880	7,728	
Less: Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	154	250	158	
Investment income	195	195	199	
Grants and contributions	244	253	244	
Total Retained Revenue	593	698	601	
NET COST OF SERVICES	6,628	6,182	7,127	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	6,628	6,182	7,127	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	6,558	6,560	7,057	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure	70	70	70	
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	70	70	70	

# 28 CASINO, LIQUOR AND GAMING CONTROL AUTHORITY

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	3,064 181	3,172 244	3,222 244	
Total Current Assets	3,245	3,416	3,466	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment Intangibles	310 21	283 14	247 	
Total Non Current Assets	331	297	247	
Total Assets	3,576	3,713	3,713	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions Other	67 418 49	84 403 45	84 403 45	
Total Current Liabilities	534	532	532	
Non Current Liabilities Provisions Other	5 6	5	5	
Total Non Current Liabilities	11	5	5	
Total Liabilities	545	537	537	
NET ASSETS	3,031	3,176	3,176	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	3,031	3,176	3,176	
TOTAL EQUITY	3,031	3,176	3,176	

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# 28 CASINO, LIQUOR AND GAMING CONTROL AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	15 7,023	6,766	 7,530
Total Payments	7,038	6,766	7,530
Receipts		0.5.4	
Sale of goods and services	154	354	158
Interest	192	192	199
Other	166	165	166
Total Receipts	512	711	523
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(6,526)	(6,055)	(7,007)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(50) (20)	(50) (20)	(50) (20)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(70)	(70)	(70)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	6,558	6,560	7,057
Capital appropriation	70	70	70
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(944)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	6,628	5,686	7,127
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	32	(439)	50
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,032	3,611	3,172
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,064	3,172	3,222
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(6,628)	(6,182)	(7,127)
Non cash items added back	120	145	120
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(18)	(18)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(6,526)	(6,055)	(7,007)

Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust manages the Centennial Parklands comprising Centennial Park, Queens Park and Moore Park. The Trust was established under the *Centennial Park and Moore Park Trust Act 1983*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Trust is working towards the following results:

- Venues are provided to the community which enables participation in a range of recreational, cultural and educational activities for diverse users.
- The Parklands will be preserved and improved.

Key services provided by the Trust to contribute to these results include:

• management of Parklands, including provision of facilities and programs for the community.

The key services provided by the Trust and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results		
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Participation in recreational, cultural and educational activities for diverse users	Preservation and improvement of Parklands	
Parklands Management	24.3	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	24.3			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements by the Trust include:

- completion and opening of the refurbished restaurant in Centennial Park, together with an upgraded restaurant surrounding precinct, including improved visitor accessibility and children's playground
- implementation of the Visitor Safety Program, focusing on vehicle and bicycle safety, including extensive refurbished road and cycleway line-marking throughout Centennial Park
- staging a diverse range of community and music events

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- development of a new education centre as a base for primary, secondary and tertiary students
- improvements to recreational and leisure facilities in Centennial Park, Moore Park and Queens Park, and visitor information signage throughout the Parklands and
- continuation of the tree replacement program supported by the Centennial Parklands Foundation.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Priority areas for the Trust include:

- maintaining and improving Centennial Parklands
- ensuring equity of access and diversity of leisure experience
- working in partnership with stakeholders and external bodies and
- maintaining and enhancing business viability.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$24.3 million. Included in this amount are \$5.9 million for depreciation and \$2.7 million for maintenance of infrastructure and buildings in the Parklands.

# **Capital Expenditure**

The Trust's capital program for 2009-10 is \$3.9 million. Major works will include:

- upgrade of recreational facilities, including Queens Park sports field and Moore Park West / Cleveland South cycle path
- targeted environmental programs and remediation of Moore Park car park
- refurbishment of heritage assets and
- further upgrade of Moore Park golf facilities.

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	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	17,186	17,760	18,127	
Investment income	625	535	370	
Retained taxes, fees and fines	350	405	350	
Grants and contributions	9,675	7,371	5,681	
Other revenue	354	1,106	341	
Total Retained Revenue	28,190	27,177	24,869	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -				
Other operating expenses	18,612	18,697	18,411	
Depreciation and amortisation	5,801	5,843	5,894	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	24,413	24,540	24,305	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(19)		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	3,777	2,618	564	

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		)8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Other financial assets Inventories	3,441 1,997 5,741 195	3,478 2,676 5,706 178	5,177 2,648 5,906 183	
Total Current Assets	11,374	12,038	13,914	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Land and building Plant and equipment Infrastructure systems Intangibles Other	458,987 1,087 272,383 75 115	460,426 1,279 271,059 68 116	459,886 1,349 269,579 11 117	
Total Non Current Assets	732,647	732,948	730,942	
Total Assets	744,021	744,986	744,856	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions Other	2,608 515 1,096	2,642 488 1,438	2,656 489 1,318	
Total Current Liabilities	4,219	4,568	4,463	
Non Current Liabilities Other	6,107	5,640	5,051	
Total Non Current Liabilities	6,107	5,640	5,051	
Total Liabilities	10,326	10,208	9,514	
NET ASSETS	733,695	734,778	735,342	
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	135,213 598,482	140,817 593,961	140,817 594,525	
TOTAL EQUITY	733,695	734,778	735,342	

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts Sale of goods and services	17,148	17,586	18,077
Interest	325	560	370
Other	12,153	12,307	9,795
Total Receipts	29,626	30,453	28,242
Payments			
Other	21,061	23,400	22,457
Total Payments	21,061	23,400	22,457
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8,565	7,053	5,785
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		(6.242)	(2 006)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of investments	(8,293)	(6,242) (325)	(3,886) (200)
Other	(20)	(1)	(200)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(8,313)	(6,557)	(4,086)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	252	496	1,699
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,189	2,982	3,478
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,441	3,478	5,177
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	3,777	2,618	564
Non cash items added back	5,501	5,868	5,894
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(713)	(1,433)	(673)
Net cash flow from operating activities	8,565	7,053	5,785

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# MINISTER FOR HEALTH, AND MINISTER FOR THE CENTRAL COAST

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Health			
Total Expenses	13,150.7	14,487.9	10.2
Capital Expenditure	779.5	602.9	-22.7
Health Care Complaints Commission			
Total Expenses	10.8	10.9	0.5
Capital Expenditure	0.2	0.1	-26.7
Cancer Institute NSW			
Total Expenses	153.0	141.2	-7.7
Capital Expenditure	3.0	3.0	
Total, Minister for Health, and Minister for the Central Coast *			
Total Expenses	13,166.7	14,500.8	10.1
Capital Expenditure	782.7	606.0	-22.6

\* The Ministerial total has been reduced to exclude grant payments from the Department of Health to the Cancer Institute NSW.

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Central Coast portfolio area.

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# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

The Department of Health is responsible for State-wide policy and planning, performance management and monitoring, and strategic financial and asset management for the NSW public health system. The NSW public health system comprises the Ambulance Service of NSW, eight Area Health Services, four statutory health corporations, 18 affiliated health organisations and a range of health support and health infrastructure services provided by the Health Administration Corporation. The Department and the NSW public health system are known collectively as NSW Health.

The Department is also responsible for supporting the NSW Minister for Health in the administration of around 40 Acts allocated to the Health portfolio. This includes undertaking licensing, regulatory and enforcement functions, under Acts such as the *Health Services Act 1997, Mental Health Act 2007, Private Hospitals and Day Procedure Centres Act 1988, Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Act 1966, Public Health Act 1991* and Smoke-free Environment Act 2000.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- S1: Improved access to quality healthcare.
- S2: Improved survival rates and quality of life for people with potentially fatal or chronic illness through improvements in health care.
- S3: Improved health through reduced obesity, smoking, illicit drug use and risk drinking.
- F3: Improved outcomes in mental health.
- F5: Reduced avoidable hospital admissions.

NSW Health's overarching vision of "Healthy People - Now and in the Future" is being advanced through the State Health Plan by working towards the following results:

- Prevention is made everybody's business.
- Better experiences are created for people using health services.
- Primary health and continuing care in the community is strengthened.
- A fair and sustainable health system is ensured.

#### **29 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

The services NSW Health provides to achieve these results include:

- health care to patients admitted to hospitals
- ambulatory, primary and community-based services in outpatient clinics and community health centres, and in the home
- emergency transport and emergency treatment
- community-based and admitted mental health services
- rehabilitation and long-term care services
- public health promotion and regulation to protect health and
- professional training and investment in research.

The key services provided by the Department of Health and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results					
Service Groups	Budget Expenses	Make prevention everybody's business	Create better experiences for people using health services	Strengthen primary health and continuing care in the community	Ensure a fair and sustainable health system		
Primary and Community Based Services	1,117.3	~	~	~	✓		
Aboriginal Health Services	93.0	~	~	✓	✓		
Outpatient Services	1,443.5		~		✓		
Emergency Services	1,577.1		~		✓		
Overnight Acute Services	5,869.5		~		✓		
Same Day Acute Services	942.8		~		✓		
Mental Health Services	1,1705		~	~	✓		
Rehabilitation and Extended Care Services	1,122.5		~	$\checkmark$	✓		
Population Health Services	511.7	~	,		✓		
Teaching and Research	639.8	~	~	✓	✓		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,487.9						

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#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The total expenditure for the Department of Health in 2008-09 is expected to be \$13.8 billion.

As shown in Table 12.1, performance in key areas has improved considerably in the last three years at the same time as significant increases in activity.

Although emergency department attendances grew by an average of 5.5 per cent per year over the four years to 2008-09, performance against key indicators was generally maintained or improved. The Triage Category 1 national performance benchmark of 100 per cent of the most seriously ill patients receiving care within two minutes has consistently been achieved.

Elective surgery has become more accessible. The proportion of urgent patients seen within their recommended waiting times has increased from 77 per cent in 2005-06 to 94 per cent in 2008-09 for urgent cases and from 84 per cent to 94 per cent for non-urgent cases. Over the same period, overnight acute weighted separations have increased by an average of 2.8 per cent per year and same day acute weighted separations have increased by an average of 3.3 per cent per year.

	2005-06 Actual	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Attendances in emergency departments					
number (thousand)	2,180	2,300	2,380	2,380	2,430
growth (per cent)	9.0	5.5	3.5	0.0	2.1
Admissions from emergency departments					
number (thousand)	465	495	512	525	538
growth (per cent)	10.2	6.5	3.4	2.5	2.5
Acute weighted separations					
number (thousand)	1,216	1,275	1,300	1,335	1,367
growth (per cent)	7.3	4.9	2.0	2.7	2.4
Emergency department cases treated within benchmark times (per cent)					
Triage 1 (100 per cent within 2 mins)	100	100	100	100	100
Triage 2 (80 per cent within 10 mins)	80	87	86	82	82
Triage 3 (75 per cent within 30 mins)	61	71	76	69	69
Triage 4 (70 per cent within 60 mins)	66	74	74	72	72
Triage 5 (70 per cent within 120 mins)	86	89	89	89	89
Booked surgical patients seen within recommended waiting time (per cent)					
Urgent (within 30 days)	77	87	90	95	95
Non-Urgent (within 12 months)	84	96	95	95	95

#### Table 12.1: Key Result and Activity measures for NSW Health

#### **Better Integrated Healthcare**

#### After-Hours General Practice Services

In accordance with the Government's 2007 election commitment, nine after-hours GP clinics are now operational, with more to follow. The after-hours clinics are co-located with or in close proximity to hospitals to help relieve the pressure on Emergency Departments (EDs) by offering people choice of being treated at a GP clinic or the ED.

#### NSW Transitional Aged Care Program

The NSW Transitional Aged Care Program is jointly funded by the State and Australian Governments. The State contributed \$21.4 million in 2008-09. The program has resulted in 80 per cent of clients improving or maintaining their functional capacity.

#### National Health Call Centre Network

In accordance with the COAG decision in 2006 to establish a national health call centre service, the NSW Government committed \$25.6 million to this project over four years to 2009-10. The call centre service, which is available 24 hours a day, commenced in August 2008 with full state-wide rollout completed in May 2009.

#### Aboriginal Health

The "Building Strong Foundations for Aboriginal Children Families and Communities" strategy is delivering cooperation between NSW Office of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health and Area Health Services to map and analyse programs across NSW. The strategy is focusing on Aboriginal maternal and child health to avoid service duplication and inequity, and establishing a training and support unit to assist staff.

#### **Increased Capacity**

#### Mental Health Improvements

Implementation of the "A New Direction in Mental Health" Plan continued as an important focus area in 2008-09. Achievements include:

- the recruitment of 21 full-time equivalent clinicians to provide delivery of mental health services for older people
- the delivery of community mental health emergency care and improving emergency responses for patients with co-morbid mental health and drug and alcohol problems

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- the delivery of community rehabilitation services that support vocational and educational outcomes for patients in recovery as well as improving the rehabilitation pathways subsequent to discharge from acute services and
- the delivery of outpatient child and adolescent mental health services and recruitment of an additional 17.5 full-time equivalent clinicians across New South Wales.

#### **Increased Access**

#### **Emergency Department Services**

Implementation of a comprehensive planned approach to improving Emergency Department (ED) throughput and reducing hospital access block progressed in 2008-09. The whole-of-system response involves clinicians and managers and includes:

- the introduction of new ED models of care such as Fast Track
- the introduction of workforce models such as nurse practitioners to enhance emergency nursing services and ensure timely patient care
- the establishment of Medical Assessment Units (MAUs) and
- the introduction of state of the art information systems such as the First Net Emergency Department software program.

# Elective Surgery Funding

In 2008-09 additional funding of \$18.5 million from the State and \$33.6 million from the Australian Government was provided for Elective Surgery.

Access to elective surgery was maintained despite an increase in demand. Overall, the average waiting time for elective patients decreased from 2.9 months in June 2008 to 2.6 months in February 2009. The proportion of elective surgery patients admitted within their clinically recommended times improved from 89 per cent in June 2008 to 92 per cent in February 2009.

There has been a significant improvement in Category 2 (admission required within 90 days) surgical patients. In December 2008, there were 178 surgical patients recorded as overdue for surgery. This compares with 6,188 overdue patients in January 2008.

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#### Investing in Oral Health

In 2008-09 NSW Health provided capital subsidies for local councils and water supply authorities to expand water fluoridation in NSW communities. In addition, Area Health Services were funded to recruit and retain public oral health practitioners State-wide.

#### Expanded Renal Services

The 2008-09 Budget provided \$5.1 million for the enhancement of renal services across the state. This provided additional renal dialysis chairs and places, improved home dialysis support, increased satellite services, training and patient support, and in-centre care.

#### **Better Ambulance Services**

In 2008-09 the NSW Ambulance Service received funding to recruit an additional 95 FTE staff in the Sydney area. This enhancement funding for the Sydney area brings on-road staff to 2,954 which is an increase of 15 per cent since the commencement of the recruitment program.

#### Sustainable Workforce

#### Investment in Nurses

Area Health Services will receive \$14 million initial funding over four years from 2008-09 to create a further 80 Clinical Nurse Educator positions across the State, increasing nursing workforce skills and enhancing patient safety.

As part of the Government's continued commitment to the rollout of the ten-hour night shift funding has been provided to Blacktown, Mt Druitt, Gladesville/Macquarie, Dubbo and Macksville hospitals.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The future development of the NSW health system will be guided by three interrelated policy reforms and plans:

• *Caring Together: The Health Action Plan for NSW* targets acute care services in public hospitals with a broad range of initiatives that will deliver safer and better quality care and ensure that patients remain at the centre of the health care system.

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- The *State Health Plan* provides an integrated strategic plan and objectives to guide the NSW health system over the next ten to twenty years.
- COAG reforms provide a new framework for Commonwealth funding of State health systems, introducing common objectives, improved accountability, and targeted joint initiatives to improve the public health system.

These policy reforms and plans will be supported by an additional \$1.3 billion in expenditure in 2009-10 over the 2008-09 Budget. This increased expenditure will contribute to immediate improvements in the quality of health services and making the NSW health system more efficient and sustainable.

The implementation of episode funding and enhancements to financial management systems will drive significant internal reforms that encourage better resource management in the health system.

These reforms will ensure that NSW Health can deliver high quality services to a growing population within a sustainable level of expenditure growth.

# Caring Together: The Health Action Plan for NSW

In March 2009, the NSW Government released *Caring Together: The Health Action Plan for NSW* in response to the *Special Commission of Inquiry into Acute Care in NSW Public Hospitals.* Acute care services are at the core of the NSW public health system. *Caring Together* provides a renewed focus on creating better experiences for patients and building a sustainable healthcare workforce.

The Special Commission of Inquiry resulted in 139 recommendations and the NSW Government responded by accepting 134 of them. The Government response will be progressed through a three stage approach.

During Stage 1, NSW Health will act immediately to put patients at the centre of the health care system by providing services that are safe, competent and compassionate. The first stage is supported by an additional \$485 million over 4 years including \$117 million in 2009-10.

Over the next four years, funding of \$176 million will provide approximately 500 additional ward based Clinical Support Officers to relieve doctors and nurses of paperwork and administrative duties to allow them to return to patient care.

An additional \$34.4 million over four years will employ an extra 64 clinical pharmacists in hospital wards. Expanding the role of clinical pharmacists within hospitals will increase patient safety by improving the advice provided to doctors and nurses on the best use of medicines.

Patient care within metropolitan and major regional emergency departments will be improved through \$14.8 million over four years for an additional 30 Clinical Initiative Nurses. The extra nurses will assist in reducing waiting times for patients in emergency departments.

Infection control within public hospital wards will be improved through an additional \$6.3 million a year for extra cleaning staff in metropolitan and regional hospitals. Patients will also benefit from an additional \$12 million over four years implementation of gender based wards wherever possible.

In Stage 2 the Government will report on progress in six months and signal a series of actions to allow sustainable change to build a stronger health care system.

In Stage 3 the Government will report on progress in 18 months and detail an intergenerational plan to develop the thinking and culture that will shape the future health system.

#### **COAG Reforms**

At the November 2008 COAG meeting, the Commonwealth and States and Territories successfully negotiated a new National Health Care Agreement (NHCA), which included a base funding adjustment of \$500 million nationally (NSW share is \$166 million in 2008-09) and a higher indexation rate.

The key objectives and outcomes of the new NHCA cover prevention, primary and community health, hospital and related care, aged care, patient experience, Indigenous health and sustainability. A new performance framework to improve the accountability of both States and the Australian Government is embedded in the new NHCA. It will include performance benchmarks, progress measures and outputs that will be publicly reported annually.

Under the new NHCA, the Australian Government will provide New South Wales funding of \$16.2 billion over the four years from 2009-10. This is around \$1 billion more than the previous Australian Health Care Agreement would have provided over the same period. In 2009-10, the Australian Government's funding to New South Wales is estimated to be \$3.7 billion.

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In addition, the Australian Government under new National Partnership (NP) Agreements will provide funding to the states to deliver agreed health care reforms in the following areas.

- Under the Hospital and Health Workforce Reform NP, the Australian Government will provide New South Wales funding of \$454 million over four years. New South Wales has committed to implement a nationally consistent approach to activity based funding, expand sub-acute care activity by 5 per cent per annum over four years, improve the capacity of public hospital emergency departments, and provide funding for workforce reforms.
- Under the Preventative Health NP, NSW will receive funding of \$72 million over the next fours years to deliver initiatives targeting healthy children, healthy workforce and healthy communities.
- Under the Indigenous Health NP, the Australian Government and the States have committed to closing the gap in health outcomes between Indigenous and non-Indigenous Australians. New South Wales will spend \$180 million over four years in five priority areas: tackling smoking, primary healthcare services, improving patient journeys, transitions to adulthood, and making Indigenous health everyone's business.

NSW Health will also receive Australian Government funding to implement the following NPs with funding over the next four years of:

- \$21 million for Indigenous Early Childhood (health component).
- \$74 million for Health Services such as bowel cancer screening, helping public patients in hospitals waiting for nursing home places and planning for perinatal depression.
- \$10 million for Health Infrastructure such as a PET scanner for Westmead Hospital and a contribution towards the Lismore Integrated Cancer Centre.
- \$122 million for the Elective Surgery Reduction Plan.

# Episode Funding

Episode funding was introduced in 2008-09 as a funding and performance management tool in NSW Health. Episode funding assists in the efficient allocation and management of health resources within the available budget. Episode funding also provides opportunities for benchmarking within Area Health Services and across the State.

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The NSW episode funding model will be enhanced in 2009-10 to strengthen its governance and performance accountability framework. This enhancement will be consistent with the COAG decision for all States and Territories to move to a more nationally consistent approach to activity-based funding.

The NSW episode funding model will continue to focus on inpatient acute, emergency department and sub-acute services, and will progressively expand its coverage to include non admitted services in outpatient and community settings.

To support episode funding a range of improvements to financial management systems are being implemented, including standardised mandatory financial reporting, system-wide staff scheduling, budget control tools and improved performance measurement.

# **2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES**

#### **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10 the NSW Government will continue to deliver first class health care to the people of New South Wales by providing a comprehensive range of health services.

The 2009-10 NSW Health recurrent expenditure budget will be \$14.5 billion, an increase of 10.2 per cent over the 2008-09 Budget. In per capita terms, health expenditure in the 2009-10 Budget equates to approximately \$2,065 for every person in New South Wales.

In addition to meeting cost and demand pressures, the 2009-10 Budget includes funding to achieve the initiatives undertaken for *Caring Together: The Health Action Plan for NSW* and the new COAG NPs. These initiatives will drive further improvements in service quality and productivity, allowing expenditure by NSW Health to grow sustainably in the medium to long-term.

#### Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing

'Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing' is the NSW Government's five year plan (2009-2014) that aims to re-shape the way family and community services are delivered in New South Wales so that children, young people and their families receive the services they need. This will include an investment of \$89.2 million by the Government over four years in NSW Health.

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Commencing in 2009-10, the Government will invest \$14.4 million over four years in the establishment of a Child Wellbeing Unit within NSW Health to advise, support and educate mandatory reporters, including how to assess whether a child meets the new child protection statutory threshold and ways to assist other vulnerable children who do not. In 2009-10, \$3.6 million will be allocated to this initiative.

Major NSW Health initiatives (in addition to the Child Wellbeing Unit), over 2009-10 to 2012-13 are:

- \$8 million for further trials of sustained health home visiting for vulnerable families and refining of the target group by 2010
- \$12 million for out-of-home care health coordinators and assessments for children and young people
- \$8 million for drug and alcohol intensive interventions for parents, young people and families
- \$14 million, for further services for families with mental health, drug and alcohol difficulties
- \$6.7 million to expand services for young people aged 10 to 17 years who display sexually abusive behaviour, including Aboriginal young people
- \$904,000 to expand services for children aged less than 10 years who display inappropriate sexualised behaviour, including Aboriginal children and
- \$23.5 million for regional intake and referral services.

# E-Health

As part of its continued commitment to e-Health, the Government will invest \$35.7 million over the next three years to continue its support of the National E-Health Transition Authority. This investment will commence with the allocation of \$9.4 million in 2009-10.

#### 29 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

#### Mental Health

Under the *NSW: A new direction for Mental Health*, an additional \$10 million is allocated in 2009-10 for a range of programs, including:

- Specialist Mental Health Services for Older People
- 24-hour community mental health emergency care
- State wide 24-hour mental health access by telephone and
- community rehabilitation programs.

#### Aboriginal Health - Strong Foundations

The 2009-10 Budget provides the second year of funding for the Building Strong Foundations for Aboriginal Children Families and Communities program. Funding will increase from \$2.7 million in 2008-09 to \$5.5 million in 2009-10.

This increased funding will enable dedicated Child and Family Health Nurses and Aboriginal Health Workers to link Aboriginal families to early childhood health services; including a Universal Health Home Visit and ongoing child health and development screening and surveillance.

The child and family workers will work closely with existing NSW Aboriginal maternal and infant health services including the Aboriginal Maternal and Infant Health Service (AMIHS). This will assist to ensure continuity of healthcare for babies and children and support for mothers, families and their communities.

#### Acute Care Beds

An additional \$9.4 million will be provided in 2009-10 to increase acute bed capacity across the State in selected hospitals to meet population increases. These new beds will provide enhanced access to both surgical and medical care.

#### Community Acute Post Acute Care

The Community Acute Post Acute Care program will receive an additional \$11.9 million in 2009-10 to expand capacity of acute community services across NSW by an additional 7,900 patients. This proven model of care is expanding across NSW, and provides patients with acute care in the community for lower complexity conditions. These services will be accessible to patients following care in the emergency department or following discharge from hospital.

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#### Medical Assessment Units

The Medical Assessment Unit (MAU) program will receive an additional \$17.7 million in 2009-10. The MAU model of care is an alternative pathway to the emergency department for assessment of complex non-critical medical patients. Care is provided by senior multidisciplinary clinicians who provide rapid assessment, diagnosis and treatment within 48 hours. After this time some patients are sent home, with community support if needed, while the other patients are sent to the ward if further care is required.

The 2009-10 enhancement of 69 beds will see seven new MAUs opened and an expansion of seven established units. This will result in an increase of 321 MAU beds across the State since 2007-08.

#### **Elective Surgery Waiting Lists**

In 2009-10 an additional \$49.6 million will be invested in reducing elective surgery waiting lists. The Elective Surgery Waiting List Reduction Plan is a three stage process. Stage One was completed in 31 December 2008 and Stages Two and Three will be completed in 2010 and 2011 respectively. Systemic improvements to the public hospital system are being made with Stage Two funding and discussions to finalise the Stage Three plan will commence shortly with the Australian Government.

#### Intensive Care Beds

Intensive care unit (ICU) bed capacity will be increased in 2009-10 with an investment of \$8.2 million to provide three additional adult ICU beds, one additional Paediatric ICU bed, and three Neo-natal Intensive Care cots. This funding will also be used to increase Clinical Nurse Educator capacity, enhance Clinical Nurse staffing, and enable the establishment of a Clinical Emergency Response Team.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The NSW Government is committed to a capital works program for NSW Health of \$2.4 billion over the next four years. The capital expenditure in 2009-10 totals \$602.9 million and includes:

- commencement of major new works for the redevelopment of Nepean, Narrabri and Grafton Hospitals and continuation of the Liverpool Hospital redevelopment
- continuation of the redevelopments at Orange Base / Bloomfield Hospital and Royal North Shore Hospital through Public Private Partnerships

- commencement of new Information and Communication Technology programs including the implementation of a new Community Health and Outpatients Information System, the upgrade of infrastructure, and further development of the department's corporate information systems. These projects will enhance clinical and corporate information management and deliver improved service
- investment in mental health services with the construction of the Forensic and Tertiary Mental Health Units at Bloomfield Hospital, and mental health facilities at James Fletcher Hospital, Newcastle, and at Wollongong, Bega, Gosford and Shellharbour Hospitals. In addition, funds in 2009-10 will support planning for a child and adolescent unit at the Sydney Children's Hospital and a Psychiatric Emergency Care Centre at Prince of Wales Hospital
- continuing investment in rural and regional health facilities including the upgrade of hospitals at Lismore, Maitland and Port Macquarie; the construction of new Multi Purpose Service (MPS) health facilities at Balranald, Coonamble, Eugowra and Manilla; and planning for Tamworth hospital and new MPS facilities at Werris Creek, Lockhart and Gundagai, and
- the Ambulance Service will continue its program of ambulance station upgrades, fleet replacement and radio network upgrades.

The NSW Government will work with the Australian Government to deliver the Health and Hospitals Fund contribution of \$141 million towards a number of NSW Health infrastructure projects including the redevelopment of Nepean and Narrabri Hospitals and development of a proposed clinical school in Blacktown. New South Wales will also tender for a share of the \$532 million available for up to 10 regional cancer centres to be funded by the Commonwealth Government.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Make prevention everybody's business

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Adult immunisation - People aged 65 yrs and over immunised against: <sup>(a)</sup> Influenza Pneumococcal Fall injuries - Hospitalisations for people aged 65 yrs and over (age adjusted hospital separation rate per 100,000 population): <sup>(b)</sup>	% %	75 61	73 59	76 60	76 60	76 60
Males	no.	2,279	2,326	2,326	2,334	2,334
Females Children fully immunised - at	no.	3,087	3,089	3,089	3,173	3,173
1 year <sup>(c)</sup> Chronic Disease Risk Factors (16+ yrs): <sup>(d)</sup>	%	92	92	> 90	> 90	> 90
Alcohol (risk drinking behaviour)	%	33	32	30	34	29
Smoking (daily or occasionally)	%	18	19	17	18	16
Illicit drug use	%	n.a.	12	n.a.	12	12
Overweight or obese Potentially avoidable deaths - People aged <75 yrs (age adjusted rate per 100,000 population): <sup>(e)</sup>	%	50	52	50	53	50
Aboriginal persons	no.	380	370	377	355	341
Non-Aboriginal persons	no.	155	151	146	146	140

(a) Reduced illness and death from vaccine-preventable diseases in adults by targeting 80 per cent immunisation rate for people aged 65 yrs and over against influenza and 60 per cent against pneumococcal.

(b) Reduced injuries and hospitalisations from fall-related injury in people aged 65 years and over. The definition of a fall related injury has been changed since the 2008-09 Budget. All figures have been recalculated using the new definition.

(c) Reduced illness and death from vaccine-preventable diseases in children by targeting over 90 per cent rate of full immunisation.

- (d) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S3. The targets are to reduce smoking rates by one per cent per annum to 2010, then by 0.5 per cent per annum to 2016; reduce total binge drinking to below 25 per cent by 2012; hold illicit drug use in New South Wales below 15 per cent; and reduce childhood obesity to 22 per cent by 2016.
- (e) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority S2. The target is to reduce the number of potentially avoidable deaths for people under 75 to 150 per 100,000 population by 2016.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Create better experiences for people using health services

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Ambulance response time - Potentially life threatening cases: <sup>(a)</sup> 50th percentile Response						
Times	mins	9.6	9.8	9.9	10.3	10.5
Off-Stretcher time < 30 minutes <sup>(b)</sup>	%	78	81	80	73	75
Emergency department cases treated within benchmark times: <sup>(c)</sup>	)					
Triage 1 (within 2 mins)	%	100	100	100	100	100
Triage 2 (within 10 mins)	%	87	86	84	82	82
Triage 3 (within 30 mins)	%	71	76	75	69	69
Triage 4 (within 60 mins)	%	74	74	73	72	72
Triage 5 (within 120 mins)	%	89	89	89	89	89
Emergency admission performance - patients transferred to an inpatient						
bed within 8 hours <sup>(d)</sup>	%	78	79	78	73	75
Booked surgical patients seen within recommended waiting time:	(e)					
Urgent (within 30 days)	%	87	90	100	95	95
Non-urgent (within 12 months) Unplanned and unexpected hospital readmissions within 28 days of separation - all	%	96	95	100	95	95
admissions <sup>(†)</sup>	%	6.2	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.1

(a) Reduced response times for cases requiring urgent pre-hospital treatment and transport, resulting in improved survival, quality of life and patient satisfaction.

(b) Transfer of 90 per cent of patients from ambulance to hospital emergency departments within 30 minutes, resulting in improved survival, quality of life and patient satisfaction, as well as improved ambulance operational efficiency.

- (c) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S1. The targets are to achieve benchmarks for timely access to emergency departments and surgical treatment by 2008 and maintain them to 2016 in the face of increasing demand.
- (d) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S1. The targets are to achieve benchmarks for timely access to emergency departments and surgical treatment by 2008 and maintain them to 2016 in the face of increasing demand.
- (e) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S1. The target is for 100 per cent of patients whose clinical condition warrants surgery within 30 days, or 12 months, to be admitted within their respective time frames by 2008, and this level to be maintained.
- (f) Minimal rate reflecting improved clinical outcomes, quality of life, convenience and patient satisfaction.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Strengthen primary health and continuing care in the community

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Antenatal visits - Percentage of confinements where first antenatal visit was before 20 weeks gestation: <sup>(a)</sup>						
Aboriginal women	%	70	73	75	75	78
Non-Aboriginal women	%	89	89	89	89	90
Low birth weight babies - Weighing less than 2,500g: <sup>(b)</sup>						
Aboriginal babies	%	12.4	12.2	11.8	11.8	11.5
Non-Aboriginal babies	%	6.2	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0
Postnatal home visits - families offered a Families NSW visit within 2 weeks of the birth <sup>(c)</sup>	%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	95	95
Avoidable hospital admissions relating to the 8 conditions identified in the State Plan: <sup>(d)</sup>	70					
Aboriginal persons	no.	2,115	2,192	1,975	1,983	1,895
Non-Aboriginal persons	no.	45,896	47,682	44,655	47,269	44,790
Mental health acute adult readmission within 28 days						
to any facility <sup>(e)</sup>	%	14.3	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.3

(a) Improved health of mothers and babies through increased antenatal visits.

(b) Reduced rates of low weight births and subsequent health problems.

- (c) To solve problems that might arise with children before they become entrenched, resulting in the best possible start in life.
- (d) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority F5. The target is to reduce the rate of hospital admissions by 15 per cent for Aboriginal people, and Non-Aboriginal people, who have conditions that can be appropriately treated at home.
- (e) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority F3. The target is to reduce re-admissions, of people with mental illness, within 28 days to the same facility. The data source and definitions have been revised since the 2008-09 Budget. All figures have been recalculated using the new definition.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Ensure a fair and sustainable health system

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Resources distribution formula - average variation from target for all Area Health Services	%	1.6	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0	< 2.0

Meet the health needs of populations in the various geographic areas of the State on an equitable basis by ensuring the average variation from target for all AHS is less than 2 per cent.

#### Build a sustainable health workforce

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Staff Turnover - Permanent staff separation rate <sup>(a)</sup> Workplace injuries <sup>(b)</sup> Clinical staff - i.e. medical, nursing, allied health and Ambulance clinicians as a	% %	14.9 5.9	14.5 5.9	14.0 5.5	10.4 5.5	10.4 5.2
proportion of total <sup>(c)</sup> Aboriginal staff - as a	%	72.3	72.6	73.0	73.0	74.0
proportion of total <sup>(d)</sup>	%	1.1	1.7	1.8	1.1	2.2

(a) Increase staff stability and minimise unnecessary staff turnover.

- (b) Minimise workplace injuries as far as possible. Workplace injuries data for 2006-07 is for the period July to December 2006 only.
- (c) Increase proportion of total salaried staff employed that provide direct services or support the provision of direct care. The definition of clinical staff has changed since the 2008-09 Budget. All figures have been recalculated using the new definition.
- (d) Increase the number of Aboriginal staff in the NSW Health workforce and create an environment that respects Aboriginal heritage and cultural values.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# **29.1 Population Health Services**

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of health services targeted at broad population groups including environmental health protection, food and poisons regulation and monitoring of communicable
	diseases.
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to making prevention everybody's

age to Results: This service group contributes to making prevention everybody's business by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- reduced incidence of preventable disease and disability and
- improved access to opportunities and prerequisites for good health.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Age standardised mortality rate in females aged 50-69 for breast cancer per 100,000 Two-yearly participation rate of women within breast	no.	46.6	45.1	43.2	44.4	43.0
cancer screening target group (50-69) Two-yearly participation rate of women within cervical	%	56.5	58.0	57.0	54.3	55.0
cancer screening target group (20-69)	%	58.5	59.7	60.5	61.0	62.0
Employees:	FTE	2,972	3,036	3,025	3,049	3,178

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	391,057	585,726	511,740
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses Other operating expenses	230,214 133,562	269,433 288,854	284,615 197,648
NET COST OF SERVICES	377,751	551,545	470,708

#### 29.2 Primary and Community Based Services

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of health services to persons attending community health centres or in the home, including health promotion activities, community based women's health, dental, drug and alcohol and HIV/AIDS services. It also covers the provision of grants to non-Government organisations for community health purposes.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to making prevention everybody's business and strengthening primary health and continuing care in the community by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - improved access to early intervention, assessment, therapy and treatment services for claims in a home or community setting
  - reduced rate of avoidable hospital admissions for conditions identified in the State Plan that can be appropriately treated in the community and
  - reduced rate of hospitalisation from fall-related injury for people aged 65 years and over.

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:	Onito	notuur	/ lotual	1 0100031	Revised	lorceast
Dental health non-inpatient						
occasions of service	thous	1,331	1,297	1,297	1,298	1,299
Home nursing occasions of service	thous	288	290	292	292	294
Methadone treatment places	no.	16,320	16,370	16,370	16,370	16,370
Withdrawal management						
(detoxification) people treated	no.	12,853	12,853	12,853	12,853	12,853
Hospital in the Home episodes	no.	3,578	8,691	10,000	10,000	11,500
Employees:	FTE	8,113	8,287	8,513	8,581	8,871

	20 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,024,120	1,059,946	1,117,311
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses Grants to voluntary organisations	662,074 119,027	691,440 112,416	726,402 118,976
NET COST OF SERVICES	954,756	970,693	1,021,990
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,632	5,632	22,505
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## 29.3 Aboriginal Health Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of supplementary health services to Aboriginal people, particularly in the areas of health promotion, health education and disease prevention. (Note: This Service Group excludes most services for Aboriginal people provided directly by Area Health Services and other general health services which are used by all members of the community).					
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to ensuring a fair and sustainable health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>the building of regional partnerships for the provision of health services</li> <li>raising the health status of Aboriginal people and</li> <li>promoting a healthy lifestyle.</li> </ul>					
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Antenatal visits - confinements for Aboriginal women where first antenatal visit was before 20 weeks gestation % 70 73 75 75 <b>78</b>						
Employees:	FTE	402	410	393	396	560
			Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses		63,8	24 6	62,998	93,037
Total expenses inclu Employee related Other operating e	expenses		28,3 18,8		27,622 8,614	38,577 21,883
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES		61,6	89 5	59,826	89,608
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE		2,1	05	2,105	2,000

#### **29.4 Outpatient Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of services provided in outpatient clinics including low level emergency care, diagnostic and pharmacy services and radiotherapy treatment.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using health services and ensuring a fair and sustainable health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including improving, maintaining or restoring the health of ambulant patients in a hospital setting through diagnosis, therapy, education and treatment services.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Outpatient clinics occasions of service Diagnostics occasions of service	thous	7,170	7,250	7,450	7,450	7,600
	thous	2,041	2,112	2,160	2,160	2,200
Employees:	FTE	11,458	11,705	11,801	11,896	12,327

	20	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,373,433	1,378,867	1,443,465	
Total expenses include the following:				
Employee related expenses	850,121	871,022	920,104	
Other operating expenses	378,682	385,930	393,685	
Grants to third schedule hospitals	80,198	59,897	59,897	
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,265,781	1,238,326	1,087,113	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	7,800	15,600	6,300	

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#### **29.5 Emergency Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of emergency ambulance services and treatment of patients in designated emergency departments of public hospitals.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including reduced risk of premature death or disability by providing timely emergency diagnostic treatment and transport services.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised I	2009-10 Forecast
Patient separations Number of attendances in	thous	181	185	189	189	193
emergency departments	thous	2,300	2,380	2,560	2,380	2,430
Attendances admitted	thous	495	512	530	525	538
Emergency road transport cases	thous	468	504	520	512	519
Employees:	FTE	9,591	9,795	9,765	9,843	10,247

	20	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,401,628	1,488,225	1,577,143	
Total expenses include the following:				
Employee related expenses	944,187	1,020,525	1,078,028	
Other operating expenses	378,879	386,144	410,724	
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,228,992	1,309,690	1,382,929	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	13,940	21,740	17,466	

#### 29.6 Overnight Acute Inpatient Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of health care to patients
	admitted to public hospitals with the intention that their stay will be
	overnight, including elective surgery and maternity services.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- timely treatment of booked surgical patients, resulting in improved clinical outcomes, quality of life and patient satisfaction and
- reduced rate of unplanned and unexpected hospital readmissions.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Acute weighted separations Patients charged for admission	thous %	760 14.2	770 14.2	788 14.2	785 14.2	804 14.2
Employees:	FTE	34,712	35,462	35,206	35,489	36,390

	200	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5,353,004	5,573,543	5,869,513	
Total expenses include the following:				
Employee related expenses	3,021,810	3,241,735	3,397,666	
Other operating expenses	1,629,436	1,586,496	1,730,243	
Grants to third schedule hospitals	171,692	197,681	197,737	
Cross border payments	97,988	135,686	132,580	
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,486,354	4,784,701	5,026,957	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	576,620	436,387	517,746	

## 29.7 Same Day Acute Inpatient Services

Service Description:	are admitte	This service group covers the provision of health care to patients who are admitted to public hospitals with the intention that they will be admitted, treated and discharged on the same day.						
Linkage to Results:	people usi intermediat ♦ timely clinical	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>timely treatment of booked surgical patients resulting in improved clinical outcomes, quality of life and patient satisfaction and</li> <li>reduced rate of unplanned and unexpected hospital readmissions.</li> </ul>						
			2006-07		2008-09			
Service Measures:		Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast	
Acute weighted separations thous 515			530	542	550	563		
Employees:		FTE	4,291	4,662	4,625	4,662	4,659	
							2009-10	
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excluding Losses				783,9	51 89	97,117	942,836	
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses Other operating expenses			432,9 289,6		69,089 71,977	486,521 396,362		
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES			716,6	09 73	32,141	765,309	

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4,680

9,360

3,300

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

## 29.8 Mental Health Services

	compr comm illness	service gro ehensive n unity based and mental ntative progr	etwork of organisation I health pro	services ons for peo blems. It a	by Area ople seriou also include	Health Set sly affected es the deve	rvices and by mental lopment of
-	contine interm	ervice grou uing care i ediate resul proving the	in the con	nmunity by ude the fol	y working lowing:	towards a	a range of
	♦ re	th disabling ducing the ental disord	incidence	of suicide	e, mental	health pro	blems and
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Acute mental health serv overnight separations Non-acute mental health		no.	28,480	29,400	36,212	31,549	34,543
inpatient days		no.	253	267	279	279	285
Employees:		FTE	9,621	9,828	9,969	10,049	10,561
					2008-09	)	2009-10
				Bud \$00		Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludin	g Loss	es		1,092,3	351 1,1	01,812	1,170,532
Total expenses includ Employee related e Other operating exp	expens	es		789,9 208,0		97,480 09,372	848,755 229,903
NET COST OF SERVICE	ES			1,024,4	1,0	34,887	1,096,646
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	E			162,6	674 2	81,516	23,559

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#### 29.9 Rehabilitation and Extended Care Services

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of appropriate health care services for persons with long-term physical and psycho-physical disabilities and for the frail-aged. It also includes the coordination of the Department's services for the aged and disabled, with those provided by other agencies and individuals.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to strengthening primary health and continuing care in the community and creating better experiences for people using the health system by working towards a range of intermediate results including improving or maintaining the wellbeing and independent functioning of people with disabilities or chronic conditions, the frail and terminally ill.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised I	2009-10 Forecast
Admitted patients discharged to home/hostel care Admitted patients discharged	%	58.7	59.0	59.0	59.0	59.0
to a nursing home	%	10.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Total non-inpatient occasions of service	thous	3,182	3,200	3,220	3,220	3,380
Employees:	FTE	9,991	10,124	10,124	10,205	11,217

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,100,763	1,062,308	1,122,523
Total expenses include the following:			
Employee related expenses	718,421	671,605	733,447
Other operating expenses	189,317	182,246	200,751
Grants to third schedule hospitals	141,008	138,238	138,238
NET COST OF SERVICES	881,493	866,938	914,626
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	6,012	6,012	5,200

# 29.10 Teaching and Research

Service Description:	needs of the New South Wales health system. It also includes strategic investment in research and development to improve the health and wellbeing of the people of New South Wales.							
Linkage to Results:	system by when the following	e following: developing the skills and knowledge of the health workforce to						
	<ul> <li>developing the skills and knowledge of the health workforce to support patient care and population health and</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>extending knowledge through scientific enquiry and applied research aimed at improving the health and wellbeing of the people of New South Wales.</li> </ul>								
			2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10	
Service Measures:		Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast	
Interns First year Resident Med Graduates from the Put Health Officer Training Program in the past fi years currently employ	olic J ve	no. no.	562 420	729 424	672 613	679 588	717 645	
Health system		%	80	82	80	80	80	
Employees:		FTE	4,927	4,993	5,008	5,048	5,250	
					2008-09		2009-10	
				Budo \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			566,5	66 58	86,756	639,780	
Total expenses inclu Employee related Other operating e	expenses	ing:		412,6 95,2		25,110 )2,758	449,063 129,871	
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			373,7	98 42	26,183	446,965	
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE						4,835	

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	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses -	8 000 650	0 495 064	0 062 470	
Employee related Other operating expenses	8,090,650 3,524,780	8,485,061 3,720,989	8,963,178 3,911,672	
Depreciation and amortisation	459,894	485,799	545,086	
Grants and subsidies	944,892	954,562	902,344	
Finance costs	15,201	15,201	33,020	
Other expenses	115,280	135,686	132,580	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	13,150,697	13,797,298	14,487,880	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	1,299,867	1,368,867	1,442,974	
Investment income Grants and contributions	75,040 348,389	53,040 372,808	65,894 543,858	
Other revenue	340,309 87,244	59,189	152,845	
Total Retained Revenue	1,810,540	1,853,904	2,205,571	
Other gains/(losses)	(31,536)	(31,536)	(20,542)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	11,371,693	11,974,930	12,302,851	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	11,371,693	11,974,930	12,302,851	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	10,826,608	11,214,279	11,701,281	

## **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT**

Capital Expenditure	779,463	778,352	602,911
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	436,061	522,461	405,446

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	853,093	684,125	694,036
Receivables	253,355	369,143	361,643
Other financial assets	131,173	125,900	125,900
Inventories	115,361	106,113	108,246
Assets held for sale	26,450	26,624	68,334
Total Current Assets	1,379,432	1,311,905	1,358,159
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	6,132	9,380	9,380
Other financial assets	39,233	35,324	35,324
Property, plant and equipment -	0 201 044	9 754 444	9 775 407
Land and building Plant and equipment	8,201,044 771,365	8,754,441 718,373	8,725,402 716,221
Infrastructure systems	381,424	332,774	332,774
Intangibles	65,578	82,884	95,403
Other	13,210	15,081	15,081
Total Non Current Assets	9,477,986	9,948,257	9,929,585
Total Assets	10,857,418	11,260,162	11,287,744
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	647,610	944,008	917,852
Borrowings at amortised cost	5,044	174,740	174,621
Provisions	2,341,703	2,481,313	2,578,060
Other	10,522	13,325	13,325
Total Current Liabilities	3,004,879	3,613,386	3,683,858
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	271,669	96,853	95,146
Provisions	124,769	96,785	100,558
Other	31,698	48,847	48,847
Total Non Current Liabilities	428,136	242,485	244,551
Total Liabilitian	3,433,015	3,855,871	3,928,409
Total Liabilities	7,424,403	7,404,291	7,359,335
	7,424,403		
NET ASSETS	7,424,403		
Total Liabilities NET ASSETS EQUITY Reserves	1,633,098	2,002,955	2,002,955
NET ASSETS EQUITY		2,002,955 5,401,336	2,002,955 5,356,380

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	2(	008-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments Employee related	7,931,101	8,099,542	8,693,646
Grants and subsidies	869,892	897,562	879,344
Finance costs Other	15,201 4,253,731	15,201 4,441,175	33,020 4,689,052
outer	4,200,701	-,,1,170	4,003,032
Total Payments	13,069,925	13,453,480	14,295,062
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services Interest	1,291,794 75,040	1,360,794	1,440,208
Other	998,831	53,040 952,905	65,894 1,262,094
			, - ,
Total Receipts	2,365,665	2,366,739	2,768,196
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(10,704,260)	(11,086,741)	(11,526,866)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	48,280	18,566	34,787
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(588,621) (20,000)	(654,391) (20,000)	(579,235) (20,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(560,341)	(655,825)	(564,448)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	3,171	3,171	
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(3,582)	(3,582)	(5,383)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(411)	(411)	(5,383)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	10,826,608	11,214,279	11,701,281
Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	436,061	522,461 (12,425)	405,446
		(12,420)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	11,262,669	11,724,315	12,106,727
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2,343)	(18,662)	10,030
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	855,436	702,668	684,006
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	853,093	684,006	694,036

	8-09	
Budget	Revised	Budget
\$000	\$000	\$000

# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)**

## CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION

Net cost of services	(11,371,693)	(11,974,930)	(12,302,851)
Non cash items added back	658,643	672,545	696,254
Change in operating assets and liabilities	8,790	215,644	79,731

Net cash flow from operating activities

(10,704,260) (11,086,741) (11,526,866)

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The Health Care Complaints Commission is an independent statutory body reporting directly to the Minister for Health and to the Joint Parliamentary Committee on the Health Care Complaints Commission. The Commission is responsible for dealing with complaints against all health practitioners, hospitals, institutions and health programs in New South Wales to protect the health and safety of the public. The Commission's governing legislation is the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993*.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission contributes to protecting the health and safety of the public by working towards the following results:

- The community has confidence that health care complaints reported are being properly investigated and effectively prosecuted.
- Consumers and health providers have a positive and active role in health care complaint outcomes.
- Systemic health care issues are addressed through recommendations to health care organisations.

Key services provided by the Commission that contribute to these results include:

- providing complaints assessment and community-based resolution services including facilitated conciliation processes and
- investigating and prosecuting serious cases of inappropriate health care.

The key services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Results	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses	Confidence that health care complaints are being properly investigated and serious cases effectively prosecuted	Consumers and health providers have an active role in health care complaint outcomes	Systemic health care issues are addressed through recommendations to health care organisations
Complaints Assessment and Resolution	4.5	~	$\checkmark$	
Investigation and Prosecution of Serious Cases	6.4	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10.9			

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Commission continued to improve its assessment and resolution functions and investigate serious complaints about health service providers. It has substantially improved the handling and investigation of complaints through improved business and investigative processes, training and an upgraded case management system.

The Commission has also expanded its promotion and education activities to promote improvement in the quality of health care through provision of information about the nature of complaints and the use of complaint data as a quality improvement mechanism.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

In 2009-10, the Commission will focus on:

- continuing to improve and develop its complaint resolution, investigative and prosecution services
- further developing its capacity to make effective recommendations to improve the delivery of health services
- developing effective processes to manage complaints about unregistered health practitioners

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- improving the Commission's business processes, particularly in the area of case management and performance tracking through enhancements to its Casemate computer system and
- developing a promotion strategy to encourage lodgement of complaints and their use by health service providers as a quality improvement mechanism.

The Commission's service level agreement for the provision of corporate services is currently being reviewed to improve its effectiveness.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Estimated total expenses of the Commission in 2009-10 are \$10.9 million. The Commission will continue to improve its current level of activities.

### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure in 2009-10 is estimated at \$140,000 for the upgrade of the Commission's complaints management system (Casemate) and replacement of computer equipment.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### The community has confidence that health care complaints reported are being properly investigated and serious cases prosecuted

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
Complaints assessed that are subject to a request for review <sup>(a)</sup> Investigations completed within 12 months <sup>(b)</sup>	% %	10.5 70	8.0 68	8.0 80	8.6 <b>8.5</b> 84 <b>80</b>
Prosecutions proved/upheld <sup>(c)</sup>	%	85	91	90	93 <b>90</b>

(a) This indicator is a benchmark for the effectiveness of the HCCC in handling complaints. The percentage should reduce over time.

(b) This indicator is a proxy for investigations being conducted in a proper and timely manner.

(c) This indicator is a benchmark for the effectiveness of the HCCC in prosecuting serious complaints.

# Consumers and health providers have a positive and active role in health care complaint outcomes

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 20 Revised For	09-10 ecast
Complaint resolution clients satisfied with resolution service	%	74	72	80	83	80

This indicator shows the effectiveness of the HCCC in assisting the complainant and health provider to actively participate in the resolution process to achieve a satisfactory complaint resolution outcome.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Systemic health care issues are addressed through recommendations to health care organisations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast
Recommendations implemented to improve health care services arising from investigation cases in the previous year	%	80	97	80	80	80

This indicator shows the effectiveness of the HCCC in providing sound and practical recommendations that improve long term health care services.

### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **30.1 Complaints Assessment and Resolution**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers processing, assessment and resolution of complaints about health care which are dealt with by assisted resolution, facilitated conciliation or referral for investigation.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes towards the improved protection of the health and safety of the public by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - confidence that health care complaints are being properly investigated and
  - consumers have an active role in health care complaint outcomes.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Complaints received	no.	2,722	3,218	2,750	3,251	3,557
Complaints assessed within 60 days Complaints resolved through	%	84	88	85	90	87
assisted resolution Conciliations held where	%	87	81	80	80	83
agreement reached	%	78	77	80	54	70
Employees:	FTE	34	34	35	35	33

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,330	4,824	4,475
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,271	4,620	4,303
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	76	299	64

#### **30.2 Investigation and Prosecution of Serious Cases**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers investigation and prosecution of serious cases of inappropriate health care, including recommendations to health organisations to address systemic health care issues.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the improved protection of the health and safety of the public by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - Systemic health care issues are addressed through recommendations to health care organisations.
  - The community regards the Commission as the most effective means to prosecute serious health care cases.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Complaint investigations completed Referrals for disciplinary	no.	381	338	260	257	290
action or prosecution	no.	150	129	110	105	100
Disciplinary or appeal cases run	no.	86	78	80	93	91
Employees:	FTE	43	43	40	40	39

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	6,488	6,006	6,402
NET COST OF SERVICES	6,175	5,826	6,200
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	115	245	76

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	7,487	7,519	7,674
Other operating expenses	3,038	2,949	2,948
Depreciation and amortisation	293	362	255
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,818	10,830	10,877
Less:			
Retained Revenue	2	2	2
Sales of goods and services Investment income	∠ 80	2 95	2 82
Other revenue	290	287	290
Total Retained Revenue	372	384	374
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,446	10,446	10,503
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	10,446	10,446	10,503
Recurrent Services Appropriation	9,743	9,737	9,873
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	191	544	140
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	191	191	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets	1,862	922	746	
Receivables	396	651	651	
Total Current Assets	2,258	1,573	1,397	
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	74	102	52	
Plant and equipment	245	639	660	
Intangibles	287	307	221	
Total Non Current Assets	606	1,048	933	
Total Assets	2,864	2,621	2,330	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables	457	204	225	
Provisions	807	545	545	
Total Current Liabilities	1,264	749	770	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	4	4	4	
Total Non Current Liabilities	4	4	4	
Total Liabilities	1,268	753	774	
NET ASSETS	1,596	1,868	1,556	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,596	1,868	1,556	
TOTAL EQUITY	1,596	1,868	1,556	
	1,000	.,000	1,000	

		08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	7,143 3,355	7,235 3,829	7,321 3,260
Total Payments	10,498	11,064	10,581
Receipts Sale of goods and services	2	(70)	2
Interest	80	`6Ź	82
Other	593	472	588
Total Receipts	675	464	672
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(9,823)	(10,600)	(9,909)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(140) (51)	(444) (100)	(140) 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(191)	(544)	(140)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	9,743 191	9,737 191	9,873
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	9,934	9,928	9,873
			-
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(80)	(1,216)	(176)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,942	2,138	922
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,862	922	746
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(10,446) 602	(10,446) 703	(10,503) 573
Change in operating assets and liabilities	21	(857)	21
Net cash flow from operating activities	(9,823)	(10,600)	(9,909)
-	-	-	•

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The Cancer Institute NSW was established in July 2003 by the *Cancer Institute* (*NSW*) *Act 2003* as a response to the need to further decrease the devastating impact of cancer on our society. The lifetime risk of cancer is one in two for men and one in three for women. Under this legislation, the Cancer Institute NSW is charged with substantially improving cancer control in New South Wales.

As a general government non-budget dependent agency, funding for the Cancer Institute NSW is predominantly derived from a grant from the Department of Health.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Cancer Institute NSW contributes to decreasing the impact of cancer on our society by working towards the following results:

- The incidence of cancer in the community is reduced.
- The likelihood of cure and longer survival is increased.
- Quality of life for cancer patients and their carers is improved.
- Research discoveries are translated into effective clinical practice, preventative and early detection measures.

Key services provided by the Cancer Institute NSW to contribute to these results include:

- preventative campaigns targeting reductions in risky life style behaviours, such as developing and funding of programs to support smokers seeking to quit smoking and to reduce inappropriate sun exposure
- managing screening services to effectively detect breast, bowel and cervical cancers early to enable early intervention and treatment
- promoting improvements in clinical practice by developing, coordinating and funding strategic programs to redesign clinical care and to monitor and report on clinical outcomes
- funding research programs to enable translation of research discoveries into more effective clinical practice and policy and
- collecting and analysing cancer information to support improvements in cancer control and clinical practice.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the Institute and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

		Results			
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Reduced incidence of cancer in the community	Increased likelihood of cure and longer survival	Improved quality of life for cancer patients and their carers	Improved health outcomes from the translation of research discoveries into practice
Cancer Services and Education	31.1		~	~	~
Cancer Information and Registries	13.4	~	~	~	
Prevention	18.5	✓			
Research	31.5		~		✓
Screening	46.7	~	√	✓	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	141.2				

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Additional funding and effective management of screening programs have resulted in:

- an increase of 8 per cent since July 2005 in the proportion of women aged 50-69 who have had a mammogram using the BreastScreen NSW facility. This is an increase of over 52,000 NSW women participating in biennial screening
- a reduction of 14 per cent in breast cancer and 38.3 per cent in cervical cancer mortality rates over the last 10 years, mainly due to screening and advances in treatments
- the development of a clinical network across northern New South Wales called CanNet that has resulted in a 12 per cent increase in Multi Disciplinary Teams across three Area Health Services from 2006 to 2008 and
- high levels of cancer outpatient satisfaction of 97 per cent were achieved from 2007 to 2009.

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The Cancer Prevention Division's Tobacco Program continues to contribute to tobacco control in New South Wales and deliver significant results.

- Smoking rates in New South Wales continue a downward trend. The New South Wales Population Health Survey estimated that in 2007 around 18.6 per cent of NSW adults smoked.
- Since 2003 there are approximately 184,000 fewer smokers.
- Since 2005, social marketing campaigns have contributed to an increased demand by smokers for the NSW Quitline. In 2008, more than 36,000 calls were received, up 36 per cent on 2005.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

A NSW Cancer Plan for 2007-10 has been developed by the Cancer Institute NSW following a wide consultative process with relevant stakeholders. The initiatives from this plan will enable the Cancer Institute NSW to achieve the planned results in cancer services and outcomes. Key initiatives include:

- a continued strong focus on proven tobacco control programs with savings in health costs
- expansion of other cancer prevention programs with an increased focus on sun exposure risk
- continued promotion of the benefits of screening for breast and cervical cancers
- development of smarter care models and a Cancer Services Monitoring and Reporting Program to improve cancer outcomes and the quality and efficiency of cancer services
- establishment of the NSW Cancer Trials Network to increase the numbers of cancer patients in trials and apply new research discoveries directly to more effective treatment as quickly as possible
- expansion and linkage of cancer information databases to include cancer screening and hereditary cancers, and improved dissemination of information to researchers, government and practitioners and
- increased partnering with the private sector to leverage their skills, report their outcomes and use their capacity to reduce health costs.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the Cancer Institute NSW in the 2009-10 Budget are \$141.2 million with 88 per cent or \$123.9 million of these expenses used to fund clinical initiatives in the Area Health Services and hospitals. Significant areas of expenditure in 2009-10 will include:

- \$18.5 million for prevention programs developed and coordinated by the Cancer Institute NSW
- \$46.7 million for screening programs
- \$31.1 million for cancer services and education, including approximately \$10.8 million for approved ongoing funding for positions such as lead clinicians, care coordinators and cancer service development managers in the Area Health Services for improved cancer treatments, \$500,000 for rural patient transport subsidies and \$5 million for radiotherapy in public hospitals
- \$31.5 million for translation of new cancer research discoveries into more effective clinical practice and
- \$13.4 million allocated to cancer information and registries, including the Central Cancer Registry, the Pap Test Registry, Clinical Cancer Registry and the Hereditary Cancer Registry.

The 2009-10 Budget will see the continued rollout of the Government's commitment to expand BreastScreen services. The introduction of digital mammography imaging technology and the Business Information System will provide faster results and improve breast cancer detection. The new technology will enable an x-ray or mammogram to be electronically sent across the state or elsewhere to ensure the doctor or patient can get the images and subsequent results as quickly as possible.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The proposed capital expenditure for the Cancer Institute NSW in 2009-10 is \$3 million with:

- \$2 million for the redesign of the NSW Cancer Registry, enabling electronic transmission and recording of incidences to provide quicker, accurate and more enhanced information
- \$400,000 for an enhanced Cancer Institute NSW website and
- \$600,000 for various minor works.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Retained Revenue			
Investment income	1,270	2,573	2,060
Grants and contributions	148,365	147,669	139,895
Other revenue	350	770	350
Total Retained Revenue	149,985	151,012	142,305
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	16,378	18,043	18,204
Other operating expenses	30,905	31,923	30,615
Depreciation and amortisation	877	884	1,012
Grants and subsidies	104,850	103,487	91,390
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	153,010	154,337	141,221
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(3,025)	(3,325)	1,084

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash assets	20,097	25,650	24,746	
Receivables	5,365	25,850	5,365	
Total Current Assets	25,462	31,015	30,111	
	,	- ,	,	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment	4,286	2,366	4,354	
Total Non Current Assets	4,286	2,366	4,354	
Total Assets	29,748	33,381	34,465	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities	0.040	0.040		
Payables Provisions	6,043 1,954	6,043 1,954	6,043 1,954	
	1,304	1,554	1,554	
Total Current Liabilities	7,997	7,997	7,997	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions	43	43	43	
Other	229	229	229	
Total Non Current Liabilities	272	272	272	
Total Liabilities	8,269	8,269	8,269	
NET ASSETS	21,479	25,112	26,196	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	21,479	25,112	26,196	
	21,479	20,112	20,130	
TOTAL EQUITY	21,479	25,112	26,196	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Interest Other	1,270 163,015	2,294 163,542	2,060 154,545
Total Receipts	164,285	165,836	156,605
<b>Payments</b> Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	16,378 104,850 45,205	18,357 103,487 53,262	18,204 91,390 44,915
Total Payments	166,433	175,106	154,509
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,148)	(9,270)	2,096
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,000)	(1,544)	(3,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,000)	(1,544)	(3,000)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(5,148)	(10,814)	(904)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	25,245	36,464	25,650
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	20,097	25,650	24,746
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(3,025) 877 	(3,325) 884 (6,829)	1,084 1,012 
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2,148)	(9,270)	2,096

# MINISTER FOR HOUSING, AND MINISTER FOR WESTERN SYDNEY

## **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Payments to Other Government Bodies Under the Control of the Minister			
Total Expenses	582.7	1,944.8	233.8
Capital Expenditure			
Aboriginal Housing Office			
Total Expenses	79.4	67.7	-14.7
Capital Expenditure	13.5	13.5	
Home Purchase Assistance Fund			
Total Expenses	17.0	16.8	-1.2
Capital Expenditure			
Total, Minister for Housing, and Minister for Western Sydney*			
Total Expenses	639.5	1,993.6	211.7
Capital Expenditure	13.5	13.5	

\* The Ministerial total has been reduced to exclude recurrent amounts paid from Payments to Other Government Bodies Under the Control of the Minister to the Aboriginal Housing Office.

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Western Sydney portfolio area.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

Payments through the Housing Policy and Assistance Program will assist around 400,000 people in housing need. Housing NSW, which operates under the auspices of the *Housing Act 2001*, and the Aboriginal Housing Office (AHO), which operates under the auspices of the *Aboriginal Housing Act 1998*, will use these payments and internal funding sources to provide:

- Government-subsidised social housing managed by public, community and Aboriginal housing providers to approximately 300,000 people
- around 4,650 crisis accommodation places for nearly 30,000 people and
- financial assistance to approximately 67,000 private renters and homebuyers.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

Housing NSW is the largest provider of social housing in Australia, delivering a range of housing options to people in need in the community. The work of Housing NSW is driven by its purpose to help build a stronger community. The AHO works with Aboriginal communities to meet the housing needs of Aboriginal people. Housing NSW and the AHO focus on achieving the four major results outlined below:

- Homeless people have access to housing and support services to sustain a tenancy.
- Social housing is appropriate for client needs, including the needs of Aboriginal people.
- Social housing is integrated into communities.
- Access to affordable housing is improved.

Key services provided by Housing NSW and AHO to contribute to these results include:

- working with other departments and organisations to address homelessness in New South Wales
- managing NSW public housing assets
- funding and regulating community housing and crisis accommodation

- developing policy and supporting relationships to increase access to social and affordable housing across New South Wales and
- providing a range of products and services to assist people with low to moderate income to move into private rental and home ownership.

Funding provided through the Housing Policy and Assistance Program supports the programs delivered by Housing NSW and the AHO, such as housing supply, asset management and various assistance programs.

The way in which the Program is expected to contribute to the desired results is set out in the following table:

Service Group		Results			
	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	Homeless people have access to housing and support services to sustain a tenancy	Social housing is appropriate for client needs, including the needs of Aboriginal people	Social housing is integrated into communities	Access to affordable housing is improved
Housing Policy and Assistance	1,944.8	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,944.8				

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In 2008-09, the Commonwealth and State and Territory Governments, through the Council of Australian Governments, agreed to the new National Affordable Housing Agreement (NAHA). This agreement took effect on 1 January 2009 and replaces the Commonwealth State Housing Agreement.

The NAHA provides an enhanced framework for governments to work together to reform the housing sector, improve housing affordability, reduce homelessness and reduce Indigenous housing disadvantage.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### National Partnerships

Supporting the NAHA will be associated National Partnerships on Social Housing, Homelessness and Remote Indigenous Housing.

The National Partnership on Social Housing will fund projects to increase the supply of social housing in the short term. The Australian Government provided New South Wales with \$65.2 million under the first round of this National Partnership. This funding will be granted to community housing providers for the acquisition of around 300 additional dwellings. A further \$65.2 million is also expected in the second round for an estimated 283 additional dwellings.

The National Partnership on Homelessness aims to contribute to a reduction in homelessness, primarily by funding support services to people who are homeless or at risk of homelessness. The partnership includes funding for A Place to Call Home – a strategy to address homelessness by providing new homes for homeless families and individuals together with support services for the first 12 months of each tenancy.

The National Partnership on Remote Indigenous Housing aims to reduce Indigenous housing disadvantage by funding the construction of new houses for Aboriginal people, repairs and maintenance for all houses in remote Aboriginal communities, and tenancy management and support in remote areas.

Funding for the National Partnerships on Homelessness and Remote Indigenous Housing has not yet been incorporated in the program totals for the Housing Policy and Assistance Program. This funding will be allocated based on agreed implementation plans when they are finalised. New South Wales is expecting to receive a total of \$396.8 million over 10 years under the National Partnership on Remote Indigenous Housing. A further \$101.6 million over 4 years is expected under the National Partnership on Homelessness.

## Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan

The National Partnership Agreement on the Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan will support economic growth and jobs. In relation to the Housing portfolio, the Plan will significantly increase the supply of social housing through new construction and refurbishment of existing stock.

Funds approved for New South Wales under the Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan Stage 1 - New Construction total \$226 million for 2008-09 and 2009-10 and will enable the development of around 850 new dwellings.

A total of \$130 million has been provided in 2008-09 and 2009-10 under the Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan to upgrade social housing properties.

Implementation Plans are being developed and it is anticipated that further funding will be available in 2009-10 totalling \$1,055.5 million, under the Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan Stage 2 – New Construction, which will substantially increase the supply of social housing. It is estimated the construction of up to 5,649 dwellings will commence in 2009-10 under this Plan.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

A focus for 2009-10 will be developing and implementing reforms agreed under the National Affordable Housing Agreement, including the Nation Building -Economic Stimulus Plan. This will create more homes for those most in need and improve housing outcomes for low to moderate income earners, particularly those facing homelessness.

Housing NSW will also continue implementing the following strategies:

- ♦ Planning for the Future: new directions for Community Housing 2007 2012, which sets a target to increase community housing from 13,000 to 30,000 homes over the next ten years.
- A New Direction in Building Stronger Communities 2006-07 to 2010-11, a \$66 million initiative over four years which brings together residents, government agencies, community organisations and businesses to renew disadvantaged public housing areas.
- New Directions in Social Housing for Older People Action Plan 2006 to 2011, which commits the Government to increasing the amount of social housing stock available for older people by 10 per cent to a total of 30,000 dwellings over five years.
- Housing and Human Services Accord a whole-of-government overarching framework for a range of key initiatives to assist social housing clients with complex needs.
- Environmental Sustainability in Housing NSW 2008-09 to 2013-14, a strategy to improve the environmental sustainability of housing and adopt the principles of ecologically sustainable development into the management of the social housing system to reduce carbon emissions and resource consumption across all key activities.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **Other Initiatives**

#### Homelessness Initiatives

Housing NSW will invest \$38.8 million over five years to build 155 new dwellings under the Australian Government's A Place to Call Home strategy to address homelessness. This strategy will see homeless families and individuals move directly into these homes instead of going to refuges. In 2009-10, \$6.4 million has been allocated to build 26 new homes for the homeless.

Housing NSW is currently leading the development of the NSW Homelessness Action Plan. The Action Plan will incorporate high level outcomes, strategic directions, strategies and actions that aim to better coordinate and describe the NSW Government's efforts to prevent homelessness.

### Child Protection Reform Initiative

As part of the *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*, Housing NSW will establish a Child Wellbeing Unit to advise, support and educate frontline mandatory reporting staff to identify when a child is at risk of significant harm, and in less serious cases, to identify appropriate local action or referral (\$2.6 million over four years). The Unit will be ready by late 2009, and will begin operation in 2010.

#### Private Rental Subsidy Scheme for Women with Children Escaping Domestic Violence

Housing NSW will invest \$ 16 million over four years for a new Private Rental Subsidy Scheme aimed at helping women with children escaping domestic violence to secure and sustain a safe home in the private rental market. \$4 million per annum has been allocated to assist 1,650 households over four years.

Housing NSW will work with other agencies to ensure that clients receiving the subsidy are able to access the support services that they need to sustain their tenancies in the long term.

## Environmental Sustainability Initiative

In 2009-10, \$5.3 million will be allocated to water efficiency improvements and the installation of ceiling insulation in social housing dwellings. This is included in the total asset management budget of Housing NSW.

This is part of a \$17.8 million program over four years funded through the Climate Change Fund to replace 12,000 electric storage hot water heaters with solar hot water heaters and continue the installation of water saving devices.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10, \$1,944.8 million will be provided for the Housing Policy and Assistance Program, an increase of \$1,362.1 million over 2008-09. This comprises \$1,745.7 million of Australian Government funding and \$199.1 million from the NSW Government. The NSW Government will also contribute a further \$654.2 million from Housing NSW and AHO internal sources.

In total, \$2,599 million will be applied by Housing NSW and the AHO across a number of key areas, including housing supply, asset management for existing dwellings and other housing programs for people in housing need.

The AHO allocation for 2009-10 from the Housing Policy and Assistance Program totals \$49.4 million, including \$4.6 million for the Aboriginal Communities Development Program.

#### Housing Supply Program

The total social housing supply program for 2009-10 of \$1,663.1 million will fund new capital works, works in progress, and existing and new leased housing in the public, community and Aboriginal housing sectors. This includes:

- ◆ \$376.5 million for the base public and community housing supply program. This will fund works in progress, new capital works and leased dwellings, enabling the commencement of 871 new dwellings, the completion of 1,051 dwellings and 535 new leases
- \$204.1 million under the Nation Building Economic Stimulus Plan Stage 1 to enable the commencement of 269 new dwellings and the completion of 853 dwellings
- ◆ \$1,055.5 million under the Nation Building Economic Stimulus Plan Stage 2 involving a range of delivery options including land and multi-unit development packages and redevelopment projects. It is estimated that this will allow construction to commence for up to 5,649 dwellings in 2009-10
- \$14 million for crisis accommodation which will fund the commencement of 14 new dwellings, the completion of 31 dwellings and continuation of 230 existing leases and
- ♦ \$13 million for the AHO to commence 43 new dwellings and support completion of 35 dwellings in 2009-10.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

In total, 7,381 additional homes will be commenced or leased from the private rental market during 2009-10.

The initiatives under the program facilitate a staged expansion and reconfiguration of the social housing portfolio to more accurately meet the tenant profile.

#### Asset Management Program

A total of \$674.5 million has been budgeted for improvements to social housing dwellings. Improvements range from planned repairs to major upgrade works and will encompass public, community (including crisis accommodation) and Aboriginal housing. During 2009-10, 70 per cent of the social housing portfolio will receive either responsive or planned maintenance works as required.

The asset management program includes a sizeable investment in the removal of the maintenance backlog, with the NSW Government accelerating funding of \$200 million into 2009-10 to target the backlog. Funding of \$14.6 million is also available to provide social housing dwellings with improved fire safety protection.

An allocation of \$65.2 million has been provided through Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan for the upgrading of homes.

An allocation of \$20.9 million will also support capital improvements as part of the Building Stronger Communities program in 2009-10. This investment will improve the amenity and quality of life in social housing communities in seven major locations across New South Wales: Mt Druitt, Claymore, Macquarie Fields, Killarney Vale / Bateau Bay / Tumbi Umbi, Dubbo, Bathurst/Orange and Wagga Wagga.

#### **Other Programs**

The Government assists disadvantaged and lower income people renting in the private rental market.

In 2009-10, \$28.4 million will be available to help about 27,500 households gain access to or remain in private rental accommodation through Rentstart, a program that provides financial assistance in the form of a rental bond and in some cases upfront rent.

Under the Special Assistance Subsidy Program, \$10.9 million will be made available to assist eligible people with disabilities and people living with HIV/AIDS to access the private rental market.

An allocation of \$4.9 million will also be made available under a debt-equity program with registered community housing providers to support an estimated 48 additional homes.

Under the Mortgage Assistance Scheme, short term assistance will be provided to a forecast 160 additional households experiencing temporary difficulties with home loan repayments due to unemployment, illness or some other crisis.

The AHO will allocate \$5.1 million to fund non-asset related programs, such as the resourcing of Aboriginal community organisations and providing sector support.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **31.1 Housing Policy and Assistance**

Service Description:	prov achi incol hous deve com	ided eving mes sing. elopm munit	in accor secure or othe The Hou ent of y and	dance with and afford rwise una using Polic Governme	h the broa dable acco ble to ac y and Ass nt subsid	mmodatior cess or r sistance pro	nment ob n for peop naintain a ogram fac ing throug	jectives of ble on low appropriate ilitates the gh public,
Linkage to Results:						tronger co that include		by working
			less peo in a tena		access to h	ousing and	d support :	services to
			l housing original p		oriate for cl	ient needs,	, including	the needs
	٠	socia	l housing	g is integra	ted into cor	nmunities a	and	
	•	acces	ss to affo	rdable hou	ising is imp	oroved.		
Service Measures:			Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
National Partnership or Housing - new units o Community and Afford	of	al						
Housing			no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	163	420
Households receiving s rent subsidies	special		no.	1,315	1,354	1,350	1,424	1,500
New households assist public, community and Aboriginal housing		h						
(excluding crisis)			no.	12,788	12,150	13,166	11,337	11,645
Total households receir ongoing housing assis	stance		no.	140,854	141,783	143,690	141,667	142,753
Units of public and com housing completed	nmunit	У	no.	883	995	1,160	1,411	1,935
Net increase in accomm leased for public and	modati	on		241	255	121	222	451
community housing Crisis accommodation	places		no.	241	200	121	222	401
available Units of accommodatio	n		no.	4,400	4,500	4,550	4,527	4,650
(completions) for othe housing programs	er		no.	1	12	26	113	48

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 31.1 Housing Policy and Assistance (cont)

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Public housing tenants receiving subsidies Total properties managed by public, community and	%	90	90	89	89	90
Aboriginal housing	no.	147,915	148,470	147,880	148,694	148,757
Households provided with rent assistance	no.	31,977	28,518	29,000	28,000	27,500
New clients provided with mortgage assistance	no.	229	185	250	132	160

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	582,718	896,109	1,944,817	
NET COST OF SERVICES	582,718	896,109	1,944,817	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Grants and subsidies	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
NET COST OF SERVICES	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	582,718 582,718	896,109 896,109	1,944,817 1,944,817

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments Grants and subsidies	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
Total Payments	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(582,718)	(896,109)	(1,944,817)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	582,718	896,109	1,944,817
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services	(582,718)	(896,109)	(1,944,817)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(582,718)	(896,109)	(1,944,817)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Aboriginal Housing Office (AHO) is a statutory authority with an all Aboriginal advisory board, established in 1998 pursuant to the *Aboriginal Housing Act 1998*. The AHO plans and administers the policies, programs and asset base for the delivery of Aboriginal housing in New South Wales. This includes resource allocation, sector-wide policy, strategic planning and monitoring outcomes and performance in the Aboriginal housing sector.

The AHO manages and delivers an annual Aboriginal Housing Program, and develops and implements a range of financial and resourcing strategies. In addition, the AHO has an important role in facilitating and improving training and employment opportunities for Aboriginal people.

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

For 2008-09 the total expenditure is forecast at \$74.1 million. This is slightly lower than the \$79.4 million published in the 2008-09 Budget mainly due to the cessation of the former Commonwealth-funded Community Housing and Infrastructure Program and Healthy Indigenous Housing Initiative at 31 December 2008.

In 2008-09, the AHO has:

- continued the development work to support improvements and reform of the Aboriginal community housing sector
- continued the review of the performance of individual Aboriginal community housing providers and
- purchased and trialled a new tenancy and asset management system for use by Aboriginal community housing providers.

In 2008-09, the Commonwealth State Housing Agreement and the Indigenous Housing and Infrastructure Agreement ceased. From 1 January 2009 a new National Affordable Housing Agreement came into effect.

Furthermore, the NSW Government signed the National Partnership Agreement on Remote Indigenous Housing with the Australian Government, which will deliver \$396.8 million over 10 years to improve Indigenous housing in remote areas.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The AHO will achieve its objectives and vision through four key performance areas:

- more housing, better housing and access to a range of quality housing options for Aboriginal people
- a strengthened Aboriginal community housing sector
- increased corporate effectiveness within the NSW Aboriginal Housing Office and
- enhanced skills and greater opportunities for Aboriginal people.

Underpinning each of these is the principle of operating in partnership and collaboration with Aboriginal people and communities along with other stakeholders.

Program funding is directed towards long-term sustainable housing outcomes for the Aboriginal community, as well as immediate housing need, repairs and maintenance, and asset management. Specific strategies include assisting Aboriginal community housing providers to become viable and sustainable.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

In 2009-10, the AHO's total expenses are budgeted to be \$67.7 million. This includes:

- \$24.2 million for planned and recurrent repairs and maintenance works to AHO-owned dwellings
- \$5.5 million in expenditure and grants to complete works in progress for repairs and maintenance to community-owned dwellings
- \$4.6 million for the housing component of the Aboriginal Communities Development Program
- \$5.1 million in expenditure and grants for resourcing community organisations, sector support and training and
- \$990,000 in grants to Aboriginal communities to complete works in progress for dwelling construction and acquisitions.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10, the AHO's capital expenditure will be \$13.5 million, comprising:

- \$13 million to be spent mainly on commencing 43 new dwellings and
- \$500,000 for office plant and equipment.

These figures have yet to incorporate the impact of funding under the National Partnership Agreement on Remote Indigenous Housing.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	25,508	25,500	31,502	
Investment income	2,500	2,100	1,600	
Social program policy payments		13,133	31,132	
Grants and contributions	55,249	34,951	4,592	
Other revenue	1,000	1,502	1,500	
Total Retained Revenue	84,257	77,186	70,326	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	6,994	6,994	7,274	
Other operating expenses	33,468	34,543	40,455	
Depreciation and amortisation	6,228	6,400	6,448	
Grants and subsidies	32,661	26,144	13,494	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	79,351	74,081	67,671	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(1,801)		200	
Other gains/(losses)	(500)	(500)	(500)	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	2,605	2,605	2,355	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	42,473	41,857	40,366
Receivables	1,652	1,594	1,604
Other	108	1,440	1,450
Total Current Assets	44,233	44,891	43,420
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	886,490	907,735	911,993
Plant and equipment	1,495	975	1,145
Infrastructure systems	6,500	6,849	6,849
Intangibles	260	176	
Other	951	11	16
Total Non Current Assets	895,696	915,746	920,003
Total Assets	939,929	960,637	963,423
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	5,007	2,873	3,179
Provisions	2,381	2,471	2,519
Other	7,613	15,382	15,382
Total Current Liabilities	15,001	20,726	21,080
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	1,113	1,768	1,845
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,113	1,768	1,845
Total Liabilities	16,114	22,494	22,925
NET ASSETS	923,815	938,143	940,498
EQUITY			
Reserves	376,050	385,883	385,883
	547,765	552,260	554,615
Accumulated funds	•,. ••		,

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts	25.009	25.000	24.000
Sale of goods and services Interest	25,008 2,500	25,000 2,100	31,002 1,600
Other	2,500 57,595	47,763	38,764
	01,000	11,100	00,104
Total Receipts	85,103	74,863	71,366
Payments			
Employee related	6,878	6,817	7,150
Grants and subsidies	32,661	26,144	13,494
Other	34,829	39,698	41,713
Total Payments	74,368	72,659	62,357
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	10,735	2,204	9,009
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	2,350	2,500	3,000
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(13,500)	(16,700)	(13,500)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(11,150)	(14,200)	(10,500)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(415)	(11,996)	(1,491)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	42,888	53,853	41,857
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	42,473	41,857	40,366
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	2,605	2,605	2,355
Non cash items added back	6,228	2,523	6,448
Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,902	(2,924)	206

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Home Purchase Assistance Fund was established by Trust Deed in 1989 to support and administer government home purchase assistance programs. Income earned by the Fund's investments is used to meet shortfalls in the HomeFund Scheme and other programs supporting home purchase. Housing NSW oversees the management of the Fund.

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Rationalisation of the former HomeFund Scheme structure is now well advanced with consolidation of 29 FANMAC mortgage trusts into a Master Trust. In 2008-09, a further 98 mortgages were discharged under the Master Trust, with 634 mortgages remaining.

## STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The forecast investment revenues of the Fund have been impacted by the current economic climate and reductions to the official cash rate. The reduction in revenues will see the Fund move into deficit for 2009-10. The Fund will however continue to maintain a sound equity position, with sufficient coverage of foreseeable liabilities to support obligations under the HomeFund Scheme and Master Trust.

Within this context, the management of the Fund will continue to be focused on:

- prudent asset investment to ensure sufficient returns and levels of capital to meet its HomeFund support obligations and
- the careful administration of remaining mortgages under the Master Trust to manage risk and contain costs.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are budgeted at \$16.8 million in 2009-10. This includes \$15.4 million for interest expense on borrowings and \$747,000 for funding of Master Trust shortfalls on HomeFund mortgages guaranteed by the NSW Government.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

There is no planned capital program for 2009-10.

14 - 20

	2000 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	22	41	37
Investment income	24,186	21,466	13,030
Total Retained Revenue	24,208	21,507	13,067
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -			
Other operating expenses	310	284	292
Grants and subsidies		263	271
Finance costs	15,763	15,761	15,380
Other expenses	960	920	887
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17,033	17,228	16,830
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	7,175	4,279	(3,763)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		)8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets Cash assets	35	201,903	198,068	
Receivables	3,512	3,622	2,579	
Other financial assets	284,131	51,200	25,389	
Total Current Assets	287,678	256,725	226,036	
Non Current Assets				
Other financial assets	55,936	57,423	27,026	
Total Non Current Assets	55,936	57,423	27,026	
Total Assets	343,614	314,148	253,062	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables	245	245	245	
Borrowings at amortised cost	6,144	6,144	6,355	
Total Current Liabilities	6,389	6,389	6,600	
Non Current Liabilities				
Borrowings at amortised cost	161,214	161,214	154,860	
Total Non Current Liabilities	161,214	161,214	154,860	
Total Liabilities	167,603	167,603	161,460	
NET ASSETS	176,011	146,545	91,602	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	176,011	146,545	91,602	
TOTAL EQUITY	176,011	146,545	91,602	

	0000.00		2000-10	
	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Sale of goods and services	22	41	37	
Interest	24,875	19,061	14,073	
Other	17	17	17	
Total Receipts	24,914	19,119	14,127	
Payments				
Grants and subsidies		263	271	
Finance costs Other	11,655 1,287	11,653 46,187	11,218 1,196	
Other	1,207	40,107	1,190	
Total Payments	12,942	58,103	12,685	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11,972	(38,984)	1,442	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of investments	29,486	91,973	56,031	
Advance repayments received Purchases of investments	267 (11 854)	173 (20 525)	177	
Other	(11,854) (20,000)	(20,525) (51,000)	 (51,180)	
	(_0,000)	(0.,000)	(01,100)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,101)	20,621	5,028	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(9,871)	(9,872)	(10,305)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(0.971)	(0.972)	(10.205)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(9,871)	(9,872)	(10,305)	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		(28,235)	(3,835)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	35	230,138	201,903	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	35	201,903	198,068	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Surplus/(deficit) for year	7,175	4,279	(3,763)	
Non cash items added back	4,108	4,108	4,162	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	689	(47,371)	1,043	
Net cash flow from operating activities	11,972	(38,984)	1,442	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR JUVENILE JUSTICE, MINISTER FOR VOLUNTEERING, AND MINISTER FOR YOUTH

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Juvenile Justice			
Total Expenses	169.2	172.3	1.8
Capital Expenditure	16.4	23.4	42.7
Office for Children			
Total Expenses	12.4	15.7	26.4
Capital Expenditure	0.1	1.2	1,074.7
Total, Minister for Juvenile Justice, Minister for Volunteering, and Minister for Youth			
Total Expenses	181.6	188.0	3.5
Capital Expenditure	16.5	24.6	49.1

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Volunteering and Veterans' Affairs portfolio areas.

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The Department of Juvenile Justice deals with young offenders who have been charged with, or found guilty of an offence committed between the ages 10 and 17. The Department administers youth justice conferences and supervises juvenile offenders when mandated by an order of the court.

Court-ordered supervision is conducted in the community or in juvenile justice centres if the young person has been given a custodial order. Police may also remand young people to custodial supervision.

The principal legislation governing the activities of the Department includes the Young Offenders Act 1997 (Part 5 and Schedule 1), the Children (Community Service Orders) Act 1987, the Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987, the Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987 and the Children (Interstate Transfer of Offenders) Act 1988.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department contributes to safer communities by working towards the following results:

- Young offenders reduce their re-offending.
- Young offenders are effectively managed and supervised in custody and in the community to complete their sentences.
- Where appropriate, young offenders have an effective community-based alternative to formal court orders.

Key services provided by the Department that contribute to these results include:

- administering youth justice conferences for juvenile offenders referred by the police and courts
- administering community-based services for young offenders, including providing reports to the courts, assisting young people in meeting bail requirements, supervising young offenders on community-based sentences, undertaking court-ordered supervision of juvenile offenders on bail and providing counselling and other interventions to young people to address their risk of re-offending and
- supervising juvenile offenders sentenced by the courts to detention and/or ordered by the courts to remain in custody pending the outcome of their court cases.

The key services provided by the Department and the way which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Results	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Reduction in juvenile re-offending	Young offenders are effectively managed and complete their sentences	Young offenders have an effective community-based alternative to formal court orders
Youth Justice Conferencing	6.5	~		~
Community-Based Services	57.8	~	~	
Custodial Services	108.0	~	~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	172.3			

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Since 2005-06, there has been significant growth in the demand for custodial services and juvenile justice services generally. The funding provided for juvenile custodial accommodation has allowed the Department to meet this growing demand, and to maintain its focus on reducing re-offending. A major achievement has been the opening of the 50-bed Emu Plains Juvenile Justice Centre.

The Department has continued to maintain a high level of service to young offenders and has achieved positive results in managing offenders effectively in completing their sentences. For 2008-09, the percentage of community-based orders completed is expected to remain high at approximately 91 per cent. The number of escapes from secure perimeter is expected to remain very low with approximately 0.2 breaches per 1,000 admissions.

The Department has received funding to increase its capacity to work with young offenders who are required to undertake a community service order. This funding has been utilised in developing and implementing a range of programs across regions including:

- Ending Offending Programs
- Back to School Programs
- Local Community Reparation Programs

Budget Estimates 2009-10

- Education and Employment Skills Programs (in conjunction with TAFE and the Department of Education and Training) and
- the expansion of Sessional Supervisors and Juvenile Justice Officers for Community Service Order Programs.

The Department has also continued to provide an effective community-based alternative to court orders through Youth Justice Conferencing. In 2008-09 the Department expects to process approximately 1,857 referrals and facilitate approximately 1,373 conferences.

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

A number of new initiatives will be introduced to support the Government's priority of reducing re-offending. These include the establishment of a Child Wellbeing Unit, the introduction of a Bail Hotline for juveniles being held by police and the implementation of a range of pre-release programs for young offenders in custody.

The Child Wellbeing Unit will be established as part of the Government's *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing*. This unit will advise, support and educate frontline mandatory reporting staff to identify when a child is at risk of significant harm, and in less serious cases, to identify appropriate local action for referral. The unit will be established by late 2009 and will begin full operation in 2010.

The Bail Hotline will provide an after-hours service for young people who are being held by police and who need information or assistance to enter into bail undertakings. The service will operate 24 hours a day, seven days a week, and will also assist in reducing re-offending by diverting young people from remand custody, where the influence of more experienced offenders and isolation from support networks can increase this risk. The service will also provide tangible benefits to police by reducing the resources used when a young person is remanded, and to courts by reducing the number of bail re-appearances.

Young people are most at risk of re-offending immediately following their release from custody. With proper planning, programs and services to ensure they are well-integrated and supported in the community this risk can be significantly reduced.

A pre-release unit is to be established at the Reiby Justice Centre in Campbelltown. Pre-release programs facilitate access to services provided by other government and non-government organisations to ensure an easier integration for young offenders leaving custody.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$172.3 million, an increase of 1.8 per cent compared to 2008-09. This includes:

- ◆ \$2.8 million under the Government's *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing* (\$9.2 million over four years) for the creation of a Child Wellbeing Unit that will be linked to other agencies providing family and community services, and the establishment of a Bail Hotline
- \$9 million for the ongoing operation of the Emu Plains Juvenile Justice Centre and
- \$263,000 to support the operation of the new Pre-Release Unit at the Reiby Juvenile Justice Centre.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's capital expenditure for 2009-10 is estimated to be \$23.4 million.

The major works program of \$20.3 million includes:

- \$1.9 million to construct the Pre-Release Unit at the Reiby Juvenile Justice Centre
- \$10.9 million to complete the construction of an additional 15-bed custodial accommodation unit to ease the overcrowding at the Acmena, Orana and Riverina Juvenile Justice Centres
- \$4.3 million for the continued development of the Department's information management systems and
- \$3.2 million to commence the upgrade of front line office accommodation to meet the current demand for services.

A further \$3.1 million has been provided for minor capital works.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Reduction in juvenile re-offending

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>I</b>	2009-10 Forecast
Juvenile re-offending <sup>(a)</sup> Juvenile re-offending by service group: <sup>(b)</sup>	%	35.0	34.0	28.2	33.0	30.2
Custody	%	67.9	66.9	63.0	65.9	65.9
Community	%	55.3	54.3	50.6	53.3	52.3
Youth Justice Conferencing	%	43.6	42.6	35.9	41.6	40.6

(a) This indicator shows re-offending rates for all juveniles, including young people not supervised by the Department. The figure for 2007-08 is an estimate as re-offending is monitored in the 12 month period following an initial offence.

(b) The rate of juvenile re-offending by service group measures re-offending rates for young people supervised by the Department and identifies areas requiring further attention for intervention and resources. Only estimates are available for 2006-07 and 2007-08 as re-offending is monitored in the 12 month period following an initial offence.

# Young offenders are effectively managed and complete their sentences

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Safety/security breaches per 1,000 admissions: <sup>(a)</sup>						
Deaths in custody	no.	0	0	0	0	0
Self-harm incidents	no.	20	19	≤ 07-08	48	40
Escapes from secure perimeter	no.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
Community-based orders completed <sup>(b)</sup>	%	82	85	90	91	92

(a) These indicators measure the effectiveness of the Department in managing detainees in a safe and secure environment.

(b) This indicator measures the Department's effectiveness in supervising and managing young offenders to complete their community-based orders.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Youth Justice Conferences are an effective community-based alternative to formal court orders

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 orecast
Conferences held that include victim participation Conferences held that include community or other	%	61	54	62	46	50
government agency participation	%	81	83	87	75	77

These indicators show the level of victim or community participation in conferences. Although participation by victims is not mandatory it is encouraged when appropriate.

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## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 32.1 Youth Justice Conferencing

Service Description:	This service group covers the administration of Youth Justice Conferences. These deal with offenders in a way that enables a community-based negotiated response to offences with an emphasis on individual responsibility and restitution by the offender.						
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to a reduction in juvenile re-offending and provides an effective community-based alternative to formal court orders by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>eligible young offenders are referred to conferences and</li> </ul>						
	♦ young	g offende	ers comple	te their cor	nference ou	tcome pla	ns.
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Referrals processed Conferences facilitated		no. no.	1,590 1,185	1,725 1,199	1,720 1,220	1,857 1,373	1,890 1,460

Conferences facilitated	no.	1,185	1,199	1,220	1,373	1,460
Outcome plans agreed	no.	1,264	1,267	1,270	1,404	1,430
People participating in conferences	no.	4,939	4,599	4,840	4,661	4,940
Employees:	FTE	43	43	43	27	26

Decrease in FTE due to efficiencies realised in back-office support.

			2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	6,689	7,044	6,478
NET COST OF SERVICES	6,557	6,907	6,337
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	284	1,051	1,013

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 32.2 Community-Based Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the supervision of young offenders on community-based sentences on order of the courts, the provision of reports to the courts, support for young people seeking bail and court-ordered supervision of young offenders on bail. It also covers the provision of counselling and interventions to address young offenders' risk of re-offending.							
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	and effect sentences include the young	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to a reduction in juvenile re-offending and effective management of young offenders to complete their sentences by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>young offenders in the community and those sentenced to custody have a reduced risk of re-offending</li> </ul>						
			ers in the orders an		are effect	ively supe	rvised and	
	♦ detair	nees and	d commun	ity-based	young offe		assessed rams.	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Supervision orders Remand interventions Bail supervisions		no. no. no.	3,121 5,303 988	3,896 6,775 1,149	3,550 6,580 1,200	4,377 6,362 930	6,460	
Employees:		FTE	300	298	298	334	347	
				Bud \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	nses Excluding Losses 51,593 58,652 <b>57,867</b>							
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			50,6	623 5	57,642	56,829	
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			1,7	'94	1,625	2,908	

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

## 32.3 Custodial Services

Service Description:	sentence remain i covers th offenders	ed by the n custody ne provisio	courts to o pending on of count f re-offendi	detention, the outcor selling and	ne of their interventic	ered by the court cas	offenders e courts to ses. It also ress young o and from	
Linkage to Results:	and effe	This service group contributes to a reduction in juvenile re-offending and effective management of young offenders to complete their sentences by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:						
		inees ar ronment a		sed in a	safe, hu	umane ar	nd secure	
					young offe		assessed rams.	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Average daily number ir	ı							
custody		no.	331	390	400	427	461	
Control admissions		no.	514	623	495	727	730	
Remand admissions		no.	4,263	5,081	5,450	4,712	4,760	
Total admissions Average length of time i	n	no.	4,403	5,210	6,030	4,814	4,860	
custody or remand		days	11.9	13.2	14.0	16.4	15.0	
Employees:		FTE	1,162	1,378	1,245	1,319	1,112	
							2009-10	
				Budo \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses	5		110,9	39 12	27,893	107,990	

Total Expenses Excluding Losses	110,939	127,893	107,990
NET COST OF SERVICES	108,664	124,541	105,554
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	14,316	14,390	19,476

	200	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	125,360	140,548	127,699	
Other operating expenses	23,210	23,933	21,433	
Depreciation and amortisation	9,820	16,744	11,011	
Grants and subsidies	7,186	7,155	7,694	
Other expenses	3,645	5,209	4,498	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	169,221	193,589	172,335	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Investment income	630	630	630	
Grants and contributions	2,288	2,288	2,333	
Other revenue	459	1,581	652	
Total Retained Revenue	3,377	4,499	3,615	
NET COST OF SERVICES	165,844	189,090	168,720	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	165,844	189,090	168,720	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	150,954	166,863	152,036	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure	16,394	17,066	23,397	
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	16,394	17,066	23,397	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Assets held for sale	10,456 2,140	6,805 2,366	8,960 2,366
		4,000	
Total Current Assets	12,596	13,171	11,326
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -	484.007	477 450	400 500
Land and building Plant and equipment	181,067 7,034	177,452 7,834	189,522 6,280
Infrastructure systems	37,179	36,020	34,730
Intangibles	8,166	6,737	9,897
Total Non Current Assets	233,446	228,043	240,429
Total Assets	246,042	241,214	251,755
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	5,390 10,315	6,391 6,737	6,661 8,017
FIOUSIONS	10,515	0,737	0,017
Total Current Liabilities	15,705	13,128	14,678
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	636	604	606
Total Non Current Liabilities	636	604	606
Total Liabilities	16,341	13,732	15,284
NET ASSETS	229,701	227,482	236,471
EQUITY			
Reserves	64,313	70,043	70,043
Accumulated funds	165,388	157,439	166,428
TOTAL EQUITY	229,701	227,482	236,471

	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	120,915 7,186 30,709	139,906 7,155 33,539	121,871 7,694 30,016
Total Payments	158,810	180,600	159,581
<b>Receipts</b> Sale of goods and services Interest Other	(431) 630 6,832	 629 7,984	 630 7,070
Total Receipts	7,031	8,613	7,700
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(151,779)	(171,987)	(151,881)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	 (13,050) (3,344)	(14,879) (2,187)	4,000 (19,085) (4,312)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16,394)	(17,066)	(19,397)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation Asset sale proceeds transferred to the Consolidated Fund Entity Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	150,954 16,394 	166,863 17,066  (579)	152,036 23,397 (2,000) 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	167,348	183,350	173,433
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(825)	(5,703)	2,155
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	11,281	12,508	6,805
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	10,456	6,805	8,960
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(165,844) 13,710 355	(189,090) 14,930 2,173	(168,720) 15,287 1,552
Net cash flow from operating activities	(151,779)	(171,987)	(151,881)

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# OFFICE FOR CHILDREN

0The Office for Children provides administrative and financial support to the Commission for Children and Young People, and the Children's Guardian. The governing legislation is the *Commission for Children and Young People Act* 1998 and the *Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998.* 

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Office for Children is improving the wellbeing of children by working towards the following results:

- Children flourish in child-related workplaces and in stable out-of-home care environments that are child-safe and child-friendly.
- Child deaths are prevented.
- Children participate in the decisions that affect their lives.
- Children benefit from improved legislation, policies, practices and services.

Key services provided by the Office for Children that contribute to these results include:

- undertaking background checks, prohibited employment reviews and building child-safe and child-friendly organisations as part of the Working With Children program
- undertaking research, providing policy advice and promoting children's issues, including promoting participation programs for children and young people
- accrediting and monitoring out-of-home care and adoption service providers against approved standards and
- authorising prescribed employers of children and monitoring compliance with conditions of their authorities and the mandatory Code of Practice.

The key services provided by the Office and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

Service Groups	2009-10 Budget	Results				
	Expenses \$m	Helping children flourish	Child deaths are prevented	Children participate in their life decisions		
Commission for Children and Young People	11.8	~	√	✓		
Children's Guardian	3.9	~		✓		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	15.7					

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09 the Commission for Children and Young People:

- released *Making the World work Better for Kids*, recommending harmonised regulation of children's employment
- released *Built for Kids* a guide for designers and developers to create child friendly communities
- released *Mobile Me* the results of a survey of 1,500 children to learn more about how mobile phones fit into their lives and
- started issuing certificates for self-employed people that show they are not banned from child-related employment.

During 2008-09 the Children's Guardian:

- promoted the safety and wellbeing of children in care by accrediting more agencies and by providing a program of assistance to agencies attempting to accelerate their progress towards accreditation
- improved the performance of the regulation of children's employment
- improved coordination with the Department of Community Services and the Ombudsman's Office to minimise overlaps in agency reporting requirements and monitoring arrangements

Budget Estimates 2009-10

- commenced the implementation of legislative and administrative reforms arising from the review of the Accreditation and Quality Improvement program to improve efficiency and reduce regulatory burden and
- audited case files to determine compliance with standards for promoting the health of children and young people in care.

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

In 2009-10, and the following years, the Commission for Children and Young People plans to extend its service delivery and policy advice through:

- extending background checking to groups listed in the Government's *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing* plan
- helping child-related employers reduce opportunities for harm to children through the Child-Safe, Child-Friendly program
- developing a coordinated approach with key agencies to reduce child injury
- conducting research to inform policy on children's wellbeing in schools and
- strengthening the IT infrastructure for the Working With Children check.

In 2009-10, and the following years, the Children's Guardian plans to improve its service delivery through:

- monitoring and regulating voluntary out-of-home care placements to ensure the long term needs of children are addressed, in keeping with the Government's *Keep Them Safe* plan
- implementing the administrative reforms arising from the 2007-08 Review of the Accreditation and Quality Improvement program and
- revising the NSW Out-of-Home Care Standards to focus on outcomes and promoting compliance with standards and codes of practice.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 for the Office are estimated at \$15.7 million, an increase of \$3.3 million or 26.4 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget. Major new initiatives include:

- \$1.3 million to extend Working With Children background checks, as part of *Keep Them Safe : A shared approach to child wellbeing*
- ◆ \$318,000 for regulating voluntary out-of-home carers, again as part of *Keep Them Safe*
- \$450,000 to fund the Commission's Child-Safe, Child-Friendly program
- \$362,000 to meet the growth in background checking and
- \$300,000 to verify Prohibited Employment Declarations.

#### Capital Expenditure

Total capital expenditure for 2009-10 for the Office is \$1.2 million. This includes funding of \$1 million to rebuild the Employment Screening System, the core IT system used to conduct statutory background checks. The new system will enable the Office to re-engineer its business processes, generate efficiency savings and have the flexibility to adopt improved procedures or changes in Government policy.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Helping children flourish

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Children and young people in out-of-home care with a current case plan <sup>(a)</sup> Designated agencies that have	%	71	97	75	75	75
achieved accreditation <sup>(b)</sup>	%	51	64	70	70	75

(a) This indicator shows how effective the Children's Guardian is in promoting safety and stability for children in out-of-home care.

(b) This indicator shows how well agencies that provide out-of-home care are meeting standards for safety and stability for the children in their care.

#### Child deaths are prevented

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Result Indicators: Agencies agree to						
recommendations within 2 years <sup>(a)</sup> Agencies implement agreed	%	100	100	90	70	80
recommendations within 4 years <sup>(b)</sup>	%	73	82	80	80	90

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the Commission's work to engage agencies that may be able to prevent child deaths through changing policy or practice.

(b) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the Commission's work to generate policy or practice change that could prevent child deaths.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 33.1 Commission for Children and Young People

Service Description:	This service group covers research and advice to government and non-government agencies on issues relating to children's wellbeing. It promotes the participation of children and young people in decisions that affect them. It also helps employers become child-safe and child-friendly through a variety of initiatives, including the Working With Children check.							
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the Office for Children's stated results by working towards a range of intermediate results including:</li> <li>helping organisations engage children's participation in decision making</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>advising on changes to legislation, policy, practice and service improve children's wellbeing</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>impler</li> </ul>	nenting	recommer	idations to	prevent ch	ild deaths	and	
	<ul> <li>helpin</li> </ul>	g organ	isations to	become cl	nild safe an	d child frie	ndly.	
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Service Measures:								
Working With Children background checks completed Background checks completed on		no.	75,592	85,350	76,000	84,000	101,000	
time		%	80	88	90	84	90	
Visits to Child-Safe Child-Friendly website		no.	16,643	15,038	18,300	17,800	19,300	
Employees:		FTE	44	39	43	47	62	
							2009-10	
				Bude \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			8,8	41	9,319	11,757		
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses			4,3	98	4,671	5,959		
NET COST OF SERVICES			8,7	8,774 9		11,236		

Budget Estimates 2009-10

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

15 - 19

1,123

50

259

#### 33.2 Children's Guardian

Service Description:	This service group covers regulation of the provision of out-of-home care, adoption services and the prescribed employment of children under 15 in New South Wales.
Linkage to Results:	This service aroup contributes to the Office for Children's stated results

- inkage to Results: This service group contributes to the Office for Children's stated results by working towards a range of intermediate results including:
  - higher levels of agency compliance with the NSW Out-of-Home Care Standards and the Adoption Service Standards, and employer compliance with the Code of Practice
  - the development of responsive services that facilitate the participation of children and young people and
  - continuous improvement in the safety and quality of services for children and young people in out-of-home care.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Assessments completed Children's employment	no.	71	73	70	56	50
authorisations issued on time Audits completed in the	%	100	99	100	100	100
bi-annual case file audit	no.	n.a.	568	2,335	2,121	1,000
Employees:	FTE	26	23	23	22	24

	2008-09 Budget Revised \$000 \$000		2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	3,589	3,616	3,956
Total expenses include the following: Employee related expenses	2,510	2,444	2,813
NET COST OF SERVICES	3,465	3,490	3,742
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	49	40	40

#### 33 OFFICE FOR CHILDREN

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	6,908	7,115	8,772
Other operating expenses	4,778	5,056	6,147
Depreciation and amortisation	359	374	409
Grants and subsidies	385	390	385
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	12,430	12,935	15,713
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services		1	1
Investment income	71	79	73
Grants and contributions		175	179
Other revenue	120	120	482
Total Retained Revenue	191	375	735
NET COST OF SERVICES	12,239	12,560	14,978

# **RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT**

Net Cost of Services12,239Recurrent Services Appropriation11,685	12,560 11,995	14,978 14,469
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# CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Capital Expenditure	99	299	1,163
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	99	99	1,163

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **33 OFFICE FOR CHILDREN**

- -	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables	1,126 295	1,211 389	1,547 389
Total Current Assets	1,421	1,600	1,936
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment - Plant and equipment Intangibles	546 215	472 376	335 1,267
Total Non Current Assets	761	848	1,602
Total Assets	2,182	2,448	3,538
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions	325 635	523 654	523 654
Total Current Liabilities	960	1,177	1,177
Non Current Liabilities Provisions Other	47 156	43 156	43 156
Total Non Current Liabilities	203	199	199
Total Liabilities	1,163	1,376	1,376
NET ASSETS	1,019	1,072	2,162
EQUITY Accumulated funds	1,019	1,072	2,162
TOTAL EQUITY	1,019	1,072	2,162

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	6,566 385 5,286	6,772 390 5,475	8,336 385 6,734
Total Payments	12,237	12,637	15,455
Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest	2 71	3 79	1 73
Other	707	882	1,248
Total Receipts	780	964	1,322
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(11,457)	(11,673)	(14,133)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(99) 	(99) (200)	(163) (1,000)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(99)	(299)	(1,163)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	11,685 99 	11,995 99 (191)	14,469 1,163 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	11,784	11,903	15,632
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	228	(69)	336
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	898	1,280	1,211
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,126	1,211	1,547
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(12,239) 755 27	(12,560) 770 117	(14,978) 845 
Net cash flow from operating activities	(11,457)	(11,673)	(14,133)

#### **33 OFFICE FOR CHILDREN**

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT, AND MINISTER ASSISTING THE MINISTER FOR HEALTH (MENTAL HEALTH)

### **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Local Government			
Total Expenses	92.0	92.7	0.8
Capital Expenditure	0.2	0.2	
Total, Minister for Local Government, and Minister Assisting the Minister for Health (Mental Health)	92.0 0.2	92.7 0.2	0.8 

# DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

The Department of Local Government provides the policy and legislative framework for local government in New South Wales. The Department aims to ensure local councils are sustainable and deliver quality services to their communities. The key legislation administered by the Department is the *Local Government Act 1993* and the *Companion Animals Act 1998*.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department contributes to the following results:

- A strong and sustainable local government sector that works together to meet community needs is developed.
- The Department provides pensioner concessions for council rates.
- There is responsible dog and cat ownership in the community.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

Key services provided by the Department to contribute to these results include:

- facilitating capacity building between councils, oversight of council practice and finances, and the provision of advice for local government
- administering the pensioner rebate scheme and
- managing the companion animals register and associated programs.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results				
Service Groups	Budget Expenses	Strong and sustainable local government sector that works together to meet community needs	Pensioners obtain relief from council rates	Responsible dog and cat ownership in the community		
Capacity Building, Oversight and Provision of Advice for Local Government	10.5	$\checkmark$				
Pensioner Rebate Scheme	76.0		$\checkmark$			
Companion Animals Program	6.2			$\checkmark$		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	92.7					

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Department has continued to carry out Promoting Better Practice reviews across local government to identify poor performing councils and to promote good practice. A total of 45 councillor information sessions have also recently been delivered throughout New South Wales to assist councillors elected to office in 2008 to effectively fulfil their role.

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Cooperation between councils continues to be encouraged through the reforms in *A New Direction for Local Government*. This policy focuses on capacity building programs; monitoring and reviewing councils to identify areas for improvement; promoting collaboration with and between stakeholders to promote the most efficient and effective use of resources; and providing quality advice and information to facilitate effective decision making for the sector.

The development of a new integrated planning and reporting, and asset management system will also assist councils in meeting increasing community expectations of local councils.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$92.7 million, including \$76 million for the pensioner council rates rebate scheme.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10 the Department will spend \$150,000 on the replacement of office and computer equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Strong sustainable local government sector that works together to meet community needs

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Councils whose financial position is assessed as satisfactory <sup>(a)</sup> Public inquiries into councils to investigate	%	80	80	80	80	80
maladministration or corruption <sup>(b)</sup> Investigations where alleged	no.	1	3	2	1	2
council conduct seriously impacts the community <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	2	2	2	2	2

(a) This indicator shows the financial viability of council.

(b) These indicators show the effectiveness of council governance arrangements (Section 740 and 430 investigations respectively).

#### Pensioners obtain relief from council rates

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Pensioner rebates paid to councils: General Water Sewerage	\$m \$m \$m	59 7 7	57 7 7	62 7 7	58 4 5	62 7 7

This indicator shows the amounts paid for each rating category.

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Responsible dog and cat ownership in the community

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Reported dog attacks <sup>(a)</sup> Seized pets reunited with	no.	1,507	1,791	1,700	2,400	2,500
owners (b)	%	47	47	49	49	49

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the legislative provisions to companion animals. The anticipated increase in 2008-09 reflects amendments to the *Companion Animals Regulation 2008* which make reporting mandatory for councils.

(b) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the companion animals legislation - microchipping and registration of cats and dogs.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 34.1 Capacity Building, Oversight and Provision of Advice for Local Government

Service Description:	This service group covers programs, resources, policy, guidelines and information provided to strengthen the capacity of local government to meet community needs.
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to a strong and sustainable local government sector that works together to meet community needs by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
	<ul> <li>increased capacity of local government in delivering good governance and sustainability</li> </ul>

- strengthened and collaborative relationships fostered between stakeholders and
- effective decision making within local government.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>	
Promoting Better Practice Program reviews undertaken	no.	14	22	12	12 <b>12</b>	
Employees:	FTE	61	68	61	61 <b>61</b>	

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	10,448	10,998	10,443
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,137	10,764	10,215
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	150	150	150

#### 34.2 Pensioner Rebate Scheme

Service Description:	This service group provides rebates pensioner council	to local c				,
Linkage to Results:	This service group council rates.	o contribute	es to provi	ding pensio	oners with	relief from
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Rebate claims processe	ed no.	314	320	332	156	166

The anticipated decrease in 2008-09 reflects changes to processing rebate claims, which are now processed once a year instead of every four months.

Employees: FTE 1 1	1 1	1

	200	0-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	76,000	76,000	76,000
NET COST OF SERVICES	76,000	76,000	76,000

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 34.3 Companion Animals Program

Service Description:	program re animals, b	egulates by main	the owner taining a	ship, care record of	banion Ani and manag registered d manager	pement of cats and	companion dogs and
Linkage to Results:	This servio		o contribute	es to respo	nsible dog	and cat ov	vnership in
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Companion Animal Reg	gistrations	no.	97,605	99,172	100,000	100,000	100,000
Employees:		FTE	4	4	4	4	4
							2009-10
				Bud \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Exclud	ing Losses			5,6	600	5,643	6,223
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES					41	623

#### 34 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses - Employee related	7,005	7,037	7,356
Other operating expenses	7,003	7,806	7,330
Depreciation and amortisation	285	283	89
Grants and subsidies	77,500	77,515	77,515
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	92,048	92,641	92,666
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	21		
Investment income	360	306	316
Retained taxes, fees and fines Other revenue	5,500 30	5,500 30	5,500 12
Total Retained Revenue	5,911	5,836	5,828
NET COST OF SERVICES	86,137	86,805	86,838
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	86,137	86,805	86,838
Recurrent Services Appropriation	85,667	86,261	85,765
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	150 150	150 150	150 150

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 34 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	6,395 1,246	5,743 1,235	5,211 1,275
Total Current Assets	7,641	6,978	6,486
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment Intangibles	381 78	434 32	515 12
Total Non Current Assets	459	466	527
Total Assets	8,100	7,444	7,013
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables Provisions	1,821 980	1,660 999	1,867 999
Total Current Liabilities	2,801	2,659	2,866
Non Current Liabilities Provisions	8	9	9
Total Non Current Liabilities	8	9	9
Total Liabilities	2,809	2,668	2,875
NET ASSETS	5,291	4,776	4,138
EQUITY Accumulated funds	5,291	4,776	4,138
TOTAL EQUITY	5,291	4,776	4,138

#### 34 DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	6,665 77,500 7,518	6,721 77,515 8,193	7,071 77,515 7,739
Total Payments	91,683	92,429	92,325
<b>Receipts</b> Sale of goods and services Interest Other	21 360 5,771	 317 5,755	 276 5,752
Total Receipts	6,152	6,072	6,028
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(85,531)	(86,357)	(86,297)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(150)	(150)	(150)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(150)	(150)	(150)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	85,667 150	86,261 150	85,765 150
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	85,817	86,411	85,915
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	136	(96)	(532)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	6,259	5,839	5,743
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	6,395	5,743	5,211
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(86,137) 625 (19)	(86,805) 599 (151)	(86,838) 374 167
Net cash flow from operating activities	(85,531)	(86,357)	(86,297)

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR PLANNING, AND MINISTER FOR REDFERN WATERLOO

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Planning			
Total Expenses	133.3	130.9	-1.8
Capital Expenditure	3.8	3.8	
Sydney Olympic Park Authority			
Total Expenses	108.2	116.6	7.7
Capital Expenditure	17.9	11.1	-38.1
World Youth Day Co-ordination Authority			
Total Expenses	60.7		-100.0
Capital Expenditure			
Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act			
Total Expenses	199.2	131.7	-33.9
Capital Expenditure	232.7	146.4	-37.1
Barangaroo Delivery Authority			
Total Expenses		9.6	n.a.
Capital Expenditure		7.9	n.a.
Hunter Development Corporation			
Total Expenses	23.2	38.4	65.4
Capital Expenditure			
Luna Park Reserve Trust			
Total Expenses	2.0	1.9	-5.5
Capital Expenditure			
State Sports Centre Trust			
Total Expenses	5.4	5.7	4.9
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
Western Sydney Parklands Trust Total Expenses	5.4	6.1	13.5
Capital Expenditure	4.2	12.7	203.7
Redfern-Waterloo Authority Total Expenses	20.8	27.8	33.7
Capital Expenditure	3.7	4.4	17.5
· · · ·	0		
Total, Minister for Planning, and Minister for Redfern Waterloo			
Total Expenses	558.2	468.7	-16.0
Capital Expenditure	262.4	186.4	-29.0

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The Department of Planning leads, oversees and implements the Government's policies on land use planning and development and facilitates and manages sustainable growth.

It plays a key role as lead agency advising the Minister and Government on major development and infrastructure projects of significance to the economy of New South Wales and employment.

The Department leads and coordinates State-wide planning strategies to guide growth, including major land release for housing and employment in New South Wales and informs infrastructure planning, staging and delivery.

The Department's governing legislation is the *Environmental Planning and* Assessment Act 1979, the Heritage Act 1977 and the Coastal Protection Act 1979.

### **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- E5: Jobs closer to home.
- E6: Housing affordability.

In delivering the priorities and objectives of its legislation, the Department works towards a number of results for the community, including:

- Aligning residential and employment growth with infrastructure investment, while at the same time protecting high value natural resources.
- Ensuring land supply and a mix of housing that provides choice, meets demand and promotes affordability.
- Facilitating capital investment in sustainable critical infrastructure.
- Increasing certainty and reducing transaction costs for developers and the broader community.
- Ensuring that the community knows, values, and cares for the State's heritage.

Key services provided by the Department to contribute to these results include:

- developing and implementing State strategic and statutory plans, policies and planning objectives to facilitate sustainable investment and land release for housing and employment; assessing local government statutory plans; and coordinating major projects
- timely and efficient plan-making and development assessment; developing and managing planning and building systems; reviewing legislation; developing and implementing planning reforms; managing sections of the building profession; and administering funding programs
- assessing, and advising the Minister on, major development and infrastructure projects of State importance.
- overseeing the performance of local councils in the area of land use planning and development decisions so as to secure ongoing reform to practice and policy and
- managing the listing of heritage items; promoting local government and community partnerships for heritage management; and monitoring and assisting heritage conservation.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results					
Service Groups Expenses In \$m		Increased land supply for housing and employment	Increased urban renewals and plan making	Increased level of capital investment and job creation			
Strategies and Land Release	28.1	√		$\checkmark$			
Plan Making and Urban Renewal	59.5	√	~	$\checkmark$			
Development Assessment	39.0		~	✓			
Personnel Services	4.3						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	130.9						

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

An extensive planning reform program is being implemented by the Department which will strengthen the transparency and efficiency of the planning system. Key reforms implemented include:

- established the Planning Assessment Commission to independently determine and advise on major development projects
- introduced Project Delivery Managers to provide a single point of contact for development proponents in regard to concurrences and referrals requirements and to ensure timely delivery of major projects
- amended the Infrastructure State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPP) to streamline the process for affordable housing and school upgrades and to support the Nation Building Economic Stimulus Plan and
- introduced exempt and complying codes for residential development that deliver an approval outcome within 10 days.

Other key actions completed in 2008-09 include:

- ♦ assessed and recommended more than 340 major development and other projects (Part 3A and Part 4 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*) with a capital investment value of at least \$14.8 billion and employment potential of 62,000 jobs
- gazetted 14 State significant sites providing for 789 hectares of employment land and 15,000 dwelling lots
- introduced the Infrastructure SEPP to consolidate and simplify approvals for more than 25 classes of infrastructure development across the State. Repealed concurrences and referrals in more than 1,300 instruments
- finalised the mid-North Coast and Sydney to Canberra Corridor strategies, meaning high-growth areas along the entire NSW coastline are now covered by a long-term NSW Government strategic planning document
- released the 2007-08 Metropolitan Development Program report, which outlines Sydney's land supply level and released long-term regional population projections
- rezoned land in North Kellyville in the North West Growth Centre for over 5,000 housing lots in just over two years
- exhibited draft plans for land release in the North West sector for 15,000 new houses and 12,000 new jobs

- reviewed state infrastructure levies and local development contributions to improve housing affordability and
- released the 2007-08 Local Development Performance Monitoring Report which provides an overview of development trends in New South Wales and records the performance of the 152 councils in assessing local development.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The focus of the Department will be to:

- continue implementation of planning reforms to deliver a planning system that is flexible and outcomes focused. This includes exempt and complying codes for a range of developments and introducing Joint Regional Planning panels to determine significant developments
- further improve the timing and efficiency of service delivery, particularly plan making and major project and infrastructure assessments through a whole-of-government integrated and results driven approach and
- facilitate the delivery of housing affordability and employment land supply initiatives as part of a best practice planning system.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$130.9 million which includes grants and other payments of \$8.8 million for the Redfern Waterloo Authority, \$8 million for the Western Sydney Parklands Trust, \$5 million for the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, \$2 million for the Hunter Development Corporation, \$2.7 million for Heritage Grants and \$3.3 million for the Building Professionals Board.

Expenses in 2009-10 also include funding of \$3 million per annum to engage project managers to ensure efficient and timely delivery of major planning issues, \$2.4 million in 2009-10 to help councils speed up development assessments and rezonings and \$1.5 million per annum to assist in additional supply of employment land.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The capital expenditure program for 2009-10 is estimated at \$3.8 million including \$3 million for coastal land acquisitions under the Coastal Land Protection Scheme.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Increased land supply for housing and employment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Proportion of the population with access to a city or major centre within 30 mins by public transport in						
Greater Sydney <sup>(a)</sup>	%	75	75	75	75	75
New dwellings built in Greater Sydney <sup>(b)</sup> Zoned and serviced lots ready for development (Greater	no.	14,840	14,670	14,730	17,412	24,595
Sydney) <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	33,858	33,004	46,051	46,051	48,236

(a) This indicator measures State Plan Priority E5. The target is to increase the percentage of the population living within 30 minutes by public transport of a city or major centre in Greater Sydney.

- (b) This indicator contributes to State Plan Priority E6. The target for Greater Sydney is to build 640,000 new dwellings over the 25 years to 2031 - of which 445,000 will be in existing urban areas and the remainder (195,000) in greenfield locations. A similar measure for rural and regional New South Wales will be developed once systems are established.
- (c) This indicator contributes to State Plan Priority E6. The target is to achieve 55,000 zoned and serviced lots ready for development by 2009.

#### Increased urban renewal and plan making

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Residential dwelling potential approved for rezoning through LEP gateway <sup>(a)</sup> Employment lands potential	no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	30,000	20,000
approved for rezoning through LEP gateway <sup>(b)</sup> Projects completed under the	ha	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	500	500
NSW Heritage Grants program <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	224	190	210	171	140

(a) These indicators contribute to the achievement of State Plan Priorities E5 and E6 through effective management and processing of Local Environmental Plans (LEPs).

(b) From 2008-09, the new LEP gateway replaces LEP Review Panels.

(c) The intention of the NSW Heritage Grants program is to conserve heritage assets.

### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Increased level of capital investment and job creation

Units	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised I	Forecast
\$b	5.8	8.2	8.0	16.0	8.0
no.	16,000	33,000	28,000	65,000	30,000
%	n a	n a		15	25
	\$b	Units Actual \$b 5.8 no. 16,000	Units Actual Actual \$b 5.8 8.2 no. 16,000 33,000	Units Actual Actual Forecast \$b 5.8 8.2 8.0 no. 16,000 33,000 28,000	Units Actual Actual Forecast Revised I \$b 5.8 8.2 8.0 16.0 no. 16,000 33,000 28,000 65,000

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of the Government's initiative to encourage new proposals of State or regional significance. Note that not all "Major Projects" are under the Major Projects SEPP.

(b) This indicator is linked to the number of jobs associated with major project applications.

(c) This indicator shows the effectiveness of reducing costs and improving development time frames due to planning reforms, for exempt and complying codes, introduced in 2008.

### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **35.1 Strategies and Land Release**

Service Description:	This service group covers the State-wide delivery of strategic zoned (and where applicable, serviced) land for housing and employment. Including strategic planning and coordination of infrastructure provisions into land supply and land release programs. The group also prepares, monitors and updates metropolitan and regional strategies.						
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to developing a strong and detailed strategic framework to guide land release, infrastructure and natural resource priorities in New South Wales by working towards a range of intermediate results that including the following:</li> <li>residential and employment growth aligns with infrastructure investment and the protection of valued natural resources</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>land supply and housing supply mix meets demand and</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>State agency planning and capital expenditure is led by planning strategies.</li> </ul>						
	2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 <b>2009-10</b>						

Service Measures:	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast
Regional and sub regional strategies completed	no.	n.a.	5	14	7	18
Metropolitan strategy actions implemented Projects completed under Metro Greenspace program	%	87	87	95	96	98
	no.	11	9	8	7	8
Employees:	FTE	62	55	58	98	98

Following the 2008-09 Mini-Budget decision to merge planning functions of the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, and the Growth Centres Commission with the Department of Planning the FTE of these activities are included from 2008-09 Revised onwards.

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	55,479	32,196	28,125
Total expenses include the following: Grants for the South West Rail project	20,000	6,500	
NET COST OF SERVICES	42,522	26,498	19,504
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	212	189	201

#### 35.2 Plan Making and Urban Renewal

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group is responsible for overseeing Councils implementation of statutory planning instruments, assessing State significant development proposals and coordinating major urban renewal initiatives. The service group also identifies and assesses the heritage of New South Wales.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to effective strategy implementation which drives sustainable growth and prosperity across New South Wales by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - local councils have support and capabilities to prepare local plans and assess development proposals
  - planning systems and assessment processes are efficient and streamlined and
  - the community knows, values, and cares for the State's heritage.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Local councils preparing new						
local plans:						
Commenced	no.	36	81	30	25	10
On exhibition	no.	1	13	55	25	15
Gazetted	no.	n.a.	1	16	6	8
Reprioritised comprehensive LEPs approved for exhibition <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	25
Heritage development applications permits processed annually	no.	648	261	700	293	250
Items included on the State		010	201		200	200
Heritage Register	no.	21	14	7	20	30
Heritage projects supported	no.	287	192	230	248	275
LEPs with Heritage schedules	%	89	90	87	93	95

(a) Reprioritised comprehensive LEPs is a new service measure from 2009-10 in line with the Department's accountability to speed up the plan making processes

Employees:	FTE	196	170	179	215	215

EFT allocation for 2008-09 based on new functional structure

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 35.2 Plan Making and Urban Renewal (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	40,720	48,547	59,510
Total expenses include the following: Grants for heritage projects	2,662	2,662	2,662
NET COST OF SERVICES	26,557	34,384	44,549
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	318	318	338

# 35.3 Development Assessment

Linkage to Results:This service group contributes to effective assessment process and strategy implementation which drives sustainable growth and prosperity across New South Wales by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following: 	Service Description:	This service group covers timely and efficient delivery of assessment and decision making for major development and infrastructure projects of State significance, including whole-of-government leadership in the administration of environmental impact assessment and development approvals; and management of development and building controls, plus associated regulatory and operational aspects to ensure ongoing reform and best practice.								
infrastructure proposals. 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2008-09 2009-10 Units Actual Forecast Forecast Revised Forecast Service Measures: Major project applications lodged <sup>(a)</sup> no. 289 261 250 440 360 Major projects determined by the Minister under Part 3A and other legislative requirements <sup>(b)</sup> no. 319 296 320 400 360 Determinations of major project applications: 0-3 months % 35 35 35 60 85 3-6 months % 60 60 60 20 10 over 6 months % 5 5 5 20 5 Complaint investigations against accredited	<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>strategy implementation which drives sustainable growth and prosperity across New South Wales by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>effective land use, planning and development controls</li> <li>increased level of job creation</li> </ul>								
UnitsActualActualForecastRevisedForecastService Measures:Major project applications lodged (a)no.289261250440360Major projects determined by the Minister under Part 3A and other legislative requirements (b)no.319296320400360Determinations of major project applications: 0-3 months%35353560853-6 months%6060602010over 6 months%555205Complaint investigations against accredited%60606060					assessme	ent of m	najor pro	jects and		
lodged (a)no.289261250440360Major projects determined by the Minister under Part 3A and other legislative requirements (b)no.319296320400360Determinations of major project applications: 0-3 months%35353560853-6 months%6060602010over 6 months%555205Complaint investigations against accredited%60606060	Service Measures:	ι	-							
requirements       (b)       no.       319       296       320       400       360         Determinations of major project applications:	lodged <sup>(a)</sup> Major projects determine the Minister under Part	ed by	no.	289	261	250	440	360		
0-3 months         %         35         35         35         60         85           3-6 months         %         60         60         60         20         10           over 6 months         %         5         5         5         20         5           Complaint investigations         against accredited	requirements <sup>(b)</sup> Determinations of major		no.	319	296	320	400	360		
The second secon	0-3 months 3-6 months over 6 months Complaint investigations against accredited	3	% %	60 5	60 5	60 5	20 20	10 5		
(a) Major project applications increased due to incorporation of Sydney Harbour Foreshore applications from December 2008.										
<ul><li>(b) 2009-10 determination forecasts driven by new benchmarks.</li></ul>										
Employees:FTE158137144175185FTE allocation for 2008-09 based on new functional structure.						144	175	185		

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 35.3 Development Assessment (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	25,128	35,164	38,976
NET COST OF SERVICES	10,060	16,854	20,632
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3,257	3,257	3,273

#### **35.4 Personnel Services**

Service Description:	This service group covers personnel services that are provided to the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, the Hunter Development Corporation and the Western Sydney Parklands Trust.						
Linkage to Results:	This service group provides personnel services to selected agencies as part of the State's WorkChoices insulation legislation.						
Employees:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act (a)FTE211721n.a.n.a.Growth Centres Commission (a)FTE212630n.a.n.a.n.a.Hunter Development CorporationFTE1216201820Western Sydney Parklands TrustFTEn.a.n.a.1111							

(a) Following the 2008-09 Mini-Budget decision to merge planning functions of the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, and the Growth Centres Commission with Department of Planning. The FTE of these activities are included in the Strategies and Land Release service group from 2008-09 Revised onwards.

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	12,015	5,242	4,268

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	58,476	69,882	72,034
Other operating expenses	27,090	19,020	19,422
Depreciation and amortisation	1,094	1,123	1,166
Grants and subsidies	40,504	25,424	32,306
Finance costs	1,144	666	917
Other expenses	5,034	5,034	5,034
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	133,342	121,149	130,879
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	43,344	36,271	36,319
Investment income	466	923	539
Grants and contributions	8,217	2,597	3,625
Other revenue	1,589	3,035	5,124
Total Retained Revenue	53,616	42,826	45,607
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	600	600	600
Other gains/(losses)	(13)	(13)	(13)
NET COST OF SERVICES	79,139	77,736	84,685
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	79,139	77,736	84,685
Recurrent Services Appropriation	65,365	63,324	72,861
		00,024	72,001
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	0 707	0.704	3,812
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	3,787 3,164	3,764 3,164	3,012

		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	8,133	7,513	4,756
Receivables	5,837	4,909	4,729
Total Current Assets	13,970	12,422	9,485
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	30,088	27,888	30,652
Plant and equipment Intangibles	6,641 404	6,040 399	6,201 120
linaligibles	404	399	120
Total Non Current Assets	37,133	34,327	36,973
Total Assets	51,103	46,749	46,458
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	8,554	8,125	8,158
Provisions	5,830	6,308	6,308
Other		88	
Total Current Liabilities	14,384	14,521	14,466
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	20,750	12,430	16,940
Provisions	887	49	49
Other			151
Total Non Current Liabilities	21,637	12,479	17,140
	20.024	27.000	24.000
Total Liabilities	36,021	27,000	31,606
NET ASSETS	15,082	19,749	14,852
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	15,082	19,749	14,852
TOTAL EQUITY	15,082	19,749	14,852

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	54,492	65,731	68,238
Grants and subsidies	40,504	25,424	32,306
Finance costs	1,144	666	917
Other	32,775	28,941	25,263
Total Payments	128,915	120,762	126,724
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	43,331	36,258	36,456
Interest	466	1,471	539
Other	10,660	8,218	9,649
Total Receipts	54,457	45,947	46,644
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(74,458)	(74,815)	(80,080)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	600	600	600
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,787)	(3,764)	(3,812)
Other		4,862	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,187)	1,698	(3,212)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from borrowings and advances	6,750	2,490	4,510
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	6,750	2,490	4,510
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	65,365	63,324	72,861
Capital appropriation	3,164	3,164	3,164
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(120)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	68,529	66,368	76,025
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2,366)	(4,259)	(2,757)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	10,499	11,772	7,513

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(79,139) 5,061 (380)	(77,736) 4,857 (1,936)	(84,685) 4,929 (324)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(74,458)	(74,815)	(80,080)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK AUTHORITY

The Sydney Olympic Park Authority operates under the *Sydney Olympic Park Authority Act 2001* to manage the long-term future of Sydney Olympic Park.

In this role the Authority is responsible for the management, economic development and use of Sydney Olympic Park and for the promotion and coordination of recreational, educational, commercial and tourist activities.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority contributes to the following results:

- There is development of a high quality living and working environment.
- Venues are provided for sporting, leisure, artistic and cultural activities.

Key services provided by the Authority to contribute to these results include promotion, management and development of the Sydney Olympic Park precinct, including coordination of precinct activities for major events.

The key services provided by the Sydney Olympic Park Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results			
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Kes A high quality living and working environment	Venues for sporting, leisure, artistic and cultural activities		
Precinct Management and Development	116.6	✓	✓		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	116.6				

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements include:

- Sydney Olympic Park attracted 9 million visitors in calendar year 2008, in line with its target of 10 million visitors by 2010.
- The Authority continues to achieve successful commercial, residential and recreational development outcomes, with the private sector investing \$1.1 billion since the Olympic Games.
- The development to house a total of 3,800 Commonwealth Bank of Australia staff relocating to the Park has been completed.
- A five star and a two star hotel has been constructed, providing an additional 350 rooms of short stay accommodation within the Park.
- The Armory Wharf Café at Blaxland Riverside Park has been completed.
- The Watpac Commercial office development has been commenced.

### STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The Authority's vision for Sydney Olympic Park is to become an internationally admired example of sustainable urban renewal and development that integrates world class venue infrastructure, parklands and a new community within a township that offers a healthy, creative urban environment.

The Authority's goal is to enhance the Park's capacity as a major events precinct by improving events infrastructure and securing new events.

Under a new Master Plan finalised in 2009, over one million square metres of new commercial, educational, residential and retail development will occur by 2030. The Plan promotes innovative approaches to energy management, high-quality urban and architectural design and innovative applications of technology to improve place management practices. All new buildings will be connected to the Park's world-class recycling scheme.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Operating expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$116.6 million, with depreciation accounting for \$45.1 million of this amount. The majority of expenses relate to maintaining the parklands and common areas within the Park. Government funding of the operating budget is \$34.2 million.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Authority's 2009-10 capital program is \$11.1 million. The major component of the program is \$4.3 million of developer funded works. These initiatives are critical to the Park's new town centre.

### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### A high quality living and working environment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Proceeds from land sales Development applications	\$m	23.0	33.0	19.8	12.3	1.8
approved Sustainable resource use	\$m %	181 34	204 37	89 37	160 37	120 38
People working at Sydney Olympic Park Recycled water produced	no. ML	4,500 766	6,000 766	8,000 900	9,100 780	9,500 795

#### Venues for sporting, leisure, artistic and cultural activities

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Major events days held with daily attendance of more						
than 50,000 patrons <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	23	27	27	28	30
Visitors attending Sydney						
Olympic Park	mill	8.2	8.6	9.0	9.1	9.5
Patrons satisfied with event day operations Visitors satisfied with	%	81	81	>85	>80	>80
presentation of Public Domain areas	%	83	81	>80	>80	>80

(a) This indicator shows the number of major events held which contributes significantly to car parking revenue.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **36.1 Precinct Management and Development**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the promotion, development and management of the Sydney Olympic Park precinct.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the development of a high quality living and working environment and providing venues for sporting, leisure, artistic and cultural activities by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - increasing visits to Sydney Olympic Park
  - achieving sustainable urban development outcomes
  - accommodating new jobs closer to home
  - maintaining Sydney Olympic Park as a major events precinct and
  - improving the Government's return on investment in Sydney Olympic Park.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cost of services per venue event day Cost of services per	\$000	19	20	19	20	20
\$1 million of Asset Book Value Car parking revenue Ratio of cash revenue to	\$000 \$m	5 9.6	5 10.3	5 11.2	6 11.0	6 12.2
expenditure	%	44	47	46	47	50
Employees:	FTE	190	186	176	170	183

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	108,204	117,093	116,572
NET COST OF SERVICES	46,578	54,216	51,175
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	17,862	13,713	11,061

### **36 SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK AUTHORITY**

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	19,185	19,243	20,388	
Other operating expenses	47,218	50,425	49,964	
Depreciation and amortisation	40,939	46,563	45,123	
Grants and subsidies	862	862	1,097	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	108,204	117,093	116,572	
Less:				
Retained Revenue	00.045	00.000	05 540	
Sales of goods and services	32,015	32,002	35,513	
Investment income	5,053	6,760	4,362	
Retained taxes, fees and fines Grants and contributions	350 1,940	435 337	460 1,476	
Other revenue	24,652	25,897	26,226	
Total Retained Revenue	64,010	65,431	68,037	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(129)		
Other gains/(losses)	(2,384)	(2,425)	(2,640)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	46,578	54,216	51,175	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	46,578	54,216	51,175	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	36,594	36,608	34,196	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
	47.000	10 710		
	17,862	13,713	11,061	
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	6,811	6,811	6,811	

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **36 SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK AUTHORITY**

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	48,556	41,908	38,664
Receivables	17,077	13,543	13,506
Inventories	101	99	99
Total Current Assets	65,734	55,550	52,269
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	139,599	139,599	132,818
Inventories	2,210	2,256	2,256
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	798,892	969,681	961,673
Plant and equipment	35,857	54,712	50,188
Infrastructure systems	321,658	333,492	318,743
Other	194,490	193,322	219,106
Total Non Current Assets	1,492,706	1,693,062	1,684,784
Total Assets	1,558,440	1,748,612	1,737,053
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	5,523	5,102	5,113
Provisions	1,471	4,893	1,812
Other	3,072	1,666	1,886
Total Current Liabilities	10,066	11,661	8,811
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	20	11	11
Other	75,253	58,078	59,094
Total Non Current Liabilities	75,273	58,089	59,105
Total Liabilities	85,339	69,750	67,916
NET ASSETS	1,473,101	1,678,862	1,669,137
EQUITY			
Reserves	283,130	495,822	495,822
	1,189,971	1,183,040	1,173,315
Accumulated funds	1,109,971	1,100,040	1,170,010

### **36 SYDNEY OLYMPIC PARK AUTHORITY**

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	18,514	18,697	19,550
Grants and subsidies	862	862	1,097
Other	60,272	62,864	63,254
Total Payments	79,648	82,423	83,901
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	32,013	31,959	35,513
Interest	4,874	6,754	3,593
Other	30,375	22,779	11,780
Total Receipts	67,262	61,492	50,886
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(12,386)	(20,931)	(33,015)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(17,661)	(15,745)	(11,061)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(17,661)	(15,745)	(11,061)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	36,594	36,608	34,196
Capital appropriation	6,811	6,811	6,811
Asset sale proceeds transferred to the			
Consolidated Fund Entity	(7,991)	(4,766)	(175)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	35,414	38,653	40,832
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	5,367	1,977	(3,244)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,189	39,931	41,908
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	48,556	41,908	38,664
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(46,578)	(54,216)	(51,175)
Non cash items added back	17,140	22,807	19,957
Change in operating assets and liabilities	17,052	10,478	(1,797)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(12,386)	(20,931)	(33,015)

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The World Youth Day Co-ordination Authority was established by the *World Youth Day Act 2006* on 4 December 2006.

The Authority was formed to develop policies, strategies and plans for the coordination and delivery of integrated government services for World Youth Day events in July 2008. In accordance with provisions in the Act, the Authority was dissolved, effective from 31 December 2008, after its tasks were completed.

The World Youth Day Co-ordination Authority took lead responsibility in coordinating the delivery of government services to the events that were held as part of World Youth Day 2008.

More than 200,000 pilgrims from Australia and 170 other countries visited Sydney for the event. It has been estimated that one billion people worldwide watched the event live via television or the internet.

World Youth Day 2008 was organised by the Catholic Church but major events of this magnitude are assisted by the State and Federal Governments in relation to traffic management, transport, security, medical and other services. More than 2,500 volunteers supported the delivery of government services during the event.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

## 37.1 Government Services to World Youth Day 2008

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the planning and coordination of government services to World Youth Day, including policing and transport services.

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-0 Actua		)8-09 ecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	28	2	8	11	11	0
				20 dget 000		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excluding Losse	S		60	,672	4	9,186	
Total expenses include the fo World Youth Day Co-ordina Funding of services provide Government agencies Randwick Racecourse accourse	ation Authored by other		37	,074 ,816 ,580		0,394 29,901 8,891	
NET COST OF SERVICES			60	,840	4	8,261	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE				30			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	8-09	2009-10	
Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
2 1 1 2	1 620		
		•••	
	•		
45,791	37,401		
60,672	49,186		
	737		
	283		
	1,020		
(168)	(95)		
60,840	48,261		
60,840	48,261		
55,278	37,896		
30			
30			
	Budget \$000 2,112 997 192 11,580 45,791 <b>60,672</b>  (168) <b>60,840</b> 55,278 30	Budget \$000         Revised \$000           2,112         1,620           997         1,119           192         155           11,580         8,891           45,791         37,401           60,672         49,186            737            283            1,020           (168)         (95)           60,840         48,261           55,278         37,896           30	

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Non Current Assets			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Non Current Liabilities			
EQUITY			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	2,197	2,028	
Grants and subsidies Other	11,580	8,891	
Other	46,847	37,792	••
Total Payments	60,624	48,711	
Receipts		4 000	
Interest	1 574	1,220	••
Other	1,574	8,653	
Total Receipts	1,574	9,873	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(59,050)	(38,838)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	244	16	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(30)		
Other		(6,803)	•
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	214	(6,787)	•
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	55,278	37,896	_
Capital appropriation	30		
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(1,418)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	55,308	36,478	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(3,528)	(9,147)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,528	9,147	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services	(60,840)	(48,261)	
Non cash items added back	(60,840) 268	(40,201) 213	••
Change in operating assets and liabilities	1,522	9,210	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(59,050)	(38,838)	

The Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act was established to acquire land within the Sydney region for public purposes. This includes land suitable for regional open space, public transport corridors, and land for specific projects such as the Rouse Hill Regional Centre.

Most of the activities of the Agency are managed through separate funds established under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, including the Sydney Region Development Fund (the Fund).

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

In delivering its priorities and objectives, the Agency works towards a number of results for the community, including:

- Land for infrastructure is acquired to allow expansion of the transport system.
- Regional open space, including recreational and conservation lands, is provided for the community on a metropolitan wide basis.
- There is sound financial management of the Fund, with land acquisitions financed through sales of surplus land and a 15 year business plan setting the strategic context.

Key services provided by the Agency to contribute to these results include:

- improving, maintaining and/or enhancing regional open space by restoring and maintaining natural ecosystems, habitats and vegetation corridors to encourage more active use of open space
- maintaining land in caretaker mode until the intended use of the land is determined and initiated, for example community use
- acquiring land for rail corridors, and land identified for use as regional open space and
- developing and investing in value adding initiatives to maximise the sale value of surplus property assets and generate income for re-investment in new strategic lands for public infrastructure, with a particular emphasis on minimising the ongoing liability to government.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided, and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results, are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Results	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses	Community has appropriate levels and types of regional open space	Land for infrastructure is provided for	Cost of land acquisition is no extra burden to the community
Improvements to Regional Open Space	27.6	$\checkmark$		
Land for Community Use	5.4	$\checkmark$		
Acquisition of Regional Open Space and Corridors	39.8	~	$\checkmark$	
Land Investment and Development	58.9			$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	131.7			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Expenditure is mainly incurred for land acquisition, sale of surplus land, administration and borrowing costs. Grants to improve open space are also provided in partnership with local councils and community organisations.

The Fund's land acquisition program includes the purchase of regional open space in the Sydney metropolitan area. Open space purchases include land in the Ropes Creek and South Creek corridors of Western Sydney, sites on the Central Coast, as well as land within the Western Sydney Parklands which is being developed for long-term recreation and conservation purposes.

The Fund facilitates development of significant metropolitan open space precincts and contributes to initiatives such as the Metropolitan Greenspace program and the Sydney Harbour Access program to improve liveability in areas of Sydney. The Fund also manages a heritage asset management program under the *Heritage Act 1977*.

The Fund holds land that is no longer needed for planning purposes as well as fragments that can be aggregated and sold. The proceeds from the sale of such properties are the main source of funding for the Fund's ongoing acquisition program.

The Fund is currently selling surplus sites for major employment lands in Western Sydney. Surplus lands have been identified at Doonside for residential development and Huntingwood East for employment lands. Disposal of surplus lands is also occurring in partnership with Landcom at Doonside, and with the Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales on land sales at Seaforth, Willoughby and Belrose.

The Rouse Hill Regional Centre continues to be developed on land purchased by the Fund. This regional centre, upon completion, will include retail, commercial, community, recreational, and residential uses, and is being developed in partnership with Landcom and the private sector.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The agency has a range of strategies for the future including:

- prudent financial management to ensure adequate capital funding and to achieve an optimal return on surplus assets
- the ongoing purchase of land for rail corridors
- disposal of surplus land and ongoing review of land to be acquired within the Sydney region with the objective of maintaining the self-funding model of the Fund and
- a focus on implementing the intended outcomes for open space land strategies and lands purchased for other planning purposes.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

The agency's total recurrent expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$131.7 million, which includes \$14 million for grants to improve open space land and the Western Sydney Parklands, \$5 million for lands transferred to local councils, \$10 million for lands transferred to the Transport Infrastructure Development Corporation for the South West Rail Link and \$28 million for borrowing costs.

## **Total Revenue**

Total revenue for 2009-10 is estimated at \$23.4 million, including contributions from local councils.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **Capital Expenditure**

The agency buys land for planning purposes such as regional open space through its capital program. The capital expenditure program now also includes buying land for the South West Rail Link and North West Metro Rail Line. Associated expenses, such as planning studies for redevelopment, are also capitalised.

In 2009-10, acquisition costs are estimated at \$146.4 million, which includes \$30.4 million to buy open space and other land for planning purposes, \$33 million for South West rail corridor land acquisitions and \$83 million for the North West rail corridor land. Asset disposal is estimated at \$124.2 million.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	5,500	6,300	6,432	
Investment income	350	2,750	850	
Retained taxes, fees and fines	6,740	6,707	6,848	
Grants and contributions	29,143	11,534	5,034	
Other revenue	9,080	4,316	4,233	
Total Retained Revenue	50,813	31,607	23,397	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	455	492	300	
Other operating expenses	66,301	64,379	68,926	
Grants and subsidies	99,417	21,492	34,500	
Finance costs	33,058	22,000	28,000	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	199,231	108,363	131,726	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	73,734	68,463	61,687	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(74,684)	(8,293)	(46,642)	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Assets held for sale Other	183,293 6,031  43	14,042 9,104 62,261 48	14,155 9,214  48
Total Current Assets	189,367	85,455	23,417
Non Current Assets Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	6,849 1,277,205	3,425 1,225,381	3,806 1,356,396
Total Non Current Assets	1,284,054	1,228,806	1,360,202
Total Assets	1,473,421	1,314,261	1,383,619
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other	5,983 100,500 250 15,498	13,131 19,370 274 	13,131 19,370 274 
Total Current Liabilities	122,231	32,775	32,775
Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other	435,250 1 174	264,071 1 224	380,071 1 224
Total Non Current Liabilities	435,425	264,296	380,296
Total Liabilities	557,656	297,071	413,071
NET ASSETS	915,765	1,017,190	970,548
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	522,447 393,318	639,006 378,184	639,006 331,542
TOTAL EQUITY	915,765	1,017,190	970,548

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	5,500	2,158	6,432
Interest	350	2,750	850
Other	45,958	35,622	28,615
Total Receipts	51,808	40,530	35,897
Payments			
Employee related	455	396	300
Grants and subsidies	10,417	16,492	19,500
Finance costs Other	33,058 67,296	22,000 91,919	28,000
Other	67,290	91,919	81,426
Total Payments	111,226	130,807	129,226
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(59,418)	(90,277)	(93,329)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	127,734	81,465	124,184
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(232,651)	(114,151)	(146,361)
Advances made	(3,775)	(3,425)	(381)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(108,692)	(36,111)	(22,558)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	304,250	82,500	116,000
Repayment of borrowings and advances		(5,000)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	304,250	77,500	116,000
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	136,140	(48,888)	113
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,153	62,930	14,042
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	183,293	14,042	14,155
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	(74,684)	(8,293)	(46,642)
Non cash items added back	89,000	5,000	15,000
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(73,734)	(86,984)	(61,687)
Net cash flow from operating activities	-	(90,277)	(93,329)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Barangaroo Delivery Authority was established under the *Barangaroo Delivery Authority Act 2009* to oversee the delivery of the Government's major foreshore urban renewal program at Barangaroo.

The Barangaroo project involves transforming redundant port land in Darling Harbour into a world-class waterfront mixed use precinct containing elements of residential, commercial, retail and tourism uses and the creation of a Headland Park for use and enjoyment by the public.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In November 2008, the Government announced the creation of a dedicated delivery agency for the development of Barangaroo. Following the passage of the *Barangaroo Delivery Authority Act 2009* on 30 March 2009, the assets and liabilities relating to the Barangaroo project were transferred from the Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority to the Barangaroo Delivery Authority.

Major achievements during the year included:

- ♦ A request for Detailed Proposals for Stage One development was issued to three short listed proponents in September 2008 following a call for Expression of Interest. Stage One development will comprise a mix of commercial, retail, tourism and residential uses in the southern precinct of Barangaroo.
- Stage One developer bids from three proponents were received on 31 March 2009. The Authority has commenced evaluation and assessment of these bids.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The State Government aims to position Barangaroo as an international benchmark in urban waterfront renewal in terms of environmental protection, design excellence and community building.

The strategy for the delivery of Barangaroo involves staging the development and separating its delivery into two phases, namely:

- private sector delivery by way of staged offerings for development rights to eight development blocks (and their associated infrastructure and public domain) and
- delivery of the Headland Park and Northern Cove.

The Government has called bids for development rights to the Stage One development (Blocks 1 to 4) in accordance with the Request for Detailed Proposals process that outlined the conditions relating to design excellence and sustainability. The Government intends to use the revenue generated from the sale of these development blocks to fund infrastructure and public works. The development rights to the remaining blocks will be sold at a later stage in one or more tranches with residual public works and infrastructure funded from subsequent sale proceeds.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$9.6 million. This total includes \$3.9 million for project management and \$3 million for project evaluation costs.

## **Capital Expenditure**

Total capital expenditure for 2009-10 is estimated at \$7.9 million comprising \$7.4 million in land acquisition payments and \$500,000 for the construction of a temporary passenger terminal at White Bay.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Investment income			58
Total Retained Revenue			58
Less: Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related		654	3,888
Other operating expenses		1,665	4,262
Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs	···· ···	80	30 1,460
Total Expenses Excluding Losses		2,399	9,640
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		(2,399)	(9,582)

	200	)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets		1,159	2,720
Total Current Assets	<b></b>	1,159	2,720
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building		439,669	447,056
Plant and equipment		300	270
Infrastructure systems		150	650
Total Non Current Assets		440,119	447,976
Total Assets		441,278	450,696
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities		22.677	22.677
Payables		22,677	22,677
Total Current Liabilities		22,677	22,677
Non Current Liabilities		0.000	05 000
Borrowings at amortised cost		6,000	25,000
Other		185,077	185,077
Total Non Current Liabilities		191,077	210,077
Total Liabilities		213,754	232,754
NET ASSETS		227,524	217,942
EQUITY Accumulated funds		227,524	217,942
TOTAL EQUITY		227,524	217,942

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Interest			58
Total Receipts			58
Payments Employee related Finance costs Other	 	654 80 24,342	3,888 1,460 4,262
Total Payments		25,076	9,610
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(25,076)	(9,552)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment		20,235	(7,887)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		20,235	(7,887)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from borrowings and advances		6,000	19,000
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		6,000	19,000
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		1,159	1,561
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents			1,159
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	•••	1,159	2,720
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	 	(2,399)  (22,677)	(9,582) 30 
Net cash flow from operating activities		(25,076)	(9,552)

The Hunter Development Corporation was established by the *Growth Centres* (*Hunter Development Corporation*) Order 2008 under the *Growth Centres* (*Development Corporations*) Act 1974 to facilitate economic growth, investment, masterplanning and renewal of growth centres in the 11 local government areas of the Hunter region. The Corporation is also responsible for the remediation and implementation of environmental programs on industrial lands at Mayfield and Kooragang Island. In addition, the Corporation coordinates the redevelopment of surplus government railway and port related land in Newcastle as part of the Newcastle City Centre Renewal Strategy.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Corporation completed Stage One of the \$110 million remediation of the former BHP Steelworks site at Mayfield on time and on budget. A proponent was selected to undertake a \$120 million redevelopment of the general industrial precinct for future industrial use.

Significant progress was made on several developments within the Honeysuckle urban renewal project. This includes the substantial completion of the stage three residential development and Chifley serviced apartments building at Lee Wharf. The Glasshouse commercial office building on the Wickham waterfront and the 14,000 square metres HQo commercial office building at Cottage Creek were also completed during the year.

In December 2008, the Corporation reached agreement with Landcom for the delivery of significant employment and residential lands at West Wallsend. When completed, the project is anticipated to generate approximately 2,000 employment lots and 2,000 residential lots.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

During the next four years, the Corporation will:

• facilitate the masterplanning of the Broadmeadow Precinct in conjunction with the Hunter Valley Sporting Venues Authority. Potential exists within the Broadmeadow Precinct to create greater critical mass around the delivery of sporting, entertainment and recreational uses

Budget Estimates 2009-10

- develop existing landholdings that have the potential to deliver employment (primarily in the industrial and commercial sectors) and residential opportunities. These include lands at Mayfield, Tomago, West Wallsend and Honeysuckle which are in varying stages of planning or development
- facilitate employment and residential development projects in regional centres and renewal corridors identified in the Lower Hunter Regional Strategy. The focus for the Corporation over the next two years will be in the western Lake Macquarie area and potential synergies that may be available in proximity to the Corporation's landholding at West Wallsend and
- undertake remediation and infrastructure projects in the Lower Hunter. These projects are primarily based in the Corporation's landholdings at Mayfield and Kooragang Island.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for the Corporation for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$38.4 million. This includes \$17.4 million in remediation works, \$3.5 million to cover the cost of land and property sales, \$6.2 million in property management costs and \$4.6 million in community works.

### **Capital Expenditure**

In accordance with accounting standards, the Corporation's property development activities are capitalised as inventory rather than property assets. The Corporation has no capital expenditure planned for 2009-10.

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	8,041 1,960 1,551 11,006	145 2,389 813 4,169	8,800 1,947 714 25,315
Total Retained Revenue	22,558	7,516	36,776
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies Finance costs	18,182 39 4,590 430	8,152 37 1,277 206	33,007 35 4,575 817
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	23,241	9,672	38,434
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(683)	(2,156)	(1,658)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	0	0	•
Cash assets	8	8 1,333	8
Receivables Inventories	1,388 2,832	12,085	638 18,202
Total Current Assets	4,228	13,426	18,848
Non Current Assets	40,400	00.000	60 F47
Inventories Property, plant and equipment -	12,168	60,662	63,517
Plant and equipment	257	227	192
Total Non Current Assets	12,425	60,889	63,709
Total Assets	16,653	74,315	82,557
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	833	1,113	779
Borrowings at amortised cost	3,577	3,047	14,637
Provisions	129	189	190
Other	905	3,319	1,962
Total Current Liabilities	5,444	7,668	17,568
Non Current Liabilities Other	53	43	43
Total Non Current Liabilities	53	43	43
Total Liabilities	5,497	7,711	17,611
NET ASSETS	11,156	66,604	64,946
EQUITY	44.450	00 00 <i>i</i>	
Accumulated funds	11,156	66,604	64,946
TOTAL EQUITY	11,156	66,604	64,946

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	8,213	2,686	8,529
Interest	1,960	2,389	1,947
Other	12,557	4,982	26,029
Total Receipts	22,730	10,057	36,505
Payments			
Grants and subsidies	4,590	1,277	4,575
Finance costs	430	206	817
Other	18,240	8,416	42,703
Total Payments	23,260	9,899	48,095
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(530)	158	(11,590)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(15)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(15)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	520		44 500
Proceeds from borrowings and advances Repayment of borrowings and advances	530 	 (224)	11,590 
		(00.0)	44 500
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	530	(224)	11,590
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		(81)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	89	8
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8	8	8
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	(683)	(2,156)	(1,658)
Non cash items added back	39	37	35
Change in operating assets and liabilities	114	2,277	(9,967)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(530)	158	(11,590)

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Luna Park Reserve Trust is entrusted with the care, control and management of the Luna Park Reserve in accordance with the *Luna Park Site Act 1990*. The Sydney Harbour Foreshore Authority manages the affairs of the Trust.

The Trust derives all its income from a 40 year lease of the amusement park to a commercial operator. The Trust funds the maintenance of nominated heritage and infrastructure items and administration costs.

The Trust also reimburses Luna Park Sydney Pty Ltd for the refurbishment of heritage items and infrastructure within the Reserve prior to the recommencement of operations at Luna Park in 2004.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The mandate of the Reserve Trust is to ensure Luna Park and the associated harbour foreshore remains available and accessible for the enjoyment of the public. This outcome is to be achieved by working toward the following results:

- The visual appearance and sense of place of the whole Reserve is maintained.
- Luna Park is preserved as a State heritage asset which sustains the 1930s amusement park theme of the site.
- Luna Park is funded by a commercially viable business.

Key services provided by the Reserve Trust to contribute to these results include:

- administration of the Heritage and Infrastructure Fund which is allocated to conserve and improve the park's heritage and infrastructure features and
- management of a 40 year operating lease over the Luna Park site.

The key services provided by the Reserve Trust and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

		Results		
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	The visual appearance and sense of place of the whole Reserve is maintained	Luna Park is preserved as a State heritage asset which sustains the 1930s amusement park theme of the site	Luna Park is funded by a commercially viable business
Administer the Heritage and Infrastructure Fund	0.8		$\checkmark$	
Manage the 40 year Operating Lease over Luna Park	1.1	~		✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1.9			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Recent achievements include the completion of major repair work to the seawall underneath the Crystal Palace and improvements to Coney Island.

# **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Reserve Trust will continue to work closely with Luna Park Sydney Pty Ltd to ensure that the site remains a viable amusement park and entertainment precinct.

The Park's tenant has prepared a Total Asset Management Plan to identify the refurbishment needs of the amusement park assets and infrastructure items over the next 15 years. The Reserve Trust will supervise the implementation of this Plan to ensure that the works are completed to appropriate standards and the cultural heritage of the site is maintained.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$1.9 million. This includes \$800,000 for the maintenance of historic amusement park assets and \$400,000 for the maintenance of infrastructure assets such as the boardwalk, cliff face, Glen Street stairs and seawall.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income	1,353 25	1,500 12	1,545 15
Total Retained Revenue	1,378	1,512	1,560
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	1,512 466	1,739 468	1,405 464
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,978	2,207	1,869
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(600)	(695)	(309)

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets Receivables	253 945	47 148	218 132
Total Current Assets	1,198	195	350
Non Current Assets Receivables Property, plant and equipment -	350	940	140
Land and building Infrastructure systems	18,614 6,734	18,643 6,703	18,427 6,455
Total Non Current Assets	25,698	26,286	25,022
Total Assets	26,896	26,481	25,372
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables	1,005	974	174
Total Current Liabilities	1,005	974	174
Non Current Liabilities Other	350		
Total Non Current Liabilities	350		
Total Liabilities	1,355	974	174
NET ASSETS	25,541	25,507	25,198
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	15,906 9,635	15,906 9,601	15,906 9,292
TOTAL EQUITY	25,541	25,507	25,198

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	1,353	1,500	1,545
Interest	25	12	15
Other	980	1,173	971
Total Receipts	2,358	2,685	2,531
Payments Other	3,307	2,916	2,360
Total Payments	3,307	2,916	2,360
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(949)	(231)	171
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	800		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	800		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(149)	(231)	171
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	402	278	47
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	253	47	218
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	(600)	(695)	(309)
Non cash items added back	<b>`46</b> 6	<b>46</b> 8	<b>`46</b> 4
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(815)	(4)	16
Net cash flow from operating activities	(949)	(231)	171

# STATE SPORTS CENTRE TRUST

The State Sports Centre Trust manages the Sports Centre, Hockey Centre and Sports Halls at Sydney Olympic Park.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Trust has seen an increase in the use of its venues for major sporting and community events and a sustained increase in the use of the venues for recreation activities.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Trust's key financial challenge is to increase revenues from its commercial activities to support the delivery of sporting and community activities. The Trust is focused on maintaining facilities, broadening the range of services to attract larger audiences and marketing initiatives to secure new events and increase community participation.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

# **Total Expenses**

Total Trust expenses, estimated at \$5.7 million in 2009-10, will be used to operate and maintain the Centres' sporting facilities.

## **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10, the Trust plans to spend \$84,000 on the replacement of sporting equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### STATE SPORT CENTRE TRUST

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	3,967	4,165	4,077
Investment income	75	109	79
Grants and contributions	1,145	1,125	1,150
Other revenue	44	44	44
Total Retained Revenue	5,231	5,443	5,350
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating Expenses -			
Employee related	2,570	2,747	2,710
Other operating expenses	2,274	2,557	2,404
Depreciation and amortisation	563	572	560
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5,407	5,876	5,674
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(3)	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(176)	(436)	(324)

## STATE SPORT CENTRE TRUST

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	355	338	379
Receivables	579	364	499
Other financial assets Inventories	1,407 12	1,410 11	1,423 11
Total Current Assets	2,353	2,123	2,312
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	397	628	379
Plant and equipment Other	955 181	990 185	763 165
Other	101	100	100
Total Non Current Assets	1,533	1,803	1,307
Total Assets	3,886	3,926	3,619
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	463	581	581
Borrowings at amortised cost		13	13
Provisions	527	544	558
Other	239	287	290
Total Current Liabilities	1,229	1,425	1,442
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	77	63	63
Provisions	13	8	8
Total Non Current Liabilities	90	71	71
Total Liabilities	1,319	1,496	1,513
NET ASSETS	2,567	2,430	2,106
EQUITY			
Reserves	747	747	747
Accumulated funds	1,820	1,683	1,359
TOTAL EQUITY	2,567	2,430	2,106

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### STATE SPORT CENTRE TRUST

Revised \$000 4,149 109 1,261 5,519 2,713 2,694 5,407 112	Budget \$000 3,945 79 1,286 5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172 138
109 1,261 <b>5,519</b> 2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	79 1,286 5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172
109 1,261 <b>5,519</b> 2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	79 1,286 5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172
109 1,261 <b>5,519</b> 2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	79 1,286 5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172
1,261 <b>5,519</b> 2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	1,286 5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172
<b>5,519</b> 2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	5,310 2,676 2,496 5,172
2,713 2,694 <b>5,407</b>	2,676 2,496 5,172
2,694 <b>5,407</b>	2,496 5,172
2,694 <b>5,407</b>	2,496 5,172
5,407	5,172
-, -	·
112	138
(271)	(84)
(275)	(13)
(531)	(97)
(419)	41
757	338
338	379
(436)	(324)
572	560
	(98)
(24)	
	757 <b>338</b> (436)

# WESTERN SYDNEY PARKLANDS TRUST

The *Western Sydney Parklands Act 2006* commenced on 1 January 2008. The legislation established the Western Sydney Parklands and created a Trust to develop and manage the Parklands system.

The Parklands comprises 5,218 hectares of land stretching 27 kilometres from Doonside to Leppington. A large amount of land within the Parklands is vested with the Trust including properties previously owned by the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act as well as the existing Western Sydney Regional Park at Abbotsbury.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Trust is delivering its priorities and objectives by working towards the following results:

- The Parklands are accessible for public access and use.
- The Parklands are developed to promote public recreation use.
- Environmental values in the Parklands and its watercourses are protected, restored and enhanced.

Key services provided by the Trust to contribute to these results include:

- management and operation of the Parklands
- progressive development of the Parklands for public involvement and enjoyment and
- protection, restoration and enhancement of the environmental values of the Parklands and its watercourses.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the Trust and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

2009-10 Budget		Results					
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Parklands are accessible for community use	Parklands are developed to promote public recreational use	Protection, restoration and enhancement of environmental values			
Land for Community Use	3.1	~	~				
Facilities and Programs for Community Involvement	1.4	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Biodiversity for Ecological Sustainability	1.6			$\checkmark$			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	6.1						

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09, the Parklands Director and key staff were appointed. The Trust completed the first stage of its capital works program including recreation facilities at Doonside and Greenway Views, Parklands track improvements and signage. The Trust also entered into biorestoration contracts along the Parklands corridor.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Trust will consolidate and better coordinate the management of government land and facilities within the Parklands and ensure the development of the Parklands for public enjoyment. The Government's long-term vision for the site will guide the Trust in its management of the Parklands.

The Trust is developing strategies for the future including:

- the preparation of a sustainable financial plan for the Parklands
- the ongoing marketing of the community benefits of the Parklands
- the preparation of a capital development program
- liaison with the Department of Planning for the preparation of a new planning instrument for the corridor and
- the preparation of a Plan of Management for the Parklands.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Trust's total recurrent expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$6.1 million.

### **Total Revenue**

The Trust's revenue for 2009-10 is estimated at \$21.2 million, including \$1.2 million from rent, a \$1.5 million grant from the Department of Environment and Climate Change, an \$8 million grant from Department of Planning and a \$10 million grant from the sale of surplus lands by the Minister Administering the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act.

### **Capital Expenditure**

Capital expenditure of \$12.7 million in 2009-10 includes upgrading of Bungarribee Park, Dairy Picnic Ground, Nurragingy Reserve and nearby fields, biorestoration works to protect the Parklands, signage and track improvements, and extending the cyclepath.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### WESTERN SYDNEY PARKLANDS TRUST

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	1,100	1,165	1,205
Investment income	25	106	172
Grants and contributions	4,263	9,996	19,543
Other revenue		13	280
Total Retained Revenue	5,388	11,280	21,200
Less:			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Employee related		340	304
Other operating expenses	5,272	4,616	5,585
Depreciation and amortisation	111	86	219
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	5,383	5,042	6,108
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	5	6,238	15,092

### WESTERN SYDNEY PARKLANDS TRUST

	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	626	2 257	E 000
Cash assets Receivables	636 	3,257 174	5,888 174
Total Current Assets	636	3,431	6,062
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	266,031	335,599	335,590
Plant and equipment		10	9
Infrastructure systems	10,451	7,846	20,317
Total Non Current Assets	276,482	343,455	355,916
Total Assets	277,118	346,886	361,978
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities		504	504
Payables Provisions		561 25	561 25
Provisions		20	25
Total Current Liabilities		586	586
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	6,849		
Total Non Current Liabilities	6,849		
Total Liabilities	6,849	586	586
NET ASSETS	270,269	346,300	361,392
EQUITY			
Reserves		23,626	23,626
Accumulated funds	270,269	322,674	329,766
TOTAL EQUITY	270,269	346,300	361,392

### WESTERN SYDNEY PARKLANDS TRUST

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	1,100	1,119	1,205
Interest Other	25 4,263	106 10,085	172 19,813
Total Receipts	5,388	11,310	21,190
Payments Employee related		170	294
Other	5,272	4,624	5,585
Total Payments	5,272	4,794	5,879
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	116	6,516	15,311
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(4,175)	(4,188)	(12,680)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(4,175)	(4,188)	(12,680)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from borrowings and advances	3,775		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,775		
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(284)	2,328	2,631
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	920	929	3,257
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	636	3,257	5,888
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION	_		
Surplus/(deficit) for year Non cash items added back	5 111	6,238 86	15,092 219
Change in operating assets and liabilities		192	
Net cash flow from operating activities	116	6,516	15,311

The role of the Authority is to encourage and promote the orderly development of the suburbs of Redfern, Eveleigh, Darlington and Waterloo, and to address issues of social and economic disadvantage. The Government wants the Redfern-Waterloo area to become a more active, vibrant and sustainable community displaying greater social cohesion and community safety, where the Aboriginal community is supported and respected. Its operational area comprises approximately 350 hectares.

The Authority is a formally constituted statutory authority with a Board reporting directly to the Minister for Planning.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority seeks to promote urban renewal by working towards the following results:

- Increased business investment in the local area.
- Provision of affordable housing.
- Job creation for local unemployed.
- Enhanced community safety.
- Promotion of new and improved public infrastructure.

Key services provided by the Authority which contribute to these results include:

- provision for a potential 600,000 square metres of commercial and residential floor space, particularly on surplus government lands
- encouragement of partnerships with the private sector and service providers to foster literacy and numeracy programs
- positive engagement and connection between younger and older people, reduced social isolation and increased access to employment activities and
- development of the Australian Technology Park roads and infrastructure which includes a pedestrian link to North Eveleigh.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results					
Service Groups	Expenses	Increased business investment in the local area	Provision of affordable housing	Job creation for local unemployed	Enhanced community safety	Promotion of new public infrastructure	
Built Environment Plan	10.0	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Employment and Enterprise	1.0	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Human Services Plan	0.2			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Australian Technology Park	16.6	~		$\checkmark$		~	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	27.8						

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09, the Authority's achievements included:

- brokering the sale of the former Redfern Public School to the Indigenous Land Corporation for \$14.8 million as part of a \$45 million investment in a National Indigenous Development Centre
- concept planning and disposal of the former Rachel Forster Hospital for \$11.5 million to fund a new \$10 million community health centre at the former Redfern Courthouse and Police Station
- finalising a Voluntary Planning Agreement which will deliver \$32 million in affordable housing contributions from the former Carlton United Breweries site
- creating more than 220 jobs for Aboriginal workers through the Authority's landmark Indigenous Employment Model
- establishing a \$850,000 cross-cultural construction and hospitality training college, Yaama Dhiyaan, at North Eveleigh and
- establishing Eveleigh Markets at the Blacksmiths workshop as a community initiative.

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#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Authority advises and assists the Minister to develop the Redfern-Waterloo Plan which sets the strategic direction of the urban renewal activities to be undertaken by the Authority.

The Authority's priorities in accordance with the Redfern-Waterloo Plan are:

- sale of North Eveleigh
- sale of the Australian Technology Park (ATP)
- establishing a Built Environment Plan 2 focusing on the renewal of public housing in the Redfern-Waterloo area
- ongoing implementation of the Redfern-Waterloo plans, particularly the Human Services and the Employment, Enterprise and Training plans and
- in partnership with Railcorp, redevelopment of Redfern Station. This is to be funded from the proceeds of the sale of the North Eveleigh site.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$27.8 million. The majority of expenditure is for planning, urban renewal and infrastructure expenses. It also includes place management expenses and costs associated with the running of the conference centre at the ATP. The ATP expenses include \$3.2 million interest on loans taken to finance the construction of the National Information Communication Technology Australia Building.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Authority's capital program for 2009-10 is \$4.4 million. Major new infrastructure developments include public domain and preliminary works on the Channel 7 site and installation of high voltage feeders at the ATP site to meet the future power needs.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

			2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	17,474 1,224 5,000 657	15,867 1,944 5,000 968	17,412 1,269 4,842 6,593
Total Retained Revenue	24,355	23,779	30,116
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs	3,945 12,186 1,025 3,656	4,457 11,583 982 3,531	4,670 18,694 1,233 3,222
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20,812	20,553	27,819
Other gains/(losses)	(35)	(35)	(36)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	3,508	3,191	2,261

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets Cash assets	25.072	25 029	20 566
Receivables	25,973 2,311	25,028 2,385	20,566 626
Other financial assets	2,311	2,303	407
		010	
Total Current Assets	28,284	27,791	21,599
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets		4,186	3,779
Investment properties Property, plant and equipment -	209,850	216,200	216,200
Plant and equipment	13,662	15,085	18,317
Intangibles	(19)	112	37
Other	<b>`</b> 38́	1,561	1,212
Total Non Current Assets	223,531	237,144	239,545
Total Assets	251,815	264,935	261,144
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	6,069	6,587	3,950
Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions	 855	378 830	407 910
1 1003013	000	000	510
Total Current Liabilities	6,924	7,795	5,267
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	42,700	44,011	40,484
Provisions	185	63	66
Total Non Current Liabilities	42,885	44,074	40,550
Total Liabilities	49,809	51,869	45,817
	202,006	213,066	215,327
NET ASSETS			
NET ASSETS EQUITY Accumulated funds	202,006	213,066	215,327

Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	17,805	16,577	17,554
Interest	1,224	1,944	1,269
Other	5,622	7,140	11,599
Total Receipts	24,651	25,661	30,422
Payments			
Employee related	3,850	4,401	4,587
Finance costs	3,656	3,531	3,222
Other	14,027	22,454	19,565
Total Payments	21,533	30,386	27,374
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,118	(4,725)	3,048
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Advance repayments received		371	378
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,735)	(7,233)	(4,390)
Other		(50)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,735)	(6,912)	(4,012)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances		4,386	
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(500)	(523)	(3,498)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(500)	3,863	(3,498)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,117)	(7,774)	(4,462)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	27,090	32,802	25,028
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25,973	25,028	20,566
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	3,508	3,191	2,261
Non cash items added back	1,025	982	1,233
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(1,415)	(8,898)	(446)
Net cash flow from operating activities	3,118	(4,725)	3,048

# MINISTER FOR POLICE, MINISTER FOR LANDS, AND MINISTER FOR RURAL AFFAIRS

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Ministry for Police	7.3	7.6	3.4
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
NSW Police Force			
Total Expenses	2,361.1	2,459.8	4.2
Capital Expenditure	158.2	160.1	1.2
New South Wales Crime Commission			
Total Expenses	17.8	17.3	-2.7
Capital Expenditure	1.6	1.6	
Police Integrity Commission			
Total Expenses	19.3	20.1	3.8
Capital Expenditure	1.8	1.8	
Department of Lands			
Total Expenses	97.8	106.8	9.2
Capital Expenditure	0.9	0.6	-26.7
Land and Property Information New South Wales			
Total Expenses	167.8	177.1	5.6
Capital Expenditure	19.0	19.0	
Total, Minister for Police, Minister for Lands, and Minister for Rural Affairs			
Total Expenses	2,671.1	2,788.7	4.4
Capital Expenditure	181.6	183.2	0.9

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **MINISTRY FOR POLICE**

The Ministry for Police provides the Minister for Police with independent policy advice on issues affecting the Police portfolio and supports the Minister in the performance of Ministerial and Parliamentary functions. The Ministry develops and assists the passage of legislation to meet the Government's law and order objectives.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Ministry assists the Minister and the other portfolio agencies to effectively discharge their responsibilities by working towards the following results:

- Portfolio agencies are assisted to meet Government priorities of reducing crime, the fear of crime and antisocial behaviour.
- Police have appropriate legislative powers to carry out their duties effectively.

Key services provided by the Ministry that contribute to these results include:

- advice and Ministerial support, including the development of policies and legislation and the provision of advice to the Minister and
- the provision of independent policy advice and strategic coordination to portfolio agencies, and liaison between portfolio and external agencies. This involves the evaluation, monitoring and review of materials passed between agencies within the portfolio, comparative studies with other jurisdictions and reviews to ensure that legislative tools are practical and applicable to police on the frontline.

The key services provided by the Ministry and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Res	sults
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Portfolio agencies are assisted to meet Government priorities of reducing crime, the fear of crime and antisocial behaviour	Police have appropriate legislative powers to carry out their duties effectively
Advice and Ministerial Support	4.8	✓	✓
Portfolio Coordination	2.8	✓	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	7.6		

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Achievements during 2008-09 include:

- developing a legislative and regulatory response to gang-related crime, especially violent crime, with a new Act and amendments to other related legislation passed in April 2009
- working with the Office of Liquor, Gaming and Racing and the Department of Premier and Cabinet to develop legislation to respond to alcohol-related violence, with reforms commencing in December 2008
- amending the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities)* Act 2002 to introduce covert search warrants for use by law enforcement agencies when conducting investigations into serious offences, such as clandestine drug laboratories, and introducing amendments to create new computer search powers for use in concert with both regular and covert search warrants
- re-establishing the Pastoral and Agricultural Crime Working Party
- convening a multi-agency committee to oversee the State-wide implementation of the Child Protection Watch Teams, which are being progressively rolled out between 2008 and 2010
- amending the *Security Industry Act 1997* to align New South Wales with national minimum standards agreed to through the COAG process for the private security industry and to provide an enhanced training regime for individuals and firms wishing to provide dog handling security services and
- undertaking a statutory review of the *Police Regulation 2000* and introducing the *Police Regulation 2008*.

# **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The Ministry provides an important source of policy ideas and proposals for the Government and portfolio agencies. It supports the Minister's legislative program which covers a wide range of issues. These include: police powers, the confiscation of proceeds of crime, firearms, the security industry, gangs, and the registration of child sex offenders. The Ministry is also involved in wider policy issues relating to the criminal justice system.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Ministry continues to focus on effective resource allocation and management across the portfolio. This includes monitoring recurrent and capital budgets, police strength, the use of technology and performance improvements.

During 2009-10, the Ministry will continue to focus on developing and implementing legislation to support the Government's priorities. This will cover areas such as serious and organised crime, counter-terrorism, reducing crime and antisocial behaviour, cutting red tape for police and monitoring the implementation of commitments across the portfolio. The Ministry will also continue to review and enhance policy initiatives developed by portfolio agencies.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Ministry's total expenses are estimated at \$7.6 million in 2009-10, an increase of 3.4 per cent on the 2008-09 Budget. This includes \$2 million that is used to fund police investigations of offenders.

The Ministry will also continue to support the Office of the Inspector of the Police Integrity Commission.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Ministry will spend \$69,000 in 2009-10 on minor equipment.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Portfolio agencies are assisted to meet Government priorities

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast		
Reform recommendations arising from activities of portfolio agencies	no.	5	8	10	10	10

This result indicator identifies the number of reforms made, or proposed, to improve policing outcomes.

#### Police have appropriate legislative powers

	Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 orecast
Result Indicators:						
Legislative amendments passed by the Parliament	no.	20	27	20	17	18
Regulation amendments made	no.	7	7	8	12	10

These result indicators illustrate the number of legislative and regulation amendments that have been made, or are proposed, to ensure that Police have appropriate powers to effectively carry out their duties and to support the operations of other agencies within the Police portfolio.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **38.1 Advice and Ministerial Support**

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of sound, impartial and
	independent policy advice and the coordination of policy development
	for the portfolio. It also covers the development and management of
	the Minister's portfolio legislation.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the provision of independent policy advice and strategic coordination by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- policy decisions are appropriate to stakeholder needs
- portfolio agencies operate in a consistent manner in line with whole-of-government objectives and
- operational issues within portfolio agencies are appropriately assessed and considered by Government.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cabinet minutes developed Cabinet advice briefs prepared	no.	22	49	38	45	48
by the Ministry	no.	204	357	220	296	300
Bills passed by the Parliament Regulations made or	no.	9	12	8	8	8
remade/changed	no.	5	2	2	2	2
Employees:	FTE	20	20	20	19	19

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,777	4,633	4,786
NET COST OF SERVICES	4,756	4,616	4,763
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	45	43	43

#### **38.2 Portfolio Coordination**

Service Description:	This service group covers liaison and coordination across the portfolio
	and with external agencies to provide an accessible forum in which
	stakeholders can raise and resolve sensitive issues.

- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the liaison and coordination between portfolio and external agencies by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - portfolio agencies operate in a consistent manner in line with whole-of-government objectives
  - operational issues within portfolio agencies are appropriately assessed and considered by government and
  - an appropriate level of customer service is provided to the people of New South Wales.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Replies to letters Replies to questions on notice Replies to questions without	no. no.	4,000 250	3,017 292	4,800 250	4,803 259	4,800 275
notice Letters responded to within	no.	50	44	65	139	155
the required time frame	%	97	95	97	96	97
Employees:	FTE	11	11	11	11	11

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,571	2,720	2,811
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,562	2,712	2,798
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	24	26	26

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Grants and subsidies	4,115 1,051 185 1,997	4,086 999 168 2,100	4,087 1,234 176 2,100
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	7,348	7,353	7,597
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income Other revenue <b>Total Retained Revenue</b> Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets <b>NET COST OF SERVICES</b>	1 27 2 <b>30</b>  <b>7,318</b>	1 34 2 <b>37</b> (12) <b>7,328</b>	1 34 1 36  7,561
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	7,318 7,101	7,328 7,249	7,561 7,163
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	69 69	69 69	69 69

### **38 MINISTRY FOR POLICE**

# **38 MINISTRY FOR POLICE**

	200	2009-10	
_	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	870	714	767
Receivables Other	23 5	22 7	22 7
Total Current Assets	898	743	796
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment	780	734	633
Intangibles		54	48
Total Non Current Assets	780	788	681
Total Assets	1,678	1,531	1,477
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	143	139	149
Provisions	614	545	565
Total Current Liabilities	757	684	714
Non Current Liabilities	0	4	
Provisions	3	4	4
Total Non Current Liabilities	3	4	4
Total Liabilities	760	688	718
NET ASSETS	918	843	759
EQUITY Accumulated funds	918	843	759
TOTAL EQUITY	918	843	759

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 2008-09 2009-10 Budget Budget Revised \$000 \$000 \$000 **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments Employee related 3,897 3,787 3,813 Grants and subsidies 1,997 2,100 2,100 Other 1,149 1,164 1,334 **Total Payments** 7,051 7,247 7,043 Receipts Sale of goods and services 1 1 1 Interest 27 40 34 Other 103 114 102 **Total Receipts** 131 155 137 NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (7,110) (6,912) (6,896) **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 1 Purchases of property, plant and equipment (69) (13)(69) Other (56)... ... NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (69) (68) (69) **CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT** Recurrent appropriation 7,101 7,249 7,163 Capital appropriation 69 69 69 Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund (218)... ... **NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT** 7,170 7,100 7,232 189 136 53 **NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents** 681 578 714 **CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS** 870 714 767 **CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION** Net cost of services (7, 328)(7, 561)(7,318)Non cash items added back 465 386 421 Change in operating assets and liabilities 30 20 (33)Net cash flow from operating activities (6,912)(6, 896)(7,110)

#### **38 MINISTRY FOR POLICE**

# **NSW POLICE FORCE**

The NSW Police Force provides community-based policing services from 80 Local Area Commands. The agency's governing legislation is the *Police Act 1990* and the actions of police officers are guided by the *Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The NSW Police Force has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to deliver the following State Plan priorities:

- R1: Reducing rates of crime, particularly violent crime.
- R3: Reduced levels of antisocial behaviour.

The NSW Police Force is working with the community to establish a safer environment by reducing violence, crime, and fear of crime by working towards the following results:

- Rates of crime and violence are reduced.
- Fear of crime, antisocial behaviour and public disorder are reduced.

The key services provided by the NSW Police Force that contribute to these results include:

- community support services including supplying an effective, timely and flexible 24 hour response to incidents, emergencies, and public events
- criminal investigation services including crime detection, investigation, forensic services, and dealing with alleged offenders
- traffic and commuter services including patrolling roads, highways, and public transport corridors, investigating major vehicle crashes, detecting traffic and transport offences, and supervising peak traffic flows and
- judicial support including judicial and custodial services, prosecuting offenders, presenting evidence at court, transport and custody for people under police supervision, and support to victims and witnesses.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the NSW Police Force and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results			
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Reduced crime and violence	Reduced fear of crime, antisocial behaviour and public disorder		
Community Support	1,396.8	√	√		
Criminal Investigation	646.9	✓	√		
Traffic and Commuter Services	225.0	✓	√		
Judicial Support	191.1	✓	✓		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,459.8				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Total expenses have increased by 29 per cent since 2004-05, reflecting a significant boost in police numbers to meet the Government's State Plan objectives of reducing crime and antisocial behaviour.

Authorised police numbers were increased to 15,306 in December 2008. Additional police resources have enabled the NSW Police Force to continue to provide effective services that drive down crime and maintain public order across New South Wales.

### **Reduced Levels of Crime**

The NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (BOCSAR) reports that in the 24 months to December 2008 only two of the 17 major offence categories were trending upwards (steal from retail store and fraud). Seven categories remained stable, eight were trending downwards (robbery without a weapon, robbery with a firearm, robbery with a weapon not a firearm, break and enter dwelling, break and enter non-dwelling, motor vehicle theft, steal from motor vehicle, and steal from person). The major crime trends are illustrated in the following graphs:

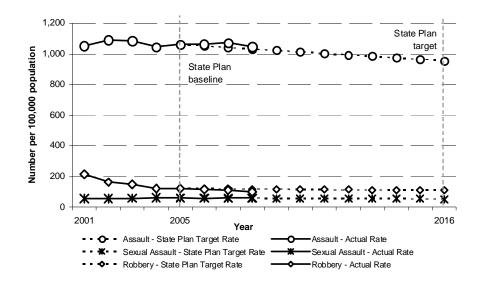
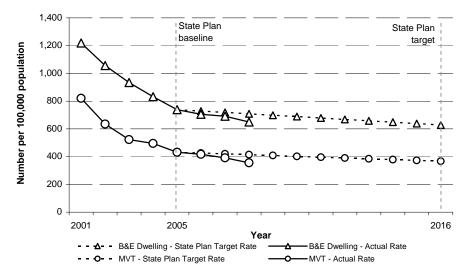


Chart 18.1: Personal Crime Rate Data per 100,000 population

Data source: BOCSAR Report - An update of long-term trends in property and violent crime in New South Wales: 1990-2008 (April 2009)

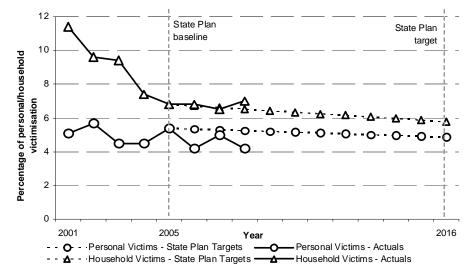




Data source: BOCSAR Report - An update of long-term trends in property and violent crime in New South Wales: 1990-2008 (April 2009)

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The proportion of households that were victims of property crime has reduced from 11.4 per cent in 2001 to 7 per cent in 2008. Personal crime rates have been relatively stable over the same period and are currently below the State Plan forecast trajectory. These results are shown in the following graph:





#### People feel safer

The NSW community generally feel safe alone after dark, at home and walking or jogging. The percentage of people who feel safe, or very safe, travelling on public transport has increased and is equivalent to the national average.

The NSW community, however, remains more concerned about illegal drugs, louts and gangs, and drunken or disorderly behaviour than the Australian population generally. Concern about speeding cars and dangerous or noisy driving has remained steady over the last five years.

The level of community concern about becoming a victim of householder personal crime is equivalent to the national average. Concerns about being a victim have fallen in New South Wales over the last five years.

Source: ABS Crime and Safety NSW (cat: 4509.1) November 2008 Household crimes include break and enter, attempted break and enter and motor vehicle theft. Personal crimes include robbery, assault and sexual assault.

#### Community satisfaction remains steady

Community confidence in police has remained steady as has the proportion of the population who agree police treat people fairly and equally. The percentage of people satisfied with police dealing with public order problems has also remained steady and is equivalent to the national average.

The percentage of people who agree that most police are honest has stabilised but remains marginally below the national average. Opinion regarding police performing their job professionally has remained steady.

#### Lowest road toll

The 2008 calendar year recorded the lowest annual road toll since 1945. There were 398 people killed in motor vehicle crashes in the 12 months to December 2008, compared to the previous year's record low of 435.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Government is supporting a number of initiatives to assist the NSW Police Force achieve its goal of reducing crime, violence and antisocial behaviour. These include:

#### **Police Numbers**

Further to its commitment to increase authorised police numbers from 15,206 to 15,306 in December 2008, the Government will increase the Force's authorised strength by an additional 650 officers to 15,956 by December 2011. Funding totalling \$286.2 million has been allocated over the next four years for this purpose.

These extra police will be deployed to further strengthen current programs and support new initiatives to reduce crime, violence, and community fear.

#### **Enhanced DNA Testing**

The NSW Police Force has achieved significant success in combating crime by using DNA testing as an investigative tool. To enhance technical support for criminal investigation, the Government will provide further funding of \$15 million over the next four years for DNA testing and related initiatives.

DNA testing allows police to link a suspect to a crime scene, or to link previously unrelated crimes. DNA can also clear individuals from becoming suspects in an investigation, saving police resources.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Keep Them Safe: A Shared Approach to Child Protection

To implement *Keep Them Safe: A shared approach to child wellbeing* the NSW Police Force will establish a Child Wellbeing Unit to advise, support and educate frontline mandatory reporting staff to identify when a child is at risk of significant harm, and in less serious cases, to identify appropriate local action or referral (\$12.7 million over four years).

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses are budgeted to increase by \$99 million to \$2.5 billion in 2009-10, an increase of 4.2 per cent compared to last year's Budget allocation.

Budgeted expenses for 2009-10 have decreased compared with revised 2008-09 expenses. The major factors contributing to this variation relate in the main to employee related expenses and include:

- a one-off actuarial adjustment to long service leave liabilities (\$53.6 million)
- the one-off impact of expenses in 2008-09 relating to the Police Death and Disability Scheme (\$28 million)
- the forecast settlement in 2008-09 of final and interim Workers' Compensation adjustments for 2002-03 and 2004-05 (\$20.3 million) and
- one-off expenses incurred in supporting the World Youth Day event during 2008-09 (\$14.7 million).

After allowing for the above one-off adjustments, budgeted expenses will increase by almost \$66 million compared to last year.

Funding has been provided in 2009-10 for a number of new and continuing initiatives within the NSW Police Force's budget:

- ♦ \$32.2 million for the employment of additional police officers as part of the Government's commitment to increase authorised police numbers by an additional 750 officers by December 2011
- \$12.5 million to meet the ongoing operating costs of new information communication technology works

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- a \$10 million budget increase to support additional costs associated with police vehicles and property maintenance
- \$9.2 million towards increased forensic DNA testing
- \$10 million for the rollout of Tasers to first response police, including \$4.9 million in capital costs
- \$3.8 million in continuing funding for civilian Police Community Youth Club managers
- \$3.2 million to implement a Child Wellbeing Unit under the Government's *Keep Them Safe* initiative and
- \$1.1 million for ongoing drug programs.

### **Capital Expenditure**

The 2009-10 Budget capital program allows for expenditure of \$160.1 million on asset acquisitions. The NSW Police Force's capital program aims to:

- provide functional and cost effective accommodation where it is needed
- improve the safety of operational police
- equip police to enable them to perform their role effectively and
- increase the efficient and effective use of operational and administrative data.

#### **Major New Works**

An amount of \$29.7 million has been provided for the commencement of major new works in 2009-10. New projects include:

- \$13.1 million for radio network and communication infrastructure upgrades
- \$4.9 million for the purchase of Tasers
- \$4.4 million for the upgrade of prisoner handling facilities at 14 locations throughout New South Wales

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- \$3.6 million for a new police education centre and for other information and communication technology projects
- \$2.1 million towards a replacement police helicopter
- \$800,000 for planning and scoping for new police stations at Liverpool, Manly, Moree and Tweed Heads and
- \$200,000 for pre-planning of the new Coffs Harbour Police Station as part of a planned whole-of-government precinct.

### Work-in-Progress

A total of \$101.2 million has been provided in 2009-10 for the continuation or completion of projects, including:

- ♦ \$64 million to continue the planning and construction of new police stations at Bowral, Burwood, Camden, Glendale, Granville, Kempsey, Lake Illawarra, Leichhardt, Parramatta, Raymond Terrace, Riverstone and Wyong
- \$19.2 million for the upgrade of the Core Operating Policing System
- \$4.7 million to complete the new police station at Windsor
- \$3.2 million to upgrade information communications technology equipment
- ♦ \$3.1 million for other information and communications technology projects including mobile data terminal upgrades and the creation of an interface with the JusticeLink online judicial network
- \$3.1 million for a Closed Circuit TV database
- \$2 million for a forensic information management system
- \$1.3 million to fit out vehicles for additional police officers and
- \$600,000 for a mobile forensic laboratory.

#### **Minor Works**

The 2009-10 minor works allocation of \$29.2 million provides for minor building and information communications technology works, and the replacement of general and specialist equipment.

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Reduced crime and violence

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2009-10 Revised Forecast	
Result Indicators:						
Victims of personal crime (a)	%	5.0	4.2	5.2	5.2 <b>5.2</b>	
Victims of property crime (b)	%	6.5	7.0	6.4	6.4 <b>6.3</b>	

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority R1. The target is to reduce the incidence of personal crimes against individuals by 10 per cent by 2016. To achieve this target, a sustained rate below 4.9 per cent by 2016 is required.

(b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority R1. The target is to reduce the incidence of property crimes against individuals by 15 per cent by 2016. To achieve this target, a sustained rate below 5.8 per cent by 2016 is required.

#### Reduced fear of crime, antisocial behaviour and public disorder

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
People who consider speeding cars, dangerous or noisy driving to be a problem in their own neighbourhood People who consider graffiti or other vandalism to be a	%	70-73	73-76	71-74	73-75	70-73
problem in their own neighbourhood People who consider louts or gangs to be a problem in	%	52-55	53-56	48-51	55-58	51-54
their own neighbourhood People who consider drunken or disorderly behaviour to be a problem in their own	%	38-40	40-43	38-41	40-43	37-40
neighbourhood	%	46-49	51-54	44-47	50-53	47-50

These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority R3. The target is to reduce by 10 per cent the proportion of the NSW population who perceive problems with louts, noisy neighbours and public drunkenness or with dangerous, noisy, hoon drivers.

Data is sourced from the National Community Satisfaction with Policing Survey. The results are presented as a range rather than an exact percentage. This is to recognise the potential range of statistical variation in the survey.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

Average Staffing across all Service Groups:	Units	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10
Total NSW Police Force (sworn and civilian) Total actual police positions at	EFT	18,481	18,753	19,000	18,851 <sup>(a)</sup>
operational Commands	%	96	96	97	97

(a) From 1 January 2010 the authorised strength of Police officers will increase by 250 to 15,556.

# **39.1 Community Support**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the provision of effective, timely and flexible 24 hour response to incidents, emergencies and public events. It also includes reduction of incentives and opportunities to commit crime, the provision of a highly visible police presence, and liaison/partnerships with the community and government organisations concerned with maintaining peace, order and public safety.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to reduced rates and fear of crime by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - Community confidence in the ability of police to act is increased.
  - Public space is safe to use.
  - Public order is maintained.
  - The community is reassured.
  - Personal and public safety is improved.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Time taken to attend 80 per cent of urgent calls Time taken to attend 80 per	mins	12	12	10	11	11
cent of non-urgent calls Reported incidents of non-domestic violence	mins	64	68	60	69	68
related assault	thous	47	45	42	43	42

# 39.1 Community Support (cont)

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,347,786	1,432,876	1,396,745
Total expenses include the following: Roll out of additional 750 police World Youth Day	7,725 14,709	7,725 14,709	32,242 
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,301,915	1,387,322	1,369,471
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	89,999	72,257	91,269

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 39.2 Criminal Investigation

Service Description:	forensic s also inclu and crimi	ervices a des spec nal grou	and arresti cialist activ	ng or othe ities to tar nance of f	rwise deali get organis orensic da	ng with off sed crimina tabases ar	rovision of enders. It al activities nd criminal
Linkage to Results:		nis service group contributes to reduced rates and fear of crime and olence by working towards a range of intermediate results that clude:					
	<ul> <li>Comi</li> </ul>	munity ha	as confider	ce that po	lice bring o	ffenders to	justice.
	<ul> <li>Oppo</li> </ul>	ortunities	to commit	crime are i	educed.		
	♦ Alleg	ed offend	ders are ca	lled to acc	ount for ac	tions.	
	<ul> <li>Serio disruj</li> </ul>		nders are	identified	and cri	minal netv	works are
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Break and enter incider examined for fingerpri Legal actions excluding	nts	thous	51	52	55	49	50
infringement notices	,	thous	187	198	190	210	210
					2008-09 <sup>-</sup>		2009-10
				Budo \$00	get R	evised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Exclud	ing Losses			617,4	20 65	56,825	646,911
NET COST OF SERVI	CES			602,9	86 64	12,539	634,276
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			42,0	33 3	33,466	42,272

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#### **39.3 Traffic and Commuter Services**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers patrolling roads, highways and public transport corridors, investigating major vehicle crashes, detecting traffic and transport offences (particularly those involving alcohol or drugs, and speed), and supervising peak traffic flows. It also includes liaison/partnerships with community and Government bodies concerned with road safety, traffic management and public transport.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to reduced crime and violence, and reduced levels of antisocial behaviour, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- Public space is safe to use.
- Personal and public safety are improved.
- Road crashes and trauma are minimised.
- Behaviour of public transport users is improved.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>F</b>	2009-10 orecast
Random breath tests undertaken Charges for prescribed	mill	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.0	4.0
concentration of alcohol Traffic infringement notices	thous thous	26 537	29 535	27 545	29 559	27 560

		0.0	2000 10
	2008 Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	213,435	226,569	225,024
NET COST OF SERVICES	200,995	214,177	211,427
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	13,894	11,156	14,091

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 39.4 Judicial Support

Service Description:	offende providir	rs, presen ig police sion, and	ting evider transport	nce at cou and custo	custodial s rt, includin ody for pe vel of sup	g coronial ersons un	enquiries, der police
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	working Co Lec	i towards a mmunity ha gal process ere is impro	range of in as confider ses and pol oved likelih	ntermediate nce that po lice proced ood of suc	ced rates a e results that lice bring o ures are co cessful pro rly and with	at include: ffenders to ost effective secution.	•
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Proportion of apprehen juveniles who are not referred to court Legal actions where all offenders are proceed	eged	%	56	55	55	55	55
against to court		thous	138	142	134	147	145
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Exclud	ing Losse	S		182,4	20 19	94,061	191,131
NET COST OF SERVIO	CES			178,1	56 18	89,841	187,398
CAPITAL EXPENDITU	RE			12,3	15	9,888	12,489

# **39 NSW POLICE FORCE**

	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	1,856,340	1,994,241	1,944,965
Other operating expenses	355,227	365,767	383,753
Depreciation and amortisation	116,801	116,801	112,660
Grants and subsidies	3,712	3,712	3,804
Finance costs	12,508	12,508	11,999
Other expenses	16,473	17,302	2,630
Fotal Expenses Excluding Losses	2,361,061	2,510,331	2,459,811
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	21,282	31,479	28,501
Investment income	1,543	1,700	1,578
Grants and contributions	10,087	14,399	11,844
Other revenue	32,049	30,540	14,764
otal Retained Revenue	64,961	78,118	56,687
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	12,074	(1,640)	562
Other gains/(losses)	(26)	(26)	(10)
IET COST OF SERVICES	2,284,052	2,433,879	2,402,572
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
	0 00 4 050	0 400 070	0 400 570
Net Cost of Services	2,284,052	2,433,879	2,402,572
Recurrent Services Appropriation	2,040,348	2,101,529	2,131,973
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	158,241	126,767	160,121

### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **39 NSW POLICE FORCE**

	00	2000 40	
		08-09	2009-10 Budget
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	52,092	36,134	30,334
Receivables	35,081	49,119	49,213
Assets held for sale		2,797	2,797
Total Current Assets	87,173	88,050	82,344
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	13,979	1,308	1,308
Property, plant and equipment -	4 050 004	4 004 000	4 405 050
Land and building	1,056,001	1,081,808	1,125,650
Plant and equipment	253,709	246,598	231,443
Intangibles	133,621	111,154	125,845
Total Non Current Assets	1,457,310	1,440,868	1,484,246
Total Assets	1,544,483	1,528,918	1,566,590
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	59,278	73,462	80,145
Borrowings at amortised cost	3,873	3,873	4,705
Provisions	340,823	305,577	305,360
Other	18,262	737	600
Total Current Liabilities	422,236	383,649	390,810
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	178,941	178,941	174,236
Provisions	22,065	111,290	111,272
Other	8,903	10,637	10,116
Total Non Current Liabilities	209,909	300,868	295,624
Total Liabilities	632,145	684,517	686,434
NET ASSETS	912,338	844,401	880,156
FOURTY			
EQUITY Reserves	381,134	402,894	410,394
Accumulated funds	531,204	402,894 441,507	469,762
		1,007	
TOTAL EQUITY	912,338	844,401	880,156

# **39 NSW POLICE FORCE**

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies	1,705,236	1,728,977	1,758,480
Finance costs	3,712 12,208	3,712 12,208	3,804 11,999
Other	428,468	471,685	461,262
Total Payments	2,149,624	2,216,582	2,235,545
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	35,991	53,010	28,501
Interest	1,543	2,141	1,578
Other	83,514	85,371	82,794
Total Receipts	121,048	140,522	112,873
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,028,576)	(2,076,060)	(2,122,672)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	21,574	9,388	12,062
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(125,012)	(93,527)	(132,872)
Other	(33,229)	(33,229)	(27,249)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(136,667)	(117,368)	(148,059)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(3,112)	(3,112)	(3,873)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3,112)	(3,112)	(3,873)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	2,040,348	2,101,529	2,131,973
Capital appropriation	136,667	120,029	136,831
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(334)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	2,177,015	2,221,224	2,268,804
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	8,660	24,684	(5,800)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	43,432	11,450	36,134
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	52,092	36,134	30,334

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#### **39 NSW POLICE FORCE**

	20 Budget \$000	008-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
<b>CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION</b> Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(2,284,052) 260,488 (5,012)	(2,433,879) 326,683 31,136	(2,402,572) 274,766 5,134
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2,028,576)	(2,076,060)	(2,122,672)

The New South Wales Crime Commission is a statutory corporation established under the *New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985*. It also administers the *Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990*.

The Commission was established to combat the incidence of illegal drug trafficking, organised crime and other serious crime in New South Wales. This involves obtaining evidence for prosecutions and/or the forfeiture of criminal assets.

The Commission furnishes reports relating to illegal drug trafficking and organised crime; reviews police inquiries into criminal activity as requested by its Management Committee; and disseminates information, intelligence, investigatory, technological and analytical expertise.

The Commission works closely with other law enforcement agencies to achieve its aims.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission aims to reduce the incidence of drug trafficking, organised crime and other serious crime in New South Wales by working towards the following results:

- High-level drug traffickers and persons involved in organised and other serious crime are investigated, apprehended and prosecuted.
- The proceeds of serious crime are identified, restrained and confiscated.

Key services provided by the Commission that contribute to these results include:

- gathering evidence and intelligence through the use of the Commission's investigative capacity to target serious criminals and
- restraining and confiscating the assets of persons involved in serious criminal activity.

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The key services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Res	ults
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Criminals are investigated, apprehended and prosecuted	Assets of serious criminals identified, restrained and confiscated
Criminal investigations	13.8	$\checkmark$	
Confiscation of assets	3.5		$\checkmark$
Total expenses excluding losses	17.3		

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Commission has initiated a profiling project to identify instances of money laundering by comparing data from different sources. The Commission has developed partnerships with other law enforcement agencies to further this work.

The Commission has also received approval to share asset confiscation proceeds arising from joint investigations with other Australian jurisdictions. This recognises the investigative contribution of those jurisdictions, and should result in enhanced cooperation between NSW law enforcement agencies and those of the Australian Government and other States.

# **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The confiscation of proceeds of crime, through the administration of the *Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990*, has seen a substantial amount of money confiscated from organised criminals since 1990. However, increasingly sophisticated methods of laundering the proceeds of crime and concealing criminal assets create an ongoing challenge.

The Commission will continue to increase efforts to recover the laundered proceeds of crime and criminal prosecution by pursuing opportunities to better identify laundering crime proceeds. The Commission will also continue to work with other partner agencies, such as the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre, to pilot new methods of money laundering detection.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Commission's total expenses are estimated at \$17.3 million in 2009-10. This includes \$13.8 million for serious crime investigations.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The Commission's capital allocation of \$1.6 million in 2009-10 will be used to upgrade and replace the equipment necessary to maintain the Commission's technological approach to criminal investigations. Some minor new applications in the area of technical surveillance will also be acquired.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Criminals are investigated, apprehended and prosecuted

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2009-10 Revised Forecast	
Result Indicators:						
Charges laid	no.	2,482	1,730	2,500	1,730 <b>1,730</b>	I

This indicator shows the number of charges. Numbers of arrests and charges are only partial indicators of effectiveness as qualitative results are not reflected in this data.

# Assets of serious criminals are identified, restrained and confiscated

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2009-1 Revised Forecas	-
Result Indicators:						
Realisable confiscation orders	\$000	20,968	32,712	15,000	22,000 <b>18,00</b>	0

This indicator shows the total value of asset confiscation court orders. Net proceeds of these orders are transferred to the Confiscated Proceeds (of crime) Account and can be used for a range of law enforcement purposes.

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **40.1 Criminal Investigations**

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the collection of evidence and intelligence for the prosecution of serious criminal offenders.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the investigation, apprehension and prosecution of serious offenders and consequent reductions in the incidence of drug trafficking and serious crime by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- assembling evidence for the prosecution of serious criminals
- furnishing reports relating to illegal drug trafficking and serious crime
- reviewing police inquiries into any criminal activity and
- disseminating information, intelligence, investigatory technological and analytical expertise.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Arrests Charges Restraining orders	no. no. no.	445 2,482 131	362 1,730 159	450 2,500 170	400 1,730 125	400 1,730 140
Employees:	FTE	101	101	110	101	101

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,213	14,271	13,841
NET COST OF SERVICES	11,767	14,132	13,768
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,289	1,249	1,249

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

#### **40.2 Confiscation of Assets**

Service Description:	This service group	covers the	restraint and	confiscation of	assets
	accumulated throug	h the conduc	t of serious cri	minal activities.	

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to identifying, restraining and confiscating assets of serious criminals by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:

- taking litigation action against those people involved in serious criminal activity and
- transferring confiscated funds to the NSW Confiscated Proceeds Account.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Asset forfeiture orders Proceeds assessment orders	no. no.	68 35	75 56	60 60	60 60	20 100
Employees:	FTE	24	24	27	26	27

	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	3,558	3,561	3,457
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,947	3,630	3,543
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	272	312	312

	200 Budget \$000		
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	12,422	12,193	12,597
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	3,412 1,608	3,414 1,825	3,017 1,564
Other expenses	329	400	120
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17,771	17,832	17,298
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	41	15	15
Investment income	41	63	72
Other revenue	3,075	62	
Total Retained Revenue	3,157	140	87
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		30	
Other gains/(losses)	(100)	(100)	(100)
NET COST OF SERVICES	14,714	17,762	17,311
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	14,714	17,762	17,311
Recurrent Services Appropriation	12,802	15,840	15,372
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	1,561	1,561	1,561
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,561	1,561	1,561

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	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	4.57	4 959	
Cash assets	157	1,859	2,220
Receivables	2,808	1,939	1,382
Total Current Assets	2,965	3,798	3,602
Non Current Assets			
Receivables Property, plant and equipment -		200	200
Land and building	16,451	17,226	17,042
Plant and equipment	4,409	3,943	4,054
Intangibles	111	270	340
intal igibles		210	0.0
Total Non Current Assets	20,971	21,639	21,636
Total Assets	23,936	25,437	25,238
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	456	627	458
Borrowings at amortised cost	298	300	200
Provisions	968	934	962
Total Current Liabilities	1,722	1,861	1,620
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	102	161	161
Provisions	109	92	72
Total Non Current Liabilities	211	253	233
Total Liabilities	1,933	2,114	1,853
NET ASSETS	22,003	23,323	23,385
EQUITY			
Reserves	10,786	12,048	12,048
Accumulated funds	11,217	11,275	11,337
TOTAL EQUITY	22,003	23,323	23,385

	200	08-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related Other	11,949 4,028	11,745 3,369	12,148 3,739	
Total Payments	15,977	15,114	15,887	
Receipts Sale of goods and services	(71)	59	(35)	
Interest	41	102	(33)	
Other	3,110	715	939	
Total Receipts	3,080	876	976	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(12,897)	(14,238)	(14,911)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		00		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	 (961)	30 (1,199)	 (1,361)	
Other	(200)	(362)	(1,301) (200)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,161)	(1,531)	(1,561)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(452)		(100)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(452)		(100)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	12,802	15,840	15,372	
Capital appropriation	1,561	1,561	1,561	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	14,363	17,401	16,933	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(147)	1,632	361	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	304	227	1,859	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	157	1,859	2,220	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Net cost of services	(14,714)	(17,762)	(17,311)	
Non cash items added back	2,025	2,256	2,004	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(208)	1,268	396	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(12,897)	(14,238)	(14,911)	
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The Police Integrity Commission is responsible for preventing, detecting and investigating serious police misconduct. The Commission oversees and manages other agencies involved with the investigation of serious police misconduct. Relevant legislation is the *Police Integrity Commission Act 1996*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Commission promotes public confidence in the integrity of the NSW Police Force by working towards the following results:

- The incidence of serious misconduct in the NSW Police Force is reduced.
- Serious police misconduct is prevented by supporting improvements to the NSW Police Force's systems and practices.

Key services provided by the Commission that contribute to these results include:

- investigating and exposing serious police misconduct through investigations, hearings and reports
- initiating and participating in research projects to develop and improve practices in the NSW Police Force and
- evaluating complaints of serious misconduct against police officers.

The key services provided by the Commission and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results			
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Reduce incidence of police misconduct	Prevent serious police misconduct		
Investigations	17.9	✓	√		
Research	1.2		√		
Complaints management	0.9	✓	√		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20.1				

## **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Investigations and associated hearings (public and private) into instances of police misconduct drive the costs of the Commission.

Achievements in 2008-09 include:

- a public report about an investigation in relation to two separate instances of roadside breath testing conducted by officers of the NSW Police Force at Moree and Orange respectively and
- changes to the Commission's complaints handling procedures to accept complaints involving officers of the New South Wales Crime Commission. The *Police Integrity Commission Act 1996* was amended to include the oversight of the New South Wales Crime Commission.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Commission balances its core investigative and preventative functions to reduce the incidence of serious police misconduct in New South Wales.

Commission activities will continue to focus on practical recommendations to improve the systems and practices of the NSW Police Force. Public hearings and investigations will also continue to be pursued to maintain public confidence in the integrity of police officers.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Commission's total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$20.1 million, which is an increase of 3.8 per cent compared to the 2008-09 Budget.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The Commission's capital allocation of \$1.8 million in 2009-10 provides for the replacement and upgrade of IT and other equipment.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Reducing incidence of serious misconduct in the NSW Police Force

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-</b> 1 Revised <b>Foreca</b>	• •
Total complaints that are non-referred <sup>(a)</sup> Full investigations where information was disseminated	%	43	45	43	45 4	45
to the NSWPF and resulted in managerial action <sup>(b)</sup>	%	50	80	80	80 <b>8</b>	30

(a) This indicator shows how effective the Commission is in detecting police misconduct. Nonreferred complaints are complaints received by the Commission from sources other than the NSW Ombudsman and the NSW Police Force.

(b) This indicator shows how the Commission has reduced police misconduct by referring information to the NSW Police Force that led to managerial action against a NSW Police officer.

#### Preventing serious police misconduct in the NSW Police Force

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised I	2009-10 Forecast
Requests for advice from the NSWPF which are met <sup>(a)</sup> Prevention advice provided in	%	100	100	100	100	100
relation to the NSWPF's systems and practices <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	25	25	25	25	25

(a) This indicator is a benchmark for the Commission's response to enquiries.

(b) This indicator shows that the Commission is providing corruption prevention advice, either directly to the NSW Police Force or to other organisations that are involved with the NSW Police Force's practices, such as the NSW Ombudsman.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 41.1 Investigations

Service Description:	This service group covers investigations into serious police misconduct, the preparation of evidence for prosecutions and managerial action, and the collection of intelligence to target serious police misconduct risks.				
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to reducing and preventing serious police misconduct by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>developing effective strategies to detect serious police misconduct</li> <li>exposing serious police misconduct and</li> </ul>				

• deterring serious police misconduct through effective investigation.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Current investigations	no.	55	65	55	65	65
Ratio of public/private hearing days	no.	1:10	1:14	1:10	1:14	1:14
Employees:	FTE	73	73	73	73	74

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17,074	17,987	17,938	
NET COST OF SERVICES	16,986	17,837	17,848	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,790	1,175	1,790	

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 41.2 Research

Service Description:		This service group covers research projects and recommendations for reform to improve practices within the NSW Police Force.						
Linkage to Results:	by v	This service group contributes to preventing serious police misconduct by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:						
	•	<ul> <li>providing informed advice on improvements to the NSW Police Force's systems and work practices and</li> </ul>						
	•	<ul> <li>ensuring regular consultation and feedback to improve the quality of police investigations and the implementation of reforms.</li> </ul>						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Research projects and reports including reform recommendations no. 4 Participation in joint working			4	4	4	4		
parties to develop/imp police practices	orove	no.	6	6	6	6	6	
Employees:		FTE	6	6	6	6	6	
							2009-10	
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:								
Total Expenses Exclud	ing Lo	osses		1,4	75	1,194	1,215	
NET COST OF SERVICES         1,475         1,193         1,215					1,215			

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

# 41.3 Complaints Management

Service Description:	This service group covers the Commission's involvement in complaint investigations and the management of relevant complaint processes.						
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to reducing and preventing serious police misconduct by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>developing effective strategies to detect serious police misconduct</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>deterring serious police misconduct through effective investigation</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>exposing seri</li> </ul>	ous police	misconduc	t.			
Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Complaints received	no.	1,201	1,422	1,300	1,607	1,607	
Employees:	FTE	4	4	4	5	5	
			Bude \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:	Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses773869905					905		

NET COST OF SERVICES 773 868

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905

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs	13,405 4,514 1,403 	13,967 4,680 1,378 25	13,720 4,745 1,568 25	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	19,322	20,050	20,058	
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Investment income Grants and contributions Other revenue	88  	73 30 49	90  	
Total Retained Revenue	88	152	90	
NET COST OF SERVICES	19,234	19,898	19,968	
<b>RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT</b>				
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	19,234 17,291	19,898 17,951	19,968 17,780	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,790 1,790	1,175 1,175	1,790 1,790	

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	1,328	1,416	1,326
Receivables	602	570	655
Total Current Assets	1,930	1,986	1,981
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	346	784	670
Plant and equipment	4,327	3,389	3,780
Intangibles	9	130	75
Total Non Current Assets	4,682	4,303	4,525
Total Assets	6,612	6,289	6,506
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	340	673	658
Provisions	1,086	1,085	1,067
Total Current Liabilities	1,426	1,758	1,725
Non Current Liabilities			
Other		463	463
Total Non Current Liabilities		463	463
Total Liabilities	1,426	2,221	2,188
NET ASSETS	5,186	4,068	4,318
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	5,186	4,068	4,318
TOTAL EQUITY	5,186	4,068	4,318

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		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	12,707 5,100	13,187 5,196	13,085 5,458
Total Payments	17,807	18,383	18,543
Receipts Sale of goods and services		98	
Interest	92	77	85
Other	582	675	588
Total Receipts	674	850	673
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(17,133)	(17,533)	(17,870)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,790)	(1,175)	(1,790)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,790)	(1,175)	(1,790)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	17,291	17,951	17,780
Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	1,790	1,175 (285)	1,790 
		(200)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	19,081	18,841	19,570
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	158	133	(90)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,170	1,283	1,416
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,328	1,416	1,326
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(19,234)	(19,898)	(19,968)
Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	2,033 68	2,012 353	2,216 (118)
			(110)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(17,133)	(17,533)	(17,870)

The Department of Lands administers Crown land within New South Wales and manages environmental soil conservation earthworks and consulting services. Land and Property Information New South Wales (a division within the Department), undertakes property valuations and provides guarantee of title to land on a fee for service basis.

The Department operates from 68 rural and regional locations with its major governing legislation being the *Crown Lands Act 1989*, the *Soil Conservation Act 1938*, the *Valuation of Land Act 1916* and the *Real Property Act 1900*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department contributes to the State's natural resource infrastructure management and economic activity levels by working towards the following results:

- Crown land estate administration and management is continually enhanced.
- The economic and community needs for property are met.
- The environmental condition of land is improved.
- State land infrastructure assets provide an economic return to the Crown.

Key services provided by the Department which contribute to these results include:

- collecting revenue and undertaking other Crown land administrative activities
- marketing and disposing of Crown land for residential, commercial, industrial and rural use
- managing Crown reserves and walking tracks, in partnership with local councils and community trusts, for the benefit and use of the public
- environmental management of Crown land for conservation and sustainability in public use and industry

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- managing Aboriginal land rights issues under Aboriginal Land Rights and Native Title legislation
- delivering soil and water conservation solutions by managing and implementing soil conservation earthworks and consultancy services and
- engagement of rural communities throughout New South Wales to develop solutions to address issues affecting their sustainability.

The key services provided by Department of Lands and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget		Results	
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	Improved management of the Crown Estate	Economic and community needs are met	Environmental condition of land is improved
Crown Lands	74.6	~	~	✓
Soil Conservation and Rural Services	32.2		~	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	106.8			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The transfer of administration of the *Soil Conservation Act 1938* to the Minister for Lands occurred in September 2007. This has led to a renewed emphasis by the Government on updating soil conservation policy in the context of climate change. In April 2009, the Government approved business revitalisation strategies for the Soil Conservation Service.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

In 2004, Parliament approved changes to the *Crown Lands Act 1989* to simplify Crown land lease and licence administration. In 2009-10, divestment of uneconomic perpetual leases and closed Crown road enclosures to land users is planned. These reforms support more efficient land administration, and improved commercial returns to the Crown from its landholdings.

The Department will implement business revitalisation strategies for the Soil Conservation Service which are aimed at making it commercially viable while providing value added services to its rural and regional customers.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated at \$106.8 million. Major areas of expenditure are \$74.6 million for the maintenance and management of Crown lands (including \$5.5 million to meet the Government's commitments under the Tweed River Sand Bypassing Act, and additional funding of \$2 million for disposal of unused Crown road enclosures to landholders, \$1.4 million to fast track disposal of uneconomic perpetual leases, and \$1 million for new recreational facilities at Pioneer Dairy Parklands on the Central Coast), \$18.5 million for soil conservation activity and \$13.2 million paid to Land and Property Information New South Wales.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's 2009-10 capital program is \$644,000. This includes \$383,000 for plant and equipment and \$250,000 for equipment acquisitions within the Soil Conservation Service.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Improved management of the Crown estate

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>I</b>	2009-10 Forecast
Gross revenue collected from leases and licenses <sup>(a)</sup>	\$000	63,822	60,521	74,869	64,394	66,222
Crown land lots sold	no.	231	225	200	140	160

(a) This indicator shows effectiveness in improving the economic return on Crown land infrastructure assets.

#### Economic and community needs for Crown land are met

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Crown reserves managed through trust arrangements <sup>(a)</sup> Days the Tweed River entrance	%	48	42	48	42	43
is navigable <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	365	366	365	365	365
Aboriginal Land Claims granted	no.	12	94	10	20	20
Rural community forums held	no.	25	125	30	80	80

(a) This indicator shows the percentage of Crown land under community management.

(b) This indicator shows the effectiveness of sand dredging at the river mouth in ensuring the Tweed River remains navigable for commercial and recreational purposes.

## Environmental condition of lands is improved

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Soil treated by conservation earthworks Environmental soil	ha	24,151	16,437	20,000	20,000	20,000
conservation projects undertaken	no.	370	401	408	410	415

## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 42.1 Crown Lands

Service Description:	This service group covers management of the Crown land estate. Services include land administration in relation to leaseholds, licences,
	permits, Crown roads, acquisitions, sales, non commercial tenures, the Land Board and processing Aboriginal and Native Title land claims. It also includes Crown reserves administration including recreational
	areas, walking tracks, showgrounds and caravan parks.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to improving economic returns on Crown land assets whilst achieving sustainable land management by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- improve revenue to the State from Crown land leases (tenures)
- sustainable land management of Crown land leases (tenures) and Crown reserves
- Crown land available for community use and
- improved access to Crown land for business, tourism and recreational purposes from tenure management.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Lease, licence and permit						
accounts administered Funds flowing into the Public	thous	34	66	73	63	63
Reserves Management Fund Tweed River - quantity of sand	\$000	7,299	9,622	7,400	9,800	10,800
pumped by contractor	m³	781,000	712,800	695,000	700,000	650,000
Minor ports maintenance program	\$000	2,060	2,445	2,060	2,880	2,880
Employees:	FTE	358	400	408	402	385

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	64,878	76,632	74,643
Total expenses include the following:			
Grants to State parks	1,221	1,221	1,249
Wild Dog Destruction Board	200	1,227	200
Fishing ports maintenance	2,880	2,880	2,880
Tweed River sand bypass	5,500	6,291	5,500
Pioneer Dairy Parklands, Tuggerah Lakes	••••		1,000
NET COST OF SERVICES	50,156	55,179	57,007
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	628	1,043	394

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS (CONT)

#### 42.2 Soil Conservation and Rural Services

Service Description:	This service group covers provision of a specialist consulting service
	and a soil and water conservation earthworks team. It also supports
	the operations of the Rural Communities Consultative Council and
	implements programs to assist rural communities.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to meeting customer and community needs by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- conserving public and private land
- preventing soil erosions
- rehabilitating eroded areas and
- engaging with stakeholders and communities across the State.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Requests made through the Rural Communities Consultative Council free call and email links Client service index	no. %	400 93	600 93	400 94	600 94	600 94
Employees:	FTE	148	147	144	139	139
			Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			32,9	11 3	84,038	32,150
NET COST OF SERVICES			15,3	52 1	2,867	11,004
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			2	50	250	250

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses -				
Employee related	49,467	51,093	54,080	
Other operating expenses	18,782	23,381	22,170	
Depreciation and amortisation	1,776	2,476	2,223	
Grants and subsidies	20,163	22,205	19,069	
Finance costs	50	810	871	
Other expenses	7,551	10,705	8,380	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	97,789	110,670	106,793	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	21,697	28,262	27,053	
Investment income	1,502	2,410	2,216	
Retained taxes, fees and fines	3,600	4,500	4,604	
Grants and contributions	4,045	5,653	4,133	
Other revenue	1,582	1,944	921	
Total Retained Revenue	32,426	42,769	38,927	
Other gains/(losses)	(145)	(145)	(145)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	65,508	68,046	68,011	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	65,508	68,046	68,011	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	62,971	65,723	65,165	
		00,120	00,100	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
	070	1,293	644	
Capital Expenditure	878			

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

Budget         Soud         Budget         Soud         Budget           Soud         Soud         Soud         Budget         Soud			)8-09	2009-10
\$000         \$000         \$000           BALANCE SHEET           ASSETS           Current Assets           Receivables         11,477         8,322         9,025           Other financial assets         5,805         6,000         6,000           Inventories         100         4,000         4,000           Other financial assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,847           Intangibles         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         066         537            Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         21,466         21,336         1,336           Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573         2,573           Provisions         0,285         1,555         1,555         1,555				
ASSETS       Current Assets       16,893       5,244       7,147         Receivables       11,477       8,322       9,025         Other financial assets       5,805       6,000       6,000         Inventories       130       107       107         Other financial assets       15,699       23,673       26,279         Non Current Assets       35,405       23,673       26,279         Non Current Assets       15,699       23,900       24,300         Property, plant and equipment -       19,465       27,244       26,944         Plant and equipment       5,072       1,936       1,852         Infrastructure systems       27,803       27,475       26,817         Intangibles       696       537        3,100       3,063       3,063         Total Non Current Assets       71,835       84,155       82,976       107,240       107,228       109,255         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities       3,576       2,573       2,573       2,573         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370       11,505       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       10,057       9,583       5,		\$000	\$000	\$000
Current Assets         16,893         5,244         7,147           Receivables         11,477         8,322         9,025           Other financial assets         5,805         6,000         6,000           Inventories         130         107         107           Other         1,100         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         35,405         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Mitragibles         696         537             Other         3,100         3,063         3,063         3,063         3,063           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255         1,555         1,555           LIABILITIES         24,466         21,336         3,520         5,338         5,338           Total Assets         107,240         107,828 <t< td=""><td>BALANCE SHEET</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	BALANCE SHEET			
Cash assets         16,893         5,244         7,147           Receivables         11,477         8,322         9,025           Other financial assets         5,805         6,000         6,000           Inventories         130         107         107           Other         1,100         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,847           Intrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         0,072         1,936         1,852           Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         3,576         2,573         2,573           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370           Other         3	ASSETS			
Receivables         11.477         8.322         9.025           Other financial assets         5,805         6,000         6,000           Inventories         130         107         107           Other         1,100         4,000         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Infrastructure systems         696         537             Intragibles         696         537              Other         3,100         3,063         3,063              Total Non Current Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255             LIABILITIES         21,486         21,336               Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573         2,573				
Other financial assets         5,805         6,000         6,000           Inventories         1,100         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Other financial assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Other         3,100         3,063         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         3,576         2,573         2,573           Current Liabilities         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilitie		-		
Inventories Other         130         107         107           Other         1,100         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Infrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intrastructure systems         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         20,573         2,573         2,573           Payables         3,576         2,573         2,573           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370           Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Li		-		
Other         1,100         4,000         4,000           Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Intangibles         066         537            Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         2,573         2,573         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370         0149           Other         3,520         5,838         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601				
Total Current Assets         35,405         23,673         26,279           Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Infrastructure systems         2,7803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         0,063         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573           Payables         3,576         2,573         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555           Provisions         9,802         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         11,570         10,607         10,057           Provisions         8,026         3,796         3,796           Other         19,601         14,403			-	
Non Current Assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Infrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         696         537            Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         935         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370         0 (her         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336         10,057           Provisions         0,061         14,403         14,821         10,057           Provisions         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403	Other	1,100	4,000	4,000
Other financial assets         15,699         23,900         24,300           Property, plant and equipment - Land and building         19,465         27,244         26,944           Plant and equipment         5,072         1,936         1,852           Infrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         696         537            Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370           Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,8	Total Current Assets	35,405	23,673	26,279
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building       19,465       27,244       26,944         Plant and equipment       5,072       1,936       1,852         Infrastructure systems       27,803       277,475       26,817         Intangibles       696       537          Other       3,100       3,063       3,063         Total Non Current Assets       71,835       84,155       82,976         Total Assets       107,240       107,828       109,255         LIABILITIES       2,573       2,573       2,573         Current Liabilities       935       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       11,575       10,607       10,057         Other          968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Tot				
Land and building       19,465       27,244       26,944         Plant and equipment       5,072       1,936       1,852         Infrastructure systems       27,803       27,475       26,817         Intangibles       696       537          Other       3,100       3,063       3,063         Total Non Current Assets       71,835       84,155       82,976         Total Assets       107,240       107,828       109,255         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities       935       1,555       1,555         Payables       3,576       2,573       2,573       2,573         Borrowings at amortised cost       935       1,555       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Borrowings at amortised cost       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       34,529       35,869       36,157         Net Assets       19,601       14,403       14,821		15,699	23,900	24,300
Plant and equipment Infrastructure systems       5,072       1,936       1,852         Infrastructure systems       27,803       27,475       26,817         Other       3,100       3,063       3,063         Total Non Current Assets       71,835       84,155       82,976         Total Assets       107,240       107,828       109,255         LIABILITIES       Current Liabilities       935       1,555       1,555         Payables       3,576       2,573       2,573       2,573         Borrowings at amortised cost       935       1,555       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       8,026       3,796       3,796         Other         968       36,157         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Infrastructure systems         27,803         27,475         26,817           Intangibles         696         537            Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370         0ther         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336         10,057         10,057           Provisions         0,067         10,057         8,026         3,796         3,796         3,796           Other            968         34,529         35,869         36,157           Net ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237         21,237         21,237				•
Intangibles Other         696 3,100         537 3,063 3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions Other         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237				
Other         3,100         3,063         3,063           Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions Other         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions Other           968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237				26,817
Total Non Current Assets         71,835         84,155         82,976           Total Assets         107,240         107,828         109,255           LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions Other         935         1,555         1,555           Total Current Liabilities         6,897         11,500         11,370           Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities Borrowings at amortised cost Provisions         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions Other         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237				
Total Assets       107,240       107,828       109,255         LIABILITIES       Payables       3,576       2,573       2,573         Borrowings at amortised cost       935       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       11,575       10,607       10,057         Other         968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY Accumulated funds       21,130       21,237       21,237	Other	3,100	3,003	3,003
LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities           Payables         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370           Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions         0,026         3,796         3,796           Other           968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861	Total Non Current Assets	71,835	84,155	82,976
Current Liabilities         3,576         2,573         2,573           Payables         3,576         2,573         2,573           Borrowings at amortised cost         935         1,555         1,555           Provisions         6,897         11,500         11,370           Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions         8,026         3,796         3,796           Other           968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY         Reserves         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861	Total Assets	107,240	107,828	109,255
Payables       3,576       2,573       2,573         Borrowings at amortised cost       935       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Borrowings at amortised cost       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       8,026       3,796       3,796         Other         968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       Reserves       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       51,581       50,722       51,861	-			
Borrowings at amortised cost       935       1,555       1,555         Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Borrowings at amortised cost       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       8,026       3,796       3,796         Other         968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       Reserves       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       51,581       50,722       51,861				
Provisions       6,897       11,500       11,370         Other       3,520       5,838       5,838         Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Borrowings at amortised cost       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       8,026       3,796       3,796         Other         968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       51,581       50,722       51,861				
Other         3,520         5,838         5,838           Total Current Liabilities         14,928         21,466         21,336           Non Current Liabilities         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions         11,575         10,607         10,057           Other         11,575         10,607         3,796           Other           968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237				
Total Current Liabilities       14,928       21,466       21,336         Non Current Liabilities       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       11,575       10,607       10,057         Other       8,026       3,796       3,796         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       21,581       50,722       51,861				
Non Current Liabilities         11,575         10,607         10,057           Provisions         8,026         3,796         3,796           Other           968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237           50,722         51,861         50,722         51,861	Other	3,520	5,838	5,838
Borrowings at amortised cost       11,575       10,607       10,057         Provisions       8,026       3,796       3,796         Other         968         Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       Reserves       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       50,722       51,861       50,722       51,861	Total Current Liabilities	14,928	21,466	21,336
Provisions Other         8,026 3,796 3,796 968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,237         21,237         21,237				
Other          968           Total Non Current Liabilities         19,601         14,403         14,821           Total Liabilities         34,529         35,869         36,157           NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds         21,130         21,237         21,237	-			
Total Non Current Liabilities       19,601       14,403       14,821         Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds       21,130       21,237       21,237         State       50,722       51,861		8,026	3,796	
Total Liabilities       34,529       35,869       36,157         NET ASSETS       72,711       71,959       73,098         EQUITY       Reserves       21,130       21,237       21,237         Accumulated funds       50,722       51,861	Other			968
NET ASSETS         72,711         71,959         73,098           EQUITY         Reserves         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861	Total Non Current Liabilities	19,601	14,403	14,821
EQUITY         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861	Total Liabilities	34,529	35,869	36,157
EQUITY         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861	NET ASSETS	72,711	71,959	73,098
Reserves         21,130         21,237         21,237           Accumulated funds         51,581         50,722         51,861		·		÷
Accumulated funds 51,581 50,722 <b>51,861</b>		o	04.007	o
TOTAL EQUITY         72,711         71,959         73,098	Accumulated funds	51,581	50,722	51,861
	TOTAL EQUITY	72,711	71,959	73,098

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			2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related	45,681	45,888	50,619	
Grants and subsidies Finance costs	20,163 50	22,205 772	19,069 855	
Other	30,253	42,490	34,673	
Total Payments	96,147	111,355	105,216	
Receipts				
Sale of goods and services	23,347	32,359	28,796	
Interest Other	1,502 12,446	1,712 16,427	1,536 12,158	
Other	12,440	10,427	12,150	
Total Receipts	37,295	50,498	42,490	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(58,852)	(60,857)	(62,726)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Advance repayments received	2,105	3,329	2,780	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Advances made	(878) (2,500)	(1,293) (6,000)	(644) (2,500)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,273)	(3,964)	(364)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(779)	(817)	(566)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(779)	(817)	(566)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	62,971	65,723	65,165	
Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	628	1,043 (968)	394	
		(900)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	63,599	65,798	65,559	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	2,695	160	1,903	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,198	5,084	5,244	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	16,893	5,244	7,147	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(65,508) 5,106 1,550	(68,046) 6,642 547	(68,011) 5,150 135
Net cash flow from operating activities	(58,852)	(60,857)	(62,726)

# LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES

Through the Surveyor General, Registrar General and Valuer General statutory positions, Land and Property Information (LPI) manages the State's land and property registration system, mapping, survey and land valuation services. LPI is a commercial business division within the Department of Lands.

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

LPI has continued to convert old system and paper based Torrens titles to an integrated electronic titling system and is now using Light Detection and Ranging technology to improve the quality and coverage of the NSW surface model. The first phase of the continuously operating reference stations network 'NSWNet' was implemented in readiness for a major rollout in July 2009 and surveyors have increased use of the electronic plan lodgement system by over 60 per cent in each of the last two years.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

LPI continues to invest in integrating its data sets and in electronic delivery of its information to improve efficiency and convenience for its customers. LPI is also working with other jurisdictions to develop a National Electronic Conveyancing System. When fully implemented, this system will further enhance the way conveyancing is undertaken across Australia.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

## **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for 2009-10 are estimated to be \$177.1 million. The majority of this expenditure is for statutory land valuations, land title creation and registration services, spatial information, survey and mapping services and technical support.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The 2009-10 Budget for capital expenditure is \$19 million. The program for LPI includes improving land information systems, enhancing and developing electronic service delivery capabilities and the renewal of plant and equipment.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

New projects include:

- digitisation of titling records
- Crown land conversion project and
- electronic data processing equipment.

Ongoing projects include:

- development of a National Electronic Conveyancing System and electronic lodgement of plans
- conservation and digitisation of historical plans and historical aerial photography
- improving Government Property Holding information systems and
- improving spatial data infrastructure including geographical coding of addresses, topographical and cadastral data systems, and survey and spatial data services.

## LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	170,774	165,167	172,677	
Investment income	2,588	1,588	1,200	
Grants and contributions	13,168	13,168	13,168	
Other revenue		352		
Total Retained Revenue	186,530	180,275	187,045	
Less:				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating Expenses -				
Employee related	102,218	106,333	105,785	
Other operating expenses	51,270	51,905	53,780	
Depreciation and amortisation	13,968	16,064	17,214	
Grants and subsidies	350	360	350	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	167,806	174,662	177,129	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	18,724	5,613	9,916	
Distributions -				
Dividends and capital repatriations	11,161	3,929	6,941	
Tax equivalents	5,617	1,684	2,975	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	1,946			

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES

		2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	21,011	22,141	18,706
Receivables	10,631	7,484	7,707
Inventories	387	387	397
Total Current Assets	32,029	30,012	26,810
Non Current Assets			
Inventories	1,549	1,549	1,587
Property, plant and equipment -			·
Land and building	69,134	70,565	71,321
Plant and equipment	10,150	10,522	9,694
Intangibles	40,776	33,121	34,979
Total Non Current Assets	121,609	115,757	117,581
Total Assets	153,638	145,769	144,391
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	5,236	5,238	5,368
Tax	1,390	421	744
Provisions	25,646	49,477	47,592
Total Current Liabilities	32,272	55,136	53,704
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	27,622	179,061	179,115
Total Non Current Liabilities	27,622	179,061	179,115
Total Liabilities	59,894	234,197	232,819
NET ASSETS	93,744	(88,428)	(88,428)
EQUITY			
Reserves	14,119	14,119	14,119
Accumulated funds	79,625	(102,547)	(102,547)
	79,020	(102,347)	(102,347)
TOTAL EQUITY	93,744	(88,428)	(88,428)

#### LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NEW SOUTH WALES

CASH FLOW STATEMENT CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts Sale of goods and services Interest Other 19 Total Receipts 194 Payments	2,514 2,538 2,20 <b>1,272</b>	8-09 Revised \$000 167,728 1,612 20,012 <b>189,352</b> 105,779	Budget \$000 173,205 1,200 19,360 193,765
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         Receipts         Sale of goods and services         Interest         Other         Total Receipts         Payments	2,538 9,220 <b>1,272</b> 9,689	1,612 20,012 <b>189,352</b>	1,200 19,360
Receipts172Sale of goods and services172Interest22Other19Total Receipts194Payments	2,538 9,220 <b>1,272</b> 9,689	1,612 20,012 <b>189,352</b>	1,200 19,360
Interest 22 Other 19 Total Receipts 194 Payments	2,538 9,220 <b>1,272</b> 9,689	1,612 20,012 <b>189,352</b>	1,200 19,360
Other 19 Total Receipts 194 Payments	9,220 <b>1,272</b> 9,689	20,012 189,352	19,360
Total Receipts 194 Payments	<b>1,272</b> 9,689	189,352	
Payments	9,689		193,765
		105 770	
		105 770	
	050		110,603
Grants and subsidies	350	360	350
•	5,482	7,065	2,652
Other 5d	3,236	61,194	60,666
Total Payments 163	8,757	174,398	174,271
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 30	),515	14,954	19,494
	,007) ,993)	(2,507) (13,939)	(4,500) (14,500)
	-		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (19,	,000)	(16,446)	(19,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIESDividends paid(10,	,090)	(18,976)	(3,929)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (10,	,090)	(18,976)	(3,929)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	,425	(20,468)	(3,435)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents 19	9,586	42,609	22,141
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 21	,011	22,141	18,706
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
	3,107	3,929	6,941
	3,968	16,064	17,269
Change in operating assets and liabilities	3,440	(5,039)	(4,716)
Net cash flow from operating activities 30	),515	14,954	19,494

## Budget Estimates 2009-10

# MINISTER FOR PRIMARY INDUSTRIES, MINISTER FOR ENERGY, MINISTER FOR MINERAL RESOURCES, AND MINISTER FOR STATE DEVELOPMENT

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Department of Primary Industries			
Total Expenses	442.6	469.5	6.1
Capital Expenditure	24.1	45.4	88.6
New South Wales Rural Assistance Authority			
Total Expenses	180.6	267.9	48.3
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.1	
Department of Water and Energy			
Total Expenses	447.4	589.4	31.7
Capital Expenditure	10.1	13.0	28.7
Department of State and Regional Development			
Total Expenses	185.9	268.9	44.7
Capital Expenditure	1.1	0.5	-55.4
NSW Food Authority			
Total Expenses	20.8	20.8	
Capital Expenditure	1.7	1.7	
Total, Minister for Primary Industries, Minister for Energy, Minister for Mineral Resources, and Minister for State Development			
Total Expenses	1,277.3	1,616.5	26.6
Capital Expenditure	37.1	60.7	63.6

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Department of Primary Industries (DPI) supports the development of profitable primary industries that create a more prosperous New South Wales and contribute to a better environment through the sustainable use of natural resources. The Department maintains close links with industry and has industry competitiveness and front line service delivery as priorities.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department contributes to stronger rural and regional economies, practical environmental solutions and improved urban environments by aiming for the following results:

- Primary industries perform strongly in the economy.
- Primary industries have appropriate access to natural resources and manage them wisely.
- Primary industries are safe, healthy and biosecure.

Key services provided by the Department to contribute to these results include:

- providing science, research and innovative technologies to improve the international competitiveness and long-term environmental sustainability of the State's primary industries
- providing a biosecurity framework to support and improve domestic and international market access for the State's primary industries products
- developing and delivering education and extension services for primary industries with particular emphasis on the development and delivery of the PROfarm training program
- planning, managing and regulating the sustainable commercial and recreational use of the State's fisheries resources
- licensing and inspecting animal research and exhibited animal establishments, and administering animal welfare legislation
- developing and promoting geoscientific information on New South Wales to increase investment opportunities in the minerals industry

- granting, managing and maintaining exploration and mining titles across New South Wales and collecting prescribed royalties and
- assessing, investigating and improving environmental and health and safety performance across the mining industry.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget		Results	
Service Groups	Expenses	Strong economic performance of primary industries	Appropriate access to and wise management of natural resources	Safe, healthy and biosecure industries
Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety	134.5	$\checkmark$	~	✓
Mineral Resources	68.1	~	~	✓
Fisheries and Compliance	66.6	~	~	✓
Science and Research	150.5	~	~	✓
Personnel Services	49.8			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	469.5			

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Forecast recurrent expenditure for 2008-09 is \$543.1 million. Significant achievements and developments during 2008-09 include:

## Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety

- eradicating the 2008-09 plague locust outbreak. The Department was the lead agency and coordinated the NSW response to the outbreak. The effectiveness of the response limited the spread of locusts into other areas, shortened the time required for control and resulted in substantial savings by protecting pastures and crops from damage
- coordinating the NSW Government response to drought. Drought assistance through the Department and other agencies is predicted to be about \$76 million in 2008-09, bringing the Government's total commitment to about \$480 million since the current drought began in 2002-03

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- developing a new licensing scheme under the *Hemp Industry Act 2008* to allow the State's farmers to produce industrial hemp for a range of uses including building products, cosmetics, bio-fuel and dog food
- achieving a major milestone under the *Plantation and Reafforestation Act* 1999 with the total area of timber plantation approved since 2001 now over 100,000 hectares. At an investment of around \$4,500 per ha and estimates of between eight and 15 new jobs directly created for every \$1 million invested this represents a significant boost to regional economies
- implementing the Australian Government funded two year Water and Nutrient Smart Farms project in the Hawkesbury-Nepean Catchment to assist farmers in undertaking on-ground works programs that improve nutrient management and water use efficiency
- piloting a new team approach to regional extension and advisory services based around common climatic, environmental and agricultural production factors. The teams are trialling a multi-disciplinary approach with a whole-of-farm business focus to help producers meet the challenges of improving productivity

#### **Mineral Resources**

- facilitating carbon capture by commencing a regional stratigraphic drilling program to identify high potential reservoirs for long term carbon dioxide storage
- establishing the Government's \$100 million Clean Coal Fund administered by the Clean Coal Council to research, develop and demonstrate clean coal technologies, and increase public awareness of the importance of reducing greenhouse gas emissions through the use of these technologies
- awarding an Exploration Licence over the Watermark coal area which has provided up to \$300 million in payments to New South Wales, \$1 million per annum for five years to a regional community trust and a \$175 million investment in transport infrastructure
- continuing the Government's support for increased mineral and petroleum exploration under the New Frontiers initiative resulting in the discovery of a significant new mineral province in the north west of the State
- organising a major safety campaign involving record numbers of industry representatives to inform, educate and influence the mining industry about mine safety best practice, and drive improved safety performance

#### **Fisheries and Compliance**

- implementing deterrence strategies, such as effective compliance operations that target illegal fishing based on intelligence received from the Fishers' Watch Hotline, to increase the adoption of sustainable fishing practices
- developing substantial changes to the commercial fish catch and effort reporting system to improve sustainability outcomes through more robust stock assessments, and provide a basis for more informed and efficient management arrangements for industry and government
- finalising the NSW Land Based Sustainable Aquaculture Strategy which outlines best practice for site selection, design and operation of aquaculture facilities, and simplifies the approvals process for intensive and extensive land based facilities
- integrating recreational fishing licences into the Government Licensing Service which provides a one stop shop for obtaining a range of licences and permits. This has enabled significant improvements in service delivery to NSW anglers with the introduction of plastic fishing licences and a licence renewal facility

#### Science and Research

- refocussing the Department's science and research priorities on productivity and food security, biosecurity, climate and water and fisheries and ecosystems to improve the value and relevance of the Department's research for NSW primary producers, community and other stakeholders
- securing \$3.5 million in Australian Government and industry funding as part of the national research effort to reduce agriculture's greenhouse gas emissions. The funding will support critical research projects that are assisting NSW primary producers in mitigating and adapting to climate change
- progressing the development of major new automatic milking technology in collaboration with the University of Sydney and DeLaval Pty Ltd and
- commencing the Government's five year \$56.67 million upgrade of the biosecurity laboratories at the Elizabeth Macarthur Agriculture Institute to ensure that the facilities meet current and future regulatory standards and provide a platform for future biosecurity research and diagnostics.

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#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Department delivers its services through four operational divisions: Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety; Mineral Resources; Fisheries and Compliance; and Science and Research. The Department has a strong rural and regional focus and works with other agencies to develop regional innovation strategies to strengthen the capability of primary industries.

In particular, the Department has the following strategic directions for each industry:

- ♦ Agriculture, aquaculture and private forestry industries rapidly implement new technologies to increase economic performance whilst reducing environmental impacts; in particular, on-farm water is used efficiently, industry adapts to and reduces its impact on climate change and risks posed by pests, diseases and chemicals are excluded, eradicated or effectively managed.
- The fishing industry has secure access to and harvests at levels which allow sustainable regeneration of fish stocks; the living aquatic environment is conserved and protected for current and future generations.
- The mining industry contributes to state and regional economies and to their communities through strong investment and production while appropriately managing natural resources and operating to best practice health and safety standards.
- The forestry industry employs ecologically sustainable management practices, underpinned by sound science, and captures opportunities presented by carbon markets.

The strategic directions for each service group are as follows:

#### Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety

- enhance the delivery of education initiatives to help primary producers manage risks, deliver environmental outcomes and use innovative technologies to improve productivity and profitability
- prepare and deliver industry development strategies for key industries to increase investment in rural and regional New South Wales

- drive primary industries' adaptation to climate change and mitigate the production of greenhouse gases by assisting in the implementation of new technologies which ensure permanent improvements in greenhouse gas management
- facilitate plantation investment and development in New South Wales that creates employment, timber products and assists in countering carbon emissions
- review biosecurity legislation with the aim of reducing costs to industry whilst improving biosecurity outcomes
- implement a comprehensive biosecurity strategy aimed at protecting the economy, the environment and public health from the negative impacts associated with pests, diseases and weeds
- develop information, communication and technology platforms to improve management of exotic disease incursions, routine surveillance and market access
- implement targeted health and safety education programs that address priority areas identified by the NSW Mine Safety Advisory Council
- develop and deliver strategies that improve the welfare of animals in New South Wales

#### **Mineral Resources**

- inform government decision-making in respect of strategic coal, mineral and petroleum resources
- progress a carbon capture and storage demonstration project running until 2013 to facilitate low emission coal technologies
- continue to provide world class geoscience information to underpin exploration, mining investment and geosequestration in New South Wales
- encourage and facilitate mineral and petroleum exploration and new resource developments to maximise social and economic benefits and minimise adverse environmental impacts
- regulate the NSW mining industry to ensure further improvements in environmental performance

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- regulate and oversee mine safety to ensure the health and safety of mine workers
- identify additional coal development areas to increase the competitiveness of the NSW mining industry

## Fisheries and Compliance

- attract investment by identifying and assessing suitable sites for large-scale aquaculture production
- ensure compliance with the *Fisheries Management Act 1994* and the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* by completing an environmental assessment process for shark meshing and implementing Joint Management Agreements with the Department of Environment and Climate Change
- improve the profitability and sustainability of commercial fisheries by building on the introduction of share management, exploring opportunities for streamlined and simplified regulatory approaches and facilitating structural adjustment
- develop opportunities for increasing community involvement in recreational angling, including the completion of environmental assessments for artificial reefs and marine stocking programs

#### Science and Research

- continue to refocus effort to high priority areas such as studies aimed at adaptation to and mitigation of the effects of a changing climate on the State's primary industries
- continue to transition plant breeding programs to the private sector
- deliver increased productivity and sustainability of resource use across primary industries by managing a portfolio of projects with external funding in the order of \$50 million per annum
- develop information and technology platforms to improve the management of the Department's project portfolio and optimise return on investment against government priorities and
- conduct scientific surveys of the fish resources of New South Wales, enabling assessment of fish resources independent of commercial or recreational fishers.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

Major initiatives for 2009-10 include:

- \$16.5 million for the development of clean coal technology through the Clean Coal Fund, including a carbon capture and storage demonstration project
- \$2.5 million for Brigalow structural adjustment payments
- \$1.9 million for derelict mine site rehabilitation and
- \$6 million for the NSW contribution towards combating exotic pests and diseases.

#### **Total Expenses**

The Department's total expenses for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$469.5 million.

The major areas of expenditure include:

- \$134.5 million for the Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety service group
- \$68.1 million for the Mineral Resources service group
- \$66.6 million for the Fisheries and Compliance service group
- \$150.5 million for the Science and Research service group and
- \$49.8 million for the provision of Personnel Services.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's 2009-10 capital expenditure is budgeted at \$45.4 million, of which \$10.6 million is reinvestment of proceeds from the sale of assets.

Major projects within the Department's capital program include:

- \$17.7 million for the biosecurity upgrade of Elizabeth Macarthur Agricultural Institute
- \$8 million for the rationalisation and relocation of Gosford Horticultural Institute
- \$2.4 million for a Commercial Fisheries Management System

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- \$1.8 million for a Mineral Resources Business and Technology System
- \$1.4 million to construct a new laboratory to upgrade research facilities at Wagga Wagga Agricultural Institute
- \$941,000 for the construction of offshore artificial reefs for recreational fishers near Newcastle
- \$849,000 for a Biosecurity Information Management System
- \$750,000 for the upgrade of office and cattle tick facilities at Tweed Heads
- \$607,000 for a Scientific Research Project and Portfolio Management System and
- \$400,000 for the upgrade of office facilities at Eden.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Primary industries perform strongly in the economy

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Value of primary industries production <sup>(a)</sup> Mining royalties collected <sup>(b)</sup> Capital expenditure (mining) <sup>(c)</sup> Value of targeted primary industries exports: <sup>(d)</sup> Coal Agriculture	\$m \$m \$m \$m	20,317 489 1,700 6,200 5,281	23,432 573 2,200 8,200 5,064	26,261 920 2,000 9,500 5,975	34,462 1,400 2,400 15,800 5,289	29,619 1,646 2,000 11,700 5,523

(a) This indicator shows the value of production, and hence economic performance, of the agriculture, minerals, wild harvest fisheries and aquaculture sectors. While production is influenced by many factors such as climatic conditions, global demand and the value of the Australian dollar, this indicator is a proxy for the effectiveness of DPI's services that support strong economic performance.

- (b) This indicator shows the royalty revenue generated by mineral production.
- (c) This indicator shows the level of investment by the mining sector and is a proxy for the attractiveness of New South Wales to investors.
- (d) Agriculture figures based on Australian Bureau of Agricultural and Resource Economics data (published March 2009). While the value of exports is influenced by many factors such as global demand and the value of the Australian dollar, this indicator is a proxy for the effectiveness of DPI's services aimed at maintaining strong economic performance.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Primary industries have appropriate access to natural resources and manage them wisely

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Mines operating to agreed operation plans and subsidence plans <sup>(a)</sup> Primary/target and secondary fish species harvested at	%	95	97	97	97	97
biologically sustainable levels <sup>(b)</sup>	%	90	90	90	90	90
Landholders/fishers adopting at least one DPI sustainability innovation <sup>(c)</sup> Cotton yield per megalitre of	%	25	30	30	30	30
water supplied <sup>(d)</sup>	no.	1.06	1.09	1.11	1.11	1.15
Reduction in net emissions from primary industries <sup>(e)</sup>	%	2	3	3	3	3

(a) This indicator shows the percentage of mines operating to agreed operation plans and subsidence plans.

- (b) This indicator is a proxy for the effectiveness of DPI's management of fisheries resources.
- (c) This indicator shows the effectiveness of DPI's services aimed at facilitating uptake of sustainability innovations developed by DPI.
- (d) This indicator demonstrates the effectiveness of DPI's services aimed at uptake of water-saving practices and technologies by the cotton sector.
- (e) This indicator shows the annual percentage reduction in net greenhouse emission from primary industries due to the uptake of technologies such as high feed efficient livestock.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Primary industries are safe, healthy and biosecure

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 2 Revised <b>Fo</b>	009-10 recast
Compliance with National Animal Health performance standards <sup>(a)</sup>	%	95	97	97	97	97
Major innovations in pest and disease control <sup>(b)</sup>	% no.	95 26	97 30	30	97 31	97 31
Fatal injuries per million hours in the mining industry: <sup>(c)</sup>	110.	20	50	50	51	51
Coal	no.	0.04	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.02
Non-coal	no.	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.03

(a) This indicator shows the degree to which the NSW animal health management system meets the agreed national standards.

- (b) This indicator shows the number of innovations developed annually by DPI to improve biosecurity and protect human health. The figures comprise the number of innovations to protect human health, protect industry or reduce cost to government and industry.
- (c) This indicator shows the fatal injury rate per million hours worked (five year average) and is a proxy for the effectiveness of services to improve workplace safety.

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## SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 43.1 Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers development and delivery of services and initiatives such as extension, education and promotion of animal welfare, to drive sustainable development of agriculture and private forestry, as well as development and implementation of industry safety, biosecurity and emergency response plans to support improved industry safety and biosecurity.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to strong economic performance of primary industries; appropriate access to and wise management of natural resources; and safe, healthy and biosecure industries by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - Primary industries see New South Wales as an attractive state in which to invest and increase competitiveness.
  - Primary industries use innovative technologies and practices.
  - Primary industries adapt to climate change, contribute to mitigation of its impacts and achieve improvements in natural resource and environmental management.
  - Risks posed by pests, diseases and chemicals to the economy, environment and human health are excluded, eradicated or effectively managed.
  - The mining industry operates to best practice health and safety standards.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Farmers attending PROfarm training activities Biosecurity plans with DPI contribution Persons accredited in	no. no.	5,760 234	8,437 200	6,200 200	3,500 200	3,800 200
emergency response preparedness Attendance at mining industry	no.	328	507	500	630	830
health and safety workshop seminars Compliance with animal research and exhibited	no.	4,101	4,200	3,000	3,500	3,200
animals regulations	%	90	90	90	90	90
Employees:	FTE	682	700	682	655	655

# 43.1 Agriculture, Biosecurity and Mine Safety (cont)

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	133,906	164,938	134,484
Total expenses include the following: Brigalow Assistance Fund Rural financial counsellors Drought assistance Noxious weed control Exotic pest and disease control Government contribution to Forests NSW NSW Food Authority grant	4,150 1,191 932 8,363 2,485 9,557 11,747	4,150 1,191 18,855 8,363 2,485 9,557 11,747	2,500 1,216  8,555 6,022 9,557 11,380
NET COST OF SERVICES	108,038	141,643	108,509
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,416	5,266	22,377

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# 43.2 Mineral Resources

Service Description:	This service group covers assessment of the State's geology and mineral resources, their allocation to private interests for exploration and mining and regulation of exploration and mining activities for safety and environmental performance.								
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to strong economic performance of primary industries; appropriate access to and wise management of natural resources; and safe, healthy and biosecure industries by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:								
<ul> <li>Primary industries see New South Wales as an attractive sta which to invest and increase competitiveness.</li> </ul>								ve state in	
	٠	Prim	ary indu	stries use i	nnovative t	echnologies	s and prac	tices.	
	•		policies ral resou	and progr urces.	ams contri	bute to the	e sustaina	ble use of	
	•	of its	s impact	stries adap s and achie al manager	eve improv				
	•	<ul> <li>The mining industry operates to best practice health and safety standards.</li> </ul>							
Service Measures:			Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Area covered by new st series geoscience map	os		000 ha	2,700	2,700	600	1,800	2,700	
Titles and dealings proc within published time f Outstanding mining roya	rame		%	81	90	90	90	90	
revenue Safety regulation:	aity		%	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.05	0.05	
Investigations of operational safety Enforcement actions			no. no.	450 666	384 774	300 300	450 800	450 800	
Environmental regulatio Audits, assessments a reviews			no.	857	870	890	890	890	
Investigations and enforcements Rehabilitation of derelic			no.	75	60	50	50	50	
mine sites	L		no.	37	30	30	28	26	
Employees:			FTE	334	338	329	318	318	

# 43.2 Mineral Resources (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	52,931	81,525	68,142
Total expenses include the following:			
Remedial works to mined areas	1,863	1,863	1,902
New Frontiers exploration initiative	5,500	5,500	5,500
Clean Coal Fund			16,500
Coal compensation expense		12,038	•••
NET COST OF SERVICES	24,167	52,983	14,604
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,586	1,586	2,936

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# 43.3 Fisheries and Compliance

Service Description:	This service group covers development and delivery of compliance, regulatory programs and services and initiatives to protect primary industries from pests, diseases and contaminants and drive sustainable development of aquaculture, commercial fishing and recreational fishing.							
Linkage to Results:	primary natural i working	This service group contributes to strong economic performance of primary industries; appropriate access to and wise management of natural resources; and safe, healthy and biosecure industries by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:						
			stries see N st and incre			an attracti	ve state in	
		policies ral resou	and progra	ams contri	bute to the	e sustaina	ble use of	
	of its	<ul> <li>Primary industries adapt to climate change, contribute to mitigation of its impacts and achieve improvements in natural resource and environmental management.</li> </ul>						
	envi		by pests, o and huma anaged.					
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Service measures.								
Native fish stocked		mill	2.3	2.5	2.5	1.3	2.5	
Habitat restoration sites		no.	122	155	150	150	150	
Area of submerged land		ha	3,895	3,850	3,850	3,650	3,650	
Aquatic species protect		no.	32	34	34	36	39	
	Prosecutions (fisheries) no. 359 400 400 195 20 Self Enforcing Infringement						200	
(fisheries)	-	no.	2,352	2,600	2,600	1,700	1,800	

FTE

567

567

486

Employees:

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440

440

# 43.3 Fisheries and Compliance (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	67,392	75,151	66,605
Total expenses include the following: Fisheries Trust funded projects Meshing for sharks	15,171 814	14,401 814	15,207 831
NET COST OF SERVICES	39,453	48,334	37,887
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,768	1,168	7,115

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## 43.4 Science and Research

Service Description:	inno of th as v	This service group covers provision of science, research and innovative technologies to increase the international competitiveness of the State's primary industries in an environmentally sustainable way, as well as provision of the science to underpin effective biosecurity policy and implementation.							
<u>Linkage to Results</u> :	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to strong economic performance of primary industries; appropriate access to and wise management of natural resources; and safe, healthy and biosecure industries by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>Primary industries see New South Wales as an attractive state in which to invest and increase competitiveness.</li> </ul>								
		Primary indus		-			tices.		
	٠	DPI policies natural resou	and progra						
		Primary indus of its impacts environmenta	and achie	ve improve					
	•	Risks posed environment effectively ma	by pests, and huma	diseases a	and chemic are exclu	als to the uded, erac	economy, dicated or		
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
<u>Service measures</u> .									
New diagnostic tests an vaccines		no.	8	8	8	8	7		
New integrated pest cor systems	itrol	no.	8	8	8	8	8		
Publication of research innovations in scientific		1							
journals Samples processed by		no.	1,200	1,184	1,300	1,180	1,180		
laboratories Pre-commercial lines ar		thous	322	483	370	335	335		
varieties delivered for uptake by private bree and seed companies Innovations for horticult	ure,	no.	7	10	13	13	13		
viticulture, aquaculture animal production	and	no.	39	39	40	40	40		
Employees:		FTE	1,065	1,046	1,085	981	981		

# 43.4 Science and Research (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	138,466	171,721	150,506
Total expenses include the following: Industry funded projects	21,109	36,351	37,187
NET COST OF SERVICES	92,065	116,140	90,048
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	14,286	8,567	12,928

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# 43.5 Personnel Services

Service Description:	This service group covers provision of personnel services to Forests NSW and the Mine Subsidence Board as part of the State's Work Choices insulation legislation.					
Employees:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Forests NSW Mine Subsidence Board	FTE FTE	560 26	537 26	470 25 	470 25	470 25 2009-10
Financial Indicators:			Bud( \$00		evised \$000	Budget \$000
Total Expenses Excludir	ng Losses		49,8	55 4	9,794	49,794
CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	RE					14

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	264,965	315,825	275,260
Other operating expenses	112,805	117,988	126,716
Depreciation and amortisation	19,638	19,625	19,786
Grants and subsidies	37,579	59,199	37,392
Finance costs	1,417	1,417	1,178
Other expenses	6,146	29,075	9,199
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	442,550	543,129	469,531
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	112,789	107,598	109,083
Investment income	2,615	1,215	1,294
Retained taxes, fees and fines	10,940	10,940	11,192
Grants and contributions	41,185	56,106	82,280
Other revenue	188	6,688	4,693
Total Retained Revenue	167,717	182,547	208,542
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	11,110	1,482	9,941
NET COST OF SERVICES	263,723	359,100	251,048
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	263,723	359,100	251,048
Recurrent Services Appropriation	237,614	308,587	231,048
Recurrent Services Appropriation		506,567	234,070
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	04.050	40 507	45 050
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	24,056 10,019	16,587 10,019	45,370 30,860
		10.019	30.000

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		2009-10	
	Budget	08-09 <del></del> Revised	Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	27,622	35,171	32,914
Receivables	28,002	16,908	11,653
Inventories	2,118	1,791	1,791
Assets held for sale	14,979	8,438	8,240
Other	22,941	15,443	21,473
Total Current Assets	95,662	77,751	76,071
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	25,699	28,825	28,825
Other financial assets	1,803	1,813	1,813
Inventories	5,524	5,975	5,975
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	184,741	185,137	213,662
Plant and equipment	43,513	38,369	43,880
Infrastructure systems	26,766	24,401	11,230
Intangibles	9,262	13,072	12,613
Total Non Current Assets	297,308	297,592	317,998
Total Assets	392,970	375,343	394,069
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	15,967	16,418	16,418
Borrowings at amortised cost	4,447	4,446	4,710
Provisions	54,123	61,469	61,449
Total Current Liabilities	74,537	82,333	82,577
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	14,464	17,966	13,256
Provisions	1,129	1,362	1,362
Other	22,941	15,443	21,473
Total Non Current Liabilities	38,534	34,771	36,091
Total Liabilities	113,071	117,104	118,668
NET ASSETS	279,899	258,239	275,401
FOURTY			
EQUITY Reserves	137,835	130,939	130,939
Accumulated funds	142,064	127,300	144,462
		121,000	14,402
TOTAL EQUITY	279,899	258,239	275,401

19 - 24

	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	254,906	291,951	262,996
Grants and subsidies Finance costs	37,579 964	59,199 964	37,392 898
Other	125,618	154,886	142,781
Total Payments	419,067	507,000	444,067
Receipts	101051		
Sale of goods and services Interest	124,254 2,615	116,543 1,215	113,829 1,699
Other	65,313	86,734	111,165
Total Receipts	192,182	204,492	226,693
		-	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(226,885)	(302,508)	(217,374)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments	12,501	1,593 1,688	15,317
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	 (24,056) 	(16,170) (417)	 (45,370) 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(11,555)	(13,306)	(30,053)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(4,650)	(1,150)	(4,726)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,650)	(1,150)	(4,726)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	237,614	308,587	234,078
Capital appropriation	10,019	10,019	30,860
Asset sale proceeds transferred to the Consolidated Fund Entity	(9,650)	(1,150)	(15,042)
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	(3,000)	(751)	(13,042)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	237,983	316,705	249,896
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(5,107)	(259)	(2,257)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	32,729	35,430	35,171
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	27,622	35,171	32,914

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	20 Budget \$000	08-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(263,723) 36,381 457	(359,100) 47,733 8,859	(251,048) 38,380 (4,706)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(226,885)	(302,508)	(217,374)

# **NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY**

The New South Wales Rural Assistance Authority, under the *Rural Assistance Act 1989*, promotes the efficient delivery of assistance programs to farmers and other persons engaged in rural industries.

The Authority's primary objective is to administer, analyse and influence adjustment and assistance programs that encourage self reliance, facilitate appropriate change and help mitigate extreme events.

The Authority administers the Farm Debt Mediation Act 1994.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority supports the strong economic performance of primary industries by providing services to help farmers manage debt and business risks such as natural disasters and drought. The Authority also encourages the sustainable use of natural resources through the provision of low-interest loans for works to improve land management.

The Authority has developed the following planned results to achieve government objectives:

- The agricultural and small business sector is able to recover from the effects of extreme events.
- The agricultural sector is able to resist and remain viable when faced with financial challenges.
- The agricultural sector is able to coexist with and support the natural environment.
- Farm debt disputes are resolved efficiently and equitably.

Key services provided by the Authority to contribute to these results include:

- provision of loans to farmers and small businesses to allow them to continue their normal operations following a natural disaster
- provision of interest subsidies to help farmers affected by exceptional circumstances to obtain carry-on finance, restructure debt and implement productivity improvements

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- provision of loans to farmers aimed at promoting improved land management practices and
- administration of the *Farm Debt Mediation Act 1994*.

The key service provided by the Authority and the way in which it is expected to contribute to results is set out in the following table:

Service Groups		The agricultural and small business sector is able to recover from the effects of extreme events	The agricultural sector is able to resist and remain viable when faced with financial challenges	The agricultural sector is able to coexist with and support the natural environment	Farm debt disputes are resolved efficiently and effectively
Financial Assistance to Farmers and Small Businesses	267.9	~	~	~	✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	267.9				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Authority continues to provide support to farmers and small businesses through the Advancing Australian Agriculture program, which includes the Exceptional Circumstances program. This is a joint program between the Australian and NSW Governments, with the Australian Government contributing 90 per cent of the funding.

In 2008-09 the Authority expects to approve 9,200 applications under the Exceptional Circumstances program and provide assistance of \$297.2 million, compared to 10,399 approvals and assistance of \$409.5 million in 2007-08.

Assistance under the Exceptional Circumstances program in declared areas has been extended until 31 March 2010.

The Special Conservation Scheme provides loans at low interest rates for works such as soil conservation, irrigation and water supply. Loans are provided on the basis that the proposed works will have a beneficial impact on the land, the community and the environment. The Scheme has been extended to include drought-related initiatives. In 2008-09 the Authority expects to approve loans totalling \$20.5 million.

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#### 44 NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

The Natural Disaster Relief Scheme provides low interest rate loans to assist eligible primary producers and small businesses recover from the effects of natural disasters, such as storms, floods or bushfires. In 2008-09 the Authority expects to approve loans totalling \$11.2 million, with the majority provided to assist the Central West and North Coast regions following extensive flood damage in December 2007 and January 2008.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Strategies employed by the Authority to ensure achievement of its planned results are:

- promotion of available assistance programs, and providing advice to potential applicants to create awareness of eligibility requirements
- periodic reviews of specific programs and continued development and monitoring of result indicators and service measures
- effective management of the Authority's loan portfolio to limit the risk of non-repayment and
- ongoing review and refinement of internal policies and procedures, and identifying synergies within Government and statutory authorities for streamlining the provision of assistance measures.

The Authority will continue its partnerships with other Government agencies such as the Department of Primary Industries to deliver the following assistance programs:

- AgStart assisting young farmers to enter agribusiness or farming related industries
- Forging Partnerships program assisting schools, community groups and Aboriginal organisations in promoting sustainable management of natural resources and
- Native Vegetation Assistance package assisting landholders as a consequence of refusal of consent to clear land under the *Native Vegetation* Act 2003.

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## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Authority's total expenses for 2009-10 are budgeted at \$267.9 million. Exceptional Circumstances assistance is the major component at \$253.7 million, of which the Australian Government will contribute 90 per cent.

Also provided for in 2009-10 is:

- \$18 million for low interest loans under the Special Conservation Scheme and
- a notional \$2 million for the Natural Disaster Relief Scheme. Actual assistance will depend on the occurrence of natural disasters.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Authority receives a minor allocation of \$50,000 for the replacement and upgrade of office facilities.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### The agriculture and small business sector is able to recover from the effects of extreme events

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Eligible applicants receive Natural Disaster Relief Scheme assistance <sup>(a)</sup> Applications for assistance approved <sup>(b)</sup>	%	100	100	100	100	100
Loans	no.	31	171	28	140	100
Grants Value of assistance provided <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	0	2,677	0	0	0
Loans Grants	\$m \$m	2.9 0.0	15.9 15.3	2.0 0.0	11.2 0.0	9.0 0.0

(a) Represents the percentage of eligible applicants who are provided with assistance.

(b) Represents the total of applications approved.

(c) Represents the total dollar value of assistance provided.

# The agricultural sector is able to resist and remain viable when faced with financial challenges

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Eligible applicants receive Exceptional Circumstances assistance <sup>(a)</sup> Applications for assistance	%	100	100	100	100	100
approved <sup>(b)</sup> Value of assistance provided <sup>(c)</sup>	no. \$m	7,965 252.6	10,399 409.5	6,250 168.7	9,200 297.2	6,900 253.7

(a) Represents the percentage of eligible applicants who are provided with assistance.

(b) Represents the total of applications approved.

(c) Represents the total dollar value of assistance provided.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# The agricultural sector is able to coexist with and support the natural environment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-</b> Revised <b>Foreca</b>	
Eligible applicants receive Special Conservation Scheme assistance <sup>(a)</sup> Applications for assistance	%	100	100	100	100 <b>1</b> 0	00
approved <sup>(b)</sup> Value of assistance provided <sup>(c)</sup>	no. \$m	319 12.8	204 11.7	450 18.0		50 3.0

(a) Represents the percentage of eligible applicants who are provided with assistance.

(b) Represents the total of applications approved.

(c) Represents the total dollar value of assistance provided.

#### Farm debt disputes are resolved efficiently and equitably

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 <b>2009-1</b> Revised <b>Forecas</b>	-
Farm debt disputes are effectively resolved	%	88	89	90	90 <b>9</b> 0	)

Represents satisfactory mediations where an agreement has been reached.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 44.1 Financial Assistance to Farmers and Small Businesses

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers financial assistance by way of loans to farmers and small businesses to allow them to continue their operations following a natural disaster and loans to farmers aimed at promoting improved land management practices and grants under various schemes. Assistance is also provided through grant programs with Exceptional Circumstances being the main program providing interest rate subsidies to farmers and small businesses.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to the agricultural sector being able to recover from the effects of natural disasters and exceptional circumstances; manage business risks during drought and disease; coexist with the natural environment; and to farm debts being resolved efficiently and effectively, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - clients are aware of, and respond to available assistance
  - viability of ongoing farm operations is protected
  - resources to initiate conservation measures are accessible and
  - a limited number of farmer/creditor disputes end up in the court system.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Applications for assistance processed Applications processed within	no.	9,625	15,395	6,458	9,640	7,170
time frames	%	70	75	90	75	90
Promotional activities Farm Debt Mediation	no.	64	28	20	7	8
applications determined	no.	32	47	50	60	50
Employees Numbers:	FTE	38	39	37	31	31

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# 44.1 Financial Assistance to Farmers and Small Businesses (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
	•	•	<u> </u>
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	180,641	315,496	267,862
Total expenses include the following:			
Operating expenses	5,172	6,599	5,865
Exceptional Circumstances assistance	168,645	297,197	253,662
Other grants and subsidies	2,000	6,361	3,000
NET COST OF SERVICES	173,132	303,620	258,966
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	50	30	50

# 44 NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related	2,175	2,992	2,821
Other operating expenses	2,997	3,608	3,044
Depreciation and amortisation	24	38	35
Grants and subsidies	170,645	303,558	256,662
Finance costs	4,800	5,300	5,300
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	180,641	315,496	267,862
Less:			
Retained Revenue	F 40F	C C O O	E 000
Investment income Grants and contributions	5,495 2,000	6,600 5,061	5,882 3,000
Other revenue	2,000	215	3,000 14
Total Retained Revenue	7,509	11,876	8,896
NET COST OF SERVICES	173,132	303,620	258,966
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	173,132	303,620	258,966
Recurrent Services Appropriation	173,509	304,194	258,954
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	50	30	50
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	50	30	50

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# 44 NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	00 500	07 74 5	00 450
Cash assets Receivables	23,582 1,300	27,715 2,946	29,459 1,396
Other financial assets	4,017	4,700	5,700
Total Current Assets	28,899	35,361	36,555
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	73,842	94,939	98,439
Property, plant and equipment -			
Plant and equipment	180	134	149
Total Non Current Assets	74,022	95,073	98,588
Total Assets	102,921	130,434	135,143
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	7,130	8,130	9,130
Borrowings at amortised cost	12,000	15,685	16,685
Provisions	255	200	190
Total Current Liabilities	19,385	24,015	26,005
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	65,886	84,634	87,175
Provisions	3	4	4
Total Non Current Liabilities	65,889	84,638	87,179
Total Liabilities	85,274	108,653	113,184
NET ASSETS	17,647	21,781	21,959
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	17,647	21,781	21,959
TOTAL EQUITY	17,647	21,781	21,959

# 44 NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

	20	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related	2,160	2,974	2,691	
Grants and subsidies Finance costs	170,645 3,800	303,558 3,800	256,662 3,800	
Other	3,800	25,884	23,044	
Total Payments	180,502	336,216	286,197	
Total Fayments	100,502	550,210	200,197	
Receipts				
Sale of goods and services Interest	 1,075	200 1,947	 612	
Other	7,414	29,021	25,534	
	.,	20,021	20,001	
Total Receipts	8,489	31,168	26,146	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(172,013)	(305,048)	(260,051)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Advance repayments received	23,800	18,107	17,800	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Advances made	(50) (19,000)	(30) (31,000)	(50) (17,000)	
Auvances made	(19,000)	(31,000)	(17,000)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	4,750	(12,923)	750	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	19,000	31,000	17,000	
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(20,000)	(13,431)	(14,959)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,000)	17,569	2,041	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	173,509	304,194	258,954	
Capital appropriation	50	30	50	
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(2,360)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	173,559	301,864	259,004	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	5,296	1,462	1,744	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	18,286	26,253	27,715	

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# 44 NEW SOUTH WALES RURAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY

	20 Budget \$000	0	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(173,132) (3,642) 4,761	(303,620) (3,625) 2,197	(258,966) (3,625) 2,540
Net cash flow from operating activities	(172,013)	(305,048)	(260,051)

The Department of Water and Energy (DWE) delivers the Government's policy and reform agenda for the water and energy sectors in New South Wales. The Department provides policy, legislative, regulatory, technical and management advice in relation to water and energy matters to the Minister for Energy and the Minister for Water. In addition to this advisory role the agency carries out a regulatory and enforcement function in both water and energy. DWE also provides some support services to the NSW Dams Safety Committee.

The Department wholly or partly administers 30 Acts, including such key water and energy legislation as the: *Water Management Act 2000*; *Water Act 1912*; *Local Government Act 1993*; *Water Efficiency Labelling and Standards* (New South Wales) Act 2005; National Electricity (New South Wales) Act 1997; Electricity Supply Act 1995; Gas Supply Act 1996; Pipelines Act 1967; and Energy and Utilities Administration Act 1987. The Department also ensures that NSW frameworks are consistent with requirements under the Australian Government's National Water Initiative, Water Act 2007 and Murray-Darling Basin Act 1993 No. 38.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

DWE has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- E1: A secure and sustainable water supply for all users.
- E2: A reliable electricity supply with increased use of renewable energy.

The Department is working with the urban water, water management and energy industries, government agencies, business and consumer groups and other stakeholders towards the following results:

- Urban water supplies are reliable and sustainable and services across New South Wales are well managed, efficient and equitable.
- Allocation of water between communities, industry, farmers and the environment is secure and sustainable.
- Energy supplies are reliable and sustainable, energy services are safe and efficient and the consumer protection framework is robust, including support for vulnerable customers.

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Key services provided by the Department that contribute to achieving these results include:

- planning and developing a policy and regulatory framework for urban water industries and customers including the Metropolitan Water Plan; facilitating water recycling across New South Wales; providing leadership, guidance and technical assistance in best practice management, operation and maintenance for non-metropolitan urban water utilities; and overseeing and monitoring local water utility performance
- advising on ecosystem protection strategies and plans; managing and regulating the sharing of water between users through developing water sharing plans, administering water licences, assessing resource availability, allocating available water and monitoring compliance; and developing and implementing water trading rules and liaising with other States and the Australian Government in interstate water sharing arrangements and
- promoting and maintaining competition in energy markets, mainly through delivering the NSW Government's commitments under the national reform agenda for energy; promoting renewable energy, energy standards and appliance labelling schemes; developing a policy for electricity and gas networks and licensed pipelines, and regulating and monitoring performance against the policy; and maintaining a strong consumer protection framework.

The key services provided by the Department and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

			Results	
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$M	Urban water supplies are reliable and sustainable and services across New South Wales are well managed, efficient and equitable	Allocation of water between communities, industry, farmers and the environment is secure and sustainable	Energy supplies are reliable and sustainable, energy services are safe and efficient and the consumer protection framework is robust
Urban Water Utilities	219.4	$\checkmark$		
Water Management	197.5		~	
Energy Supply and Use	172.5			✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	589.4			

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The Department was established to address the dual challenges of ensuring reliable and sustainable access to the basic necessities of water and energy, which are fundamental to improving the quality of life in New South Wales, and of supporting continued economic development across the State. Key recent achievements include:

- securing water supplies for greater Sydney through the development of the Metropolitan Water Plan which incorporates major projects including deepwater access to water in Warragamba and Nepean Dams and a contract for the construction and operation of a desalination plant at Kurnell powered by renewable energy
- engaging the greater Sydney community through the Water for Life Education Program, with total water use reducing to levels equivalent to those in the early 1970s despite over one million extra people in metropolitan Sydney
- establishing the Office of the Hawkesbury-Nepean and obtaining \$77 million in funding from the Australian Government for programs to be overseen by the Office
- completing over 360 water supply and sewerage projects under the Country Towns Water Supply and Sewerage Program that have delivered enhanced public health and environmental and security-of-supply outcomes to over one million residents living in country New South Wales
- improving significantly the management of the State's water and sewerage infrastructure with 80 per cent of the requirements of the revised Best Practice Management Guidelines now being met by local water utilities and with approximately 80 per cent committed to undertaking Integrated Water Cycle Management plans
- completing almost half of the State's water sharing plans to ensure that the environment receives an appropriate share of the water available and to provide secure and tradeable water rights for water licence holders
- the signing of a memorandum of understanding and an Intergovernmental Agreement on Murray-Darling Basin reform with New South Wales receiving in-principle approval for funding of \$1.4 billion from the Australian Government for water saving infrastructure projects

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- managing the national GreenPower Program on behalf of other states and territories and playing an active role in developing the new National Mandatory Renewable Energy Target through the Council of Australian Governments process and
- strengthening protection for vulnerable consumers through new regulatory provisions for the retail energy industry and working with electricity retailers to implement voluntary hardship charters for all participants.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Department's strategic directions embrace the following:

- continuing to address supply security, regional demand growth and recycling and rainwater harvesting to enable the provision of a secure and sustainable water supply for all New South Wales users
- protecting the State's \$3 billion per annum irrigation industry and iconic rivers and ensuring the long term sustainability of our freshwater resources for consumptive and environmental needs by working to maximise the benefits to New South Wales from the Australian Government's Water for Our Future Program, the National Water Initiative and the Australian Government Water Fund
- safeguarding the reliability of the State's electricity supplies by ensuring the National Electricity Market is operating effectively
- continuing governance, institutional and regulatory reform to build a stronger national energy market, thereby reducing the cost and complexity of regulation, enhancing regulatory certainty, lowering barriers to competition and improving the climate for investment
- improving national consistency in technical, safety and planning regulation as it applies to the energy sector through New South Wales's participation in the Ministerial Council on Energy
- reducing greenhouse gas emissions from the energy sector and increasing the proportion of energy supplied from renewable sources by ensuring energy policies take into account State Plan targets for greenhouse gas reduction and for renewable energy supply and
- providing an additional \$272.5 million over five years for the protection and support of vulnerable residential energy customers, such as pensioners and other low income earners.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Estimated total expenses for the Department in 2009-10 will be \$589.4 million. Major items include:

- pensioner rebates for energy of \$102.9 million, taking into account an increase to the pensioner energy rebate from \$112 to \$130 per pensioner per annum
- social program payments of \$139.4 million to Sydney and Hunter Water Corporations largely for pensioner, exempt property and unsewered area concessions
- \$61.7 million towards expenditure on the Country Towns Water Supply and Sewerage Program
- \$8.5 million for the Aboriginal Water Supply and Sewerage Program which provides funding to raise the service levels of water supply and sewerage in selected Aboriginal communities, including a \$3.3 million contribution from the NSW Aboriginal Land Council
- Government contributions to State Water Corporation of \$22 million, comprising capital and recurrent contributions as determined by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal
- Energy Accounts Payment Assistance Program totalling \$20.6 million
- \$16.5 million as the State's share of operating costs and works programs for irrigation areas
- \$6.7 million for conserving and restoring groundwater resources of the Great Artesian Basin and
- an additional \$2 million towards completion of Water Sharing Plans under the *Water Management Act 2000.*

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Department's capital expenditure program for 2009-10 is estimated at \$13 million. This comprises Australian Government funding of \$7 million for the upgrade and expansion of the hydrometric network, \$3.5 million for Water Management Information Systems projects and \$2.5 million for general plant and equipment including computers.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Allocation of water between communities, industry, farmers and the environment is secure and sustainable

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 2009 Revised Fore	
Proportion of water extraction covered by commenced water sharing plans <sup>(a)</sup>	%	85	87	97	90	95
Reduction in over-allocation of groundwater systems <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	65	75	75	82

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E1. The target is, across NSW, to meet the commitments under the National Water Initiative to restore water extraction from rivers to sustainable levels. The volume of water extraction covered by water sharing plans in 2006-07 has been re-calculated to provide a more accurate assessment.

#### Urban water supplies are reliable and sustainable and services across New South Wales are well managed, efficient and equitable

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Total volume of water recycled in Sydney <sup>(a)</sup> Proportion of requirements of Best Practice Management Guidelines for Water Supply and Sewerage met by local	GL	22.2	25.5	30.6	32.5	34.6
water utilities <sup>(b)</sup>	%	77	80	80	82	84
Proportion of "people often taking action to conserve	<b>.</b>	70		0.5		
water" <sup>(c)</sup>	%	79	81	85	75	80
Amount of water saved <sup>(c)</sup>	GL	49.1	64.8	80.3	80.3	111.6
Proportion of regional population which has access to water which complies with drinking water standards <sup>(d)</sup>	%	99	99	99	99	99

<sup>(</sup>b) This indicator shows progress on six groundwater plans under the Achieving Sustainable Groundwater Entitlements program, contributing towards the State Plan target for E1. The specific target for this result indicator is 100 per cent reduction by 2016.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Urban water supplies are reliable and sustainable and services across New South Wales are well managed, efficient and equitable (cont)

- (a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E1. The target is to increase water recycling in Sydney from 15 billion litres per year to 70 billion litres of water per year by 2015 (1 billion litres = 1 gigalitre). The volume of water recycled in 2006-07 has been recalculated to provide a more accurate assessment.
- (b) This indicator shows progress towards State Plan (performance standards) targets through improvements in management of urban water services by local water utilities in non-metropolitan New South Wales. The proportion of requirements met in 2006-07 has been revised to provide a more accurate assessment.
- (c) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E1. The target is to improve efficiency of water use in Sydney by saving 145 billion litres of water per year by 2015. This represents almost a 25 per cent reduction from Sydney's projected water demand in that year.
- (d) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E1. The target is to meet reliability performance standards for water continuity and quality. More information on water continuity and quality can be found in the 'Results Summary' for priority E1 in the State Plan.

#### Energy supplies are reliable and sustainable, energy services are safe and efficient and the consumer protection framework is robust

		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised F	orecast
Result Indicators:						
	SAIDI					
Unplanned electricity outages <sup>(a)</sup>	(mins)	135	130	135	135	131
GreenPower Sales - New South						
Wales <sup>(b)</sup>	GWh	350	448	570	564	710

- (a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E2. The State Plan target is to achieve average electricity reliability for New South Wales of at least 99.98 per cent by 2016. The actual result for 2006-07 was better than targeted. The equivalent SAIDI figure (System Average Interruption Index) of 98.98 per cent reliability is 105 minutes.
- (b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority E2. The target is to source 10 per cent of electricity from renewable sources by 2010, rising to 15 per cent by 2020.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 45.1 Urban Water Utilities

Service Description:	This service group covers: planning and policy development for urban water industries; coordination and review of the Metropolitan Water Plan; facilitating water recycling across New South Wales; leadership, guidance and technical assistance in best practice management, operation and maintenance for non-metropolitan urban water utilities; overseeing and monitoring utility performance; funding backlog water and sewerage infrastructure and providing emergency drought assistance.								
Linkage to Results:	This service group contributes to reliable and sustainable water supplies and well managed, efficient and equitable services across New South Wales by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:								
	•	diversifie	ed wa	ter supplie	s are balar	nced with de	emand		
	٠	local wat	ter ut	ility perform	nance and	manageme	ent is enha	nced	
	٠	value for	mon	ney water in	frastructur	e is in plac	е		
	•	water ed and	lucati	on, conser	vation and	recycling p	orograms a	re in place	
	٠	custome protectio		ive equitab oport.	le access t	to water se	rvices and	consumer	
Service Measures:		Ur	nits	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual			2009-10 Forecast	
<u>dervice measures</u> .									
Volume of sewerage effl recycled in non-metrop									
New South Wales (a)			GL	30	32	33	33	34	
Water supply and sewer projects completed	age		no.	326	349	368	368	384	
People aware of water s	avino		10.	320	549	300	300	304	
devices or programs	~~~	<u> </u>	%	72	73	75	75	76	

(a) This indicator shows the total volume of sewerage effluent that is recycled in non-metropolitan New South Wales. The actual volume of sewerage recycled in 2006-07 has been recalculated to provide a more accurate assessment.

Employees:	FTE	69	80	80	67	67
					-	-

# 45.1 Urban Water Utilities (cont)

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	188,977	186,654	219,387
Total expenses include the following:			
Sydney Water concession programs	111,957	111,957	128,356
Hunter Water concession programs Country Towns Water Supply and Sewerage	9,429	9,429	11,000
Scheme Program	52,386	53,236	61,655
NET COST OF SERVICES	177,222	177,292	200,043
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	300	200	200

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#### 45.2 Water Management

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the sharing of water to provide stimulus for businesses and social benefits, and to improve the condition of NSW rivers, wetlands and aquifers. Key services include: interstate water management; statutory water sharing planning; licence administration and compliance; water quantity and quality assessment; allocation of available water; development and implementation of water trading rules; and advice on ecosystem protection strategies and plans.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to the secure and sustainable allocation of water between communities, industry, farmers and the environment by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - water is available for business investment in rural and regional economies and
  - water extraction is restored to sustainable levels.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Water sharing arrangements in place or commenced <sup>(a)</sup> <i>Water Act 1912</i> licences with volumetric entitlements converted to water access licences under <i>Water</i>	%	45	41	65	65	80
Management Act 2000 Free flowing bores remaining	%	30	31	40	40	50
to be controlled	no.	301	290	275	275	260

(a) The drop in percentage of water sharing plans between 2006-07 and 2007-08 was due to an overall increase in the number of plans as some water sharing plan areas were further subdivided.

Employees:	FTE	514	509	519	554	554

# 45.2 Water Management (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	150,188	176,652	197,499
Total expenses include the following:			
Subsidy to State Water	21,515	21,515	22,013
Irrigation area asset renewals	21,299	21,299	16,487
Rehabilitation of artesian bores	5,538	9,092	6,698
NET COST OF SERVICES	92,945	243,447	57,343
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	9,483	12,203	12,611

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# 45.3 Energy Supply and Use

Service Description:	This service group covers: promoting and maintaining competition in energy supply markets; developing national energy market frameworks in partnership with other states; forecasting energy supply and demand; developing electricity and gas network and licensed pipeline regulation and monitoring performance; promoting renewable energy and energy saving schemes; and implementing consumer protection strategies for residential energy and urban water customers.							
Linkage to Results:	supplies custome include f	, safe a ers by wo the followi v South	up contribu Ind efficien orking towa ing: Wales par	it services rds a rang	s and sup ge of inter	port for mediate re	vulnerable esults that	
	♦ netv	work oper	ators compl	ly with an i	mproved re	gulatory fr	amework	
	<ul> <li>renear</li> <li>and</li> </ul>		nergy and e	efficiency in	ncentive pr	ograms ar	e in place	
	CUS		nsumer pro s well as sp					
O		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Service Measures:								
Product registrations fo energy labelling or mir energy performance								
standards		no.	282	558	1,072	1,200	1,179	
Number of product re assessment.	gistrations	s in 2006	6-07 has b	een revise	ed to refle	ct a more	e accurate	
Employees:		FTE	57	54	57	44	44	

# 45.3 Energy Supply and Use (cont)

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	108,239	109,254	172,484
Total expenses include the following: Energy concessions	94,256	89,534	151,714
NET COST OF SERVICES	104,080	101,044	170,424
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	358	238	238

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	20	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -			
Employee related	65,363	66,882	68,958
Other operating expenses	42,470	39,270	36,862
Depreciation and amortisation	5,738	6,063	10,259
Grants and subsidies	303,437 159	329,595 159	447,295
Finance costs			161
Other expenses	30,237	30,591	25,835
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	447,404	472,560	589,370
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	43,470	50,054	47,701
Investment income	2,821	2,821	3,152
Grants and contributions	21,257	62,250	107,088
Other revenue	8,723	2,895	5,429
Total Retained Revenue	76,271	118,020	163,370
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(1,560)	(1,560)	(1,560)
Other gains/(losses)	(1,554)	(165,683)*	(250)
NET COST OF SERVICES	374,247	521,783	427,810
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	274 247	501 700	407 040
Recurrent Services Appropriation	374,247 388,133	521,783 395,146	427,810 480,869
Recurrent Services Appropriation		395,140	400,009
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
	40 4 44	40.044	40.070
Capital Expenditure	10,141	12,641 8,798	13,049 6,049
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	8,798		

\* Loss is primarily due to reorganisation of Murray-Darling Basin joint venture arrangements. During the year, Murrary-Darling Basin Commission's functions have been subsumed by the Australian Government's Murrary-Darling Basin Authority (MDBA). As a result, New South Wales has relinquished control of Australian Government contributed funds, which are now under the control of the new MDBA.

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	46,190	53,201	49,211
Receivables	56,666	58,178	58,076
Other financial assets	302	381	397
Total Current Assets	103,158	111,760	107,684
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment -	710,736*	38,586	39,458
Land and building	23,974	20,978	20,449
Plant and equipment	3,165	7,378	13,100
Infrastructure systems	15,118	570,516*	632,370
Intangibles	15,863	14,820	17,198
Total Non Current Assets	768,856	652,278	722,575
Total Assets	872,014	764,038	830,259
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	24,269	37,777	37,780
Borrowings at amortised cost	156	184	200
Provisions	8,452	10,749	10,749
Other	9,579		
Total Current Liabilities	42,456	48,710	48,729
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	1,257	1,210	1,038
Provisions	524	113	113
Other		744	744
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,781	2,067	1,895
Total Liabilities	44,237	50,777	50,624
NET ASSETS	827,777	713,261	779,635

\* Interest in joint venture has been replaced by direct interest in jointly controlled property, plant and equipment resulting from the Murray-Darling Basin Commission's functions being subsumed by the Australian Government's Murray-Darling Basin Authority during the year.

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	200 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET (CONT)			
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	179,503 648,274	28,377 684,884	28,377 751,258
TOTAL EQUITY	827,777	713,261	779,635

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	58,505	59,589	61,649
Grants and subsidies	304,237	330,395	448,165
Finance costs Other	159 110,882	159 93,813	161 72,091
Other	110,002	33,013	12,051
Total Payments	473,783	483,956	582,066
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	43,370	49,955	47,601
Interest	2,721	2,721	2,952
Other	39,256	30,146	52,758
Total Receipts	85,347	82,822	103,311
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(388,436)	(401,134)	(478,755)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	840	840	840
Advance repayments received	198	198	212
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(4,627) (5,514)	(7,127) (5,514)	(9,527) (3,522)
Other	(5,514)	(5,514)	(3,522)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(9,103)	(11,603)	(11,997)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(142)	(142)	(156)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(142)	(142)	(156)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	388,133	395,146	480,869
Capital appropriation	8,798	8,798	6,049
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(10,614)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	396,931	393,330	486,918
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(750)	(19,549)	(3,990)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	46,940	72,750	53,201
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	46,190	53,201	49,211

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	20 Budget \$000	08-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(374,247) (15,645) 1,456	(521,783) 119,192 1,457	(427,810) (52,610) 1,665
Net cash flow from operating activities	(388,436)	(401,134)	(478,755)

# DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The Department is responsible to the Minister for State Development, the Minister for Regional Development, the Minister for Tourism, Minister for Science and Medical Research and the Minister for Small Business (Section 9).

The primary function of the Department is to contribute to Government policies and provide services to the business sector to achieve a competitive and diverse economy. The Department's aim is to develop innovative and sustainable businesses and industries that will increase productivity, employment and investment growth.

In order to deliver on these responsibilities, the Department was reorganised during the year to better service the Government's priorities for economic growth.

## **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Department has the lead agency responsibility for managing the delivery of outcomes from the NSW Government's Jobs Summit, held in February 2009. The Department is also responsible for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- P1: Increased business investment and increased tourist visitation.
- P6: Increased business investment in rural and regional New South Wales.

The Department aims to increase investment in, and productivity of, the State's economy to increase the number of rewarding and high skill jobs, by working towards the following results:

- Jobs are created and maintained in industries where the State has competitive advantage, including "green" skills and industries.
- Business investment is made by existing and new companies.
- There is an environment conducive to doing business in New South Wales.
- Sydney and New South Wales are attractive locations for investors, tourism, education and events.

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Key service areas include programs and activities to:

- foster growth in jobs and investment by working with significant employers and major projects
- facilitate and support innovation and growth in small and medium businesses
- increase adoption of exporting as a business growth strategy
- develop the economic capacity of rural and regional New South Wales
- increase the State's science, research and development capacity and
- increase tourism through domestic and international marketing, communications and online programs.

The key services provided by the Department of State and Regional Development and the way in which they contribute to the results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results						
Service Groups	Expenses	Increased jobs and investment	Industry and business development	Sydney and New South Wales as attractive locations	Improved business environment			
Investment and Industry Development	62.9	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Enterprise, Small Business and Regional Development	90.4	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
International Markets and Trade	11.0	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$				
Innovation, Research and Policy	52.7	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
Tourism	51.9	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	268.9							

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

During 2008-09, the Department worked to secure major investments in New South Wales with an estimated value of \$2.2 billion and an employment impact of over 8,000 jobs.

One of the significant projects attracted during 2008-09 was Virgin Blue's Embraer Jet Base. This project will generate investment of \$310 million and will employ 1,000 people when fully operational.

The Department assisted Volgren to establish a bus manufacturing plant in Newcastle. The company will invest \$18 million and employ 150 people.

The Department attracted three major film productions in 2008-09: *Happy Feet 2*, *Guardians of Ga'Hoole* and *Green Lantern*. More than 1,100 jobs will be created by these projects, with an estimated production expenditure of more than \$350 million.

Chinese automotive company Geely acquired the transmission plant in Albury previously owned by Drivetrain Systems International, securing ongoing employment for 132 people. The Department also helped retain 80 jobs in semiconductor manufacturer, Peregrine, which was at risk of closure.

The Department coordinated a major business mission to the Middle East, aimed at encouraging trade and promoting New South Wales as an investment location. In addition, the Department organised 14 trade missions and exhibitions, involving 120 companies, as well as 127 Independent Market visits. Projected export sales by the companies as a result of these activities will exceed \$108 million.

Recently, the Government introduced the *Homebush Motor Racing (Sydney 400) Act 2008*, to facilitate the V8 Supercar racing event at Sydney Olympic Park for five years, commencing in 2009. The Department executed a deed of agreement with the proponents of the event to facilitate staging of the event.

Twelve Regional Business Growth Plans have been approved, providing a blueprint for collaboration between agencies and with local governments, Regional Development Boards, and other business stakeholders. This is expected to contribute to the achievement of the State Plan's priority P6 for regional business and economic growth.

A month long event called Small Business September 2008 was held, promoting small businesses and attracting 40,000 participants. Home Based Business Week and Western Sydney Manufacturing Week were also conducted in May 2009 to further support small businesses.

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The Government established the Office of the NSW Chief Scientist and Scientific Engineer and appointed Professor Mary O'Kane to the position. The NSW Research Partnerships Program was established to win major research centres for New South Wales, supported by better coordination of Government research capabilities through the NSW Science Agencies Group.

The Government has allocated funding of \$15 million over three years to support the establishment of the Illawarra Health and Medical Research Institute. This will provide critical infrastructure support to underpin research activities in New South Wales.

During 2008-09, Tourism NSW finalised the NSW Tourism Strategy which is supported by an additional \$40 million investment by the NSW Government over four years. This will be matched by increased industry investment estimated at \$20 million.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Department adopts a whole-of-government approach to its role under the State Plan and will focus on implementing the initiatives arising from the Premier's Jobs Summit. The Department's recent reorganisation has created teams aligned to 13 industry sectors addressed by the Summit. Senior Departmental officers are the single points of contact for companies with significant investment projects in five of these sectors: tourism and hospitality, finance and insurance, information and communications technology, manufacturing, and retail.

New South Wales is being impacted by the slowdown in global economic growth, and pressures on employment are expected to continue in 2009-10. To contribute to sustainable jobs and to an improving economy, the Department will place emphasis on assisting businesses to survive and maintain jobs.

The new departmental structure will include a Sydney Operations Team to work closely with local government to deliver programs and services to small and medium enterprises in the Sydney metropolitan area. The Department will also establish formal agreements with selected local government authorities to facilitate business investment opportunities in regional New South Wales.

An agreement has been reached by the State and the Federal Government to merge the NSW Government's Regional Development Boards with the Australian Government's Area Consultative Committees to establish a network of Regional Development Australia Committees, operational from 1 July 2009. Key priority areas for the new committees will be regional planning, employment generation and social inclusion, particularly around employment opportunities for disadvantaged groups in the community.

## 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Department's total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$268.9 million.

The Government's response to the Jobs Summit comprised a package of measures to support jobs during the global economic downturn, including:

- \$70 million over four years for the Major Investment Attraction Scheme, a financial incentive package to attract large projects to New South Wales
- \$2.3 million over five years in additional funding for the Industry Capability Network which assists local businesses to bid for government projects (\$453,00 in 2009-10) and
- grants of up to \$2,500 per person to support retrenched apprentices and trainees.

The second round of initiatives in the Government's response to the Jobs Summit includes:

- the establishment of two employment funds at a cost of \$19 million over two years to assist businesses establishing or expanding: a Western Sydney Employment Fund (\$4.4 million in 2009-10) and a Regional NSW Employment Fund (\$2.6 million in 2009-10)
- \$6 million to retrain workers who have lost their jobs to assist them return to work (\$3 million in 2009-10)
- \$5 million to support the NSW production of Australian based screen projects (see Film and Television Office page 2-130)
- \$3 million per annum to engage project managers to ensure efficient and timely delivery of major planning issues (see Department of Planning page 17-5)
- \$2.4 million in 2009-10 to help councils speed up development assessments and rezonings (see Department of Planning page 17-5) and
- \$1.5 million per annum to assist in additional supply of employment land (see Department of Planning page 17-5).

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Initiatives for 2009-10 will include establishing four international offices: in China (Shanghai and Guangzhou), India (Mumbai) and the United Arab Emirates (Abu Dhabi) as part of the Government's program to attract new business investment, grow exports, increase NSW market share of tourism and international students, and promote Sydney's global city profile.

The Department will support tourism in New South Wales through continued implementation of the \$40 million NSW Tourism Strategy and development of a Tourism Industry Plan in partnership with the tourism industry. Increasing investment in targeted local and international campaigns is also a key focus for Tourism NSW.

The Department will work with other agencies to deliver new programs under the \$85 million Building the Country Package, over five years from 1 January 2009, to assist country businesses and communities. The package includes initiatives for local infrastructure, community broadband development, water adjustment, and support for small chambers of commerce, country halls and libraries. In addition, a total of over \$20 million will be extended to small and medium businesses in all parts of the State to support jobs growth and retention through improved business skills, expanded markets and the adoption of innovative business practices.

A special assistance package of up to \$10 million per year for two years is being introduced to protect and increase export and employment opportunities in the Western and Gunnedah coalfields.

To support NSW medical research capability, \$27.3 million will be available as grants. An amount of \$10 million is also being allocated to attract Australian Government funding for science and other research, including initiatives to improve the connections between research organisations and industry.

The Department will also manage the provision of Government services and support for the V8 Supercars event at Sydney Olympic Park.

#### Capital Expenditure

The Department's capital expenditure program for 2009-10 is \$479,000. Of this, an amount of \$300,000 has been allocated to improve road-side signage of tourism attractions across the State. The balance \$179,000 will be spent on minor works including the replacement of equipment.

## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Increased jobs and investment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Investment committed: Metropolitan Regional	\$m \$m	1,109 1,612	465 791	420 850	1,350 870	420 850
Employment impact of investment committed: Metropolitan	no.	2,312	4,130	2,100	4,740	2,100
Regional Rate of employment growth in small and medium enterprise clients	no. %	4,125	5,281	4,000	4,030	4,000 10
Private business investment <sup>(a)</sup> New employment by start-up and	\$b	39	45	49	48	48
small businesses	no.	4,005	4,546	3,500	3,500	3,500

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priorities P1 and P6. The target under the State Plan is to double the level of new business investment from around \$40 billion per annum in 2006 to around \$80 billion per annum in 2016. Data sourced from the ABS National Accounts.

## Industry and business development

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Export growth by small and medium enterprise clients	\$m	202	176	80	90	90
NSW share of new company registrations Local industry participation	%	31.2	30.0	32.5	32.5	33.0
in major projects: Metropolitan Regional	\$m \$m	24 190	54 149	50 90	70 170	50 90

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### Sydney and New South Wales are attractive locations

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Growth in total NSW visitor nights <sup>(a)</sup> Growth in visitor expenditure Maintain greater market share of total visitor nights in	mill \$b	136.0 17.4	139.0 18.0	138.0 18.2	138.0 18.2	138.1 18.0
Australia <sup>(b)</sup>	%	31.5	31.5	_29.3	_31.8	_30.6
Sydney city brand ranking <sup>(c)</sup> Business confidence in New South Wales compared to the national figure <sup>(d)</sup>	Rank %	1 equal to national rate	1 lower than national rate	Top 5 equal to national rate	Top 5 equal to national rate	Top 5 equal to national rate

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priorities P1 and P6. The target is to increase tourist visitation to New South Wales by an additional 10 million visitor nights by 2016, compared to 2004-05.

(b) Above 30 per cent share.

(c) Anholt-GMI city brands index.

(d) National Australia Bank quarterly business survey.

#### Improved business environment

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
NSW allocation of major Australian Government	•					
research funds	\$m	273	311	311	338	304
Jobs supported/retained from NHMRC, ARC and NICTA <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	2,065	2,230	2,530	2,820	2,470
Businesses accessing research infrastructure through CIAP <sup>(b)</sup> Small and medium enterprises reporting innovation:	no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	80
Research and development or new product development	%	50	51	50	50	50
Marketing a new or improved product or service	%	55	59	55	55	55

(a) NHMRC - National Health and Medical Research Council, ARC - Australian Research Council, NICTA - National Information Communication Technology Australia.

(b) CIAP - Collaborative Infrastructure Access Program which is a component of the Science Leveraging Fund.

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 46.1 Investment and Industry Development

Service Description:	This service group covers undertaking industry specific analysis for the identified priority areas based on market intelligence and consultation with stakeholders both internal and external to Government and investment attraction for large projects. This includes the development and implementation of industry and sectoral plans to proactively drive industry growth at a State and regional level in line with State Plan targets.							
Linkage to Results:	intermec ♦ incr Wal	Wales						
	•		in targeted					
			pply chain					
	<ul> <li>sector contracts and projects including international markets an</li> <li>business and industry adopt innovative technologies, process products and services.</li> </ul>							
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Metropolitan projects facilitated or financially assisted:	Metropolitan projects facilitated or financially							
Investment projects as		no.	22	25	25	25	25	
Funding required to as investment projects		\$m	2	17	7	7	7	
Regional projects facilit or financially assisted:								
Investment projects as Funding required to as	ssisted	no.	156	297	200	260	150	
investment projects		\$m	12	29	15	18	15	
Investment clients satis with assistance	fied	%	82	89	80	80	80	
Employees:		FTE	n.a.	n.a.	56	56	56	

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# 46.1 Investment and Industry Development (cont)

	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget	Revised	Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
	<b>Φ000</b>	<b>4000</b>	<b>4000</b>
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	33,030	38,446	62,891
Total expenses include the following:			
Assistance to industry	10,600	16,775	22,148
Assistance package for the Western	,	,	
and Gunnedah Coalfields			10,000
Major Investment Attraction Scheme		1,900	10,000
Industry Capability Network	1,247	1,247	1,700
Katoomba Echo Point Development	3,000	225	1,000
National ICT Centre of Excellence	5,000	5,000	5,000
Australian Technology Showcase	1,000	1,000	1,000
Innovation and Biotechnology Strategies	3,136	3,136	3,136
NET COST OF SERVICES	32,658	38,106	62,673
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	774	774	179

#### 46.2 Enterprise, Small Business and Regional Development

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers providing strategic support to increase employment and investment growth in regional and metropolitan areas, with a focus on local infrastructure and small and medium enterprises.

<u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:

- increased business investment and employment in regional New South Wales
- increased competitive position of small and medium enterprises
- new businesses start and employment grows
- regional communities identify and promote business opportunities and
- small businesses access information to expand markets and adopt improved business practices.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Regional businesses assisted through small business programs Regional communities assisted	no. no.	3,813 82	4,175 50	2,900 40	2,900 70	3,000 70
Business development events: Events Participants	no. no.	496 20,634	441 26,703	400 20,000	500 50,000	500 50,000
Businesses assisted through small business programs Total services provided to micro and start-up business	no.	n.a.	2,400	1,700	1,900	1,700
clients Retail Tenancy Unit:	no.	380,216	277,987	135,000	135,000	135,000
Mediations Informal mediations Bonds lodged	no. no. no.	350 8,150 13,200	375 7,100 16,000	300 7,000 16,000	340 7,500 16,800	350 7,500 17,800
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	n.a.	125	129	128

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# 46.2 Enterprise, Small Business and Regional Development (cont)

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	54,725	54,139	90,348	
Total expenses include the following:				
Regional Development Boards	1,690	1,850		
Building the Country Program		2,500	25,500	
Illawarra Advantage Fund	1,000	1,200	2,000	
Illawarra "green" jobs			250	
Hunter Advantage Fund	593	1,000	1,593	
Hunter "green" jobs			250	
Payroll Tax Incentive Scheme	13,000	9,000	11,400	
Regional Development Assistance	11,754	11,087	12,644	
Western Sydney Employment Fund			4,400	
Regional NSW Employment Fund			2,600	
Support for workers who have				
lost their jobs			3,000	
Business Drought Assistance		1,200	1,000	
Small business programs	3,119	2,319	2,319	
Business advisory services	3,000	3,000	2,500	
Retail tenancy mediation services	1,599	1,599	1,361	
NET COST OF SERVICES	52,692	52,044	87,821	

#### 46.3 International Markets and Trade

Service Description:	This service group covers identifying priority industries and markets for export opportunities and potential inbound investment attraction. This includes managing NSW's overseas presence via missions, trade desks, overseas offices providing a one-stop shop for international businesses and for export ventures of NSW Government agencies.
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>increased export sales from New South Wales</li> </ul>

- increased number of new investors to New South Wales
- overseas offices are established to support Government's offshore strategies and
- business migrants are secured for New South Wales.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Small and medium businesses assisted by trade programs Clients visiting export markets missions/exhibitions Individual market visits for	no. no.	1,700 120	1,700 120	1,700 120	1,700 120	1,800 150
clients supported by the Department Clients under management by export advisors	no. no.	115 650	127 640	80 600	180 580	150 600
Employees:	FTE	n.a.	n.a.	45	45	62

	000	0000 40	
	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 <u></u> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	8,178	9,385	11,030
Total expenses include the following: Trade Programs	800	1,800	1,800
NET COST OF SERVICES	7,509	8,822	10,098

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## 46.4 Innovation, Research and Policy

Service Description:	stakeh	This service group covers the research and development, analysis and stakeholder engagement activities required to help drive innovation, increase competitiveness and economic growth.							
Linkage to Results:	interm ♦ No re ♦ re	<ul> <li>This service group contributes by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>New South Wales wins a greater share of Australian Government research funds</li> <li>research concentrations are developed in alignment with business, industry and Government priorities</li> </ul>							
	♦ kr in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	♦ in	creased nui	mber of bus	sinesses in	novating.				
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
Science and medical research projects: Grants no. 30 28 53 53 <b>5</b>						52			
Funding to assist scie and medical researc projects Advice and partnership	ch	\$m	44	32	34	34	32		
significant State and national policy and regulatory initiatives no. 25 2 Major stakeholder consultation					25	25	25		
and advisory forums	Sulation	no.	40	35	35	35	35		
Employees:		FTE	n.a.	n.a.	69	80	80		

# 46.4 Innovation, Research and Policy (cont)

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	46,320	52,419	52,711
Total expenses include the following: Medical Research Support Grants Illawarra Medical Research Institute Science Leveraging Fund Innovation and Biotechnology Strategies	22,331  10,000 664	22,331 5,000 10,000 664	22,331 5,000 10,000 664
NET COST OF SERVICES	45,931	52,145	52,412

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# 46.5 Tourism

Service Description:	and	This service group covers promoting New South Wales to domestic and international tourism markets and providing opportunities for an increase in jobs and tourist expenditure.						
Linkage to Results:	interr ♦	<ul> <li>This service group contributes by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>Sydney and regional New South Wales are positioned as attractive visitor destinations</li> </ul>						
	♦i	international a	and domest	tic tourism	expenditure	e grows		
		market share Wales is mair						
		<ul> <li>increased number of opportunities for the tourism industry to partner in Tourism NSW initiatives and</li> </ul>						
	♦ 1	business lead	ls are gene	rated for to	ourism oper	ators.		
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 Forecast	
Service Measures:								
Consideration of visiting South Wales for a dor								
holiday or a short brea		%	80	80	80	83	80	
Visits to Tourism websi		mill	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.6	3.8	
Business leads genera	ted	mill	<b>n</b> 0	<b>n</b> 0	0.4	0.6	0.7	
for tourism operators Industry investment in		TTIII	n.a.	n.a.	0.4	0.6	0.7	
marketing activities: Direct		\$m	4.5	4.7	5.0	4.2	4.0	
Indirect		\$11 \$m	4.5 n.a.	4.7 n.a.	n.a.	4.2	3.0	
Equivalent advertising	value	Ψ.Π						
of publicity generated		\$m	95	95	95	98	95	

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FTE n.a. n.a. 145 116 **116** 

Employees:

# 46.5 Tourism (cont)

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	43,633	47,318	51,917
Total expenses include the following: Tourism Project and Marketing Activities Grants to Regional Tourism Organisations	22,672 1,633	25,107 3,383	30,398 5,133
NET COST OF SERVICES	36,893	41,221	46,486
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	300	300	300

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# 46 DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses - Employee related	48,978	47,803	50,329
Other operating expenses	48,978	21,295	50,329 17,949
Depreciation and amortisation	1,393	1,393	1,453
Grants and subsidies	59,794	60,628	65,457
Other expenses	56,845	70,588	133,709
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	185,886	201,707	268,897
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	635	137	300
Investment income	2,818	2,818	2,883
Grants and contributions	6,350	6,024	6,018
Other revenue	400	406	206
Total Retained Revenue	10,203	9,385	9,407
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(16)	
NET COST OF SERVICES	175,683	192,338	259,490
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	175,683	192,338	259,490
Recurrent Services Appropriation	170,752	192,330	259,490
		101,002	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	1,074	1,074	479
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,074	1,074	479
		1,07 1	-10

# 46 DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets Receivables Assets held for sale Other	24,218 8,032 764 	24,989 8,926 764 44	23,377 8,926 764 44	
Total Current Assets	33,014	34,723	33,111	
Non Current Assets Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment - Land and building Plant and equipment Intangibles	469 2,635 5,411 505	12 2,635 5,467 505	12 2,635 4,630 368	
Total Non Current Assets	9,020	8,619	7,645	
Total Assets	42,034	43,342	40,756	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables Provisions Other	4,248 4,940 178	8,843 4,687 10	8,770 4,687 	
Total Current Liabilities	9,366	13,540	13,457	
Non Current Liabilities Provisions Other	38 1,409	35 1,395	57 1,350	
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,447	1,430	1,407	
Total Liabilities	10,813	14,970	14,864	
NET ASSETS	31,221	28,372	25,892	
EQUITY Reserves Accumulated funds	662 30,559	662 27,710	662 25,230	

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# 46 DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	45,073	45,073	47,962
Grants and subsidies Other	63,594 80,056	64,428 96,140	69,257 155,937
	00,000	50,140	100,001
Total Payments	188,723	205,641	273,156
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	635	61	300
Interest	2,818	2,818	2,883
Other	14,664	14,344	14,135
Total Receipts	18,117	17,223	17,318
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(170,606)	(188,418)	(255,838)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchases of property, plant and equipment	 (1,074)	2 (1,074)	 (479)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,074)	(1,072)	(479)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	170,752	187,302	254,226
Capital appropriation	1,074	1,074	479
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	171,826	188,376	254,705
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	146	(1,114)	(1,612)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,072	26,103	24,989
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	24,218	24,989	23,377
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION		(400,000)	(259,490)
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services	(175,683)	(192,338)	(200,400)
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	5,119	3,944	3,758
Net cost of services			

# **NSW FOOD AUTHORITY**

The NSW Food Authority is responsible for ensuring food safety and compliance with food standards from production on-farm, or by harvest or catch, through processing and manufacture to retail and service of food. The role of the Authority is to improve food safety, reduce food-borne illness and improve the general health of the community. The Authority also supports and assists the food regulatory activities of local councils, all of which are appointed enforcement agencies under the *Food Act 2003*.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Authority contributes to building healthier communities and a stronger NSW economy by working towards the following results:

- The food regulatory framework in New South Wales is sound and the food industry is aware of and complies with food regulatory requirements.
- Consumers are educated and handle food safely and properly.
- Food is correctly labelled and identified.
- Costs to industry are minimised and market access increased by coordinated state, local and Australian Government food regulation.

Key services provided by the Authority to contribute to these results include:

- developing, evaluating and reviewing the food regulatory framework
- consulting and communicating with industry and providing training and advice
- monitoring NSW food industry compliance with regulatory requirements by licensing food businesses and auditing and inspecting their operations
- investigating consumer and food industry complaints and taking enforcement action for breaches of food laws
- informing and educating the public on safe and proper food handling and providing a single point of contact for food safety issues for consumers and industry and
- communicating and coordinating with other government agencies.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The key services provided by the NSW Food Authority and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10		Re	sults	
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Consumers make safe and informed choices	Fewer people get ill or injured through eating food	NSW Food Industry is reputable innovative and competitive	State/Local/ Australian Governments food regulations
Science, Standards and Communication	6.7	~	✓	~	✓
Compliance, Investigation and Enforcement	14.1	~	~	~	~
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20.8				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Projected expenditure for 2008-09 is \$35.2 million, comprising \$21.4 million of recurrent expenses similar to that of recent years, along with additional employee related expenditure of \$13.8 million to recognise the revaluation of superannuation liabilities. Key initiatives and developments during the year include:

- continued implementation of the Food Regulation Partnership Model with the local government sector, including the conduct of local government forums, communication and training programs to which the Government has contributed \$1.2 million
- continued development of the Byte system for managing interactions with NSW food businesses including management of food-borne illnesses to enable timely intervention to prevent their spread
- remake of the *Food Regulation 2004* including review of the current regulation and further consolidation of food safety schemes
- new regulatory arrangements for hospitals, aged care facilities and delivered meals organisations and continued development of other arrangements for childcare facilities
- continued work on implementation of an egg food safety scheme

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- development and piloting of a framework to evaluate the impact of the Authority's regulatory and non-regulatory food safety interventions
- continued contribution to the development of national policies and standards, including the Food Standards Code and
- development of a package of initiatives to reduce food-borne illness in the hospitality sector.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Authority's mission is to ensure that food in New South Wales is safe and correctly labelled, and that consumers are able to make informed choices about the food they eat.

The Authority's key strategies for achieving this are:

- providing the regulatory framework for industry to produce safe and correctly labelled food and ensuring industry compliance through advice and training and consistent interpretation and enforcement of requirements
- informing and educating consumers about food safety and how to make appropriate choices about food consumption and
- being the State's recognised authority and reference point on food safety.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Authority is funded on a shared basis by the Government and industry with the Government contributing \$11.4 million in 2009-10 toward the agency's total planned expenditure of \$20.8 million. Expenditure relates mainly to the provision of food safety audit, compliance, enforcement, scheme development, implementation and licensing services along with communication, consumer information and education, policy and scientific services.

Total expenditure in 2009-10 is \$14.3 million below the revised budget for 2008-09 of \$35.2 million. The 2008-09 budget was revised to include \$1 million for additional legal expenditure and \$13.8 million in employee related expenditure to recognise the revaluation of superannuation liabilities.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

The 2009-10 budget includes government funded expenditure of \$10.5 million for food regulatory activities and additional government expenditure of \$850,000 toward the continued implementation of the food regulation partnership model with local government. This has involved establishment of a framework for the administration, support and coordination of local government's role in food regulation and includes a communications program and training for local government officers.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Authority's capital expenditure program is estimated at \$1.7 million in 2009-10. This includes \$600,000 for the purchase of replacement motor vehicles and \$1.1 million on information technology and other equipment.

	200	)8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Retained taxes, fees and fines Grants and contributions	1,771 1,100 6,221 11,747	1,897 1,100 5,991 11,747	1,929 1,100 6,443 11,398	
Total Retained Revenue	20,839	20,735	20,870	
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	13,819 6,285 720	27,560 6,909 686	14,214 5,946 683	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	20,824	35,155	20,843	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(200)		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	15	(14,620)	27	

#### **NSW FOOD AUTHORITY**

#### **NSW FOOD AUTHORITY**

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS				
Current Assets	0 700	44.050	44.000	
Cash assets	2,720	11,950	11,690	
Receivables Other financial assets	1,618 8,406	1,248	1,279	
	0,400			
Total Current Assets	12,744	13,198	12,969	
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	5,834	6,085	5,902	
Plant and equipment	2,777	1,998	2,653	
Intangibles	2,579	2,277	2,322	
Other	1,731			
Total Non Current Assets	12,921	10,360	10,877	
Total Assets	25,665	23,558	23,846	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Payables	1,950	1,601	1,641	
Provisions	4,549	4,797	4,988	
Other	1,178	1,218	1,248	
Total Current Liabilities	7,677	7,616	7,877	
Non Current Liabilities				
Provisions		12,171	12,171	
Total Non Current Liabilities		12,171	12,171	
Total Liabilities	7,677	19,787	20,048	
NET ASSETS	17,988	3,771	3,798	
EQUITY				
Accumulated funds	17,988	3,771	3,798	

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services Retained taxes	1,771 1,000	1,897 1,000	1,929 1,000
Interest Other	1,100 17,479	1,100 17,526	1,100 17,333
			-
Total Receipts	21,350	21,523	21,362
Payments	40 700	40.000	44.000
Employee related Other	13,730 6,797	13,626 7,628	14,023 6,403
Total Payments	20,527	21,254	20,426
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	823	269	936
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments	500 307	500	500
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(960)	 (789)	 (1,351)
Other	(720)	(767)	(345)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(873)	(1,056)	(1,196)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(50)	(787)	(260)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,770	12,737	11,950
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,720	11,950	11,690
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	15	(14,620)	27
Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	720 88	686 14,203	683 226
	00		220
Net cash flow from operating activities	823	269	936

# Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales			
Total Expenses	2,612.8	2,784.5	6.6
Capital Expenditure	2,200.3	2,550.4	15.9
Total, Minister for Roads	2,612.8 2,200.3	2,784.5 2,550.4	6.6 15.9

# ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The Roads and Traffic Authority (RTA) is a statutory authority established in 1989 under the *Transport Administration Act 1988*. The focus of the RTA is to deliver a safe, sustainable and efficient road transport system. It achieves this by managing, operating, maintaining and developing the road network, regulating road use and educating road users.

In June 2008, there were 5.2 million registered vehicles and 4.6 million licensed drivers and riders in New South Wales.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The RTA has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to deliver the following State Plan priority:

• S7 - Safer roads.

The State Plan target for this priority is to reduce road fatalities to 0.7 per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled (VKT) by 2016.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 47 ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The RTA contributes to providing safer roads and reducing road fatalities by working towards the following results:

- The safety of the road environment, vehicles and road user behaviour is maximised.
- The condition and value of the road network meets acceptable standards.
- The road transport system supports reliable and efficient movement of people and goods.
- Impacts of the road network on natural, cultural and built environments are minimised.

Key services provided by the RTA to contribute to these results include:

- delivering road infrastructure construction projects on time and on budget to facilitate road safety, manage traffic congestion and business productivity improvements
- significant ongoing maintenance and improvement programs, traffic management, the application of a safe systems approach to the road network and strategic long-term planning to achieve a safer, more reliable, efficient and sustainable road system and
- developing and implementing a range of preventative initiatives to reduce road trauma, manage freight policy, test and regulate drivers and vehicles, improve customer access and service, ensure adherence to legislation, manage toll operations, vehicle emissions and camera-based enforcement systems to ensure improved road safety, economic development, and efficiency of the road network.

#### 47 ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

The key services provided by the RTA and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

			Res	ults	
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	The safety of the road environment, vehicles and road user behaviour is maximised	The condition and value of the road network meets acceptable standards	The road transport system supports reliable and efficient movement of people and goods	Impacts on the natural, cultural and built environments are minimised
Road Development	10.9	~	$\checkmark$	✓	✓
Road Management	2,190.1	√	$\checkmark$	√	✓
Road Use	479.8	~		✓	
M4/M5 Cash Back	103.7				✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,784.5				

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

## **Road Development**

#### Pacific Highway Upgrade Program

The jointly funded upgrading program of works began in 1996, through an initial 10 year agreement between the NSW and Australian Governments. By the end of 2009, the NSW Government will have spent \$2.45 billion and the Australian Government \$1.45 billion on the upgrade.

In January 2009, 277 kilometres of the highway's 679 kilometre length between Hexham and Tweed Heads was dual carriageway divided road with travel time savings of about 70 minutes for both heavy and light vehicles. A further 77 kilometre segment is under construction.

The \$233 million upgrade of the Pacific Highway at Bonville was completed in September 2008. Significant construction is continuing on the \$262 million project from Karuah to Bulahdelah, the \$555 million Coopernook to Herons Creek project, and the \$640 million Ballina Bypass project.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## Sydney Projects

#### Lane Cove Tunnel

Stage two of the Lane Cove Tunnel was completed in March 2008. Transit lanes were also introduced on the widened Gore Hill Freeway from the Pacific Highway to the Warringah Freeway.

Construction work has also started on a new pedestrian/cycle bridge across the Warringah Freeway. This \$15 million project is expected to be completed by late 2009.

## M5 East Filtration Plant

Construction of a \$65 million filtration plant began in April 2008. The plant was part of an Air Quality Improvement Plan for the tunnel, announced in June 2006 and is due to be commissioned at the end of 2009.

## Alfords Point Bridge

The duplication of Alfords Point Bridge over the Georges River was opened to traffic in August 2008. The project cost \$42 million and consists of two parallel bridges, each with two lanes plus a breakdown lane and a shared pedestrian/cycle path. The new bridge has removed the need for the tidal flow arrangements during peak periods.

#### Mamre Road

The Mamre Road, M4 Overpass duplication was completed in March 2009 at a cost of \$11 million providing benefits to the local community and through traffic and reducing congestion and delays, particularly during peak traffic times.

# F3 Freeway, Cowan to Mount Colah

Construction began in January 2007 to widen an 11.5 kilometre section of the F3 Freeway between Cowan and Mount Colah from four to six lanes. The \$104 million project is jointly funded by the NSW and Australian Governments and is expected to be completed in late 2009.

#### Cowpasture Road Upgrade

Cowpasture Road was a 12.8 kilometre, two-lane, undivided arterial road from the roundabout at the Horsley Drive, Wetherill Park to Camden Valley Way, Leppington. It is being progressively upgraded to a four lane divided road. Construction of the \$18 million upgrade from Main Street to Camden Valley Way began in June 2008 and is scheduled to be opened to traffic in mid 2009. Construction has commenced on the \$72 million upgrade from North Liverpool Road to the M7.

#### Inner West Busway

The upgrade of Victoria Road to provide an Inner West Busway, including duplication of the Iron Cove Bridge, will improve the efficiency and reliability of bus services between Gladesville and Rozelle by providing bus lanes during the morning and evening peak periods. The project also includes new cycle and pedestrian facilities. Following extensive community consultation the proposal was revised to minimise local impacts while still providing the required improvements to public transport. Construction is expected to commence in mid 2009.

## Great Western Highway

The Great Western Highway upgrade program is improving travel times for motorists and providing a safer road environment for all road users, including pedestrians and cyclists. The NSW Government has committed \$360 million towards the upgrade, with the Australian Government contributing \$100 million over the past 5 years.

Section one of the Leura to Katoomba upgrade, between Willow Park Avenue and East View Avenue, was opened to traffic in 2006. The \$25 million section two between East View Avenue and Bowling Green Avenue was opened to traffic in March 2009. The major feature of this project is a grade separated interchange at Leura Mall to provide access for local road users and preserve local heritage features.

Work continues on the \$160 million upgrade from Woodford to Hazelbrook, with the Oaklands Road local traffic railway underpass and Hazelbrook Parade completed. Work has started on the highway widening between Winbourne Road and Ferguson Avenue.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Improving Access Between Cities and Regions

#### Hume Highway

#### Northbound upgrade, Brooks Road to Camden Valley Way, Ingleburn

The \$30 million northbound widening of the Hume Highway (F5 Freeway) between Brooks Road and Camden Valley Way was opened to traffic in August 2008. The project was jointly funded by the Australian Government (80 per cent) and the NSW Government (20 per cent).

#### Southern Hume Highway duplication

In June 2006 the NSW and Australian Governments signed a Memorandum of Understanding to accelerate 67 kilometres of duplication. The Australian Government provided \$800 million to complete the work by December 2009. Interest earnings were also directed to the project to meet a total cost of \$924 million. The project is on track for completion by December 2009.

#### Bypasses of Tarcutta, Holbrook and Woomargama

Preferred routes have been announced and project planning approvals are expected in late 2009 for Tarcutta, Holbrook and Woomargama bypasses. Once completed in 2012 these bypasses will make up the final 20 kilometres of dual carriageway between Sydney and Albury.

#### Coolac bypass

A contract was awarded in February 2007 for the \$179 million Coolac Bypass with construction commencing in May 2007. The project comprises a 12 kilometre four lane bypass and a four kilometre reconstruction of the northbound carriageway between Muttama Creek and the Dog-on-the-Tuckerbox. Completion of the project is expected in mid 2009. The project is fully funded by the Australian Government.

#### Sheahan Bridge duplication, Gundagai

This \$78 million project is fully funded by the Australian Government and is expected to be completed in late 2009.

#### Princes Highway

#### Kiama ramps

This \$13 million project to provide additional northbound and southbound ramps to and from the Princes Highway was opened to traffic in March 2009.

#### Conjola Mountain realignment

Stage one (bridge over Conjola Creek) was completed in December 2008. A contract for the remaining work was awarded in September 2008. Funding for this project includes a \$10 million contribution from the Australian Government arranged by the Southern Region of Councils.

#### South Nowra road safety improvements

Work began in June 2007 to widen part of the Princes Highway between South Nowra and Jervis Bay Road to four lanes, including duplication of the two lane bridge over Currambene Creek. The \$23.5 million project was jointly funded with the Australian Government contributing \$15 million and the NSW Government \$8.5 million. The project was opened to traffic in November 2008.

#### Hunter and Newcastle Projects

The Hunter Expressway will provide a 39.5 kilometre link between the F3 Freeway at Seahampton and the New England Highway west of Branxton. The four-lane link would address congestion on the New England Highway in Maitland and provide a high standard east-west connection between the Newcastle regional centre and urban centres in the lower Hunter.

The interchange at Weakleys Drive, Beresfield was opened to traffic in December 2008, which eliminated three sets of traffic signals for through traffic on the New England Highway. The \$51.8 million project was fully funded by the Australian Government.

Construction began in October 2007 to provide a new two lane crossing of the Hunter River replacing the existing Tourle Street Bridge. The \$44 million project is expected to be completed and opened to traffic in mid 2009.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Central Coast Projects

#### Central Coast Highway (The Entrance Road), Ocean View Drive to Tumbi Road, Wamberal

This \$42 million project provides two lanes in each direction, a continuous off-road cycleway, bus bays and pedestrian facilities for the full 1.5 kilometre length. The Ocean View Drive to Pitt Road section was opened to traffic in July 2008, and the Pitt Road to Tumbi Road section was opened to traffic in December 2007.

#### Pacific Highway, Glen Road to Burns Road, Ourimbah

A contract was awarded in March 2008 for the next stage of the Pacific Highway widening between Glen Road and Burns Road, Ourimbah. Construction began in June 2008 and the project is expected to be open for traffic in mid 2010. The project is estimated to cost \$52 million.

#### Pacific Highway, Tuggerah to Wyong

Stage one of this \$42 million upgrade, between Anzac Road and Mildon Road was opened to traffic in February 2008. The project involves widening the road from one lane to two lanes in each direction between Anzac Road and Johnson Road, with improved intersections, pedestrian facilities and a dedicated off-road cycleway. The full length is expected to be completed in late 2009.

#### **Road Management**

# Cashless Tolling for the Sydney Harbour Bridge

On 11 January 2009, the Sydney Harbour Bridge moved to total cashless tolling, resulting in improved traffic flow and reduced travel times. Time of Day tolling was introduced on 27 January 2009 on the Sydney Harbour Bridge and Tunnel, resulting in reduced congestion around the Sydney Harbour crossings. New tolling products have also been introduced, including the Easy Toll tag and a short-term tag, to better meet customer needs.

#### Pinch Point Strategy

The NSW Government's Urban Transport Statement included \$100 million for the Pinch Points Program. This strategy includes widening intersections, lengthening turning bays, upgrading congested roundabouts with signals and upgrading clearway and local parking restrictions. The strategy will ease congestion at pinch points on 23 sections of the road network by 2012. Works at Campbelltown and on King Georges Road have already been completed.

# **Bus Priority Program**

The \$135 million Stage 1 bus priority program has been delivered. Stage 2 of the program, with an estimated total cost of \$160 million is under way.

Construction of infrastructure measures on strategic bus corridors as at the end of January 2009 included 89 completed bus priority infrastructure projects with a further 13 bus priority infrastructure projects under construction.

The introduction of Public Transport Information and Priority System for buses on the Sydney network commenced during the first quarter of 2008. Initial implementation is focused on the State Transit Authority (STA) Northern Beaches fleet. Installation on all the STA Sydney fleet is on schedule to be completed by December 2009.

## Engineering Crash Reduction

A total of \$33.5 million is being spent in 2008-09 on treatments to 156 high crash locations, of which 62 are State funded and 94 are Australian Government funded. Typical treatments include intersection improvements, road realignments, clear zone enhancements, improved delineation and safety barrier installations. In 2009-10, up to 200 additional crash locations are proposed to be treated under the Australian Government's Nation Building package and ongoing Federal Black Spot program which provides \$66 million in funding for the State.

# Road Transport Management for World Youth Day

The major international event, World Youth Day was held in Sydney in July 2008. The RTA's Transport Management Centre was operational for 21 days during the event, managing the road and public transport networks, event road closures, pedestrian management, all signposting requirements, Variable Message Signs, Special Event Clearway management, bus interchange management, event barricading and support for police security operations for the visit of Pope Benedict XVI to the event.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

## Expansion of Higher Mass Limits access in New South Wales

The RTA continued to expand the NSW State road network available for use by higher productivity vehicles including those at Higher Mass Limits (HML). During 2008-09 a further 320 kilometres of the State road network has been approved as suitable for HML, bringing the overall total to 14,000 kilometres. HML allows these vehicles to transport an increased payload capacity under rigorous regulatory conditions, including road friendly suspension and satellite tracking through the Intelligent Access Program. Accordingly, HML has the potential to reduce the total number of individual heavy vehicle trips.

# Pedestrian facilities

The RTA is upgrading 59 non-signalised pedestrian crossings located on multi-lane State Government controlled roads. As at the end of February 2009, 38 multi-lane crossings have been upgraded, with traffic signals installed at 32 sites. A further six sites are under construction, with 15 sites in design and community consultation stages.

# Railway level crossings

Enhanced funding of railway level crossing upgrades has been extended, with annual spending of \$7.6 million to the end of June 2011. Additionally, \$5.5 million has been provided in 2008-09 to complete improvements to the railway level crossing at Riverstone, as an interim measure prior to bridge construction in the future.

# F3 Incident Management

The RTA has developed a program to improve incident response on the F3 Freeway between Wahroonga and Ourimbah. The scheme includes upgrading and provision of crossover points, the strategic positioning of resources, additional CCTV cameras and Variable Message Signs as well as the provision of a system to collect and provide F3 users with travel time information. The total estimated cost of the scheme is \$28 million.

# Network maintenance

In 2007-08 an additional \$50 million was provided to address pavement resurfacing and pavement rebuilding issues identified in the Auditor General's 2006 performance audit report *Condition of State Roads*. A further \$50 million was provided in 2008-09. In 2008-09 these funds have permitted 140 lane kilometres (500,000 m<sup>2</sup>) of asphalt resurfacing, 70 carriageway kilometres (630,000 m<sup>2</sup>) of pavement rebuilding and 73 kilometres of additional road widening.

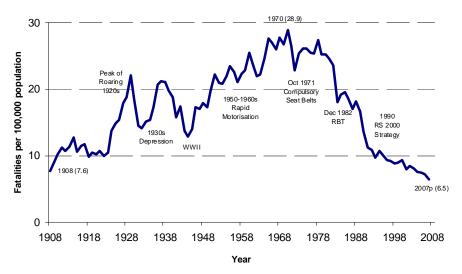
Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Road Use

#### **NSW Fatality Rates**

Fatality rates from motor vehicle crashes have generally been on a downward trend over the last 40 years. This downward trend has been achieved despite a significant rise in distance travelled. From 2002 to 2008, for the first time since records began in 1908, the NSW road toll has decreased for six consecutive years.

#### Chart 20.1: NSW Road Traffic Crash Fatalities per 100,000 Population NSW, 1908-2008



The fatality rate has fallen from 1.11 fatalities per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled in 1997-98 to 0.61 in 2007-08. This level now meets the State Plan target of 0.7 by 2016. Despite achieving the target the Government recognises a commitment to ongoing programs and new initiatives is essential if this outcome is to be maintained and improved.

#### Speed Management

Whilst the number of speed related fatalities decreased by nearly half between 2002 and 2007, speed remains a significant factor in fatal crashes. In 2008 it is estimated that speed contributed to 39 per cent of total fatalities.

The major focus on speed management has continued with the installation of deterrence devices (e.g. fixed speed cameras), enhanced enforcement and continuation of the Pinkie "Speeding, No-one thinks big of you" advertising campaign. This campaign was designed to change community attitudes to speeding and make it socially unacceptable.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### Intelligent Speed Zone Adaptation Trial

Intelligent Speed Adaptation (ISA) is an in-car speed warning device that advises drivers of the speed limit from inside their vehicle and can also physically limit the vehicle's travelling speed. RTA has secured 100 private fleet vehicles to participate in a trial with 50 drivers having signed the deed confirming participation. Twenty-two trial vehicles have been fitted with data recorders.

A Speed Zone Management System has been developed and over 93,000 kilometres of the NSW road network (including all State controlled roads) have been mapped. This system tracks the locations of all speed limit signs and provides a working platform for the ISA and other in-vehicle control systems.

#### Younger Driver Initiatives

People aged under 26 comprise 16 per cent of driver and motorcycle licence holders but comprise 32 per cent of all road crash fatalities. A number of initiatives were introduced in July 2007 to improve the safety of young drivers, including changes to P Plate licensing conditions, zero tolerance of speeding, peer passenger restrictions and a mobile phone usage ban. Fatalities involving P1 drivers are estimated to have dropped 45 per cent from 49 in 2006 to 28 in 2008.

In July 2007 a range of initiatives were also introduced for learner drivers including 120 hours of supervised driving practice, including 20 hours at night, and a minimum of one year on L plates for drivers aged under 25 years. Further reforms were introduced on 1 September 2008. L and P plate drivers and riders now face immediate suspension and confiscation of a licence for speeding more than 30 km/h over the limit. Learner drivers face immediate suspension and confiscation if they drive without a supervisor holding an unrestricted licence.

#### Newell Highway Review

A review of road safety on the Newell Highway, using the safe system partnerships approach, was completed in 2008. As a result of this multidisciplinary approach a program of safety works for the Newell Highway will commence in 2009-10.

## School Zone Safety

The RTA continues to implement a range of initiatives to improve child road safety. Recent initiatives include flashing school zone alert systems (flashing lights) and fixed speed cameras. The school road safety package announced in 2006 included the installation of 50 additional cameras to allow greater enforcement of the 40 km/h school zone speed limits. During 2008-09, the last group of 11 cameras were installed. A network of 65 cameras now enforces speed limits at 47 selected school zone sites.

# **Older Drivers**

The number of NSW drivers over the age of 85 will more than double over the next 15 years. Changes to the older driver licensing system were implemented during 2008 including: an annual medical check-up from the age of 75 to aid the early identification of issues such as deteriorating eyesight and dementia; a redesign of the over 85 driving test, making it more practical, with testing every two years; the introduction of a voluntary driver assessment scheme through accredited driver training organisations like the NRMA and the Australian Driver Trainers Association; and the maintenance of modified licence options for over 85 drivers.

# NSW Diesel Retrofit Program – Phase Four

In 2008-09, the RTA received funding from the Department of Environment and Climate Change to acquire and fit diesel exhaust after-treatment devices to in-service heavy vehicles and buses. Funding for participants in this program is on a dollar for dollar basis for individual heavy vehicle fleets. As of March 2009, nine organisations have signed up to phase four of the scheme and 76 heavy vehicles will have particle traps.

# Crashlab

RTA's Crashlab provides specialist research and testing of vehicle occupant and road user protection technology and equipment, and contributes to long term improvements in vehicle safety. During 2007-08, Crashlab conducted 60 vehicle crash tests and 400 dynamic sled tests on child restraints, seat belts, bus seats, aircraft seats, wheelchair restraints and other devices. Other programs include effectiveness testing for safety barriers, impact tests on helmets and tests on fall arrest devices and harnesses.

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#### Increased Access to Services

The RTA continues to develop e-business options to improve and enhance customer accessibility to services. The number of transactions that can be completed online continues to increase. Examples include short term registration, motor dealer bulk registration and heavy vehicle renewals.

Automated transactions are also available via self service kiosks at selected registries and via the Interactive Voice Recognition telephone services at the RTA Contact Centre.

## **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The NSW State Plan is the key focus for the RTA's activities. In addition to the State Plan, the RTA has a key role in contributing to the implementation of other State Government plans and strategies, including the Urban Transport Statement; the State Infrastructure Strategy; Action for Air; and metropolitan and regional strategies. The RTA also contributes to supporting the National Network through bilateral agreements with the Australian Government under the Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan.

The RTA's 2008-2012 Corporate Plan - Blueprint has been developed to ensure the RTA will achieve its desired results. Delivery of services to achieve these results is being driven through the Blueprint 'Agenda' which sets the organisation's strategic directions and priorities for the years ahead. The Blueprint Agenda comprises:

- managing Sydney roads
- managing rural and regional roads
- improving road safety
- improving services
- improving maintenance
- transporting freight
- the Green Plan
- advancing business opportunities and
- developing careers.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

The NSW Government is delivering a record roads budget of \$4.4 billion in 2009-10, an increase of \$400 million on the 2008-09 budget. Key highlights of the budget include:

- continued implementation of improved road safety, licensing and vehicle management strategies
- enhanced transport management throughout New South Wales
- major infrastructure projects in Sydney, regional and rural New South Wales
- delivery of an integrated road maintenance program and
- continuation of the M4/M5 cashback scheme.

# **Total Expenses**

The RTA's total operating expenditure is estimated at \$2.8 billion in 2009-10.

## **Capital Expenditure**

The total roads program capital expenditure budget is more than \$2.5 billion in 2009-10, which is \$350 million higher than 2008-09.

The RTA's major capital expenditure projects include:

- the Pacific Highway upgrade program
- the southern Hume Highway duplication and bypasses
- improved facilities for buses on Victoria Road in Drummoyne and Rozelle
- the upgrade program for key roads in Sydney's south-west
- the upgrade of key roads in Sydney's north-west including a program of road reconstruction and bus priority works and
- the Great Western Highway upgrade.

Please refer to Budget Paper 4 for detailed descriptions and costings of major infrastructure projects.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

# The road transport system supports reliable and efficient movement of people and goods

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Benefit of development program (excludes private						
partnerships) <sup>(a)</sup>	\$m	3,041	4,742	4,612	5,105	4,419
Travel speed: 7 major urban routes AM peak <sup>(b)</sup>	km	30	30	30	30	30
Travel speed: 7 major urban routes PM peak	km	41	43	41	41	41
Pacific Highway: travel time for heavy vehicles <sup>(c)</sup>	mins	465	458	465	450	450
Pacific Highway: travel time for light vehicles <sup>(c)</sup>	mins	454	445	454	435	435

(a) This indicator assesses the value of benefits, including road safety and travel time savings expected, to be provided by the annual RTA's Road Development Program. The value is derived from benefit cost analysis for projects in the Program. The desired movement for this indicator is an increase on current levels.

- (b) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority E7. The target is to improve the efficiency of Sydney's major road corridors during peak times as measured by travel speeds and volumes.
- (c) These figures provide the average travel times between Hexham and the Queensland border. They are based on an average of the north and south bound travel time surveys with the average observed work site delay effect removed, giving an indication of overall "free speed" on the Pacific Highway. The desired movement of these indicators is to reduce current levels.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# The condition and value of the road network meets acceptable standards

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Ride quality: smoothness of State roads (per cent rated good) <sup>(a)</sup>	%	88	89	90	89	89
Pavement durability: cracking country State roads (per cent rated good) <sup>(b)</sup> Average roughness of sealed	%	76.5	78.0	n.a.	78.0	78.0
State roads (NAASRA Roughness Meter Counts) <sup>(c)</sup> Carriageway kilometres of high	no.	70	70	69	70	70
roughness on sealed State roads (km) <sup>(d)</sup> Carriageway kilometres of narrow high trafficked rural	km	622	559	n.a.	559	559
State roads (e)	km	n.a.	1,748	n.a.	1,700	1,600

(a) The reporting methodology changed from 2006-07 to provide a more consistent sample of the road network being reported on each year. About 18,500 of the 20,000 lane kilometres surveyed each year are consistent for reporting. The desired movements of the State roads indicator is to maintain current levels.

- (b) Pavement durability indicates the average rate of cracking on State roads in New South Wales. The desired movements of this indicator is to maintain or increase current levels.
- (c) This indicator measures the roads' roughness by recording the upward vertical movement of the rear axle of a standard station wagon relative to the vehicle's body as the vehicle travels at a standard speed along the road being tested. The desired movement of this indicator is to maintain current levels.
- (d) This indicator is an estimate of the length of roadway of high roughness based on sample data. The desired movement of this indicator is to maintain current service levels.
- (e) This indicator measures the number of carriageway kilometres of rural State roads with a sealed width less than seven metres. The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# The safety of the road environment, vehicles and road user behaviour is maximised

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Fatalities from crashes involving a P plate driver <sup>(a)</sup>	no.	81	73	n.a.	70	n.a.
Proportion of drivers exceeding 50km/h limit <sup>(b)</sup> Proportion of drivers	%	n.a.	66	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
exceeding 110km/h limit (light vehicles only) Proportion of drivers	%	n.a.	49	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
exceeding 110km/h limit (heavy vehicles only) Fatalities / 100.000	%	n.a.	55	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
population <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	6.4	5.6	n.a.	5.9	5.6
Fatalities / 100 million vehicle km travelled <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	0.71	0.61	n.a.	0.77	0.76

(a) The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.

- (b) These indicators are derived from the annual speed survey and represent the proportion of drivers exceeding the limit in each speed zone. The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.
- (c) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S7. The target is to reduce road fatalities to 0.7 per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled (VKT) by 2016. These indicators estimate the road crash fatality risk per person and per kilometre travelled respectively.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Impacts on the natural, cultural and built environments are minimised

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
RTA building greenhouse gas emissions (Tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> -equivalent) <sup>(a)</sup> Number of Environmental Penalty Notices issued to	tonnes	40,000	35,970	n.a.	35,300	34,700
the RTA <sup>(b)</sup>	no.	4	1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Non-compliances with environmental licences <sup>(c)</sup> RTA's total annual greenhouse gases (tonnes	no.	25	11	0	10	10
$CO_2$ -equivalent) <sup>(d)</sup>	tonnes	118,231	112,091	124,400	109,000	106,500

(a) This indicator measures RTA's total building greenhouse emissions, including offices, motor registries and depots. The RTA follows the Government's policy on Australian Building Greenhouse rating (for all offices over 1,000m2). The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.

- (b) This indicator measures the number of environmental penalty notices issued to the RTA. The RTA has a zero tolerance policy for breaches of environmental legislation and strives to have no penalty notices issued. Penalty notices are shown for the year that the notice is issued. The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.
- (c) This indicator measures the number of non-compliances recorded with environment protection licences held by the RTA. A detailed compliance audit undertaken in 2007 identified a number of non-compliances. These are being rectified and the forecast is expected to trend towards zero. The desired movement of this indicator is to decrease current levels.
- (d) This indicator measures the RTA's total direct greenhouse gas contribution. It includes electricity, fuels, and gas, but excludes emissions associated with the production of materials used and contributions by contractors. The RTA is aiming to decrease its greenhouse gas emissions. The desired movements of this indicator is to decrease current levels.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 47.1 Road Development

Service Description:	This service group seeks to ensure safe and efficient movement of people and goods on the arterial road network to facilitate and support changes in land use and the economy, facilitate greater use of public transport and meet environmental targets. Services include planning, designing, scheduling and delivering the development of the road network capacity.								
Linkage to Results:	transport that includ ensur	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to a safe, sustainable and efficient transport system by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>ensuring that network development meets future growth, population and freight needs</li> </ul>							
			ms of trans		upported				
				-	is maximise	ed and			
					environme e produced		mised and		
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast		
Major works completed	within								
10 per cent of planned		0/	75	05	00	04			
duration Major works completed	within	%	75	95	90	91	90		
10 per cent of authoris	ed cost	%	87	100	90	100	90		
Employees:		FTE	1,279	1,304	1,348	1,244	1,380		
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:									
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losses			966,6	89 1	1,700	10,868		
NET COST OF SERVIC	CES			739,8	82 (19	9,081)	(44,353)		

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE 1,823,602 1,841,328

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1,908,870

#### 47.2 M4/M5 Cashback

Service Description:	This service group covers the reimbursement of motorists for the tol component paid using Electronic Toll Tags on the M4 and M5 Motorways when driving NSW privately registered cars and motorcycles.						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
M4/M5 cashback claims M4/M5 cashback claims	-	thous \$m	695 92	718 97	840 102	760 107	695 96
Employees:		FTE	49	44	44	44	44

In the past the RTA has reported FTE relating to employees. This methodology has been amended to also include equivalent full time resources relating to temporary skill hire contractors. All of the employee numbers presented above are in line with this new methodology.

	2008	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	102,000	108,579	103,686
NET COST OF SERVICES	102,000	108,579	103,686

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# 47.3 Road Use

Service Description:	use beh and id standar Service commu	naviour, to entified, a ds, and a objective nity of roa impacts c ince with	ensure tha nd vehicle high stan s include d deaths a f vehicles	t drivers ar es meet dard of cu reducing and injuries on roads a	initiatives t nd riders ar roadworthin ustomer se the traum s. The prog and the env ation and	e eligible, ness and rvice is n a and co gram aims ironment a	competent emission naintained. ost to the to reduce and ensure	
Linkage to Results:	transpo	rt system b	y working t networl	towards the	safe, susta e following oment me	intermedia	ate results:	
	• people and freight movement and incident management are optimised							
	mo	<ul> <li>ensuring more vulnerable road users such as pedestrians and motorcyclists are safe when mixing with car drivers and heavy vehicles</li> </ul>						
					vironment r behaviour		ing vehicle	
					the road no ons are red		sustainable	
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast	
Service measures.								
Crash related treatments under Nation Building - Economic Stimulus Plan Crash related treatments (includes State and Australian Government funded		no.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	200	
treatments) <sup>(a)</sup> Heavy vehicle inspectior Enhanced enforcement I	ns hours	no. thous thous	229 95 124.19	257 96 133.75	150 99 160.00	156 102 178.77	106 102 178.77	
Licensed drivers and ride Registered vehicles Total service cost (registration and licensi		mill mill	4.58 5.08	4.64 5.20	4.73 5.32	4.69 5.30	4.76 5.40	
per weighted transaction		\$	6.50	6.71	7.00	7.15	6.73	

(a) In 2009-10 fewer, more complex projects will be undertaken.

# 47.3 Road Use (cont)

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Employees:	FTE	2,417	2,410	2,399	1,967	2,424
			Bude \$00	•	evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:						
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			534,0	02 48	86,044	479,828
Total expenses include the foll Driver education and enrolm Heavy vehicle compliance a Camera enforcement progra Tolling modernisation and co Expansion of online services Buslanes and transitways er	214,8 84,6 18,6 52,8 13,0 1,5	523 8 574 1 571 5	4,765 34,578 4,932 52,856 2,322 1,189	221,298 83,627 19,010 44,182 13,326 2,682		
NET COST OF SERVICES			360,7	61 37	75,892	380,774
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			39,0	59 2	21,932	141,302

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#### **47.4 Road Management**

Service Description:	This service group seeks to ensure safe, reliable movement of people and goods on the arterial road network and manage the primary arterial network to retain the value and quality of the infrastructure as a long-term renewable asset. Services include maintenance and rebuilding works, traffic control systems, incident and special event management systems, route management strategies including the provision of priority for buses and facilities for cyclists and pedestrians, maintaining traffic facilities and providing financial assistance grants to local government to assist councils to manage their infrastructure on the secondary arterial road network.						
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to a safe, sustainable and efficient road transport system by working towards the following intermediate results:</li> <li>ensuring that network development meets future growth, population and freight needs</li> </ul>						ate results:
	♦ alter	rnative for	ms of trans	port are su	upported		
	♦ peo	alternative forms of transport are supported beople and freight movement and incident management are optimised					
	<ul> <li>the road network has been maintained to the required condition and value</li> </ul>						d condition
	<ul> <li>the safety of the road environment and road user behaviour is maximised and</li> </ul>						
		• the impact of roadworks on the environment is minimised and positive urban design outcomes are produced.					
a		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:							
Bus Priority Measures length of strategic bus							
corridor treated (infras	structure)	%	11	38	46	46	54
Bus lane length Transit lane length		km km	98 81	112 87	107 90	127 87	133 87
Maintenance and recorr expenditure on State r			01	01	50	07	01
per km of roadway		\$000	40	47	41	48	47
Average annual rate of rebuilding of sealed ro Maintenance and record	ads <sup>(a)</sup>	%	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
expenditure on state r per million VKT	oads	\$000	17	23	17	24	23

(a) The rebuilding of sealed roads indicator consists of contributions from both the major new infrastructure program and the maintenance rehabilitation and reconstruction programs. The contribution from major projects has been estimated at an average of 0.3 per cent each year. The actual contribution from major projects may vary from year to year.

#### 47.4 Road Management (cont)

	Units			2008-09 Forecast		
Employees:	FTE	3,869	3,953	4,034	4,025	4,063

In the past the RTA has reported FTE relating to employees. This methodology has been amended to also include equivalent full time resources relating to temporary skill hire contractors. All of the numbers presented above are in line with this new methodology.

	20	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,010,081	2,081,248	2,190,120	
Total expenses include the following: Maintenance of State road, bridge				
and corridor assets	553,651	560,936	599,054	
Local Council funding grants and programs	174,727	174,727	174,937	
Management and maintenance of traffic facilities	81,057	81,057	86,174	
Road Environment Safety program	7,345	7,722	8,290	
NET COST OF SERVICES	856,358	1,713,641	1,827,133	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	337,639	337,040	500,241	

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#### 47 ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
<b>OPERATING STATEMENT</b>			
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	470.074	100.055	500 044
Employee related	478,871	498,855	520,841
Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	1,138,614	1,014,286	1,014,393
Grants and subsidies	838,639 99,906	878,639 240,212	915,926 286,970
Finance costs	55,932	54,769	45,372
Other expenses	810	810	43,372
Total Evenence Evolution Labora	0.040.770	0.007.574	0 704 500
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,612,772	2,687,571	2,784,502
Less:			
Retained Revenue	004 000	0.40,000	254 000
Sales of goods and services	361,632	343,389	354,669
Investment income	13,385	6,825	5,594
Grants and contributions	21,696	29,791	40,071
Other revenue	157,829	124,306	117,697
Total Retained Revenue	554,542	504,311	518,031
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	229	5,229	231
Other gains/(losses)	(1,000)	(1,000)	(1,000)
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,059,001	2,179,031	2,267,240
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
	0.050.004	0.470.004	0 007 0 40
Net Cost of Services	2,059,001	2,179,031	2,267,240
Recurrent Services Appropriation	1,536,128	1,527,975	1,563,835
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
<b>_ _ _ _</b>			
Capital Expenditure	2,200,300	2,200,300	2,550,413
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	2,115,154	2,175,685	2,456,187

# 47 ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

		2009-10	
	Budget	008-09 Revised	Budget
	\$000	\$000	\$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	222 600	160 701	191,641
Cash assets Receivables	222,689 106,133	168,781 129,388	129,366
Inventories	10,034	10,245	10,245
Assets held for sale	60,958	71,122	71,122
Total Current Assets	399,814	379,536	402,374
Non Current Access			
Non Current Assets Receivables	14,811	14,963	14,963
Other financial assets	91,564	91,564	97,785
Property, plant and equipment -	51,004	51,004	51,100
Land and building	2,905,274	2,926,852	3,155,462
Plant and equipment	112,611	147,779	126,074
Infrastructure systems	73,800,401	80,853,773	82,606,108
Intangibles	16,741	16,160	11,829
Other	1,397,439	1,209,891	1,325,919
Total Non Current Assets	78,338,841	85,260,982	87,338,140
Total Assets	78,738,655	85,640,518	87,740,514
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	433,397	468,210	469,640
Borrowings at amortised cost	147,041	120,717	120,717
Provisions	228,829	215,208	220,208
Other	129,303	148,675	150,945
Total Current Liabilities	938,570	952,810	961,510
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	524,858	547,885	463,168
Provisions	147,298	497,651	502,029
Other	631,069	634,497	595,710
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,303,225	1,680,033	1,560,907
Total Liabilities	2,241,795	2,632,843	2,522,417
NET ASSETS	76,496,860	83,007,675	85,218,097
EQUITY			
Reserves	30,513,686	37,620,910	38,050,550
Accumulated funds	45,983,174	45,386,765	47,167,547
TOTAL EQUITY	76,496,860	83,007,675	85,218,097
	. 0,400,000	30,001,010	50,210,007

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#### 47 ROADS AND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES

	20	008-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies	473,164 100,716	501,195 209,595	511,463 214,112
Finance costs	53,769	209,595 54,269	44,596
Other	1,390,031	1,398,580	1,386,507
Total Payments	2,017,680	2,163,639	2,156,678
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	365,036	346,415	353,669
Interest Other	13,385 254,891	7,091 373,880	5,616 395,632
	-		
Total Receipts	633,312	727,386	754,917
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	6 (1,384,368)	(1,436,253)	(1,401,761)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	43,445	63,445	39,005 (2,550,206)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(2,199,300) (1,000)	(2,257,231) (1,000)	(2,550,306) (107)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,156,855)	(2,194,786)	(2,511,408)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(83,798)	(83,798)	(83,993)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(83,798)	(83,798)	(83,993)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	1,536,128	1,527,975	1,563,835
Capital appropriation	2,115,154	2,175,685	2,456,187
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	3,651,282	3,703,660	4,020,022
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	26,261	(11,177)	22,860
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	196,428	179,958	168,781
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	222,689	168,781	191,641
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Net cost of services	(2,059,001)	(2,179,031)	(2,267,240)
Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	703,129 (28,496)	812,554 (69,776)	891,397 (25,918)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(1,384,368)	(1,436,253)	(1,401,761)

# MINISTER FOR TRANSPORT, AND MINISTER FOR THE ILLAWARRA

# **OVERVIEW**

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Ministry of Transport			
Total Expenses	3,746.2	4,422.1	18.0
Capital Expenditure	111.5	222.2	99.3
Independent Transport Safety and Reliability Regulator			
Total Expenses	17.0	17.0	
Capital Expenditure	0.2	0.1	-66.7
Office of Transport Safety Investigations			
Total Expenses	2.4	2.4	
Capital Expenditure			
Total, Minister for Transport, and Minister for the Illawarra			
Total Expenses	3,765.6	4,441.5	18.0
Capital Expenditure	111.7	222.3	99.0

In addition to the agencies listed above, the Minister is also supported by the Department of Premier and Cabinet (Section 2) for the Illawarra portfolio area.

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The Transport portfolio includes the Ministry of Transport, the Independent Transport Safety and Reliability Regulator (ITSRR), the Office of Transport Safety Investigations (OTSI) and the State owned transport service providers -Rail Corporation New South Wales (RailCorp), Rail Infrastructure Corporation (RIC), Sydney Ferries, the State Transit Authority (STA), the Transport Infrastructure Development Corporation, the Public Transport Ticketing Corporation and Sydney Metro.

The Ministry of Transport, ITSRR and OTSI are funded directly by Budget appropriations. Transport service providers, while funded in part from their own source revenues and borrowings, are predominantly funded from the Budget by way of grants and service payments from the Ministry.

The Ministry of Transport is the lead agency of the Transport portfolio, providing a focal point for integrated transport planning and service delivery. The Ministry funds transport service providers and specific infrastructure programs, regulates the bus, taxi and hire car industries and contracts with accredited bus operators in metropolitan, outer metropolitan, rural and regional New South Wales. The Ministry also provides independent policy advice to the Minister for Transport.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Ministry has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- S6: Increasing share of peak hour journeys on a safe and reliable public transport system.
- E7: Improve the efficiency of the road network.

The Ministry of Transport contributes to providing transport services by working towards the following results:

- Improve the performance of the New South Wales rail, bus and ferry services.
- Transport services that are safe, reliable and secure.
- Community needs for equitable and accessible public transport are met.

Services provided by the Ministry to achieve these results include:

- regulating bus, taxi and hire car services through accreditation, compliance and performance audit programs
- funding, and contracting for the provision of, public passenger transport services and transport concessions provided by operators
- planning and coordination of transport services
- providing independent policy advice on rail, bus, ferry, taxi, hire car and aviation policy issues
- managing transport programs including the School Student Transport Scheme, the Private Vehicle Conveyance Scheme and Community Transport Programs and
- supporting local initiatives to improve transport options in rural and regional areas and coordinating whole-of-Government approaches to transport security and counter-terrorism.

The key services provided by the Ministry of Transport and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10	Results					
Service Groups	Budget Expenses \$m	Improved performance across the NSW rail, bus and ferry network	Provision of safe, reliable and secure transport services	Equitable and accessible transport to match community needs			
Transport Planning, Policy and Infrastructure Programs and Initiatives	1,519.5	$\checkmark$					
Targeted Transport Services	699.6			✓			
Transport Regulation, Service Provision and Contract Management	2,203.0		✓				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,422.1						

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# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Budget funded expenditure on transport has grown significantly over recent years reflecting the Government's prioritisation of this area. Forecast total expenses of \$4.4 billion in 2009-10 are 18 per cent higher than budgeted in 2008-09, and nearly \$2 billion more than the 2003-04 Budget. This reflects grants for new infrastructure projects which will boost jobs and provide current and future generations of public transport users with a modern and efficient transport system.

# **Rail Services**

The upgrade and expansion of the rail network is continuing.

In November 2008, the Government announced plans for a Sydney Metro and the acquisition of additional Outer Suburban rail carriages. These projects are part of a series of major transport projects, including the recently opened Epping to Chatswood Rail Line and the Rail Clearways projects, which will transform Sydney's public transport infrastructure.

# Sydney Metro

The CBD section of the Sydney Metro is the first step in the development of a longer-term metro rail network for Sydney providing a fast, safe, clean, green, reliable and convenient new form of transport. Sydney's first metro will be a seven kilometre underground rail line operating between Central and Rozelle with stations at Central, Town Hall Square, Martin Place, the new Barangaroo development precinct, Pyrmont and Rozelle.

Sydney's first metro will be designed to:

- reduce travel times into the CBD, with a trip from Rozelle to Central taking approximately 10 minutes
- ease congestion on bus and rail services by providing a new public transport service within and across the CBD
- provide the opportunity to generate additional capacity on the CityRail network by using Central station's underused country platforms as a gateway for the metro through to the CBD
- reduce crowding at some of CityRail's busiest stations by providing new metro stations in the Barangaroo-Wynyard, Martin Place, Town Hall and Central precincts and

• support the long-term global competitiveness and attractiveness of Sydney by bringing the world-class reliability and efficiency of a metro service to the city for workers, residents, students and visitors.

#### Epping to Chatswood Rail Line

Services on the \$2.3 billion Epping to Chatswood Rail Line, commenced on 23 February 2009. Already 12,000 people a day are using the new service. The new rail line serves three new underground stations at Macquarie University, Macquarie Park and North Ryde. The project also delivered significant improvements to Epping and Chatswood stations.

#### Rail Clearways Program

The \$1.9 billion Rail Clearways Program comprises 12 key projects to simplify the rail network. Additional track, platforms and turnbacks will remove bottlenecks and junctions to increase capacity, ease congestion and reduce delays on the metropolitan network. Six projects have been completed including turnbacks at Revesby, Bondi Junction and Macdonaldtown, new platforms at Hornsby and Berowra and stabling facilities at Macdonaldtown.

#### Rollingstock

New rollingstock and rollingstock improvements are being provided to improve passenger amenity.

- The Government has finalised the contract for additional Outer Suburban rail carriages for the CityRail network valued at \$370 million including stabling. The contract will create around 200 new jobs at United Rail's Broadmeadow plant in Newcastle and around 40 jobs at Taree. These carriages complement the 122 carriages for commuters in the Illawarra, Central Coast and the lower Blue Mountains.
- ♦ A Public Private Partnership (PPP) will deliver 626 new CityRail carriages which will be air-conditioned, equipped with CCTV cameras, internal passenger information screens and designed to be resistant to vandalism. Construction of the maintenance facilities will be completed in 2010. The contractor managing the delivery of the project advises the first of the new carriages is due in the second half of 2010.

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#### Other Rail Initiatives

The delivery of safe, secure, clean and reliable passenger services that are efficient, sustainable and to the satisfaction of its customers is a key priority.

- RailCorp has introduced the Everyday Service Essentials Program which is focussed on "getting the basics right, everyday" and lifting the quality and consistency of CityRail services to meet customer needs. A Customer Charter for CityRail services, which establishes specific targets for improvements in seven key areas, including reliability, safety and cleanliness was released in December 2008. Measures and time frames for delivering specific improvements will be updated every year as part of an annual review process.
- The performance of CityRail services continues to improve and underpins a strong growth in patronage over the last year. To the end of April, CityRail on-time running for peak services was 95.3 per cent, compared with a target of 92 per cent the best performance since the Olympics.
- RIC is continuing a major upgrade of the country regional rail network. During 2008-09 the first three stages of improvements to the Gap to Narrabri line, providing additional coal train paths to operators ahead of demand, were commissioned.
- Construction commenced on the new Southern Sydney Freight Line, a dedicated freight line between Macarthur and Chullora, being constructed by the Australian Rail Track Corporation (ARTC). The Government is contributing over \$82 million to the project.
- Investigation is proceeding on the Northern Sydney Freight Corridor, between Strathfield and Newcastle, to be financed by the Australian Government. An initial \$840 million will extend the availability of freight paths, increase track capacity to meet critical peak freight demand and improve the capacity for, and reliability of, freight services using the corridor.

# **Bus Services**

The Government continues to deliver improved bus services.

• The introduction of 750 new bus contracts in rural and regional areas of New South Wales is largely complete. These are in addition to the 15 metropolitan and 10 outer suburban bus contracts.

- New integrated networks with improved services now operate in nine metropolitan bus regions.
- A new Metrobus route was introduced in October 2008 between Leichhardt and Kingsford via the CBD. The service, which operates at high frequency without a timetable and uses a cashless pre-pay only facility for faster boardings, has proved popular with commuters.

#### Measures to help Families and Seniors

The Government has introduced a number of measures which will assist families and seniors during the global economic downturn. These include:

- standardised fares across Sydney, which reduced the fares for private bus commuters, and discounted weekly tickets on private bus services in metropolitan areas
- extension of the pensioner excursion ticket to all metropolitan and outer metropolitan areas and the Regional Excursion Daily pensioner excursion ticket for country areas
- abolition of the pensioner booking fee for CountryLink services
- Family Funday Sunday tickets
- free Sydney and Wollongong CBD bus shuttle services and
- a special \$1 child fare promotion on CountryLink.

#### **Other Services**

Regional Transport Coordinators have introduced trial projects designed to improve the utilisation and effectiveness of existing transport resources. Over 419 projects have been undertaken since the scheme commenced in 2004.

During 2008-09, \$39.3 million was allocated to 130 organisations under the Home and Community Care Program, the NSW Community Transport Program and the Area Assistance Scheme to help those who are transport disadvantaged and to improve community infrastructure. A further \$1.5 million was allocated to 38 projects in 48 towns under the Country Passenger Transport Infrastructure Grant Scheme.

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The Ministry also coordinates public transport services to major sporting and cultural events. This included the World Youth Day event in Sydney in July 2008 and special integrated ticketing for travel to and from other major and special events.

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The New South Wales State Plan sets out the Government's goal for an effective transport system.

The Government's priorities are to:

- increase the share of commuter trips made by public transport to and from the Sydney CBD during peak hours to 75 per cent by 2016
- increase the proportion of total journeys to work by public transport in the Sydney metropolitan area to 25 per cent by 2016
- consistently meet public transport reliability targets and
- increase public transport usage in and around peak times.

Investments in new and improved infrastructure are being undertaken to ensure State Plan targets are met.

The CBD section of the Sydney Metro is the first step in the development of a longer-term metro rail network for Sydney with future extensions envisaged to the west, north-west and south-east. The Australian Government and the State have made available \$30 million to undertake a feasibility study into a Western Metro Line between Parramatta and the CBD. The recent Australian Government Budget also included a further \$91 million for pre-construction works for the Western Metro.

The introduction of an additional 300 new buses for private bus operators and the STA and the accelerated acquisition of 150 high capacity buses for the STA are to meet the growing demand for bus services. Bus priority measures, and improved network designs that better meet commuter travel needs, will encourage greater use of the public transport network.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$4.4 billion, an increase of 18 per cent on the Budget for last year. A significant portion of total expenses is comprised of grants to rail, bus and ferry transport service providers for infrastructure.

# **Rail Services**

Budget grants to rail agencies will total \$3.1 billion in 2009-10, an increase of almost \$600 million or 23 per cent on 2008-09 Budget.

In 2009-10, the Ministry of Transport will provide:

- \$1.6 billion to RailCorp to fund CityRail and CountryLink passenger services
- \$588 million to RailCorp for capital investment, as a contribution toward improved rail services
- \$236 million to the Transport Infrastructure Development Corporation for development of the rail network
- \$175 million to Rail Infrastructure Corporation for maintenance and other works on the Country Regional Network and
- \$522 million to commence construction of the Sydney Metro.

In 2009-10, RailCorp plans to spend \$2.6 billion (excluding depreciation) on operating CityRail and CountryLink services. Operating costs will be financed by Budget grants of \$1.6 billion (which include a contribution to concessional rail travel provided to students, seniors, pensioners and others), farebox revenue of \$725 million and miscellaneous income.

RailCorp's total capital expenditure program in 2009-10 is \$1.5 billion. This includes \$160 million for projects to improve the operational efficiency of existing assets and \$219.3 million, representing the value of the new Auburn maintenance facility being delivered as part of the PPP arrangement, that will be commissioned during the year.

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#### Rail Clearways and Other Major Rail

The \$1.9 billion Rail Clearways Program will untangle existing rail lines into five sectors to deliver more reliable services, to remove bottlenecks and minimise delays on the metropolitan network. In 2009-10, \$350 million will be made available for: completing duplication of the Cronulla Line, between Cronulla and Sutherland; completion of Homebush and Lidcombe turnbacks; and continuation of works on the Kingsgrove to Revesby quadruplication, the Richmond line duplication and a new turnback and platform at Macarthur.

A further \$186 million will be available for the first stage of the South West Rail Link, which includes the Glenfield Transport Interchange.

#### Rollingstock

In 2009-10, \$261.3 million will be spent on rollingstock acquisition and upgrades including:

- \$117.3 million to progress ancillary works on the PPP for 626 new air-conditioned carriages for the CityRail network
- \$125 million toward the acquisition of new Outer Suburban carriages for intercity services, to commence delivery at the end of 2010 and
- \$9.9 million for rollingstock enhancements, \$8.1 million for passenger initiated egress and \$1 million for long haul XPT fleet car refurbishment.

#### Rail Infrastructure

Over \$230 million will be spent to improve customer services, amenities and accessibility including:

- \$173.6 million for various safety and reliability improvements, including electrical traction power supply through new or upgraded sub-stations and high voltage transmission lines to meet the needs of new generation rollingstock and safety and security measures for commuters and staff
- \$30.1 million for Easy Access station upgrades across the CityRail network, including completing Emu Plains and Lindfield, continuing Burwood and pre-construction works at Martin Place and St James stations
- \$17.4 million for passenger information systems to improve customer communications

- \$8.5 million to start works on a new stabling facility at Emu Plains for efficient deployment of the new air conditioned trains in Western Sydney
- \$4.5 million for Hurstville station upgrade and \$3 million to investigate redevelopment of Redfern station. Planning for Central and Wynyard stations redevelopment will continue as well as planning for new stations at Flinders, North Warnervale and Glendale, and
- \$2.5 million for pre-construction and remediation works at Newtown station and \$2.2 million for Unanderra station upgrade, including Easy Access.

#### Sydney Metro

An amount of \$581 million will be available for the Sydney Metro and \$108.7 million for the West Metro Feasibility Study and pre-construction.

The Sydney Metro corporation will focus on the finalisation of the detailed environmental assessment and the design of civil architectural and engineering works for Sydney Metro. Construction is expected to commence in 2010.

#### Rail Infrastructure Corporation

The Corporation manages the Country Regional Network, currently through a contract with the ARTC, to ensure that safe and reliable rail services are provided to rural New South Wales.

In 2009-10, \$156.5 million will be made available to RIC to manage the Country Regional Network, plus \$11.6 million as part of the State's obligation to contribute towards ARTC's investment on the east coast rail corridor.

The \$78.1 million capital program includes \$45.9 million for re-sleepering and \$3.2 million to complete stage four of the capacity enhancements on the Gap to Narrabri line to meet forecast increases in export coal from the Gunnedah basin.

#### **Bus Services**

Passenger bus services in New South Wales are now universally delivered through contracts with the Ministry of Transport. This has provided an opportunity for the Government, particularly in the metropolitan and outer metropolitan areas to introduce comprehensive new service plans and to manage a systematic replacement and growth of the bus fleet.

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Funding is provided through these contracts to both underwrite bus operations and to support the acquisition of new buses. In 2009-10, 424 new buses are forecast to be acquired under the Metropolitan and Outer Metropolitan contracts at a cost of \$207.5 million. This includes a part of the 300 new growth buses, and the acceleration of the acquisition of 150 articulated buses for the STA, announced as part of the 2008-09 Mini-Budget.

Funding will also assist initiatives to extend concession arrangements in country areas, for weekly ticket discounts, expanded pensioner excursion tickets, Family Funday Sunday tickets, the Sydney CBD and Wollongong free bus shuttle services and new Metrobus services.

#### State Transit Services

Payments for STA services are budgeted at \$320.7 million in 2009-10, an increase of \$22.1 million over 2008-09 Budget.

Following a strong response from the community, four new Metrobus routes are planned, commencing with a new service between Lane Cove and Rosebery via the CBD from October. Three more routes will be introduced throughout 2010:

- Route 30 running between Mosman and Enmore
- Route 40 running between Chatswood and Bondi Junction and
- Route 50 running between Drummoyne and Randwick.

The Metrobus network will service the most densely populated areas of Sydney suburbs within a 10 kilometre radius of the CBD - providing almost a quarter of a million extra passenger spaces every week.

Contract payments plus service revenue will contribute toward a \$49.8 million capital program for the STA in 2009-10 which will provide:

 \$27.2 million for depot redevelopment including \$10.2 million to re-commission the Tempe bus depot, \$10.2 million towards a new depot in Western Sydney to cater for the expanding fleet and provide greater efficiency in the bus operating network, \$4.4 million for further upgrade of Ryde Depot and \$2.4 million to complete redevelopment of Brookvale Depot

- \$5.4 million for safety and security measures on buses for the protection of passengers and staff and
- \$5 million for renewal of infrastructure at depots, more particularly in maintenance workshops, depot hardstands, refuelling equipment, bus wash facilities and administration buildings.

The STA will also acquire new and replacement buses in 2009-10 to meet anticipated growth in passenger demand. This includes:

- 90 replacement buses for the Sydney metropolitan network, at a cost of \$49.8 million and
- a further 90 new buses, costing \$57.5 million, as part of the 450 additional buses provided for both STA and private operators and announced in the 2008-09 Mini-Budget.

The acquisition costs associated with STA's bus fleet are funded through bus contracts with the Ministry of Transport.

#### Private Bus Services

Funding for private metropolitan and outer metropolitan bus operators is estimated at \$323.5 million in 2009-10. This will ensure service viability and enable private metropolitan operators to bring into service 66 replacement buses, worth an estimated \$26.4 million.

The Government will also provide funding to enable private operators to purchase 130 additional buses costing \$54.6 million in 2009-10 to meet growth in demand and expand commuter services. All new buses will be environmentally friendly, with air-conditioning and low floor for easy access and faster boarding.

Private operators in outer metropolitan Sydney will bring into service 48 replacement buses worth an estimated \$19.2 million.

A further \$323.3 million will be available for regional bus services which now operate on new contract arrangements.

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#### Bus Priority

The \$135 million Stage 1 bus priority program has been delivered. Stage 2 of the program, with an estimated total cost of \$160 million is under way. Works including dedicated bus lanes, bus by-pass lanes and priority bus signals are designed to remove obstacles to effective bus speeds.

The introduction of the Public Transport Information and Priority System for buses on the Sydney network commenced during the first quarter of 2008. Initial implementation is focused on the STA Northern Beaches fleet. Installation on all the STA Sydney fleet is on schedule to be completed by December 2009.

#### School Student Transport Scheme

The School Student Transport Scheme (SSTS) provides subsidised travel to and from school for eligible students on Government and private bus, rail and ferry services, long distance coaches and in private vehicles where no public transport services exist.

In 2009-10, 665,900 students are estimated to receive benefits with an estimated value of \$537 million or \$800 per student.

# Sydney Ferries

Recurrent funding payments to Sydney Ferries, including payments for SSTS and concessions, are estimated at \$83.1 million in 2009-10.

Sydney Ferries' \$32.1 million capital works program includes a number of initiatives designed to improve safety and service reliability including:

- \$8.2 million for the Ferry Operations and Customer Information System
- \$4.3 million for wharf and jetty upgrades at a number of locations and
- \$2.5 million to provide vessels with additional navigational safety and collision avoidance aids.

A market testing process to identify an operator that provides the best value for money and the best services for commuters is underway. The future operator of ferry services will be required to work with the Ministry of Transport to develop an appropriate fleet replacement strategy and service plan. This process will ensure that the operator has appropriate input into the design of any new vessels to maximise their safety and efficiency.

To enable a long-term solution to be arrived at over a two year period, an interim Parramatta commuter ferry service will be established with funding of an additional \$4 million per annum to Sydney Ferries over the two year period.

#### **Electronic Integrated Ticketing**

Public Transport Ticketing Corporation was established in 2006 and is procuring a fast, convenient and sustainable electronic ticketing system for greater Sydney. The procurement process is underway with key milestones met on time during 2009. A Request for Proposal is underway and evaluation of the proposals is envisaged to be completed during the last quarter of 2009, with a potential agreement to be signed in the first quarter of 2010.

#### **Community Groups and Transport Subsidy Schemes**

The Government provides a wide range of public transport concessions and subsidies to various disadvantaged groups to assist access to services, education and employment. Payments to community groups are estimated at \$87.9 million in 2009-10. This includes \$36.3 million to assist frail aged and younger people with disabilities and their carers, \$3.9 million to assist people who are transport disadvantaged to access transport services and \$23.6 million for taxi subsidies for people with disabilities.

#### **Transport Interchanges and Commuter Car Parks**

Efficient and seamless interchange between transport modes improves transport network operations and is critical to passengers' satisfaction with public transport. Improvements in public transport infrastructure, funded from the Parking Space Levy, will continue during 2009-10.

The Government is committed to 7,000 new commuter car spaces. In 2009-10, \$170.6 million will be spent on commuter car parking facilities and interchanges at stations including:

- Suburban Sydney Berowra, Blacktown, Campbelltown, Emu Plains, Glenfield, Glenfield (Seddon Park), Holsworthy, Macarthur (multi-deck and at-grade facilities), Penrith, Revesby, St Marys, Seven Hills, Schofields, Quakers Hill, Warwick Farm, Werrington, Windsor
- Central Coast Morisset, Ourimbah, Tuggerah, Woy Woy, Wyong
- Illawarra Helensburgh, Waterfall, Wollongong, Woonona and
- Blue Mountains Katoomba.

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In addition, work is continuing to deliver a new bus interchange at Hurstville and a bus layover facility on the Warringah Expressway at Cammeray.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

The Ministry of Transport capital program for 2009-10 is \$222.2 million.

The program includes 424 new buses funded through the Metropolitan and Outer Metropolitan Bus Service contract arrangements.

The Ministry will also progress the introduction of an electronic payment system for use in the Taxi Transport Subsidy Scheme to improve the payment processes under the scheme.

# **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Improved performance across the NSW rail, bus and ferry network

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		2009-10 precast
Work with service delivery partner agencies to improve: Share of commuter trips made by public transport to and from Sydney CBD during peak						
hours <sup>(a)</sup> Share of total journeys to work by public transport in the Sydney metropolitan	%	72.8	75.0	73.0	75.0	74.0
region <sup>(b)</sup> Consistently meet public transport reliability targets: <sup>(c)</sup> On time running of peak	%	22.0	22.3	22.1	22.3	22.2
CityRail trains <sup>(d)</sup> On time departure of Sydney	%	92.1	93.4	92.0	95.3	92.0
buses	%	95.0	95.6	95.0	95.0	95.0
On time running of Sydney ferries	%	97.9	98.3	99.5	99.5	99.5

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority S6. The target is to increase the share of trips made by public transport to and from the Sydney CBD during peak hours to 75 per cent by 2016.

(b) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority S6. The target is to increase the proportion of total journeys to work by public transport in the Sydney Metropolitan Region to 25 per cent by 2016.

- (c) These indicators contribute to the measurement of State Plan Priority S6. The target is to consistently meet public transport reliability targets. The reliability targets have been set at: trains-92 per cent, buses-95 per cent, and ferries-99.5 per cent.
- (d) 95.3 per cent is the actual year to date result to April 2009.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Equitable and accessible transport services to match community needs

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
School Student Transport Scheme beneficiaries <sup>(a)</sup> Community transport	thous	662.40	662.50	662.60	664.40	665.90
organisations meeting service quality measures	%	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.0	92.5

(a) The number of school students who are provided with transport assistance to access education.

#### Provision of safe, reliable and secure transport services

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Bus operator on-road inspection compliance audits completed Taxi operator on-road compliance inspection audits	no.	2,435	5,464	4,000	4,200	4,500
completed	no.	7,401	5,578	7,500	6,200	6,500
Customers using transport information services	mill	8.52	9.40	10.20	11.10	11.90

# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 48.1 Transport Planning, Policy and Infrastructure Programs and Initiatives

This service group covers provision of strategic transport policy
oversight to the Minister and Government including the development of
service network and policy options on rail, bus, ferry, freight and
aviation. It also covers negotiation and management of transport
capital funding arrangements consistent with transport priorities. The
Ministry is the lead agency for coordinating delivery of transport priorities in the State Plan.

- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group contributes to improved performance across the NSW rail, bus and ferry network by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - planning and policy advice meets practical transport needs and considers long term perspectives and
  - public transport services consistently meet reliability and mode share targets.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Households within 400 metres of a rail line or a bus route during commuter peaks, inter-peak and weekend day						
time	%	n.a.	75	80	84	85
Households within 800 metres of a rail line or a bus route at other times	%	n.a.	70	72	82	90
Strategic bus corridors implemented consistent with the Strategic Bus Corridor	,0	ind.	10		02	
Network Plan	%	44	44	74	68	100
CityRail services	mill	281.5	296.1	306.6	303.8	307.2
passenger journeys Sydney Ferries	11111	201.0	290.1	300.0	303.0	307.2
passenger journeys	mill	14.1	14.0	15.0	14.2	14.5
Metropolitan bus services passenger boardings	mill	191	195	200	207	218
		101	100	200	201	2.0
Employees:	FTE	71	92	85	85	92

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# 48.1 Transport Planning, Policy and Infrastructure Programs and Initiatives (cont)

	200 Budget \$000	08-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	871,548	1,483,371	1,519,451
Total expenses include the following: Sydney Metro South West Rail Link Western Metro Epping Chatswood Rail Line Rail Corporation capital grant Parking Space Levy funded projects Commuter car parks at railway stations Payments for new buses CBD Transport Strategy Northern Sydney Freight Corridor Interstate and Hunter Valley Rail Network grant	 64,000  3,399 484,470 46,678 15,000 38,341 13,000  22,774	79,333 70,000 91,000 3,399 924,470 95,098 21,000 39,920 7,200 6,000 23,239	522,000 186,000  588,234 45,000 45,500 56,568  9,000 11,628
NET COST OF SERVICES	862,201	1,457,294	1,511,551
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	110,069	195,354	222,192

# 48.2 Targeted Transport Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of rail and ferry fare concessions and subsidies including those for school students and subsidies for taxi transport, approved private vehicle usage and other community transport programs. It also includes the coordination of the implementation of the Accessible Transport Action Plan and organisation of major and special event transport services.						
Linkage to Results:	accessibl results th trans						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Community transport organisation funding agreements in place Timetabled accessible	bus	%	100.0	95.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
services provided by contracted bus operat	ors	%	25	36	37	42	47
Employees:		FTE	36	42	40	42	43
				Bude \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ing Losses			643,4	83 70	3,009	699,576
Total expenses inclu Transport conces regional New So	sions in rur outh Wales	al and		309,8		51,130	331,945

Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	643,483	703,009	699,576
Total expenses include the following: Transport concessions in rural and			
regional New South Wales	309,857	351,130	331,945
Taxi Transport Subsidy Scheme	22,390	22,390	23,626
RailCorp concessions	224,882	223,421	228,055
Community transport groups and individuals Sydney Ferries - School Student Transport	27,075	27,075	27,999
and concessions	12,363	12,363	12,623
NET COST OF SERVICES	597,208	656,032	649,565
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	1,297		

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# 48.3 Transport Regulation, Service Provision and Contract Management

Service Description:	and of t and imp	This service group covers the management of bus service contracts and co-ordination of rail and ferry funding. It also covers the regulation of bus, taxi and hire car operators and drivers, compliance programs and implementation of safety management systems. Operational improvement and transport security policy, emergency management and the Integrated Transport Information Service are also covered.					
Linkage to Results:	sec	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the provision of safe reliable and secure transport services and improved customer services by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>bus, ferry, taxi and hire car operators comply with ongoing service and safety standards</li> </ul>					
	* •	community is the transport		•	•	•	
		·	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
Service Measures:		Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast		Forecast
Bus feedback complime received per 100,000 passengers Bus feedback complain	no.	0.92	1.06	1.30	1.22	1.40	
received per 100,000 passengers		no.	16.52	18.62	17.70	18.86	18.85
Taxi customer complaints resolved within benchma Number of 131500 custom			93.0	96.8	97.0	93.5	95.0
complaints per 100,00 transactions	00	no.	12	15	14	14	13
Employees:		FTE	169	201	199	202	211

# 48.3 Transport Regulation, Service Provision and Contract Management (cont)

	20 Budget \$000		
<u>Financial Indicators</u> : Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,231,135	2,120,590	2,203,030
Total expenses include the following: RailCorp services Private transport operators - contract services State Transit Authority - contract services Sydney Ferries - services Rail Infrastructure Corporation - Country Regional Network Integrated Transport Information Service Major Events transport services	1,400,123 290,679 279,420 68,170 166,500 7,624 7,000	1,241,584 288,022 280,930 68,170 166,500 7,624 7,000	1,369,891 293,710 293,928 70,423 156,500 7,624 7,000
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,217,186	2,107,426	2,200,120
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	102		

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OPERATING STATEMENT	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			φυυυ
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses -			
Employee related	44,013	64,420	51,744
Other operating expenses	10,305	13,741	9,510
Depreciation and amortisation	17,697	18,444	27,424
Grants and subsidies	3,631,814	4,161,193	4,281,952
Finance costs	24,044	24,594	33,120
Other expenses	18,293	24,578	18,307
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	3,746,166	4,306,970	4,422,057
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	8,363	8,363	8,555
Investment income	6,387	5,479	2,600
Retained taxes, fees and fines	2,007	2,007	2,053
Grants and contributions	49,430	66,943	44,001
Other revenue	3,384	3,426	3,612
Total Retained Revenue	69,571	86,218	60,821
NET COST OF SERVICES	3,676,595	4,220,752	4,361,236
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	3,676,595	4,220,752	4,361,236
Recurrent Services Appropriation	3,675,897	4,163,130	4,346,222
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure	111,468	195,354	222,192
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	1,595	1,595	14,723

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	61,357	15,554	13,921
Receivables	12,280	12,026	12,026
Total Current Assets	73,637	27,580	25,947
Non Current Assets			
Receivables	262	254	254
Property, plant and equipment - Land and building	89	89	18
Plant and equipment	371,704	440,383	624,426
Infrastructure systems	31,095	30,093	34,705
Intangibles	6,646	8,657	7,717
Total Non Current Assets	409,796	479,476	667,120
Total Assets	483,433	507,056	693,067
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	29,363	33,680	33,683
Borrowings at amortised cost	13,391	15,143	19,183
Provisions	3,814	4,007	4,007
Total Current Liabilities	46,568	52,830	56,873
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	357,150	423,731	603,712
Other	31	31	31
Total Non Current Liabilities	357,181	423,762	603,743
Total Liabilities	403,749	476,592	660,616
NET ASSETS	79,684	30,464	32,451
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	79,684	30,464	32,451
	79,684	30,464	32,451

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	20	2008-09		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments				
Employee related	41,865	61,300	49,466	
Grants and subsidies Finance costs	3,631,814 24,044	4,161,193 24,594	4,271,216 33,120	
Other	93,875	113,716	102,814	
Total Payments	3,791,598	4,360,803	4,456,616	
Receipts				
Sale of goods and services	8,363	8,363	8,555	
Interest	6,387	6,486	2,600	
Other	116,437	154,253	121,054	
Total Receipts	131,187	169,102	132,209	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(3,660,411)	(4,191,701)	(4,324,407)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,595)	(1,595)	(12,331)	
Other		(2,144)	(2,392)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,595)	(3,739)	(14,723)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and advances	(14,297)	(15,332)	(23,448)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(14,297)	(15,332)	(23,448)	
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT				
Recurrent appropriation	3,675,897	4,163,130	4,346,222	
Capital appropriation	1,595	1,595	14,723	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	3,677,492	4,164,725	4,360,945	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	1,189	(46,047)	(1,633)	
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	60,168	61,601	15,554	
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	61,357	15,554	13,921	
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION				
Net cost of services	(3,676,595)	(4,220,752)	(4,361,236	
Non cash items added back	16,461	17,760	36,820	
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(277)	11,291	3	
		(4,191,701)		

# INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

The Independent Transport Safety and Reliability Regulator (ITSRR) is a statutory authority reporting to the Minister for Transport. It has the principal objective of facilitating the safe operation of transport services in New South Wales.

ITSRR also promotes safety and reliability as fundamental objectives in the delivery of transport services whilst demonstrating independence and rigour in carrying out its regulatory and investigative functions.

Continuous improvement in safety and reliability of transport services is promoted through development and application of regulation and advice in respect of transport industry performance and emerging issues.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

ITSRR achieves its mandate by working towards the following results:

- Organisations involved in railway operations comply with appropriate safety management systems that influence and direct identification of risk and adoption of appropriate controls.
- Organisations involved in railway operations value and encourage a continuously improving safety culture.
- Frameworks for regulating safety in rail, bus and ferry services are enhanced.
- Government, the community and transport operators are aware of emerging safety, reliability and sustainability issues and results.

Key services provided by ITSRR to contribute to these results include:

- accreditation of rail transport operators combined with compliance and enforcement to ensure operators have, and maintain, appropriate safety management systems
- use of regulatory and enforcement powers to ensure organisations involved in railway operations comply with rail safety legislation, implement specific safety requirements and where necessary, to ensure that identified unsatisfactory safety risks are addressed

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#### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

- leadership in transport safety advice, including providing advice to Government and industry, and information to the community, on safety performance and strategic coordination of safety regulation with Ministry of Transport and the Maritime Authority of New South Wales to promote better regulatory practice across the rail bus and ferry sectors and
- provision of high quality advice and reporting on transport service reliability and sustainability issues that inform critical decisions on the performance of the publicly funded transport network.

The key services provided by ITSRR and the way in which they are expected to contribute to these results are set out in the following table:

				Results						
Service Groups		Organisations involved in railway operations comply with safety management systems that effectively manage risk and have a continuously improving safety culture	Highly regarded and sought after safety advice	Improvemen ts made by regulators to safety regulatory frameworks for rail, bus and ferry sectors	Highly regarded and sought after reliability advice					
Rail Safety Regulation	14.1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					
Transport Safety Advice	1.0	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$						
Transport Service Reliability Advice	1.9	$\checkmark$			~					
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	17.0									

# **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

ITSRR has:

- implemented rigorous monitoring of safety management and performance to improve safety outcomes
- implemented the New South Wales *Rail Safety Act 2008* giving effect to national safety reforms

#### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

- provided strategic support to the heritage sector to improve risk management practices and operational safety and
- supported the development of a new rail performance agreement by Ministry of Transport and Rail Corporation New South Wales.

# STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

ITSRR's strategic directions for 2009-10 are to:

- address high level and systemic risks with rail transport operators through increased compliance inspections and use of compliance tools
- promote continuous improvement in the management of safety risk in railway operations
- continue working with the heritage sector to improve risk management practices and operational safety
- proactively research emerging safety and reliability issues and provide strategic advice on those issues and
- monitor and report on the implementation of recommendations arising from independent investigation reports into rail, bus and ferry accidents.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

# **Total Expenses**

Total Expenses for ITSRR are estimated at \$17 million in 2009-10 including:

- ♦ \$14.1 million for managing accreditation of rail operators including the conduct of safety compliance audits, inspections and investigations and implementation of the new rail safety legislation
- \$1 million to advise the Government and industry, and inform the community, about safety performance and to work with NSW transport safety agencies on transport safety regulatory frameworks and
- \$1.9 million to research and report on reliability issues impacting on publicly funded transport to the government and the public.

# **Capital Expenditure**

Capital expenditure of \$50,000 in 2009-10 is for the renewal of capital equipment.

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#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Organisations involved in railway operations comply with safety management systems that effectively manage risk and have a continuously improving safety culture

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cumulative percentage of recomm from independent investigation on rail	endation	S				
accident reports closed <sup>(a)</sup> Fatalities on the NSW rail network: <sup>(b)</sup>	%	n.a.	79	n.a.	75	80
Passenger	no.	0	1	n.a.	1	n.a.
Rail employee Incidents on the NSW rail network: <sup>(c)</sup>	no.	0	2	n.a.	1	n.a.
Running line derailment Running line collision	no.	42	39	n.a.	24	n.a.
between trains Level crossing occurrences:	no.	8	7	n.a.	6	n.a.
road vehicle collision Annual Safety Performance Reports received by ITSRR	no.	8	6	n.a.	3	n.a.
from rail operators <sup>(d)</sup> Annual Safety Performance Reports identifying self-improvement safety	%	93	95	100	75	100
initiatives	%	82	80	85	60	80

(a) This indicator reflects ITSRR's role in ensuring that major investigations, since 2006-07, on rail accidents recommending safety improvements are acted upon.

(b) Data for 2008-09 reflects actual data for July 2008-March 2009. Some trend data has changed given revisions in reporting procedures as well as lag data provided by operators.

(c) Data for 2008-09 reflects actual data for July 2008-March 2009. Some trend data has changed given revisions in reporting procedures as well as lag data provided by operators.

(d) This indicator reflects whether industry is meeting its safety reporting requirements and is showing improving safety cultures through taking self-initiated actions. Current performance is impacted by the transition to new legislative requirements under rail safety legislation.

#### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

# Highly regarded and sought after safety advice

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>	
Participants who agreed or strongly agreed that ITSRR's seminar helped them better manage rail safety	%	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	85 <b>85</b>	

# Improving safety regulatory frameworks across rail, bus and ferry sectors

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 <b>2009-10</b> Revised <b>Forecast</b>
Recommendations from independent investigations into rail, bus and ferry accidents closed	%	n.a.	76	n.a.	82 <b>n.a.</b>

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

# 49.1 Rail Safety Regulation

Service Description:	This service group delivers accreditation and enforcement of safety requirements, policy and legal advice, monitoring of safety performance, projects to implement safety initiatives and leadership and participation in national rail safety reforms.						
Linkage to Results:	♦ Organnar	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to the following intermediate results:</li> <li>Organisations involved in railway operations comply with safety management systems that effectively manage risk.</li> </ul>					
	•		involved in ety culture	•	•	ocus on co	ontinuously
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual		2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Compliance activities completed (audits and compliance inspections) no. 263 190 n.a. 250 <b>250</b>						250	
Compliance investigations comme Statutory notices issued (Prohibition, Pr	enalty	no.	17	18	n.a.	20	n.a.
Improvement, Provision Information	on of	no.	26	40	n.a.	45	70

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	14,827	14,132	14,109
Total expenses include the following:			
Audit, accreditation and enforcement services	5,288	4,933	4,940
Safety analysis and strategy development	1,023	1,713	1,716
NET COST OF SERVICES	14,747	14,016	14,004
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	150	150	50

FTE 64

64 68

Employees:

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# 49.2 Transport Safety Advice

Service Description:	This service group covers the provision of safety advice to Government and industry, and safety performance information for the community. It also covers ITSRR's leadership role to facilitate improvements to transport safety regulatory frameworks with the Ministry of Transport and the Maritime Authority of New South Wales.						
Linkage to Results:	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to:</li> <li>awareness of Government and industry of emerging safety issues and</li> </ul>						
	• improving safety regulation across rail, bus and ferry sectors.						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Safety advices published (TAW, alert publications, etc.) Attendees at	S,	no.	81	85	n.a.	87	87
external workshops Website visits Transport Regulators E	xecutive	no. no.	n.a. 151,684	312 241,733	n.a. n.a.	512 126,382	275 130,000
Committee workplan implemented to schedule		%	85	85	85	85	85
Employees:		FTE	1	1	1	6	6
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excluding Losses			1	96	1,032	1,057	
NET COST OF SERVICES			1	93	1,029	1,054	

Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 49.3 Transport Service Reliability Advice

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group provides monitoring, analysis and reporting services to the Government and the public on the publicly funded transport network.
- <u>Linkage to Results</u>: This service group ensures that the Government, community and transport operators are aware of reliability and sustainability issues and results.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Major public reports						
prepared	no.	2	4	6	6	6
Routine advices prepared for the Minister Reports/advice	no.	n.a.	28	n.a.	24	24
provided to the Minister within scheduled time frames	%	n.a.	100	n.a.	100	100
Employees:	FTE	10	10	10	9	9

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,932	1,817	1,838	
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,922	1,806	1,828	

#### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation	13,173 2,240 512	13,185 2,148 618	13,356 2,191 427	
Other expenses	1,030	1,030	1,030	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	16,955	16,981	17,004	
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income	3 90	30 100	26 92	
Total Retained Revenue	93	130	118	
NET COST OF SERVICES	16,862	16,851	16,886	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	16,862	16,851	16,886 15,785	

# CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Capital Expenditure	150	150	50
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	100	100	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash assets	1,396	2,103	2,153
Receivables	336	198	203
Total Current Assets	1,732	2,301	2,356
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment -			
Land and building	60		
Plant and equipment	174	193	156
Intangibles	1,044	926	586
Total Non Current Assets	1,278	1,119	742
Total Assets	3,010	3,420	3,098
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities	001	4 074	
Payables	961	1,271	1,271
Provisions	1,274	1,218	1,218
Total Current Liabilities	2,235	2,489	2,489
Total Liabilities	2,235	2,489	2,489
NET ASSETS	775	931	609
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	775	931	609
TOTAL EQUITY	775	931	609

### 49 INDEPENDENT TRANSPORT SAFETY AND RELIABILITY REGULATOR

	200	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	12,536 3,870	12,402 3,831	12,577 3,821
Total Payments	16,406	16,233	16,398
Receipts Sale of goods and services	3	30	26
Interest	94	111	87
Other	600	600	600
Total Receipts	697	741	713
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(15,709)	(15,492)	(15,685)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(==)	(==)	(==)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(50) (100)	(50) (100)	(50) 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(150)	(150)	(50)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	45.000	45.040	45 705
Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	15,632 100	15,618 100	15,785
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(158)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	15,732	15,560	15,785
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(127)	(82)	50
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,523	2,185	2,103
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,396	2,103	2,153
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION	(40.000)	(40.054)	(40.000)
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(16,862) 1,126	(16,851) 1,378	(16,886) 1,206
Change in operating assets and liabilities	27	(19)	(5)
change in operating access and habilities			

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

The Office of Transport Safety Investigations (OTSI) is an independent statutory body whose function is to investigate rail, bus and ferry passenger transport and rail freight accidents and incidents in New South Wales.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

OTSI contributes to the delivery of a number of core regulatory activities within the Transport portfolio that are concerned with public safety by working towards the following result:

• The risk of accidents in rail freight and public transport in New South Wales, is reduced by instituting safe working practices in public transport, assessing operational safety incidents and identifying and pro-actively targeting high risk practices.

The key service provided by OTSI that contributes to this result is:

• investigation and risk mitigation analysis through liaison with all industry participants. OTSI also prepares reports and recommendations and publishes reports on its website for the transport industry and public access and use.

The key service provided by OTSI and the way in which it is expected to contribute to these results and Government priorities are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Results
Service Groups		Reduced risk of accidents in rail freight and public transport in New South Wales
Investigation and Risk Mitigation Analysis	2.4	$\checkmark$
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2.4	

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

OTSI has:

- researched international safety investigation standards to further improve measurement and benchmarking of its performance in transport accident investigation methodologies and
- undertaken further general "systemic" investigations into the policy, organisational, operational, administrative and cultural deficiencies of transport operators to improve the operators' approaches to risk mitigation.

# **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

OTSI's objectives are:

- to raise the standard of risk mitigation strategies of the various public transport and rail freight operators in New South Wales by the use of systemic investigations and
- to further enhance the structure, substance, integrity and resilience of investigation reports by continuing to refine the process of engaging and consulting directly involved and interested parties throughout the investigation, and particularly during the final phase of report compilation.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses for OTSI are estimated at \$2.4 million in 2009-10.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

OTSI's capital program for 2009-10 is \$20,000 which will be utilised to upgrade computer equipment, office furniture and equipment and specialist tools of trade.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

### **RESULT INDICATORS**

# Reduced risk of accidents in public transport and rail freight in New South Wales

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Contributions by identified interested parties to OTSI						
reports <sup>(a)</sup>	%	100	100	100	100	100
Agreement by parties to Statement of Facts <sup>(b)</sup>	%	100	100	100	100	100
Confidential Safety						
Information and Reporting Scheme referrals actioned <sup>(c)</sup> Implementation of OTSI	%	100	100	100	100	100
recommendations	%	75	75	75	75	75

(a) Measures contributions from parties identified as having an interest in a particular incident.

(b) Measures the level of agreement to the published statement of facts relating to an incident being investigated.

- (c) Measures action taken on breach of safe working practice incidents, when confidentially reported by transport workers.
- (d) Measures the level of acceptance by operators that OTSI's recommendations are practical and will improve safe working within public transport.

#### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### **50.1 Investigation and Risk Mitigation Analysis**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the mandated function of independently investigating safety incidents that occur in public transport and rail freight in New South Wales.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to reduced risk of accidents in public transport and rail freight in New South Wales, by carrying out risk mitigation analysis and investigations associated with all public transport and rail freight incidents. It liaises with all industry participants including the regulators in the preparation of reports and recommendations.

		2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2008-09	2009-10
	Units	Actual	Actual	Forecast	Revised	Forecast
Service Measures:						
Reported incidents Notifiable incident reports	no.	n.a.	2,880	n.a.	3,056	3,000
received and reviewed	no.	818	418	1,200	520	520
Investigations submitted to				-,		
the Minister for tabling	no.	11	12	19	12	12
Operator conducted						
investigations received and						
	no.	43	72	35	24	24
Monthly report on operator s66 investigations submitted						
to the Minister	no.	15	24	12	12	12
Confidential Safety	110.	10	27	12	12	12
Information and Reporting Scheme						
reports received and						
actioned	no.	75	66	50	58	60
Employees:	FTE	12	12	12	12	12

_	2008 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,393	2,404	2,423
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,380	2,389	2,408
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE			20

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	200	8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Expenses Excluding Losses Operating expenses - Employee related Other operating expenses	1,673 469	1,806 442	1,697 473
Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses	151 100	151 5	153 100
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	2,393	2,404	2,423
Less: <b>Retained Revenue</b> Sales of goods and services Investment income	1 12	3 12	1 14
Total Retained Revenue	13	15	15
NET COST OF SERVICES	2,380	2,389	2,408
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services Recurrent Services Appropriation	2,380 2,092	2,389 2,090	2,408 2,115
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
Capital Expenditure Capital Works and Services Appropriation			20 20

		8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
BALANCE SHEET				
ASSETS Current Assets				
Cash assets	202	196	168	
Receivables	202	16	16	
Total Current Assets	222	212	184	
Non Current Accests				
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipment -				
Land and building	250	250	124	
Plant and equipment	50	48	29	
Intangibles	18	18	30	
Total Non Current Assets	318	316	183	
Total Assets	540	528	367	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities				
Payables	73	77	84	
Provisions	186	184	190	
Total Current Liabilities	259	261	274	
Total Liabilities	259	261	274	
NET ASSETS	281	267	93	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	281	267	93	
TOTAL EQUITY	281	267	93	

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

		8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Other	1,559 639	1,702 506	1,590 638
Total Payments	2,198	2,208	2,228
Receipts Sale of goods and services	1	3	1
Interest	12	16	14
Other	70	77	70
Total Receipts	83	96	85
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,115)	(2,112)	(2,143)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Other			(20)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			(20)
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation	2,092 	2,090 	2,115 20
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	2,092	2,090	2,135
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(23)	(22)	(28)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	225	218	196
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	202	196	168
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.400)
Net cost of services Non cash items added back	(2,380) 265	(2,389) 247	(2,408) 252
Change in operating assets and liabilities		30	13
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2,115)	(2,112)	(2,143)

# OVERVIEW

Agency	2008-09 Budget \$m	2009-10 Budget \$m	Variation %
Treasury			
Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	214.2 8.9	241.8 11.3	12.9 27.6
Crown Finance Entity			
Total Expenses	4,122.0 3.0	4,614.3 0.5	11.9 -83.3
Capital Expenditure	3.0	0.5	-03.3
Crown Leaseholds Entity Total Expenses Capital Expenditure	24.7	25.8	4.4
NSW Self Insurance Corporation			
Total Expenses	1,134.4	1,177.3	3.8
Capital Expenditure	0.1	0.2	63.0
Liability Management Ministerial Corporation			
Total Expenses	0.1		-100.0
Capital Expenditure			
Electricity Tariff Equalisation Ministerial Corporation			
Total Expenses	0.3	0.1	-70.6
Capital Expenditure			
Advance to the Treasurer			
Total Expenses	300.0	300.0	
Capital Expenditure	100.0	140.0	40.0
Total, Treasurer			
Total Expenses	5,795.7	6,359.3	9.7
Capital Expenditure	112.0	152.0	35.7

Budget Estimates 2009-10

# TREASURY

Treasury comprises the Office of Financial Management (OFM) and the Office of State Revenue (OSR). Treasury is the Government's principal financial and economic adviser and revenue administration agency. In this role it provides advice on economic and fiscal strategies, infrastructure and asset management, balance sheet management and the State Budget, revenue assessment and collection services; and processes and enforces fines and penalties. It manages a number of government payment programs including the First Home Owner Grant Scheme.

Treasury supports the Treasurer and the Minister for Finance, Minister for Infrastructure and Minister for Regulatory Reform (Section 11).

Treasury administers the Public Authorities (Financial Arrangements) Act 1987, Public Finance and Audit Act 1983, Fiscal Responsibility Act 2005, Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Act 1984, Annual Reports (Departments) Act 1985, Tax Administration Act 1996, Fines Act 1996, First Home Owner Grant Act 2000, Unclaimed Money Act 1995, Petroleum Products Subsidy Act 1997, Duties Act 1997, Betting Tax Act 2001, Commonwealth Places (Mirror Taxes Administration) Act 1998, Gaming Machine Tax Act 2001, Health Insurance Levies Act 1982, Insurance Protection Tax Act 2001, Land Tax Act 1956, Land Tax Management Act 1956, and the Payroll Tax Act 2007.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

Treasury has lead agency responsibility for coordinating with partner agencies to ensure the delivery of the following State Plan priorities:

- P5: AAA rating maintained.
- P2: Maintain and invest in infrastructure.

Treasury aims to achieve better public services and a stronger State economy by working towards the following results:

- State finances support the delivery and long run affordability of Government services.
- Policy settings promote a competitive State economy.
- All due revenue is collected.

- All fines are processed and enforced correctly and on time.
- Eligible applicants receive their benefits (grants and subsidies).

Key services provided by Treasury which contribute to these results include:

- advising on economic and fiscal strategies, efficiency and effectiveness of public sector agencies, infrastructure, asset management and procurement, delivering Budget management services, public sector management systems and financial asset and liability management services
- assessing and collecting tax revenue
- processing infringements and enforcing fines on behalf of the Crown, commercial clients and other NSW government agencies and
- administering benefit services relating to the unclaimed money program, First Home Owner Grant Scheme, First Home Plus Scheme (including First Home Plus One), GST rebates for clubs and petroleum product subsidies.

The key services provided by Treasury and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	0000 40		Results						
Service Groups	2009-10 Budget Expenses \$m	State finances support delivery/ affordability of government services	Policy settings promote a competitive State economy	All due revenue is collected		Eligible applicants receive their benefits			
State Resource Management	69.7	~	✓						
Revenue Administration Services	100.7			~					
Infringement Processing and Fine Enforcement Management	62.6				~				
Benefit Services	8.8					✓			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	241.8								

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#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

In November, OFM assisted the Government in preparing a Mini-Budget in response to the lack of Parliamentary support for the electricity reforms, a significant deterioration in the economic outlook, increased risks to both revenues and expenditure that were emerging at that time and a decision by Standard and Poor's ratings agency to place the State's credit rating on negative outlook. The Mini-Budget provided a foundation to achieve substantial expenditure savings and return the Budget to surplus once economic conditions improve.

As announced in the 2008-09 *Mini-Budget*, the State is to investigate the potential transfer of a number of business enterprises to the private sector, including NSW Lotteries Corporation, WSN Environmental Solutions and Superannuation Administration Corporation (trading as Pillar Administration).

Separately, OFM has assisted the Government in developing a revised energy reform package, which includes transferring generation development sites of the State-owned businesses to the private sector and to contract out the trading function of its generation businesses. The State is to retain the ownership and operational functions of the generation businesses. The State-owned electricity retail activities and functions are to be transferred to the private sector while maintaining public ownership of the electricity distribution network.

The proceeds of these transactions will help underpin State finances in the years ahead.

OFM continues to be heavily involved in the Council of Australian Governments (COAG) reform agenda, which includes a particular focus on human capital as a means to enhance workforce participation and increase productivity. In conjunction with these activities, there was a heightened involvement to protect NSW interests in the negotiation of specific purpose payments, and National Partnership Agreements.

OSR has played an active role in the COAG reform agenda through participation in three of the COAG reforms including Payroll Tax Harmonisation, Standard Business Reporting and a National Electronic Conveyancing System.

Standard Business Reporting aims to simplify business to government reporting including the creation of a single online facility. As part of National Electronic Conveyancing, an agreement has been reached to create one entity responsible for developing a single national system.

OSR is continuing its harmonisation efforts by working with other states and territories to harmonise legislation and administration for both taxes and fines. This has resulted in simplified and consistent administration for clients, more efficient administration, improved client satisfaction and increased client compliance.

In addition to the First Home Owners Grant and First Home Plus schemes, OSR also administers the First Home Owner Boost and the NSW New Home Buyers Supplement. This has resulted in the NSW Government issuing record numbers of first home benefits, assisting housing affordability for first home buyers and stimulating the NSW housing construction industry.

OSR also improved its services by introducing a new service that enables land tax clients to view their assessments online. This change has led to improved client service and satisfaction.

OSR introduced part payment of penalty notices, Time To Pay and Centrepay deductions for people in temporary financial difficulties to make it easier for clients to meet their obligations.

#### **S**TRATEGIC **D**IRECTIONS

The State Fiscal Strategy aims to ensure appropriate service delivery and investment in infrastructure while promoting fiscal outcomes that preserve the strength of the State's balance sheet. With a number of key result indicators worsening with the global financial crisis, OFM needs to be well placed to advise on strategies to improve State finances.

Key strategies in OFM involve the monitoring of agency efficiency, implementation of the Government's wages policy and Mini-Budget measures, implementing the long term capital budget and pursuing microeconomic reform through the COAG reform program.

A key component of the Budget is a series of initiatives to strengthen State finances in the medium term and protect the State's AAA credit rating. This includes targeted forensic reviews of agencies to achieve planned savings.

OSR continues to focus on improving compliance effectiveness by developing strategies that support voluntary compliance by clients and developing enforcement strategies for clients who choose not to comply. This will be achieved through improving our approaches to client education and awareness and more effective data matching technology. OSR is also sharing information with the Australian Government and other jurisdictions on transactional data and best practice approaches to tax compliance.

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OSR is implementing a number of system and process enhancements to ensure effective and efficient systems and processes. This will be achieved through implementing the Fine Enforcement System and modernising our core tax system – RECOUPS. This will result in measurable service improvements.

OSR remains committed to improving client satisfaction and reducing red tape through further advancing cross-jurisdiction harmonisation opportunities.

# 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total estimated expenses for Treasury are expected to increase by \$28.7 million to \$241.8 million. The expenses will be used for the following:

- \$69.7 million to promote State resource management to achieve a stronger NSW economy and better public services
- \$100.7 million to ensure effective and equitable collection of revenue from taxes, duties and other sources
- \$62.6 million to ensure the timely processing of infringements and fine enforcement activities and
- \$8.8 million to ensure eligible applicants receive payments due under State Government and joint State/Australian Government schemes.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

Treasury's capital allocation is \$11.3 million and includes the following key programs:

- \$1.4 million for a Capital Performance Management system for OFM to better manage the planning, budgeting and monitoring of agency performance on capital expenditure and
- \$7.7 million for OSR for the improvement and general maintenance of information technology infrastructure and core business applications.

#### **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### State finances support the delivery and long run affordability of Government services

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Maintaining a Triple A credit rating for New South Wales <sup>(a)</sup> Maintaining a downward trend in GG sector net financial	Rating	Triple A	Triple A	Triple A	Triple A	Triple A
liabilities compared to GSP <sup>(b)</sup>	%	7.6	8.2	8.1	13.4	14.5
Deviation of actual expenses from budget <sup>(c)</sup> Average annual growth rate for NSW Government capital	%	0.2	1.8	<u>&lt;</u> 1.0	1.4	<u>&lt;</u> 1.0
expenditure since 2005-06 <sup>(d)</sup>	%	16.9	15.4	n.a.	17.8	21.2

(a) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority P5. The target is to maintain NSW's Triple A credit rating assigned by international credit rating agencies Moody's, and Standard and Poor's.

- (b) General government (GG) sector net financial liabilities provide an indicator of balance sheet strength. GSP Gross State Product.
- (c) Deviation of expenses within tolerance limits is an indication of appropriate funding at Budget time. This performance indicator is based on changes to underlying expenses.
- (d) This indicator contributes to the measurement of State Plan Priority P2. The target is to maintain average annual growth rate in NSW Government capital expenditure of 4.6 per cent nominal over the decade until 2015-16. Data values represent the average annual growth rate measured from 2005-06 onwards. For 2009-10, the increase includes the Australian Government's Nation Building packages.

#### Policy settings promote a competitive State economy

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
NSW's total State revenue per capita to be less than or equal to the other States' average: <sup>(a)</sup> New South Wales Other States	\$	6,879 7,572	6,712 7,503	6,834 7,363	6,938 7,875	7,433 7,996

(a) Signals whether NSW taxes are competitive taking into account limitations imposed by NSW share of Australian Government funding. From 2007-08 there is a break in the series due to changed accounting treatment.

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# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

#### All due revenue is collected

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Total overdue debt as a percentage of tax revenue <sup>(a)</sup> Revenue collected to original	%	1.05	0.97	<u>&lt;</u> 1.00	1.60	<u>&lt;</u> 1.50
budget <sup>(b)</sup>	%	107	107	<u>&gt;</u> 98	95	<u>&gt;</u> 98
Revenue identified through compliance activities <sup>(c)</sup>	\$m	217	286	246	296	300

(a) This indicator shows the effectiveness of OSR's debt management process. The increase in 2008-09 Revised reflects the difficulties many businesses and individuals are experiencing in meeting their obligations as a result of the economic downturn.

(b) This indicator shows OSR's performance in collecting all revenue due to the Government.

(c) This indicator measures the effectiveness of OSR's audit and compliance programs.

#### All fines are processed and enforced correctly

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised <b>f</b>	2009-10 Forecast
Closure rate of penalty notices <sup>(a)</sup> Closure rate of enforcement	%	73	77	<u>&gt;</u> 70	75	<u>&gt;</u> 77
orders <sup>(b)</sup>	%	46	49	<u>&gt;</u> 50	51	<u>&gt;</u> 53
Percentage of fines statute barred <sup>(c)</sup>	%	0.20	0.07	<u>&lt;</u> 0.20	0.12	<u>&lt;</u> 0.10

(a) This indicator measures the effectiveness of OSR's infringement processing.

(b) This indicator measures the effectiveness of OSR's fine enforcement.

(c) This indicator is a measure of the timeliness of the end-to-end process of infringement processing and fine enforcement management.

# **RESULT INDICATORS (CONT)**

### Eligible applicants receive their benefits

	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast		09-10 ecast
Result Indicators:						
Grants to first home buyers <sup>(a)</sup> First Home Plus exemptions and	\$m	319	340	325	730	656
concessions granted <sup>(b)</sup>	\$m	433	425	444	478	465

(a) This indicator measures the value of benefits paid. The 2008-09 Revised and 2009-10 Forecast amounts include Boost payments funded by the Australian Government.

(b) This indicator measures the value of exemptions and concessions granted.

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# SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 51.1 State Resource Management

Service Description:	This service group covers delivery of advice on economic and fiscal strategies, advice on efficiency and effectiveness of public sector agencies, and advice on infrastructure, asset management and procurement. It also includes the delivery of budget management services, public sector management systems, and financial asset and liability management services.						
Linkage to Results:	delivery a that prom range of i ♦ efficie	<ul> <li>This service group contributes to strong State finances that support the delivery and long run affordability of services, as well as policy settings that promote a competitive State economy, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:</li> <li>efficient management of financial assets and liabilities</li> </ul>					
	<ul><li>♦ bette</li></ul>	r resource	e allocatior	n decisions	s linked to G	overnmen	t priorities
		inable i tructure a	nvestment assets	, mainter	nance and	manage	ement of
	<ul> <li>susta</li> </ul>	inable an	d predicta	ble revenu	e flows and		
	reform						
Service Measures:		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual		2008-09 Revised I	2009-10 Forecast
Major general government agencies with a finalised Results and Services Plan <sup>(a)</sup> % 100 100 100 94 State physical assets covered by a Total Asset Management					100		
Plan submission for						100	
Corporate Intent or Statement of Business	Intent	%	90	84	100	77	100
(a) Prior to 2009-10.	all agencie	s renewe	ed their R	SPs each	vear From	2009-10	only the

(a) Prior to 2009-10, all agencies renewed their RSPs each year. From 2009-10, only the RSPs of agencies with a significant change or material Budget risk are renegotiated annually. All agencies now renew their RSPs at the beginning of each government term. Updated agency performance information, consistent with the RSP, is reported in Budget Paper 3.

Employees:	FTE	234	262	290	286	332

# 51.1 State Resource Management (cont)

-	200	2009-10	
-	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	49,739	49,845	69,699
Total expenses include the following: National Reform Agenda Grant to accounting standards and research bodies	1,069 169	2,214 169	4,016 169
NET COST OF SERVICES	40,810	40,996	60,515
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	650	1,030	2,190

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#### **51.2 Revenue Administration Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the assessment and collection of tax revenue, the provision of information and education on State taxes and duties to ensure people know what and how to pay, the management of client enquiries through multiple service channels to make it easy to pay, the implementation of targeted compliance programs to ensure tax evaders are caught and unpaid liabilities recovered, and the management and collection of tax debt.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to ensuring the collection of all due revenue from taxes, duties and other sources due to the State of New South Wales, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include:
  - people pay their taxes
  - tax evaders are caught
  - people know what to pay
  - payment of tax is made easy and
  - unpaid tax obligations are identified and recovered.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Payments received electronically Cost to collect \$100 tax	%	64	66	71	74	<u>&gt;</u> 74
revenue Telephone calls answered	\$	0.63	0.59	0.59	0.61	0.61
within 2 minutes	%	85	78	80	80	<u>&gt;</u> 80
Employees:	FTE	585	565	613	579	557

	200	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
			·
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	100,084	99,950	100,743
Total expenses include the following:	00 700	00 700	00.007
Fee for services of Valuer General's Office	22,739	22,739	23,287
NET COST OF SERVICES	95,020	94,074	95,945
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	5,583	5,098	5,730

#### **51.3 Infringement Processing and Fine Enforcement Management**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the issuing and processing of infringements on behalf of the Crown and commercial clients in New South Wales, education and information programs for clients and representative groups to ensure people know what and how to pay, fine enforcement on behalf of the Crown and other government agencies, and compliance programs to recover outstanding fines.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to ensuring all fines are processed and enforced correctly, by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - people pay their fines
  - outstanding fines are recovered
  - people know what to pay
  - payment is made easy and
  - enforcement action is taken against clients with outstanding fines.

Service Measures:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Cost to collect \$100 fines revenue Telephone calls answered	\$	11.55	10.80	11.23	11.23	<u>&lt;</u> 11.21
within 2 minutes	% FTE	n.a. 436	n.a. 511	n.a. 534	70 511	<u>&gt;</u> 72 579
<u>p.03000</u> .		100	011	001	011	0.0

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget Revised \$000 \$000		Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	56,708	55,029	62,539	
NET COST OF SERVICES	30,110	28,468	36,962	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	2,322	3,425	3,279	

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# 51.4 Benefits Services

Service Description:	This service group covers the payment of benefits to eligible applicants through the provision of information and education on grants and subsidies to ensure people get the right information; the administration of payments relating to unclaimed money, First Home Owner Grant Scheme, First Home Plus Scheme, GST rebates, for clubs, First Home Plus One Scheme and petroleum subsidies; and targeted compliance programs to ensure that fraudulent claims are identified and recovered.						
Linkage to Results:	receive results t ♦ ena ♦ pro ♦ inel	their ben hat include bling peop viding the igible clain	efits by we the follow ble to make right inform ns are not	rorking tow ring: e claims nation to pe paid and	vards a ra	nge of in	applicants termediate
		Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
Service Measures:							
First home buyers payn issued <10 days from of a completed claim Unclaimed money payn issued <10 days from	receipt nents	%	93	95	95	95	<u>&gt;</u> 95
of a completed claim		%	98	92	85	85	<u>&gt;</u> 85
Employees:		FTE	54	61	55	59	59
				Budg \$00		evised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
Financial Indicators:							
Total Expenses Excludi	ng Losse	S		7,7	'10	8,224	8,807
NET COST OF SERVICES 7,556 7,975					8,523		

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

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	200	8-09	2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
OPERATING STATEMENT				
Expenses Excluding Losses				
Operating expenses - Employee related	132,703	130,601	151,784	
Other operating expenses	46,354	47,287	54,017	
Depreciation and amortisation	12,276	12,250	12,531	
Grants and subsidies	22,908	22,909	23,456	
Other expenses	••••	1	•	
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	214,241	213,048	241,788	
Less:				
Retained Revenue				
Sales of goods and services	37,182	37,530	37,215	
Investment income	2,698 465	2,529 504	1,760	
Retained taxes, fees and fines Grants and contributions		504 28	468	
Other revenue	400	948	400	
Total Retained Revenue	40,745	41,539	39,843	
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets		(4)	•••	
NET COST OF SERVICES	173,496	171,513	201,945	
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT				
Net Cost of Services	173,496	171,513	201,945	
Recurrent Services Appropriation	150,904	150,757	175,844	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT				
Capital Expenditure	8,856	9,626	11,301	

#### **51 TREASURY**

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	200	8-09	2009-10		
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000		
BALANCE SHEET					
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash assets	23,652	28,290	22,508		
Receivables	10,978	9,312	8,796		
Total Current Assets	34,630	37,602	31,304		
Non Current Assets					
Receivables	37	201	201		
Property, plant and equipment -					
Plant and equipment	18,438	15,597	14,436		
Intangibles	15,486	19,555	19,486		
Total Non Current Assets	33,961	35,353	34,123		
Total Assets	68,591	72,955	65,427		
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Payables	7,069	6,651	6,651		
Provisions	8,659	10,718	10,718		
Other	74				
Total Current Liabilities	15,802	17,369	17,369		
Non Current Liabilities					
Provisions	128	134	134		
Other	59	117	117		
Total Non Current Liabilities	187	251	251		
Total Liabilities	15,989	17,620	17,620		
NET ASSETS	52,602	55,335	47,807		
EQUITY					
Accumulated funds	52,602	55,335	47,807		

#### **51 TREASURY**

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related Grants and subsidies Other	124,459 22,908 56,599	122,501 22,909 58,640	142,672 23,456 62,479
Total Payments	203,966	204,050	228,607
<b>Receipts</b> Sale of goods and services Interest Other	37,182 2,698 13,210	38,310 3,239 8,961	37,215 1,760 9,846
Total Receipts	53,090	50,510	48,821
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(150,876)	(153,540)	(179,786)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b> Purchases of property, plant and equipment Other	(1,768) (7,088)	(9,312) (315)	(9,976) (1,325)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(8,856)	(9,627)	(11,301)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT</b> Recurrent appropriation Capital appropriation Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund	150,904 8,556 	150,757 8,956 (1,832)	175,844 9,461 
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	159,460	157,881	185,305
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(272)	(5,286)	(5,782)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	23,924	33,576	28,290
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	23,652	28,290	22,508
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(173,496) 20,520 2,100	(171,513) 20,336 (2,363)	(201,945) 21,643 516
Net cash flow from operating activities	(150,876)	(153,540)	(179,786)

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# **CROWN FINANCE ENTITY**

The Crown Finance Entity is responsible for the management and reporting of service-wide assets, liabilities and associated transactions. The overall responsibility for these transactions is with the Government rather than individual departments and statutory bodies. The major expense components are defined benefits superannuation contributions, long service leave payments on behalf of general government budget dependent agencies, and interest payments on government debt and bank balances held by general government agencies in the Treasury Banking System.

In addition, the State is required to contribute to the cost of administration of the GST by the Australian Taxation Office. Other major payments include HIH policyholder claims, refunds and remissions of Crown revenue, natural disasters assistance, first home owner grants and debt and investment management costs.

As part of the management of the Treasury Banking System, the Crown Finance Entity manages a \$3.5 billion overdraft with Westpac. These funds are offset by cash within agencies' operating bank accounts.

# **RESULTS AND SERVICES**

The Crown Finance Entity contributes to the management of service-wide assets and liabilities and ensures efficiency of related transactions by working towards the following results:

- The State's financial assets and liabilities are efficiently managed.
- Approved agency appropriations are paid on time.

Key services provided by the Crown to contribute to these results include:

- managing superannuation liabilities in accordance with the Government's long-term funding plan
- managing the Crown debt portfolio in order to minimise the cost of debt within specified risk constraints and
- managing the Treasury Banking System to ensure effective cash management.

The key services provided by the Crown Finance Entity and the way in which they are expected to contribute to results are set out in the following table:

	2009-10 Budget	Res	ults
Service Groups	Expenses \$m	The efficient management of the States financial assets and liabilities	The timely payment of approved agency appropriations
Debt Liability Management	1,094.2	$\checkmark$	
Superannuation Liability Management	1,597.9	✓	
Central Financial Services	1,922.2		✓
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	4,614.3		

#### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

Grant payments to first home buyers increased by \$405 million in 2008-09 to an estimated \$730 million. This includes an estimated \$319 million for the Australian Government funded "Boost" grants.

The impact of the global financial crisis on investments held by the Treasury Managed Fund, administered by the NSW Self Insurance Corporation, required a transfer to the Fund of \$390 million from the Consolidated Fund. This transfer accords with the Net Assets Holding Level Policy that applies to the Fund.

A revised superannuation funding plan will ensure achievement of the fiscal target of full funding by 2030. This responds to the impact of lower equity asset values on the extent of superannuation liabilities matched by accumulated assets (the funding ratio).

#### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The Crown Finance Entity will continue to monitor the service-wide assets, liabilities and transactions that are the overall responsibility of the Government, to ensure consistency with Government targets, including:

- liaising with appointed actuaries in regard to funding net superannuation liabilities by 2030 and
- review of the debt portfolio to assess likely impacts of current interest rate volatility.

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#### **2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES**

#### **Total Expenses**

Estimated total expenses in 2009-10 are \$4.6 billion. The major expense components are:

- \$1.5 billion for payment on behalf of general government budget dependent agencies of employer superannuation contributions under the defined benefit schemes and long service leave expenses
- \$1.1 billion for interest expenses on new and existing debt held mainly with New South Wales Treasury Corporation and the Australian Government
- \$695 million in capital grants including \$656 million for first home owners grants and \$23 million to the Department of Health which was formerly funded from investment earnings of the Health Super Growth Fund
- \$202.3 million reimbursement to the Australian Taxation Office for GST administration and related payments
- \$100 million for redundancy payments for various government agencies which are restructuring for improved efficiency
- \$75 million for programs to support new housing construction (including \$11 million for extension of the supplementary grant for first home owners)
- \$60 million as provision for natural disaster relief grants
- \$15 million to be invested in projects with the aim of increasing the flow of water in the Snowy River and
- \$19.9 million to offset GST payments for clubs.

In addition, the Crown Finance Entity will administer a loan initiative for councils to bring forward critical local infrastructure.

The appropriation to the Crown Finance Entity also includes funding for the various advisory costs (including financial, accounting, taxation, legal and environmental advice) associated with the possible sale of NSW Lotteries, WSN Environmental Solutions, the Superannuation Administration Corporation (trading as Pillar), electricity retailers and electricity generation development sites. These costs will be netted off against the proceeds from the transactions.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

In 2009-10, purchase of property, plant and equipment will total \$500,000.

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## **RESULT INDICATORS**

#### Minimise level and cost of State liabilities

Result Indicators:	Units	2006-07 Actual	2007-08 Actual	2008-09 Forecast	2008-09 Revised	2009-10 Forecast
General government funded superannuation liabilities <sup>(a)</sup> Crown Finance Entity interest	%	79.1	69.2	71.6	56.0	55.3
cost as proportion of debt	%	6.2	6.4	5.9	6.4	5.6

(a) This measures the percentage of defined benefit superannuation liabilities covered by superannuation assets valued on a funding basis.

### Provide an effective payment system

	Units	2006-07 Actual			2008-09 2 Revised <b>F</b>	
Result Indicators:						
Crown Finance Entity payments made on time	%	n.a.	100	95	100	100

Measures timeliness of remittance of funds to agencies.

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### SERVICE GROUP STATEMENTS

#### 52.1 Debt Liability Management

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the management of the Crown debt portfolio and the Treasury Banking System (TBS), which are managed in conjunction with NSW Treasury Corporation, to meet the objectives of minimising the market value of debt within specified risk constraints, minimising the cost of debt and maximising investment returns.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes towards minimising the level and cost of the State's net debt liabilities by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - maintain underlying general government net debt as a proportion of gross state product
  - ensure liabilities are managed to minimise associated costs and
  - maximise returns within risk constraints through appropriate investment of any surplus funds.

	——200 Budget \$000		
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	987,408	987,585	1,094,247
Total expenses include the following: Interest paid to the Australian Government Interest paid to agencies' TBS accounts Interest on overdraft Interest on long term debt	64,193 115,475 101,200 641,842	64,185 89,613 120,000 630,008	61,884 66,603 87,000 749,453
NET COST OF SERVICES	987,408	987,585	1,094,247

#### 52.2 Superannuation Liability Management

<u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the management of unfunded superannuation liabilities of New South Wales public sector defined benefit superannuation schemes in accordance with the Government's long-term funding plan.

Linkage to Results: This service group contributes towards elimination of Total State Sector net unfunded superannuation liabilities by 30 June 2030.

	20 Budget \$000	5	
Financial Indicators:			
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,429,162	1,363,835	1,597,862
Total expenses include the following: Current year service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Actuarial (gain)/loss	565,257 2,593,194 (1,956,633) 193,382	590,801 2,618,251 (1,881,462) 	671,786 2,520,305 (1,636,836) 
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,429,162	1,363,835	1,597,862

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#### **52.3 Central Financial Services**

- <u>Service Description</u>: This service group covers the periodic payments made to meet agency long service leave, the cost of redundancies, grants under the First Home Owners Grant Scheme and GST administration costs payable to the Australian Taxation Office. It also includes provision of funds to various departments and authorities involved in the administration of joint Australian Government/State natural disaster schemes.
- Linkage to Results: This service group contributes to efficient operation of the State's finances by working towards a range of intermediate results that include the following:
  - management of payment system to ensure agencies receive funding in timely manner and
  - efficient management of other financial assets and liabilities.

	2008-09		2009-10	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000	
Financial Indicators:				
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,705,412	2,509,137	1,922,177	
Total expenses include the following: Long service leave (LSL) Member entitlements - LSL pool	420,764 12,400	788,351 11,900	350,895 12,000	
Redundancy Compensation to ATO for GST administration First Home Owner Grant Capital grants to other agencies	200,000 210,200 325,000 51,890	7,414 205,100 730,000 38,544	100,000 202,300 656,000 39,302	
Program to support new housing construction Natural disaster relief Petrol subsidy payments GST offset payments for clubs Snowy Scheme reform Share in higher education superannuation cost Contribution to NSW Self Insurance Corporation	40,000 43,000 19,900 25,000 10,000	40,000 43,000 19,900 34,828  390,000	64,000 60,000  19,900 19,852 10,000 	
NET COST OF SERVICES	1,623,962	2,273,047	1,810,452	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	3,000	500	500	

#### **52 CROWN FINANCE ENTITY**

OPERATING STATEMENT	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			ψυυυ
Expenses Excluding Losses			
Operating expenses -	0.040.000	0 4 5 0 0 7 0	
Employee related	2,049,926	2,159,672	2,048,834
Other operating expenses	283,276	107,911	259,975
Depreciation and amortisation	1,139	674	26
Grants and subsidies	518,065	1,334,644	979,082
Finance costs	979,802	981,752	1,088,007
Other expenses	289,774	275,904	238,362
Fotal Expenses Excluding Losses	4,121,982	4,860,557	4,614,286
Less:			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	11,956	13,137	10,201
Investment income	98,678	107,269	162,100
Grants and contributions			1,400
Other revenue	36,656	102,435	54,500
otal Retained Revenue	147,290	222,841	228,201
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	(151,100)	(75,086)	(150,000)
Other gains/(losses)	85,260	88,335	33,524
IET COST OF SERVICES	4,040,532	4,624,467	4,502,561
RECURRENT FUNDING STATEMENT			
Net Cost of Services	4,040,532	4 624 467	4 502 561
Recurrent Services Appropriation	3,901,569	4,624,467 3,864,903	4,502,561 4,566,444
		3,004,303	4,300,444
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE STATEMENT			
capital Expenditure	3,000	500	500
Capital Works and Services Appropriation	185,642	173,269	344,503

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **52 CROWN FINANCE ENTITY**

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	251,612	242,223	235,382
Receivables	28,694	19,978	18,934
Other financial assets	67,137	61,035	79,530
Other	30		
Total Current Assets	347,473	323,236	333,846
Non Current Assets			
Other financial assets	1,881,432	1,825,266	1,980,728
Property, plant and equipment -	2 000	500	4 000
Land and building Plant and equipment	3,800 156	500 127	1,000 101
	150	127	101
Total Non Current Assets	1,885,388	1,825,893	1,981,829
Total Assets	2,232,861	2,149,129	2,315,675
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	265,786	652,107	301,147
Borrowings at amortised cost	1,857,763	3,464,138	2,063,224
Provisions	3,911,310	4,291,833	4,366,433
Other	133,286	150,686	140,323
Total Current Liabilities	6,168,145	8,558,764	6,871,127
Non Current Liabilities			
Borrowings at amortised cost	11,939,114	10,768,719	17,595,601
Provisions	16,698,825	29,845,300	28,898,500
Other	50,654	71,576	53,451
Total Non Current Liabilities	28,688,593	40,685,595	46,547,552
Total Liabilities	34,856,738	49,244,359	53,418,679
NET ASSETS	(32,623,877)	(47,095,230)	(51,103,004)
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	(32,623,877)	(47,095,230)	(51,103,004)
TOTAL EQUITY	(32,623,877)	(47,095,230)	(51,103,004)

#### **52 CROWN FINANCE ENTITY**

	20	008-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments			
Employee related	1,747,545	1,609,554	1,636,979
Grants and subsidies	564,065	1,380,744	982,082
Finance costs Other	895,738 410,891	857,312 (188,878)	906,351 922,018
Total Payments	3,618,239	3,658,732	4,447,430
Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	1,556	3,967	(8)
Interest Other	80,244 35.181	88,589	135,577
Other	33,101	121,573	74,001
Total Receipts	116,981	214,129	209,570
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	S (3,501,258)	(3,444,603)	4,237,860)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments	5,656	15,056	
Advance repayments received	(149,905) 81,863	(74,905) 72,919	(149,905) 99,120
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,000)	(500)	(500)
Advances made	(97,042)	(89,044)	(258,360)
Other	(138,494)	(159,373)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(300,922)	(235,847)	(309,645)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from borrowings and advances	1,591,067	2,549,788	5,413,735
Repayment of borrowings and advances	(90,511)	(90,182)	(84,003)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,500,556	2,459,606	5,329,732
CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT			
Recurrent appropriation	3,901,569	3,864,903	4,566,444
Capital appropriation Amounts collected on behalf of and transferred	185,642	173,269	344,503
to the Consolidated Fund	(1,795,583)	(2,811,030)	(5,700,015)
Cash transfers to Consolidated Fund		(32,831)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM GOVERNMENT	2,291,628	1,194,311	(789,068)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(9,996)	(26,533)	(6,841)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	261,608	268,756	242,223
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	251,612	242,223	235,382
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#### **52 CROWN FINANCE ENTITY**

	2 Budget \$000	008-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (CONT)			
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION Net cost of services Non cash items added back Change in operating assets and liabilities	(4,040,532) (46,078) 585,352	(4,624,467) 16,393 1,163,471	(4,502,561) 81,450 183,251
Net cash flow from operating activities	(3,501,258)	(3,444,603)	(4,237,860)

### **CROWN LEASEHOLDS ENTITY**

The Crown Leaseholds Entity is administered by the Department of Lands under the Crown Lands Act 1989.

The Crown Leaseholds Entity receives revenue from holders of leases, licences and permissive occupancies and collects the proceeds from the sale of Crown land. The Crown Leaseholds Entity also collects fees and levies associated with the *Water Act 1912*.

The Crown Leaseholds Entity land holdings include unallocated Crown land and Crown reserves for which no reserve trust has been established. Unallocated Crown land includes land on the continental shelf within the three nautical mile zone.

The value of land within the Crown Leaseholds Entity is approximately \$6.3 billion. The Crown Leaseholds Entity revalues land holdings yearly.

The Crown Leaseholds Entity has provided for the liability of land claims which have been granted to local Aboriginal Land Councils under the *Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983* but not yet transferred. These parcels of land remain under the care, control and management of the Crown pending formal land boundary surveys being undertaken so that freehold title can be prepared and transferred to the respective Aboriginal Land Councils.

Operating expenses relate mainly to the movement of land between the Crown and those who manage the land on its behalf i.e. local councils and community reserve trust boards. Total expenses for 2009-10 are \$25.8 million (in 2008-09 \$65.2 million). The administrative effort involved in collection and sale of Crown Land is shown under the Budget estimates for the Department of Lands

Retained revenues in 2009-10 are estimated at \$71.9 million (in 2008-09 \$89.2 million). The increase in 2008-09 revenues on budget (\$60.3 million) reflects an increase in transfers of land from those managing Crown reserves on behalf of the Crown to Crown Leaseholds Entity. Volatility in the level of Crown Leaseholds Entity land holdings is expected given that there are 37,000 Crown reserve trusts. In 2009-10 the sale of perpetual leases and closed roads is expected to generate additional revenue to the Crown of \$7 million and \$11 million respectively.

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	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue			
Sales of goods and services	45,202	41,642	47,193
Investment income	3,005	3,217	3,094
Retained taxes, fees and fines	1,623	1,623	1,648
Grants and contributions	10,479	42,669	20,000
Total Retained Revenue	60,309	89,151	71,935
Less: Expenses Excluding Losses Operating Expenses -			
Other operating expenses	170	170	170
Grants and subsidies	24,561	65,000	25,641
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	24,731	65,170	25,811
Gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	5,706	2,500	6,326
Other gains/(losses)	(5,091)	(5,091)	(5,093)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE DISTRIBUTIONS	36,193	21,390	47,357
Distributions - Dividends and capital repatriations	58,053	56,053	81,472
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) AFTER DISTRIBUTIONS	(21,860)	(34,663)	(34,115)

#### **CROWN LEASHOLDS ENTITY**

	20	08-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS			
Current Assets	04.000	7 440	6 470
Cash assets Receivables	21,368 21,212	7,449 31,614	6,179 31,614
Other financial assets	1,408	1,609	1,609
Total Current Assets	43,988	40,672	39,402
Non Current Assets Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment -	22,624	20,000	19,712
Land and building	6,086,899	6,281,722	6,287,915
Total Non Current Assets	6,109,523	6,301,722	6,307,627
Total Assets	6,153,511	6,342,394	6,347,029
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Payables	3,863	4,607	4,038
Other	25,781	29,433	30,132
Total Current Liabilities	29,644	34,040	34,170
Non Current Liabilities			
Other*	1,009,359	1,021,144	1,021,144
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,009,359	1,021,144	1,021,144
Total Liabilities	1,039,003	1,055,184	1,055,314
NET ASSETS	5,114,508	5,287,210	5,291,715
EQUITY			
Reserves	2,595,473	2,782,402	2,821,022
Accumulated funds	2,519,035	2,504,808	2,470,693
TOTAL EQUITY	5,114,508	5,287,210	5,291,715

\* Estimated value of claims granted to local Aboriginal Land Councils under the Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983.

#### Budget Estimates 2009-10

#### **CROWN LEASHOLDS ENTITY**

		)8-09	2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	45,459	34,226	47,193
Interest Other	3,005	3,005	3,094
Other	5,648	11,950	5,774
Total Receipts	54,112	49,181	56,061
Payments			
Grants and subsidies	1,500	2,700	1,500
Other	3,708	3,801	4,259
Total Payments	5,208	6,501	5,759
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	48,904	42,680	50,302
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	11,315	13,600	29,612
Advance repayments received	105	1,752	288
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	11,420	15,352	29,900
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid	(58,053)	(56,053)	(81,472)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(58,053)	(56,053)	(81,472)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	2,271	1,979	(1,270)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	19,097	5,470	7,449
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	21,368	7,449	6,179
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year before distributions	36,193	21,390	47,357
Non cash items added back	17,582	24,419	9,141
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(4,871)	(3,129)	(6,196)
Net cash flow from operating activities	48,904	42,680	50,302

The NSW Self Insurance Corporation (SICorp) was established by the *NSW Self Insurance Corporation Act 2004*. Its main functions are:

- The administration of the Treasury Managed Fund (TMF), which provides insurance cover for general government sector budget dependent agencies (other than compulsory third party insurance) and for other public sector agencies on a voluntary basis.
- The management of the Governmental Workers' Compensation Account, the Transport Accidents Compensation Fund, the Pre-Managed Fund Reserve and outstanding workers compensation claims of the former State Rail Authority and the Rail Infrastructure Corporation.
- The collection and analysis of data provided by contracted TMF claims managers; systems management of the TMF data warehouse; provision of reporting functions to member agencies; and monitoring performance of the claims managers.

In 2009-10 the TMF will provide coverage to over 150 public sector agencies.

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The State accumulates financial assets in order to meet the Government's insurance liability costs as they fall due rather than place an undue burden on future generations of taxpayers.

SICorp manages assets in compliance with its Net Assets Holding Level Policy to fund the Government's insurance liability costs. The policy dictates the appropriate level of reserves for the TMF. This policy sets the TMF reserve for insurance activity at an amount equal to 10 per cent of outstanding claims liabilities plus the amount the Fund retains for a single major loss before its reinsurance protection is activated. The net assets position is reviewed each year on 31 December. Excess reserves are paid to the Consolidated Fund via the Crown Finance Entity while deficits require contributions from the Crown Finance Entity.

Strong investment returns up until January 2008, together with favourable claims experience, created ongoing surpluses above the threshold level. The excess in accumulated reserves enabled the Fund to make payments to the Consolidated Fund of \$1 billion in 2005-06, \$910 million in 2006-07 and \$300 million in 2007-08.

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In the 2008-09 financial year, the Fund experienced a negative investment return which is primarily due to the global financial crisis. The return for the year ended 31 December 2008 was a negative 10.6 per cent. Accordingly, in line with the Net Assets Holding Level Policy, the Crown Finance Entity will pay an amount of \$390 million to the Fund to restore reserves to the agreed level.

From 1 July 2008, the former State Rail Authority workers' compensation claims have been fully integrated and managed by SICorp.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

Since 1 July 2005, the claims management of the insurance businesses (workers' compensation, motor vehicle, property, liability and miscellaneous) has been distributed between three claims managers.

There are also separate long-term contracts for risk management, reinsurance and actuarial services.

The key objectives of outsourcing are to improve TMF performance by promoting competition; generate cost savings and efficiency gains; reduce the systemic risk associated with a single provider; and enable comparison and benchmarking between providers. Since the diversification of the claims managers amongst the scheme, significant synergy savings have been achieved.

The Treasurer has recently approved the establishment of an advisory board which will provide strategic, operations and technical advice to SICorp. It is expected that the advisory board will strengthen governance procedures and also augment the SICorp's role in managing the State's financial risks.

#### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

Total expenses in 2009-10 are estimated at \$1.2 billion. The TMF actuary has projected a small increase in workers' compensation liability payments. Overall, the trend over the last few years and forward years is relatively stable.

The TMF total target premium for 2009-10 of \$881.5 million is 3.9 per cent up from 2008-09 actual level. It is mainly driven by price inflation and wage indexation applied on premium calculation and inclusion of new agencies into the Fund.

Investment returns are assumed to return to long-term trends following major market volatility due to the current global financial crisis. The forward estimates assume investment returns will meet the long-term target.

#### Capital Expenditure

The capital program of \$220,000 in 2009-10 is primarily for maintenance and development of the data warehouse which records SICorp's claims history.

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	20 Budget \$000	08-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Sales of goods and services Investment income Grants and contributions	802,714 365,008 40,000	862,031 (126,669) 455,000*	892,656 460,148 37,000
Total Retained Revenue	1,207,722	1,190,362	1,389,804
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses -</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs Other expenses	864,083 1,134 267,048 2,119	807,223 1,125 265,062 1,737	898,649 1,037 275,808 1,781
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	1,134,384	1,077,497	1,177,275
Other gains/(losses)		832	
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	73,338	113,697	212,529

\* Includes \$390 million contribution from the Crown Finance Entity in accordance with the Net Assets Holding Level Policy.

	Budget	08-09 Revised	2009-10 Budget
	\$000	\$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets			
Cash assets	95,393	124,886	138,486
Receivables	118,080	522,268*	126,973
Other financial assets	295,352	83,387	99,213
Total Current Assets	508,825	730,541	364,672
Non Current Assets	400.054	400.000	470 004
Receivables Other financial assets	166,951 4,542,458	162,036 4,143,208	170,634 4,941,904
Property, plant and equipment -	4,542,456	4,143,200	4,941,904
Plant and equipment	211	241	326
Intangibles	1,628	1,612	710
Other	34	34	25
Total Non Current Assets	4,711,282	4,307,131	5,113,599
Total Assets	5,220,107	5,037,672	5,478,271
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Payables	130,281	130,379	134,670
Provisions	637,248	659,246	679,057
Other	2,493	4,500	4,637
Total Current Liabilities	770,022	794,125	818,364
Non Current Liabilities			
Provisions	342,164	390,592	387,709
Other	3,606,121	3,420,658	3,627,372
Total Non Current Liabilities	3,948,285	3,811,250	4,015,081
Total Liabilities	4,718,307	4,605,375	4,833,445
NET ASSETS	501,800	432,297	644,826
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds	501,800	432,297	644,826
TOTAL EQUITY	501,800	432,297	644,826

\* Includes \$390 million contribution from the Crown Finance Entity in accordance with the Net Assets Holding Level Policy.

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		08-09	2009-10
	Budget* \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Sale of goods and services	802,714	862,031	892,656
Interest	365,008	214,804	226,506
Other	118,469	162,097	536,965
Total Receipts	1,286,191	1,238,932	1,656,127
Payments			
Other	986,693	995,245	1,061,427
Total Payments	986,693	995,245	1,061,427
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	299,498	243,687	594,700
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(65)	(67)	(220)
Purchases of investments	(432,625)	(428,318)	(580,880)
Other	(70)	(111)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(432,760)	(428,496)	(581,100)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Other	138,494	159,373	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	138,494	159,373	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	366,279	(25,436)	13,600
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	90,161	150,322	124,886
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	95,393	124,886	138,486
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	73,338	113,697	212,529
Non cash items added back	1,134	341,766	(232,605)
Change in operating assets and liabilities	225,026	(211,776)	614,776
Net cash flow from operating activities	299,498	243,687	594,700

\* The Published Budget Cashflow statement has been restated (compared to that published in the 2008-09 Budget Paper No.3) to gross up cash flows from interest and distribution receipts that are automatically reinvested. This has resulted in the \$361 million grossing up of budgeted 2008-09 interest receipts, and equivalent payments for purchases of investments. It has a nil impact on the total net cash flows.

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The Liability Management Ministerial Corporation controls the General Government Liability Management Fund. The Fund was established to accumulate financial assets to improve the financial management of the general government sector's balance sheet and allow flexibility in the timing of superannuation contributions to the public sector defined benefit schemes.

In 2006-07 the balance of the Fund, \$7.2 billion, was transferred to SAS Trustee Corporation (State Super) and invested in line with the strategic asset allocation of State Super. The operations of the Fund were then discontinued. However, both the Corporation and the General Government Liability Management Fund remain in existence to assist in the future management of the State's assets and liabilities.

A proposal is currently being considered by Attorney General's Department to utilise the Fund as the mechanism to fully fund the Judges Pension scheme by 2030. This was proposed in 2008-09, however it has not been finalised due to ongoing consultation with key stakeholders.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

#### **Total Expenses**

The Corporation has no budgeted expenses for 2009-10.

Budget Estimates 2009-10

	2000 Budget \$000	8-09 Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Investment income Grants and contributions	701 73		
Total Retained Revenue	774		
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses	73		
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	73		
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	701		

	200	2008-09	
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Other financial assets	996		
Total Current Assets	996		
Non Current Assets Other financial assets	18,927		
Total Non Current Assets	18,927		
Total Assets	19,923		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payables	19,222		
Total Current Liabilities	19,222		
Total Liabilities	19,222		
NET ASSETS	701		
EQUITY Accumulated funds	701		
TOTAL EQUITY	701		

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	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Other	73		
Total Receipts	73		
Payments Other	(19,149)		
Total Payments	(19,149)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	19,222		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments	61		
Purchases of investments	(19,283)		
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(19,222)		
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year	701		
Non cash items added back	(701)		
Change in operating assets and liabilities	19,222		
Net cash flow from operating activities	19,222		

The Electricity Tariff Equalisation Ministerial Corporation commenced administration of the Electricity Tariff Equalisation Fund (ETEF) on 1 January 2001.

The Fund manages the cost risk of electricity purchases by standard State-owned electricity retail suppliers (Energy Australia, Integral Energy and Country Energy). These suppliers are required to supply electricity to small retail customers in New South Wales at tariffs determined by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal (IPART).

IPART determinations cover residential and small business customers consuming less than 160 MWh per annum who have not elected to enter into a negotiated supply contract.

Standard retail suppliers are required to contribute to the fund when wholesale prices are lower than the energy cost component charged to customers buying power under regulated tariffs. When wholesale prices are higher than the energy cost component in the regulated tariff, the ETEF makes payments to the standard retail suppliers from the fund to ensure they earn the regulated return.

In this way, the fund is able to smooth the volatility in wholesale prices for those State-owned retailers that are required to sell at regulated tariffs. At the same time, the fund ensures that standard retail suppliers do not face a commercial advantage or disadvantage because they supply regulated customers.

In the event there is a sustained rise in pool prices and there are insufficient funds within the ETEF, New South Wales State-owned electricity generators are well placed to top up the ETEF from funds generated by high wholesale prices. Generator payments to the fund are repaid whenever standard retail suppliers make a payment into the fund. The involvement of generators ensures that the fund can never be in deficit.

### **RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS**

The average NSW wholesale electricity price for 2007-08 was \$41.66 MWh with average monthly prices varying from \$27.19 MWh to \$77.87 MWh. Currently, average monthly prices for 2008-09 have varied from \$23.91 MWh to \$81.58 MWh. The fund balance at 30 June 2009 is estimated at \$100,000.

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While for accounting reasons the movement in the ETEF balance is treated as Budget revenue, in practice the ETEF is managed as a separate fund which can be called upon in periods of high prices.

### **STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS**

The ETEF arrangement is aimed at managing the electricity purchase risk of standard retail suppliers. As part of its energy reform strategy, the Government will gradually phase out the fund in the period to June 2010. Phasing out the fund by June 2010 will allow adequate time for adjustments to occur in the energy trading market. Although this will expose retailers to some price risk, it is expected to provide the right incentives to attract investment in electricity generation. There will be no impact on retail customers as electricity prices are determined by IPART.

A regular audit of the standard retail suppliers is now underway The focus of the audit is a review of the data provided by the standard retail suppliers to the Fund Administrator.

### 2009-10 BUDGET INITIATIVES

Minor expenses of \$91,000 are estimated in 2009-10 for the annual audit of the fund, consultancy and IT expenses.

	200 Budget \$000	8-09 <del></del> Revised \$000	2009-10 Budget \$000
OPERATING STATEMENT			
Retained Revenue Investment income Retained taxes, fees and fines	7	4 85	3
Total Retained Revenue	7	89	3
Less: <b>Expenses Excluding Losses</b> Operating Expenses - Other operating expenses	309	83	91
Total Expenses Excluding Losses	309	83	91
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	(302)	6	(88)

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	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
BALANCE SHEET			
ASSETS Current Assets Cash assets	100	100	20
Receivables		8	8
Total Current Assets	100	108	28
Total Assets	100	108	28
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities			
Payables	629	20	28
Total Current Liabilities	629	20	28
Total Liabilities	629	20	28
NET ASSETS	(529)	88	
EQUITY Accumulated funds	(529)	88	
TOTAL EQUITY	(529)	88	

	2008-09		2009-10
	Budget \$000	Revised \$000	Budget \$000
CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts			
Retained taxes Interest	300 7	84 4	 3
Total Receipts	307	88	3
Payments Other	309	88	83
Total Payments	309	88	83
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2)		(80)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH	(2)		(80)
Opening Cash and Cash Equivalents	102	100	100
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	100	100	20
CASH FLOW RECONCILIATION			
Surplus/(deficit) for year Change in operating assets and liabilities	(302) 300	6 (6)	(88) 8
· · ·		(*)	
Net cash flow from operating activities	(2)		(80)

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### ADVANCE TO THE TREASURER

\$440 million has been allocated in 2009-10 to the Treasurer as an advance to allow for supplementary expenses, comprising \$300 million for recurrent services and \$140 million for capital works and services. Actual expenses will be recorded in the expenses of the appropriate agencies.

At \$300 million the recurrent services advance represents a contingency of 0.6 per cent of budgeted operating expenses.

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